

# M O T E T S A I. ET II. VOIX, AU NOMBRE DE NEUF, AVEC LA BASSE-CONTINUE:

Le Pseaume, *In convertendo*, à grand Chœur & Symphonie.

*Et un autre Motet*, à la maniere Italienne, à Voix seule,  
avec deux *Dessus de Violons*.

PAR MONSIEUR CAMPRA.

L I V R E T R O I S I E M E.



A PARIS,  
Chez CHRISTOPHE BALLARD, seul Imprimeur du Roy pour  
la Musique, rue Saint Jean de Beauvais, au Mont-Parnasse.

M. DCC III.

AVEC PRIVILEGE DU R O Y.

# PREMIER MOTET A VOIX SEULE.

## DU PSEAUME CIV.

**C**onfitemini Dominō, & invoke nomen ejus: annunciate inter gentes opera ejus.

2. Cantate ei, & psallite ei: narrate omnia mirabilia ejus.

3. Laudamini in nomine sancte ejus: letetur caro quicquidem Domini.

4. Querite Dominum, & confirmamini: querite faciem ejus semper.

Confitemini Domino, &c.

**R**endez grāces au Seigneur, invoquez son nom: publiez ses ouvrages parmy les peuples.

Chantez en son honneur, celebrez ses louanges sur les instruments: publiez toutes ses merveilles.

Glorifiez-vous en son saint nom: que le cœur de ceux qui cherchent le Seigneur, soit dans la joye.

Cherchez le Seigneur, & vous fortifiez: cherchez sans cesse son visage.

Rendez grāces au Seigneur, &c.

# II. MOTET A VOIX SEULE.

## DU PSEAUME XXXIII.

**B**enedic Domīnum in omni tempore: semper laus ejus in ore meo.

2. In Domino laudabitur anima mea: audient mansueti, & latentur.

3. Magnificate Dominum mecum: & exalte nomen ejus in idipsum.

4. Exquisivi Dominū, & exaudivit me: & ex omnibus tribulationibus meis eripuit me.

5. Accedite ad eum, & illuminamini: & facies vestre non confundentur.

8. Gustate, & videte quoniam suavis est Dominus: beatus vir, qui sperat in eo.

**J**e beniray le Seigneur en tout temps: sa louange sera toujouors dans ma bouche.

Mon ame se glorifiera dans le Seigneur: que ceux, qui sont doux, écoutent & se réjouissent.

Celebrez avec moy la magnificence du Seigneur: & joignons-nous ensemble, pour glorifier son saint nom.

J'ay cherché le Seigneur, & il m'a exaucé: & il m'a délivré de toutes mes afflictions.

Approchez-vous de luy, & soyez éclairez: & vos visages ne rougiront point.

Goûtez, & voyez que le Seigneur est doux & heureux l'homme qui espere en luy!

# III. MOTET A VOIX SEULE.

## POUR LE SAINT SACREMENT.

**O** Dulcis Amor! ô Amor cordis mei! desidero te; cupio dissolvi, & esse tecum.

Tu mihi gaudium, tu corona, tu gloria & salus es; ô bone Jesu, quam dulcis es!

O Jesu mi dulcis! te semper amabo, te semper cantabo, te semper laudabo.

Non mundi fallaces sectabor honores, sed celi veraces perquiram amores.

**O** Doux Amour! ô Amour de mon cœur, qui êtes l'objet de mes souhaits; je desire d'être dégagé des liens du corps, & d'être avec vous.

O bon Jesus, que vous êtes doux & aimable! Vous êtes ma joye, vous êtes ma couronne, vous êtes ma gloire & mon salut.

O mon doux Jesus: je vous aymay toujours, je ne cesseray de chanter vos Cantiques, & je publieray toujours vos louanges.

Je ne rechercheray point du tout les faux honneurs du monde; mais les choses celestes, qui seules demandent un véritable amour.

*Minas despiciet, mortem non timebit pectus :  
In magno labore tue fortis dextera requiescit.  
Semper dulcia cantabit carmina : Tu mihi gau-  
dium, &c.*

Mon cœur méprisera les menaces qui lui seront faites ; il n'aura aucune crainte de la mort. Il se repose tranquillement en la force de votre main puissante. Il chantera toujours ces Cantiques doux & agréables : Vous êtes ma joie , &c.

## IV. MOTET A VOIX SEULE. POUR LA SAINTE VIERGE.

*S'ub tuum presidium confugimus, sancta Dei  
genitrix : nostras deprecationes ne despicias  
in necessitatibus , sed à periculis cunctis libera  
nos semper Virgo gloria & benedicta.*

C'Est à vostre assistance , que nous avons re-  
cours , ô sainte Mere de Dieu : ne rejetez pas nos prières dans nos besoins : mais délivrez-nous de tous dangers , ô Vierge glo-  
rieuse , & digne de toute louange !

## V. MOTET A VOIX SEULE. PSEAUME LXVI.

*David prie Dieu de se faire connoître dans toute la terre. Il prédit  
l'étendue de l'Eglise dans tout le monde.*

1. *D*eus misercatur nostri , & benedic nobis :  
*illuminet vultum suum super nos , &*  
*misereatur nostri.*
2. *Ut cognoscamus in terra viam tuam : in om-  
nibus gentibus salutare tuum.*
3. *Confiteantur tibi populi Deus : confiteantur  
tibi populi omnes.*
4. *Lætentur & exultent gentes : quoniam judi-  
cas populos in æquitate , & gentes in terra  
dirigis.*
5. *Confiteantur tibi populi Deus : confiteantur tibi  
populi omnes : terra dedit fructum suum.*
6. *Benedicat nos Deus , Deus noster , benedicat  
nos Deus : & metuant cum omnes fines  
terre.*

Que Dieu ait pitié de nous , & qu'il nous  
benisse : qu'il fasse luire sur nous son visage : & qu'il exerce sur nous sa miséricorde .

Afin que nous connoissions sur la terre vô-  
tre voye & votre conduite : & votre salut dans  
toutes les nations :

O Dieu , que les peuples vous louent : que  
tous les peuples vous rendent hommage !

Que les nations entrent dans la joie & dans  
l'allegrerie , parce que vous jugez les peuples  
dans la justice : & que vous conduisez toutes  
les nations sur la terre .

O Dieu , que les peuples vous louent , que  
tous les peuples vous rendent hommage : la  
terre a donné son fruit .

Que Dieu nous benisse , que notre Dieu  
nous benisse , que Dieu nous comble de ses  
bénédictons : & qu'il soit craint jusqu'aux ex-  
tremitez de toute la terre .

## VI. MOTET A VOIX SEULE. HYMNE DU SAINT SACREMENT.

*P*ANGE lingua gloriosa  
*Corporis mysterium ,*  
*Sanguinisque pretiosum ,*  
*Quem in mundi pretium*  
*Fructus ventris generosi ,*  
*Rex effudit gentium.*

Que notre langue chante le mystère du  
corps glorieux , & du précieux sang que  
Jésus le fils d'une Vierge de race royale , & le  
Roy des nations , a répandu pour la redempcion  
du monde .

*NOBIS datus, nobis natus  
Ex intacta Virgine,  
Et inmundo conversatus,  
Sparsa verbi semine,  
Sui moras incolatus  
Miro clausit ordine.*

*IN suprema nocte cœnæ  
Recumbens cum fratribus,  
Observata lege plene  
Cibis in legalibus,  
Cibum turbæ duodenæ  
Se dat suis manibus.*

*VERBUM caro, panem verum  
Verbo carnem efficit,  
Fitque sanguis Christi merum:  
Et si sensus deficit,  
Ad firmandum cor sincerum  
Sola fides sufficit,*

*TANTUM ergo Sacramentum  
Veneremur cernui:  
Et antiquum documentum  
Novo cedat ritui:  
Prefet fides supplementum  
Sensuum defectui.*

*GENITORI, Genitoque  
Laus & jubilatio,  
Salus, honor, virtus quoque,  
Sit & benedictio:  
Procedenti ab utroque  
Compar sit laudatio. Amen.*

S'étant donné à nous par son incarnation, étant né pour nous du sein d'une Vierge pure & sans tache, ayant vécu parmi les hommes sur la terre, & y ayant répandu la divine semence de sa parole : il finit enfin par un ordre admirable la course de sa vie mortelle.

Car dans la nuit même de ce dernier souper qu'il fit avec ses apôtres, après avoir pleinement accompli la loi en mangeant les viandes qu'elle ordonna, il se donna lui-même de ses propres mains à ses douze disciples, pour être leur nourriture.

Le Verbe fait chair change par l'efficace de sa parole le pain en son corps, & le vin en son sang : les sens doutent de ce changement ineffaçable ; mais la foi seule suffit pour affirmer un cœur sincère dans la vérité.

Reverons donc avec un profond respect un si grand Sacrement : que toutes les ombres de la loi ancienne cèdent à ce mystère de la loi nouvelle ; & qu'une foi vive & lumineuse supplée au défaut de nos sens.

Gloire, louange ; salut, honneur, force, & bénédiction au Père & au Fils ; & qu'une même gloire soit rendue au saint Esprit qui procéde du Père & du Fils. Ainsi soit-il.

## PREMIER MOTET A DEUX VOIX.

### DU CANTIQUE DES CANTIQUES.

*Cari Zephiri volate; surgite flores festinare,  
aure placide venite, sussurrate, ventilate  
circum me.*

*Stat anhelans pectus meum, meum cor flagrat  
amore, & comburor in ardore.*

*Cari Zephiri, &c.  
A mane usque ad vesperam quesivi per vicos  
& plateas quem diligit anima mea, nec illum  
invenire posui.*

*Mi dilecte ubi es? cur me tam languire facis?  
Si te quero ad quid me fugis, cara vita amica  
spos.*

*Mi dilecte, &c.  
Cara turba per campos & valles predilectum  
quarite. Hic induitus est sole lucenti, in pupillis  
sunt stelle divine, & in vultu sunt gratiae serene;*

*Volez Zephirs aimables ; fleurs, levez-  
vous, & ne tardez pas à pousser. Vents  
doux & agréables, venez ; faites un doux bruit  
autour de moy, & me rafraîchissez.*

*Mon cœur a de la peine à respirer ; il brûle  
d'Amour, & je suis tout embrasé de son ardeur.  
Volez Zephirs, &c.*

*Depuis le matin jusqu'au soir, j'ai cherché  
dans les rues & dans les places publiques, celui  
qui est le bien-aimé de mon âme, & je ne l'ai  
pu trouver.*

*Où êtes-vous donc, mon bien-aimé : pour-  
quoys me faites-vous tant languir ; si je vous  
cherche, pourquoys me fuyez-vous, ma chère  
vie, mon aimable esperance ?*

*Où êtes-vous, &c.  
Chere troupe, cherchez par les Campagnes  
& par les vallées celui que mon cœur aime par  
dessus toutes choses : il est revêtu de la lumiére*

*& in ore flant flores amani : ad me conducite,  
quem tam desidero, & si tenuero, mercedem pe-  
cite.*

du Soleil , il y a dans la prunelle de ses yeux des Etoiles divinement belles ; sur son visage paroissent des graces pures & merveilleuses ; & sur sa bouche se trouvent les fleurs les plus agreables. Amenez-moy celuy que je desire avec tant d'ardeur ; & quand je l'auray en ma possession, je vous accorderay telle recompense que vous me demanderez.

## II. MOTET A DEUX VOIX. POUR UN SAINT, OU UNE SAINTE.

*C*Antemus, exultemus quem quam Dominus elegit,  
& circumdat gloria.

*Gaude dilecte  
dilecta Domino, gaude triumpha, de-  
bitam virtutibus mercedem degusta.*

*Tu medios inter tumultus, tu per vite tem-  
pestates lugebas & flebas.*

*Nunc in portu requiescis, te largo, te inexhausto  
voluptatum torrente inebrians.*

*Pugnasti fortiter, cum plausu vincis, laborem  
tulisti, premia suscipis ; arduam difficultem calcasti  
semitam, jam nubes, jam sidera vides sub pe-  
dibus.*

*Sis bonus, sis fælix, licet tuis insisteret ve-  
stigis.*

*Gaude, &c.*

*C*Hantons, & soyons transportez de joie,  
N. que le Seigneur a choisi, est tout en-  
vironné de gloire.

Rejoüissez-vous , cheri du Seigneur , soyez  
penetré de joie , triomphez , & goûtez la re-  
compense qu'ont mérité vos grandes vertus.

Vous étiez dans la tristesse parmy le tumulte  
du monde , & vous fondiez en larmes pendant  
les tempêtes orageuses de cette vie.

Vous voilà maintenant au port , vous vous y  
reposez , & vous vous enyvrez dans le vaste  
& inépuisable torrent des sacrées voluptez.

Vous avez combatu genereusement , aussi  
vous aplaudit-on de la victoire que vous avez  
remportée ; après avoir souffert beaucoup de  
travaux , vous en recevez la recompense ; vous  
avez marché par un chemin étroit , élevé &  
escarpé , vous voyez maintenant les nuées &  
les astres sous vos pieds.

Joüissez du bonheur éternel , que votre charité  
nous obtienne la grace de marcher sur vos pas.

Réjoüissez-vous , &c.

## III. MOTET A DEUX VOIX.

### PSAUME XCII.

*Le Prophete releve l'excellence du Royaume de JESUS-CHRIST.*

1. *Dominus regnavit, decorem indutus est:  
indutus est Dominus fortitudinem, &  
præcinxit se.*
2. *Etenim firmavit orbem terre : qui non com-  
movabitur.*
3. *Parata sedes tua ex tunc : à seculo tu es.*
4. *Elevaverunt flumina Domine : elevaverunt  
flumina vocem suam.*
5. *Elevaverunt flumina fluctus suos : à vocibus  
aquarum multarum.*
6. *Mirabiles elationes maris : mirabilis in altis  
Dominus.*

*L*E Seigneur regne , il s'est revêtu de gloire :  
le Seigneur s'est revêtu de force , & a pris  
ses armes.

Car il a affermy la terre : qui ne sera point  
ébranlée.

Votre trône , Seigneur , est étably dès l'éter-  
nité : vous êtes avant tous les temps.

Les fleuves , Seigneur , se sont élevéz : les  
fleuves se sont élevéz avec bruit.

Les fleuves ont élevé leurs vagues avec le  
bruit des grandes eaux.

Les soulevements de la mer sont puissants :  
mais le Seigneur qui est dans le ciel , est in-  
finiment plus puissant.

*Testimonia tua credibilia facta sunt nimis:  
domum tuam decet sanctitudo, Domine, in  
longitudinem dierum.*

Vos Oracles sont devenus très-fideles & très-croyables : la sainteté, Seigneur, doit reigner dans votre maison jusques à la consommation des siècles.

## MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR, ET SYMPHONIE.

### PSEAUME CXXV.

*L'Eglise prie Dieu de la délivrer de la captivité où elle gemit. Que ceux,  
qui pleurent icy sur la terre, seront consolés.  
& comblez de joie dans le Ciel.*

1. *In convertendo Dominus captivitatem Sion :  
facti sumus sicut consolati.*
2. *Tunc repletum est gaudio os nostrum : & lingua  
nostra exultatione.*
3. *Tunc dicent inter gentes : Magnificavit Domi-  
nus facere cum eis.*
4. *Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum : facti  
sumus letantes.*
5. *Converte Domine captivitatem nostram : sicut  
torrents in Austru.*
6. *Qui seminant in lachrimis : in exultatione  
metent.*
7. *Euntes ibant, & flebant : mitentes semina  
sua.*
8. *Venientes autem venient cum exultatione :  
portantes manipulos suos.*

**L**ors que le Seigneur delivrera Sion de captivité : nous avons été comme des personnes remplies de consolation.

Nostre bouche a poussé des cris de joie : & notre langue des chants d'allégresse.

On dira parmi les Nations : Le Seigneur a fait de grandes choses pour ce peuple.

Le Seigneur a fait de grandes choses pour nous : il nous a mis dans la joie.

A chevez, Seigneur, de rompre notre captivité : comme vous faites couler les torrents dans les terres du midi.

Ceux qui sement avec larmes : recueilleront avec joie.

Ils alloient, & marchaient en pleurant : jetant leur semence sur la terre.

Mais ils viendront avec allegresse ; portant leurs gerbes avec eux.

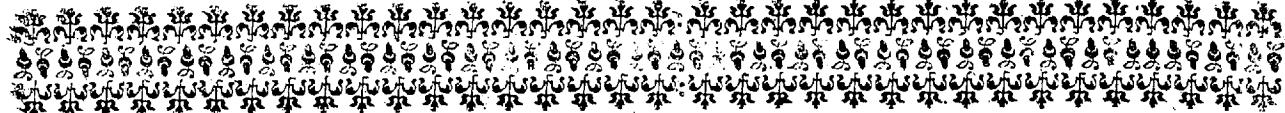
## MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE, A VOIX SEULE, AVEC DEUX DESSUS DE VIOLONS.

### ELEVATION.

*Action de graces à la souveraine bonté de Dieu.*

*Quis ego, Domine, ut memor sis mihi, ego  
in iniuitate conceptus & plenus miseriis,  
tu Rex Regum, & Dominus Dominantium. Ecce  
quantum amas me, ut errantem ducas, cadentem  
subleves, & divinâ consolatione tuâ languentem  
reficias. Cantabo in eternum multitudinem miser-  
erationum tuarum, & memor abundantiae dulcedi-  
nis tuae, te laudabo & benedicam tibi, quia beni-  
gnus & misericors es.*

**Q**ui suis-je, ô Seigneur, pour vous souvenir de moy, moy qui ay été conçû dans l'iniuité, & qui suis rempli de beaucoup de misères ; & vous qui êtes le Roy des Roys & le Seigneur des Seigneurs. Combien grand est l'amour que vous avez pour moy, de me rappeler quand je suis égaré, de me relever quand je suis tombé, & de me soutenir par vos divines consolations, quand je suis foible & languissant. Je ne cesseray jamais de chanter la multitude de vos bontés ; & me souvenant de l'abondance de votre douceur ineffable, je vous loueray, & vous beniray, parce que vous êtes bon & riche en miséricorde.



# T A B L E

## DU TROISIEME LIVRE DES MOTETS

### DE MONSIEUR CAMPRA.

*Motets à Voix seule.*

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*Motet à grand Chœur & Symphonie, & sans Symphonie, si l'on veut.*

X.	In convertendo Dominus. <i>Le Pseaume entier.</i>	55
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*Recits du Pseaume, In convertendo.*

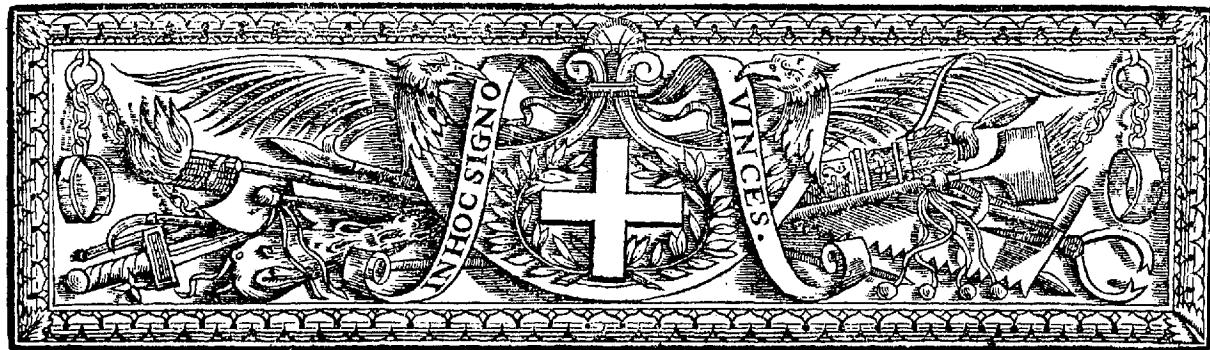
In convertendo. <i>Duo.</i>	H. & T.	57
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F I N D E L A T A B L E.

MOTETS



# M O T E T S A I. II. ET III. VOIX, AVEC LA BASSE-CONTINUE.

*Par Monsieur C A M P R A.*

## I. MOTET A VOIX SEULE.

*Du Pseaume. C I V.  
Gay, & piqué.*



*Confitemini Domino.*

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Confitemini Domino, Confitemini Domino, & invo-

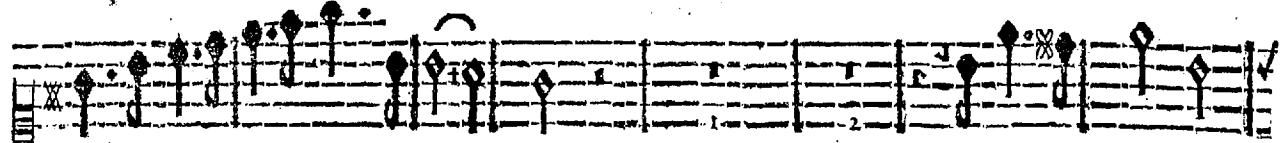
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

cate nomen ejus, Confitemini Domino, & invocate nomen c-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

A

## 2 I. M O T E T A V O I X S E U L E,



jus, &amp; invocate nomen e- jus.

Annunti- ate,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Annunti- ate inter gentes, opera c- jus.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Annunti- ate inter gentes opera e- jus. Cantate ei,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

&amp; psallite ci, narra- te omnia mirabilia e-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

jus. Cantate ei, &amp; psallite ei, narra-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

A single horizontal line of musical notation on a five-line staff. The notes are represented by black shapes with stems: some have solid black heads, others have white heads with black outlines, and some have white heads with black dots. The stems extend either upwards or downwards from the notes.

te omnia mirabilia ejus, mirabilia e-

## Bassus-Continuus.

A musical score page showing a single staff with ten measures. The staff uses a soprano C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The notes are primarily eighth notes, with some sixteenth-note patterns and rests. Measures 1-3 show a descending eighth-note scale. Measures 4-6 show a sixteenth-note pattern starting on B. Measures 7-9 show a sixteenth-note pattern starting on A. Measure 10 concludes with a sixteenth-note pattern starting on G.

jus. Laudami- ni, Laudami- ni in nomine sancto

## Bassus-Continuus.

A page from a handwritten musical manuscript. It contains two staves of music. The top staff begins with a soprano C-clef, followed by a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (indicated by 'C'). The bottom staff begins with a bass F-clef, followed by a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature. Both staves have four measures. Measure 1 starts with an eighth note, followed by a sixteenth note, another eighth note, and a sixteenth note. Measures 2 and 3 continue this pattern with different dynamics: forte (f), piano (p), and sforzando (sf). Measures 4 begin with eighth-note chords, followed by sustained notes and grace notes.

ejus, in nomine sancto eius: latetur cor quarentium Domi-

## Bassus-Continuus.

A horizontal line of musical notation on five-line staves. The notes are represented by various symbols: some are solid black shapes, others have internal dots or crosses, and some have vertical stems. There are also several rests indicated by short horizontal dashes. The music consists of a single measure followed by a repeat sign and another measure.

num, latetur cor quærentium Dominum, latetur

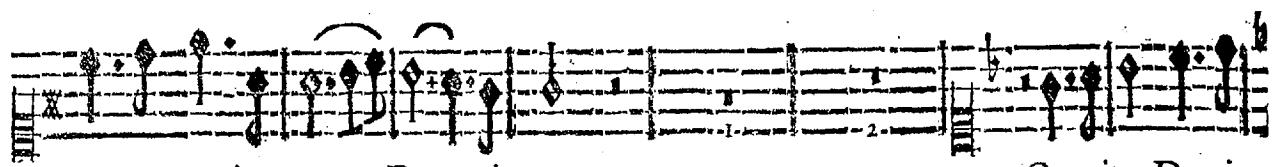
## Bassus-Continuus.

A musical score page featuring a single staff of music. The staff consists of five horizontal lines. It begins with a sharp sign indicating key signature, followed by a 'C' for common time. The notes are represented by black shapes with stems; some have dots above them, while others have dots below. There are also several rests indicated by vertical bars. The notes and rests are distributed across the five lines of the staff.

- cor quærentium Dominum, lætetur cor, lætetur cor quærenti-

## BASSUS. CONTINUUS.

## I. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,



um, quærenti- um Do- minum.

Quærite Domi-



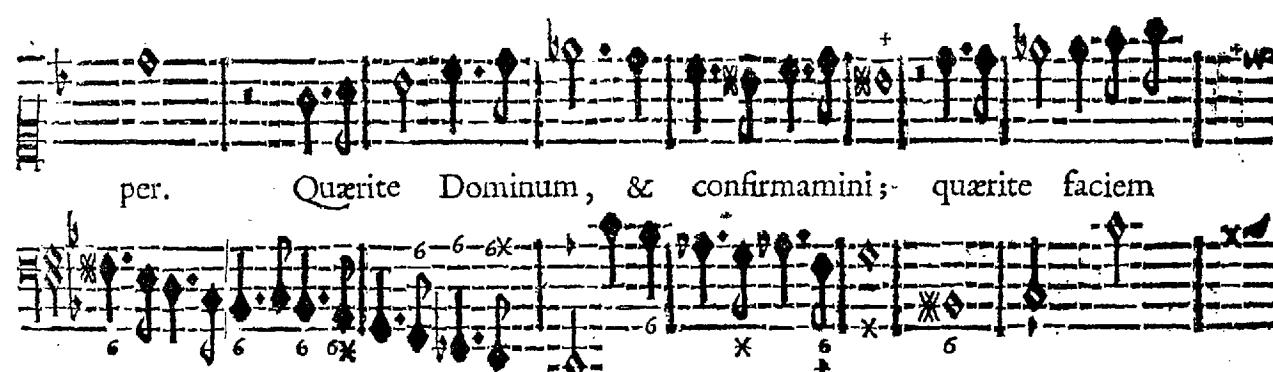
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



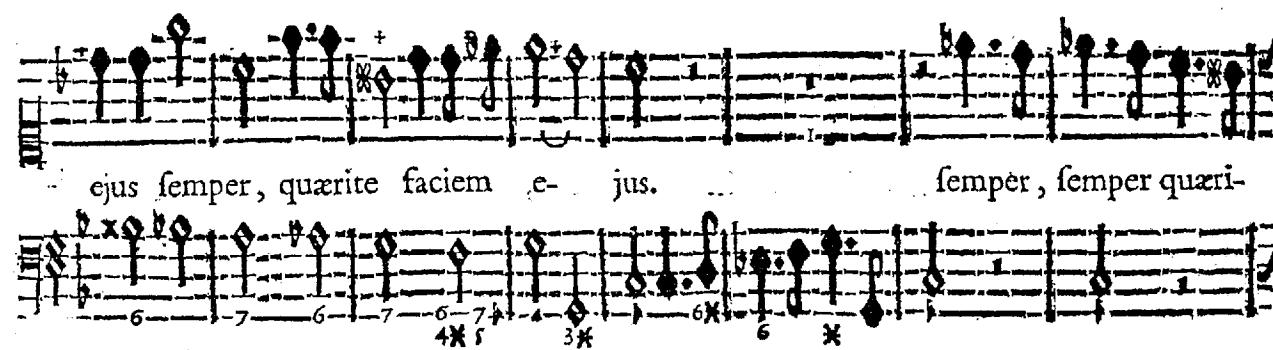
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



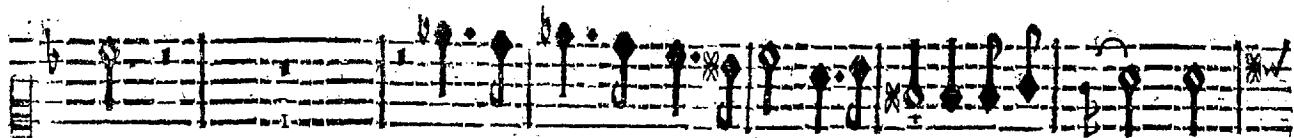
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

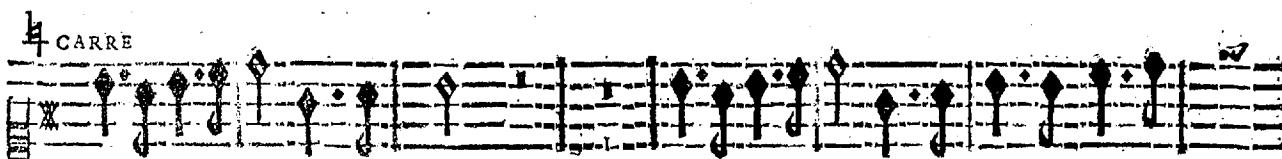
## D E M. C A M P R A.

5

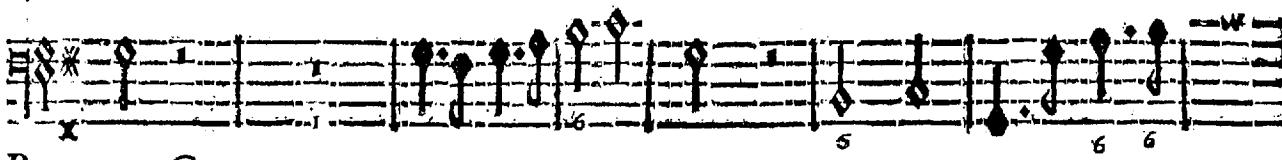


te, semper, semper quærite, quærite faciem e- jus.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Confitemini Domi- no, Confitemini Domino, & invo-



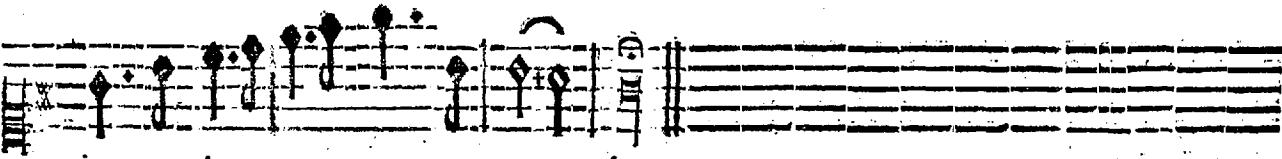
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



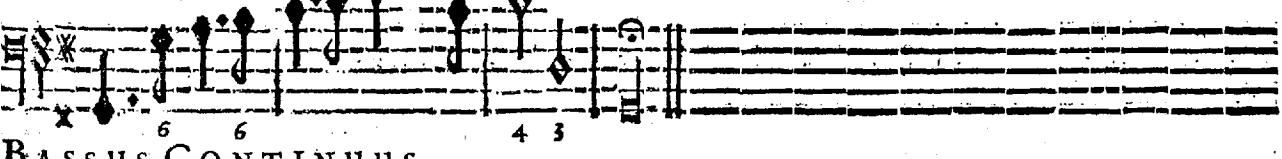
cate nomen ejus. Confitemini Domino, & invocate nomen e-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



jus, & invocate nomen e- jus.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

II. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,  
DU PSEAUME XXXIII.



3  
1 2 3

Enedicam Dominum.      Benedicam Dominum

3  
6 7

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

in omni tempore:

Benedicam Dominum in omni

7 6\*

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

tempore: semper laus ejus in ore me- o, semper laus ejus in ore

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

me- o.

In Domino laudabitur anima mea: In Domino lau-

6\* 6\* 6-6\*

4 3\*

6\* 6\*

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

dabitur anima mea: audiant mansueti & læten- tur, audi-

6\* 4 3\*

6 56

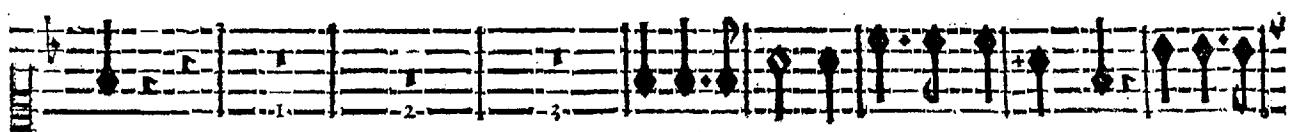
6 4 3\*

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



diant mansueti & læten- tur, & læten-  
tur, & læten-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



tur. Magnifi- cate Dominum mecum, Magnifi-  
cate Dominum mecum, & exaltemus nomen ejus in idip- sum,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



cate Dominum mecum, & exaltemus nomen ejus in idip- sum,  
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



& exaltemus nomen ejus in idip- sum, & exaltemus, & exal-  
temus nomen ejus in idip- sum,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



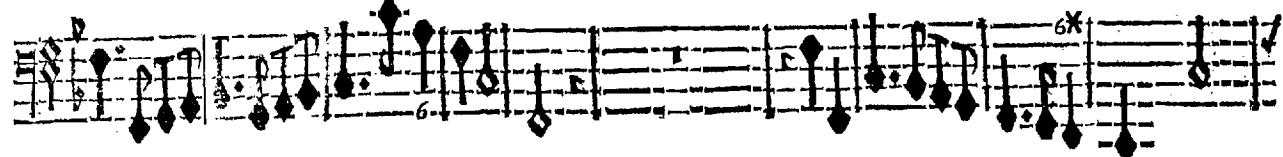
temus nomen ejus in idip- sum, & exaltemus nomen ejus in idip-  
sum,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

## II. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,



sum. Exquisivi Dominum, Exquisivi Domi-



num, & exaudi- vit me: & ex omnibus tribulati- onibus meis e-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



ripuit me, e- ripuit me.

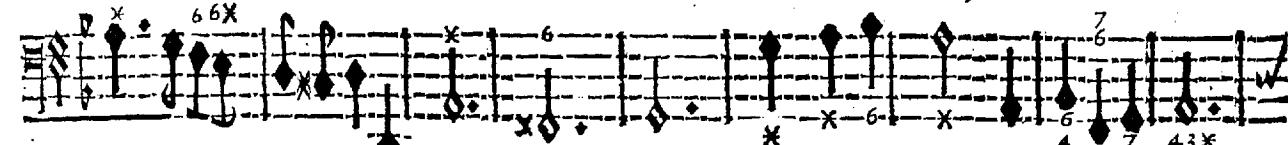
Accedite ad eum, Accedite ad



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



eum & illuminami- ni: & facies vestræ non confundentur, non confuden-



tur, & facies vestræ non confundentur, non, non confunden-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

tur, non, non      con-fun-den-tur.      Gustate,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Gustate & videte,      & videte quoniam sua- vis est Do- mi-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

nus: Gustate, Gustate & videte, & videte, quoniam su-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

a- vis est Do- minus, quoniam suavis est Do- minus: beatus vir,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

beatas vir qui spe- rat in e- o, qui sperat in

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

## II. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,



co, beatus vir qui sperat in eo, qui sperat in e- o,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



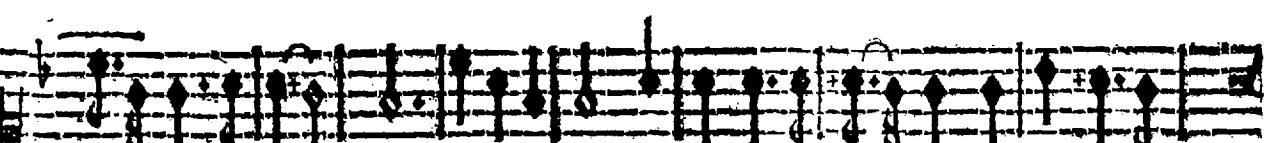
beatus vir, beatus vir qui sperat in eo, qui sperat in e- o, qui

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



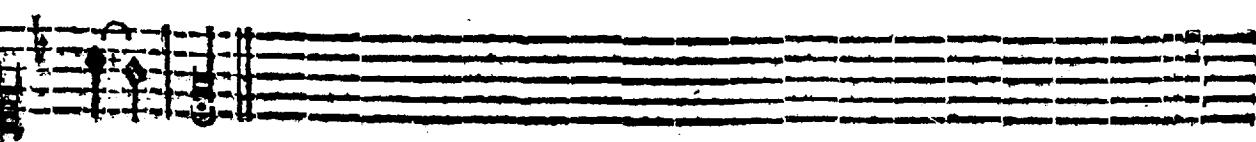
sperat in eo, qui sperat in eo, qui spe-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

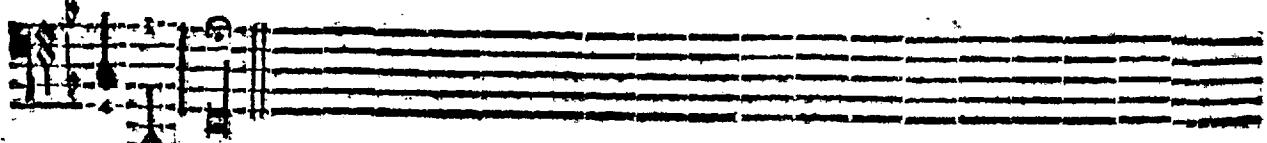


rat in e- o, beatus vir, qui sperat in e- o, qui sperat in

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



e- o.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

III. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,  
POUR LE SAINT SACREMENT.



O dulcis amor! O amor cordis mei,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

O amor! cor-dis mei, O amor! cordis mei, O amor! amor!

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

O amor cor-  
dis me- i, O! ô dulcis amor! O amor cordis

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

mei, O a- mor eor-dis mei, O a- mor eordis mei, a- mor

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

cor- dis me- ii. Desidero te, Desidero te, cupio dissolvi & esse  
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

## III. MOTET A VOIX SEULE.



te- cum. Desidero te, Desidero te, cupio dissolvi & esse tecum,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

& esse te- cum. O! ô dulcis, Jusqu'au mot fin.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Tu mihi gaudium, Tu mihi gau- dium, Tu mihi gaudium, tu co-

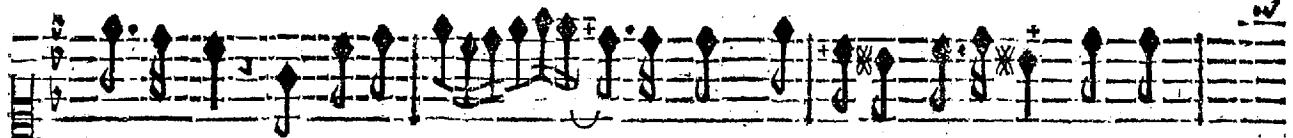
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

ro- na, tu coro- na, tu glo- ria, tu

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

glo- ria, & fa- lus es, & fa- lus es. Tu mihi

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



gaudium, Tu mihi gau- dium, Tu mihi gaudium, tu co-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

## III. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,

es,  
quam dul- cis es!  
Fin.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

O Jesu mi dulcis, te semper amabo, te semper amabo,  
Fin.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

O Jesu mi dulcis, te semper amabo, te semper cantabo, te semper lau-  
Fin.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

dabo, te semper amabo, te semper cantabo, te  
Fin.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

semper laudabo, te semper amabo, te semper canta-  
Fin.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

A horizontal strip of musical manuscript paper featuring a single staff. The staff consists of five horizontal lines. Various note heads, including solid black dots and hollow circles, are placed at different positions along the staff, connected by thin vertical stems. Some stems have small horizontal dashes near the top, and some have short vertical strokes extending from the stem. The notes are irregularly spaced, creating a rhythmic pattern.

bo, te semper lauda- bo. O Jesu mi dulcis, te semper a-

O Jesu mi dulcis, te semper a-

## BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

A musical score page featuring a single staff of music. The staff consists of ten vertical lines representing the notes. Each note has a unique head shape: some are solid black diamonds, others are hollow circles with a dot, and one is a solid black circle. The stems of the notes extend downwards from the heads. There are also two small numbers at the bottom right of the staff: '1' above '2'.

mabo, te semper cantabo, te semper lauda- bo,

## BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

A musical score page featuring a single staff of music. The staff consists of five horizontal lines. There are several note heads of different shapes (diamonds, circles, and solid black shapes) placed at various positions along the staff. Some notes have stems extending upwards or downwards. The first note on the left has a small number '3' below it. The second note has a small number '4' below it. The third note has a small number '5' below it. The notes are distributed across the entire length of the staff.

Non mundi fallaces, sedabor honores, sed cæli ve-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

A musical score page featuring a single staff of music. The staff consists of five horizontal lines. It contains several note heads, some with stems extending upwards and others downwards. There are also a few small, dark diamond-shaped marks. The notes vary in size and position, creating a rhythmic pattern. The overall appearance is that of a handwritten or printed musical manuscript.

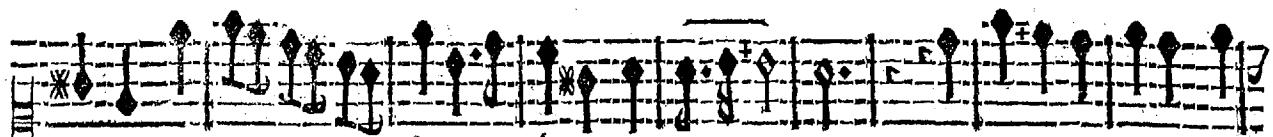
races, perquiram amores, perquiram amores, perquiram amores.

## Bassus-CONTINUUS.

Non mundi fallaces, sectabor honores, sed cæli veraces, perquiram a-

## BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

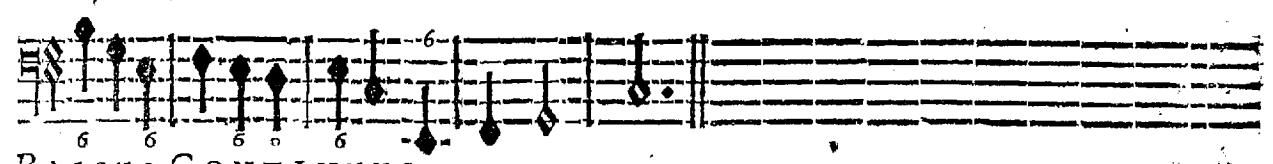
## 16 III. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,



more, perqui- ram a- mo- res, amo- res, fed cæli veraces, per-  
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



quiram amores, perquiram a- mo- res, amo- res.  
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



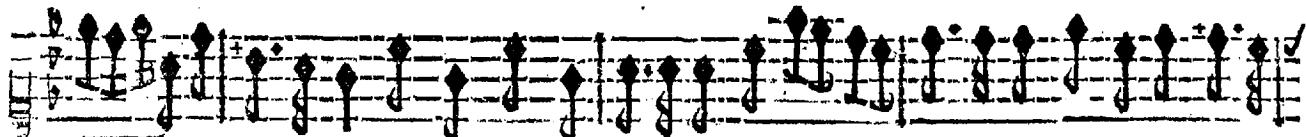
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



Minas despiciet, mortem non timebit pectus: in magno robore tuæ fortis  
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



dexteræ requies- cit. Semper, semper dulcia canta- bit carmina, can-  
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



ta-bit carmina. Semper, semper dulcia canta-

bit carmina, cantabit carmi-

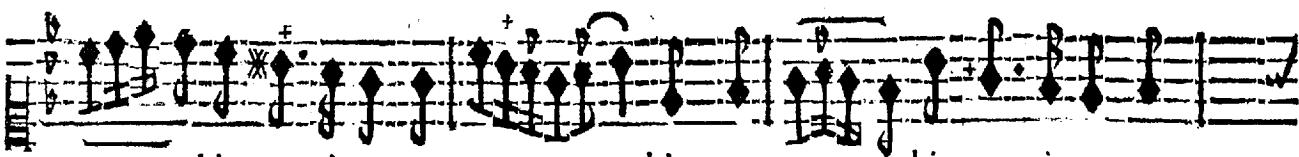
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



na, Semper dulcia canta-

bit carmina; Semper dulcia can-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



ta-bit carmina, canta-

bit, canta-

bit carmina, can-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



ta-bit car-mina. Tu mihi. à la Reprise jusques au mot fin.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



IV. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,  
POUR LA SAINTE VIERGE.



Ub. Sub tuum præ- dium,

*Bassus-CONTINUUS.*

6 X 6 6 X 6 6 X 6 6

confugimus, confugimus, sancta Dei genitrix. Sub tuum præ-

*Bassus-CONTINUUS.*

76 x 6 43 6

sidium, confugimus, confu- gimus, sancta Dei genitrix, confugi-

*Bassus-CONTINUUS.*

76 6 43 6

mus, Sub tuum prædium, sancta Dei geni- trix:

*Bassus-CONTINUUS.*

4 3 X

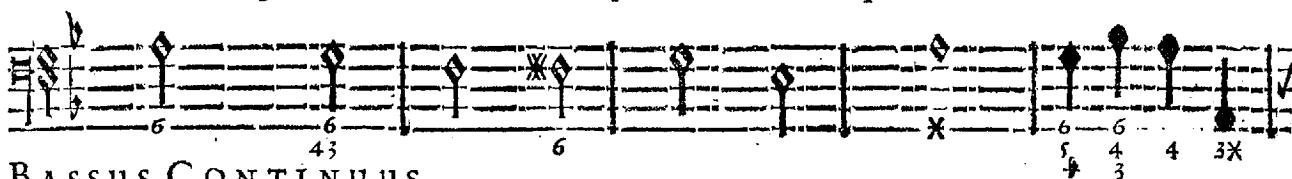
nostras deprecati- ones, ne des- picias in necessi- ta- ti- bus,

*Bassus-CONTINUUS.*

6 X 6 6 6 5 4 3 X



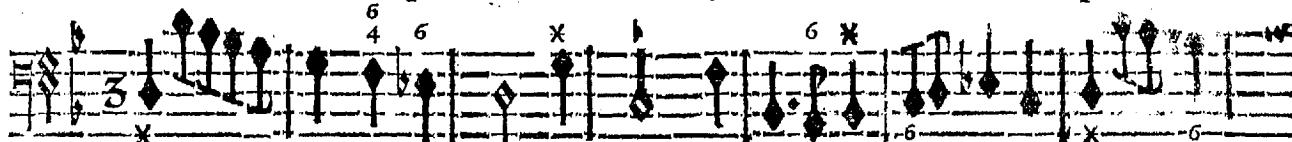
nostras deprecati- ones, nè despicias, ne des- picias in necessita- ti-



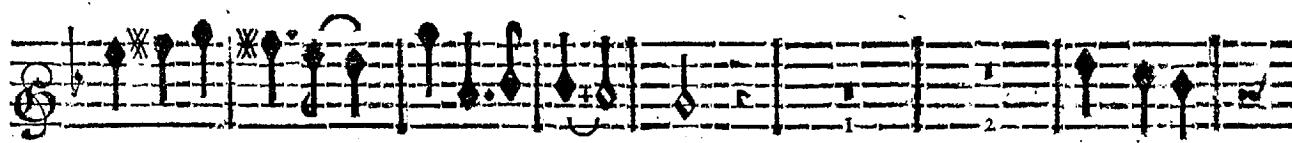
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



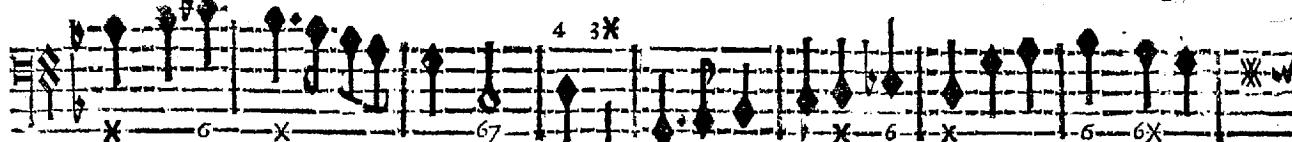
bus, sed à peri- culis cunctis, libera nos sem- per, Vir-



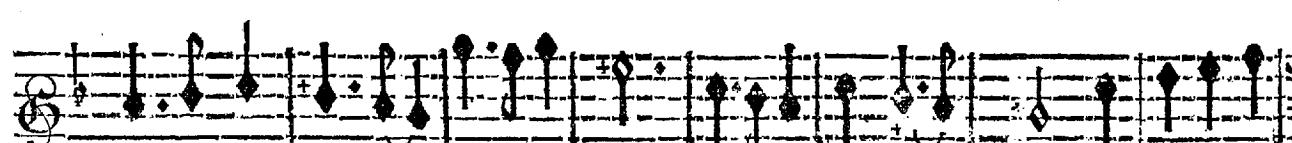
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



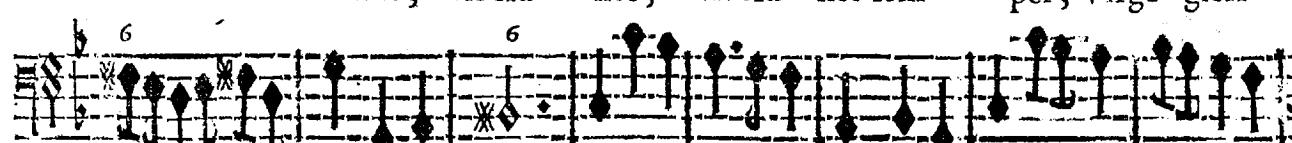
go glori- osa & benedi- cta, fed à pe-



Bassus-CONTINUUS.



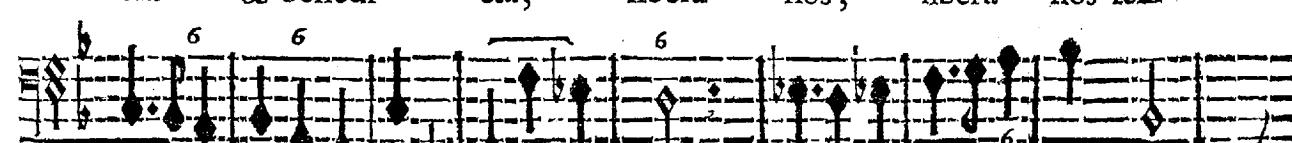
ricu- lis cunctis, libera nos, libera nos sem- per, Virgo glori-



Bassus-CONTINUUS.



osa & benedi- cta, libera nos, libera nos sem-



Bassus-CONTINUUS.

## IV. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,



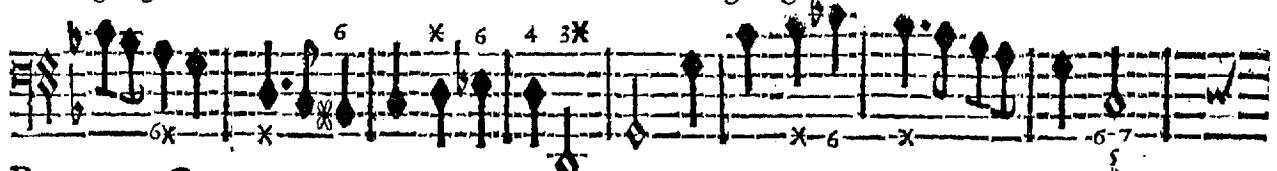
per, Virgo glori- osa & benedi- cta, libera nos sem- per, Vir-



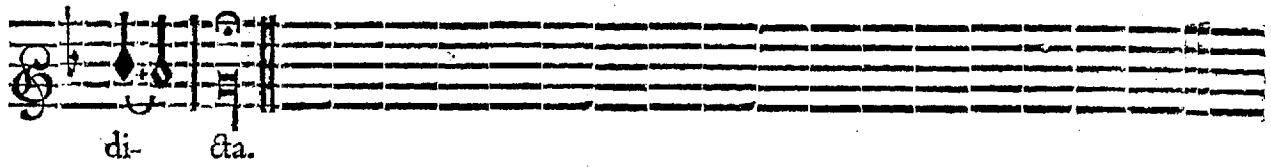
BASSUS CONTINUUS.



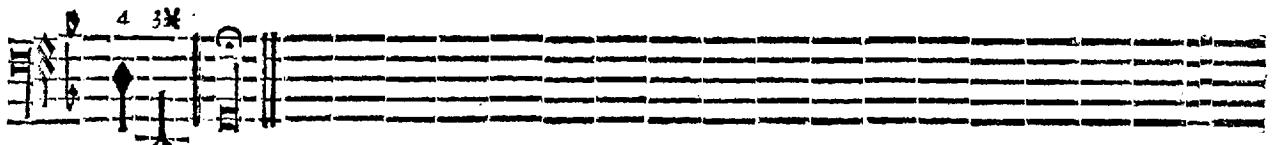
go glori- osa & benedi- cta. Virgo glori- osa & bene-



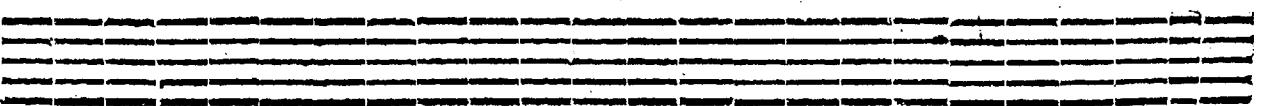
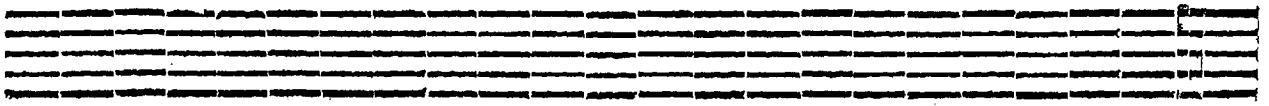
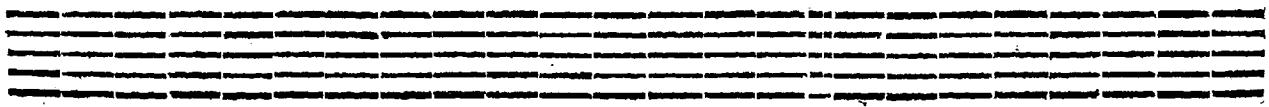
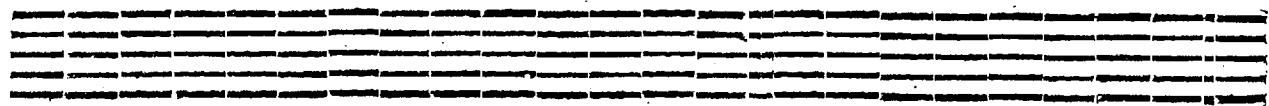
BASSUS CONTINUUS.



di- cta.



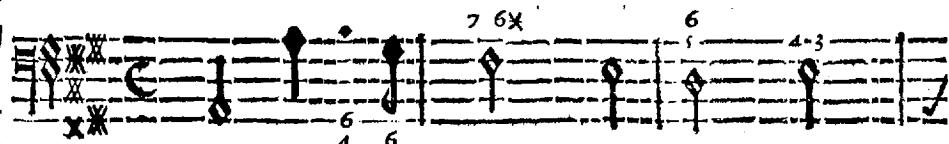
BASSUS CONTINUUS.



V. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,  
PSEAUME LXVI.



Eus, misere- a- tur nostri, & benedicat



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



nobis: illuminet vultum suum super nos, & misere- atur no- stri,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Deus, misere- a- tur nostri, & benedicat nobis: illuminet vultum



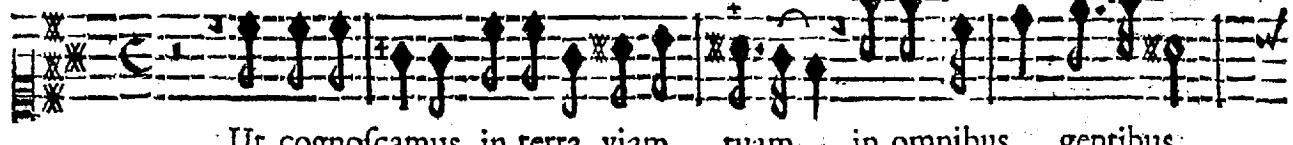
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



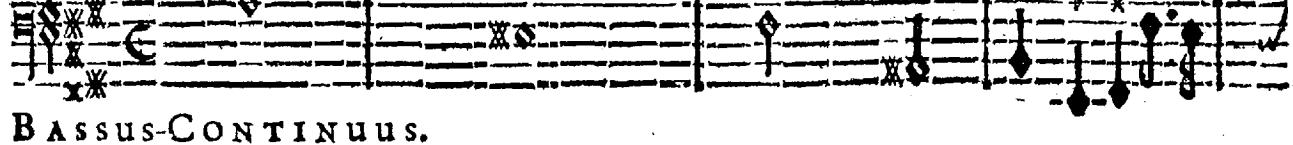
suum super nos, & misere- atur no- stri: & misere- a- tur no- stri.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

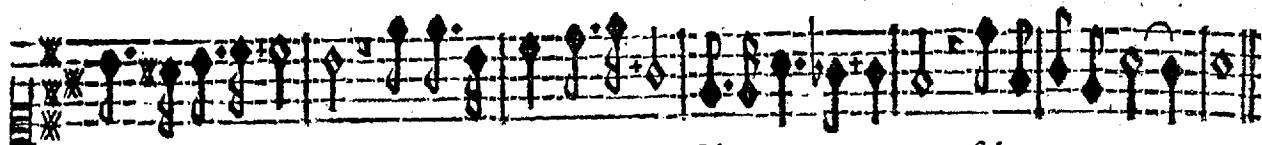


Ut cognoscamus in terra viam tuam, in omnibus gentibus



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

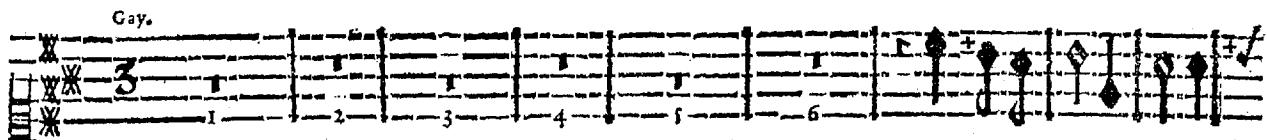
## V. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,



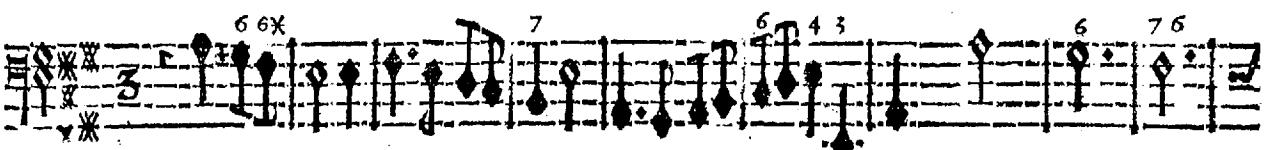
fa-lutare tuum, in omnibus gentibus fa-lutare tuum, salutare tu- um.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



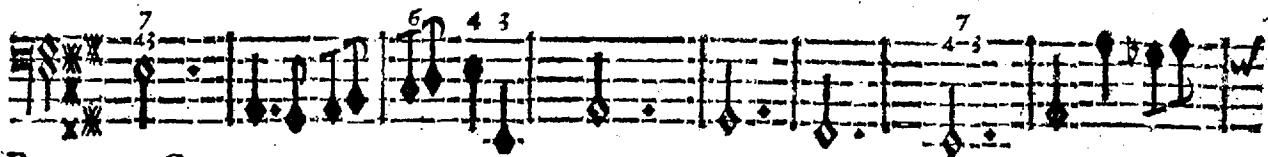
Confite- antur tibi



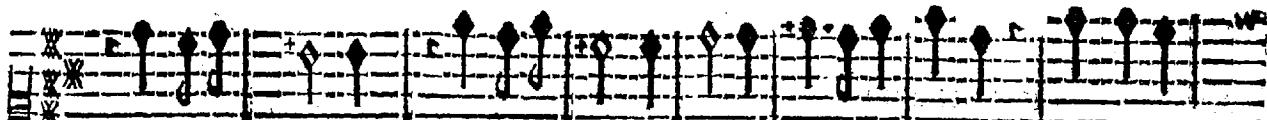
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



populi, Deus, confite- antur tibi populi omnes.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Confite- antur, Confite- antur tibi populi Deus, confite-



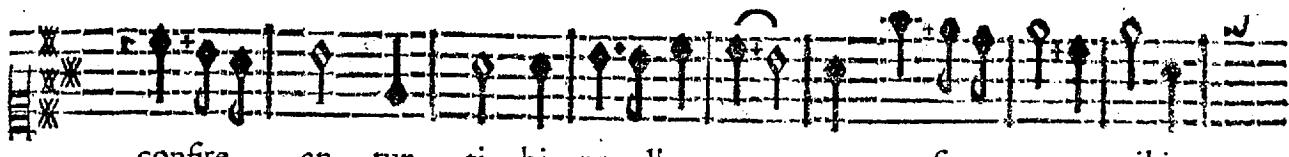
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



an- tur, confite- antur ti- bi populi om- nes, confite- an- tur,



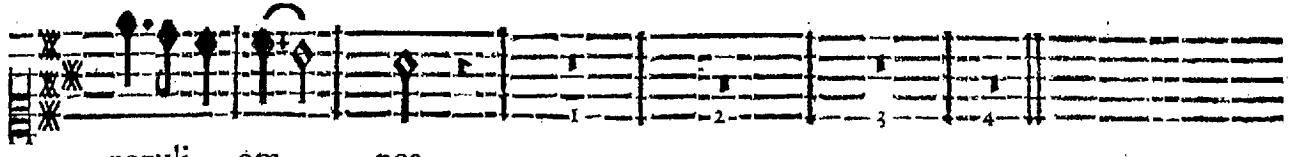
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



confite- an- tur ti- bi populi om- nes, confite- antur tibi



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



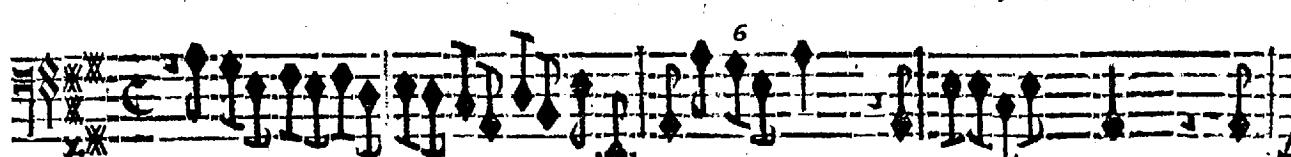
populi om- nes.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Læten- tur, Læten-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

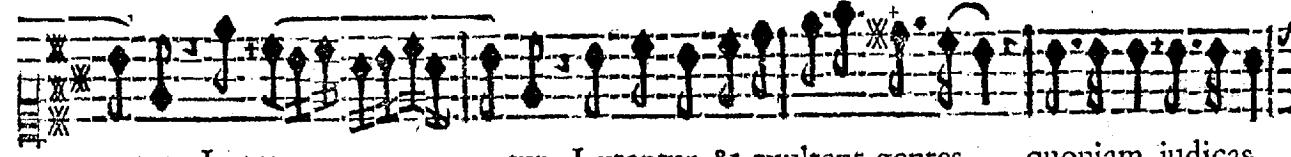


tur, Lætentur & exultent gentes,

Læten-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



tur, Læten- tur, Lætentur & exultent gentes, quoniam judicas



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

## V. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,



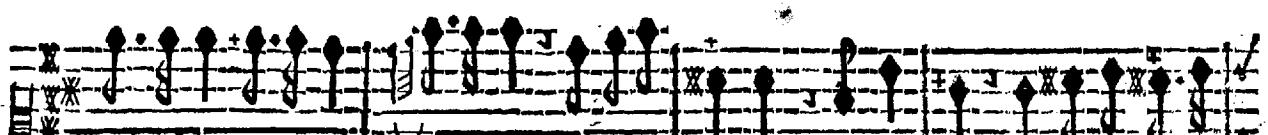
populos in æqui-tate: & gentes in terra diri-gis.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Læten-tur, Læten-tur, Lætentur & exultent gentes,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



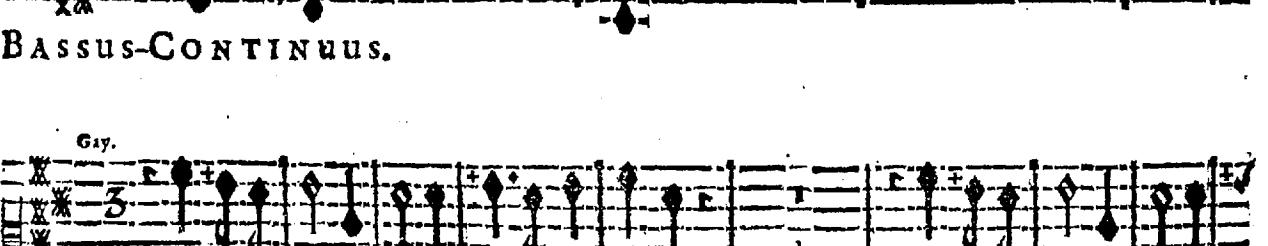
quoniam judicas populos in æqui-tate: & gentes in terra diri-gis.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



gis, judicas populos in æqui-tate: & gentes in terra diri-gis.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Confite-antur tibi populi, Deus,

confite-antur tibi

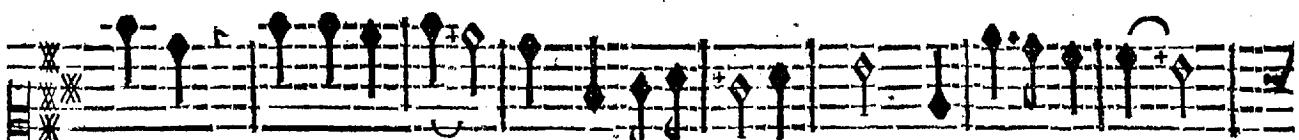
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



populi omnes: Confite- an- tur, Confite- antur tibi populi,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Deus, confite- an- tur, confite- antur ti- bi populi om-



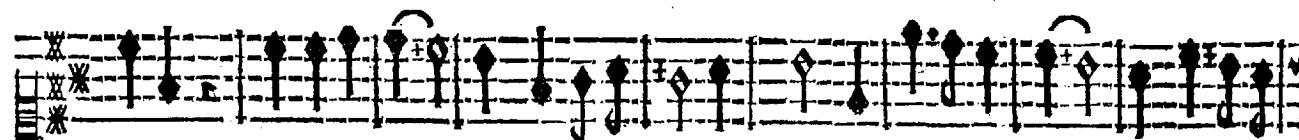
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



nes: terra dedit fructum su- um, Confite- antur tibi : po- puli,



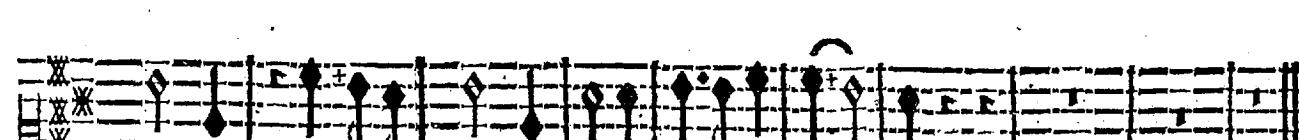
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



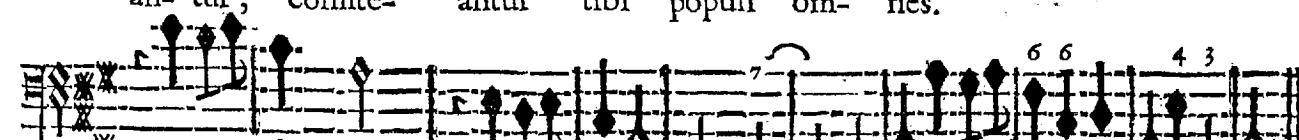
Deus, confite- an- tur, confite- antur ti- bi populi om- nes: confite-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



an- tur, confite- antur tibi populi om- nes.



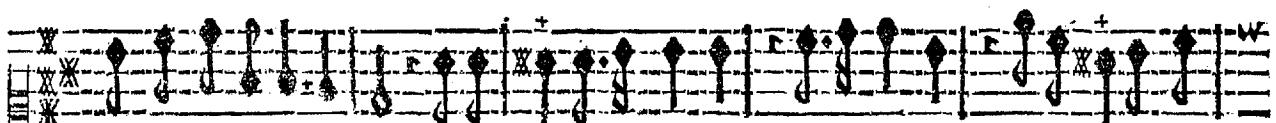
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

## Lentement,



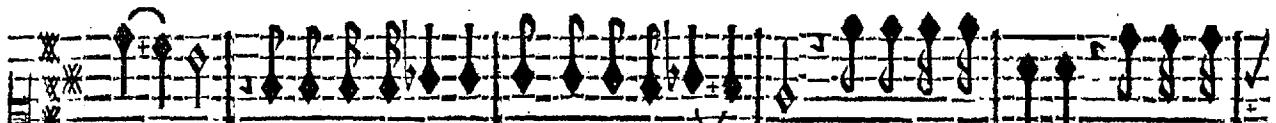
Benedic nos Deus, Deus noster, benedic nos Deus: & metuant eum

## BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



omnes fines ter- ræ. Benc- dicat nos Deus, Deus noster, bencdicat nos

## Bassus-Continuus.



De- us: & metuant eum omnes fines ter- ræ, & metuant eum, metuant

## BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



eum, omnes fines tertiæ. Benedicat nos Deus. Deus noster.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS



Benedicat nos, Deus noster. Benedicat nos, Deus noster.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

V. MOTET A VOIX SEULE,  
HYMNE DU SAINT SACREMENT.

*Gravement.*

*Ange.*

P Ange lingua glori-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

osi, Pange lingua gloriosi, Corporis misterium,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Pange lingua glori- osi, Corporis misterium, Sangui- nisque preti-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

osi, Quem in mundi pretium: Fructus ventris gene- rosi, Rex, effudit genti-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

um. Fructus ventris generosi, Rex, effudit gentium.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Nobis datus, nobis natus, Nobis datus, nobis natus, Ex intacta Virgi-  
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



ne, Ex intacta Virgine, Et in mundo conversatus, Sparso verbi semi-  
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



ne, Sui moras inco- latus, Miro clausit ordine. Sui moras inco- latus, Miro  
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



clausit ordine. Miro clausit ordine.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

AIR. Gratiellement:



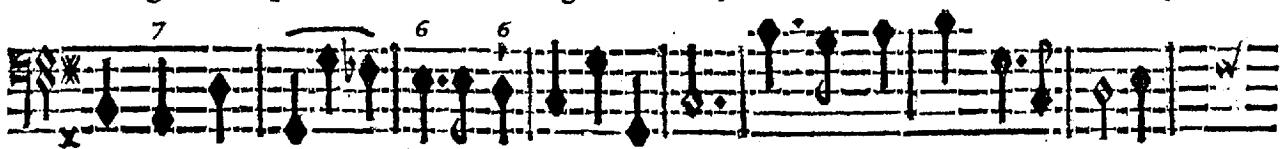
IN supremæ nocte coene, Recumbens cum fratri- bus: Observa-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



ta lege plene Cibis in legali- bus, Cibum turbæ duo- denæ,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Se dat suis mani- bus. Cibum turbæ duo- denæ, Se dat suis manibus.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Autre AIR:



VErbum caro, panem verum, Verbo carnem effi- cit:



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



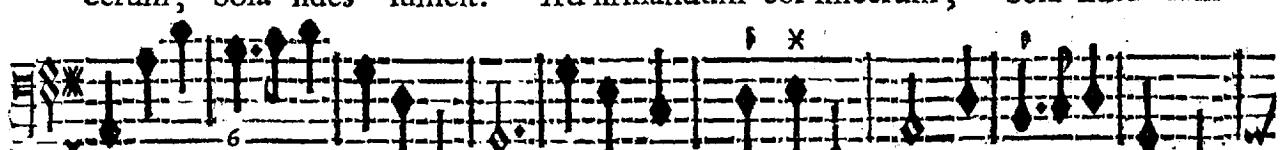
Fitque sanguis Christi merum, Et si sensus deficit; Ad firmandum cor sin-



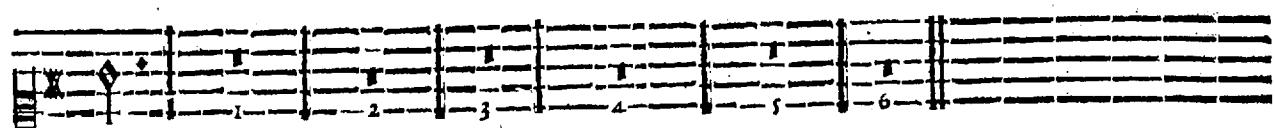
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



cerum, Sola fides sufficit. Ad firmandum cor sincerum, Sola fides suffi-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



cit.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Tendrement.



Tantum ergo, Sacramentum, Veneremur cernui: Tantum ergo,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



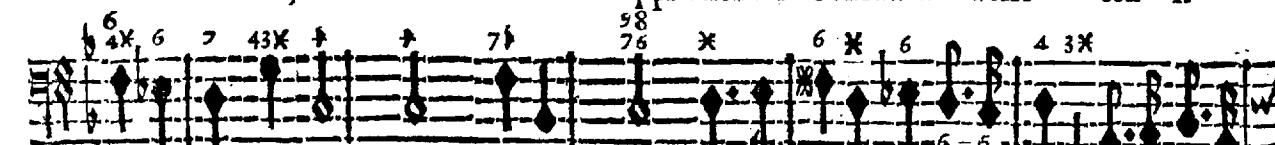
Sacramentum, Veneremur cernui: Et antiquum documentum Novo



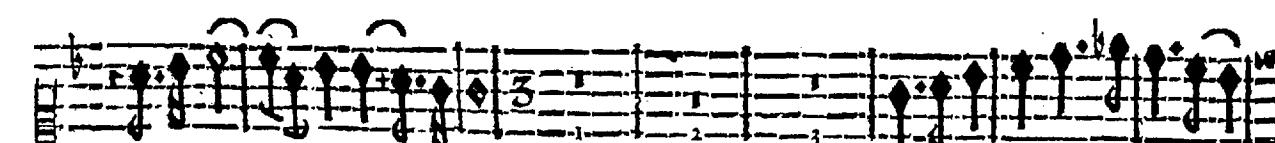
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



cedat ritui, Präster fides supplementum Sensuum deffe-ctu-i.

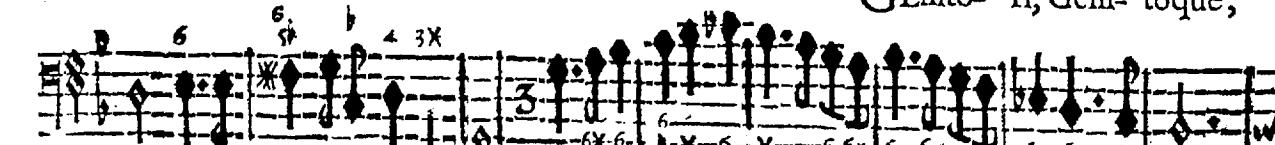


BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Sensuum deffe-ctu-i.

GENITO-ri, Geni-toque,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Laus & ju- bi- lati- o, Geni- tori, Geni- toque, Laus & jubi- latio,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Salus, honor, virtus quoque Sit & benedi- ctio: Procedenti

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



## I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX.

DU CANTIQUE DES CANTIQUES.



Ari.

Cari.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

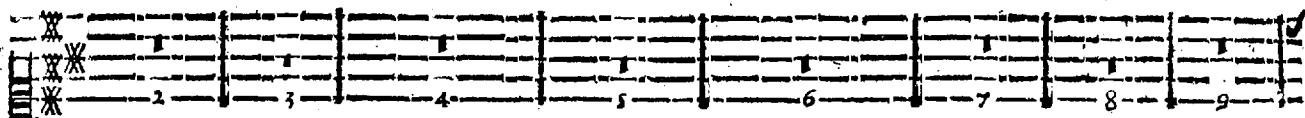
Zephiri volate, Cari Zephiri volate, vola-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

te, vola- te.

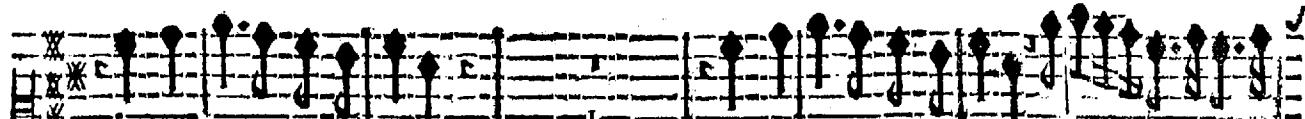
SUrgite flores festi-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



nate, festina- te, festina- te.

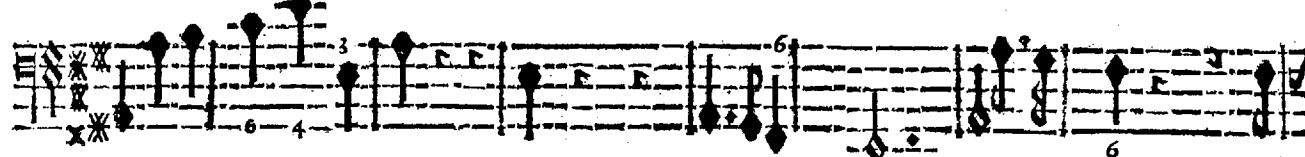
## BASSUS.CONTINUUS.



Cari Zephiri volate, Cari Zephiri volate, vola-



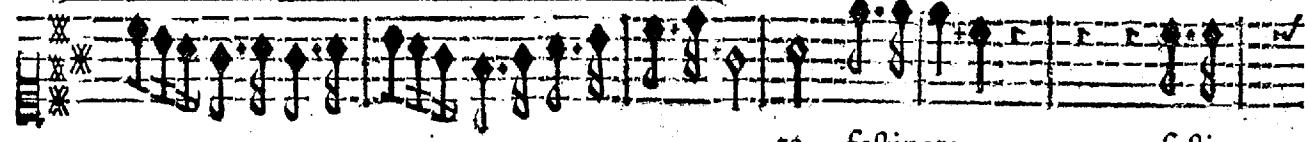
Surgite flores, festinate, festina-



## BASSUS.CONTINUUS.



te, volate, vo-



te, festinate, festi-



## BASSUS.CONTINUUS.



la- te, vola- te. Auræ



na- te, festina- te.



## BASSUS.CONTINUUS.

## I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,



placidæ ve- nite, venite, venite, ventil-



Sussurrate, ventillate, Sussurrate, ventil-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



la- te, circum me.



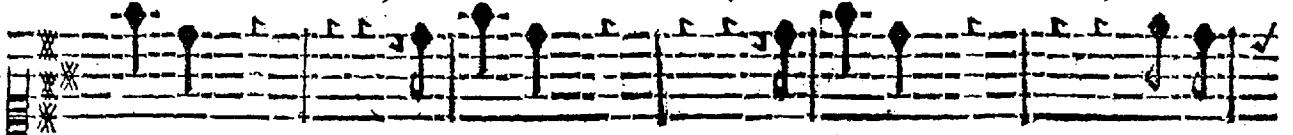
la- te, circum me. Auræ placidæ ve-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



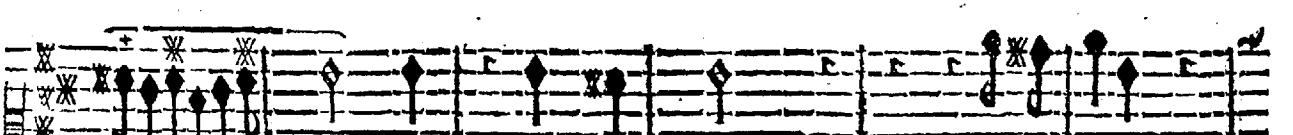
Sussur- rate, ventil- late, Sussur- rate, ventil-



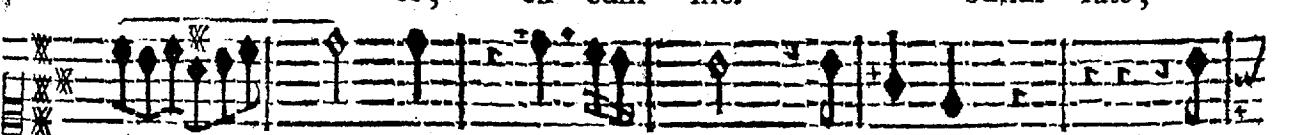
nite, ve- nite, ve- nite, ventil-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



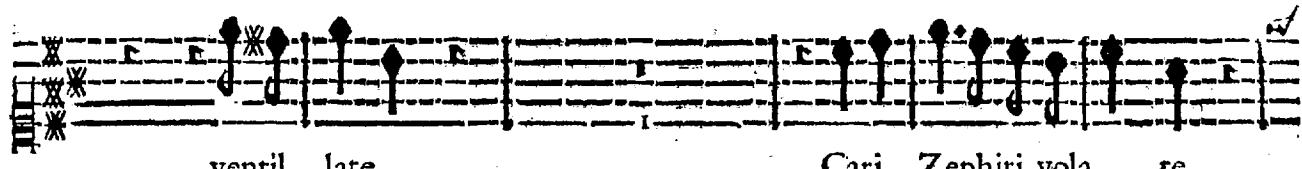
la- te, circum me. Sussur- rate,



la- te, circum me. Veni- te, ve-

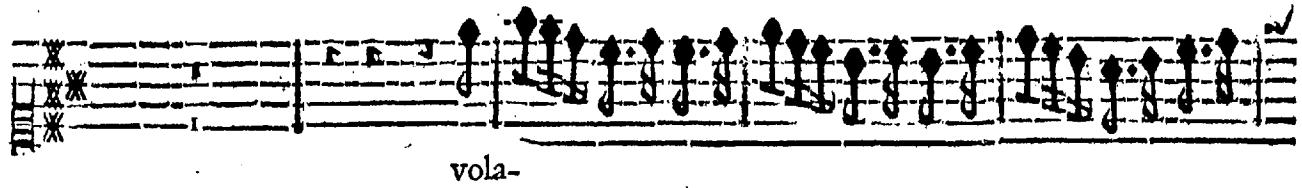


BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



nite, ventilla-te, Surgite

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



flores, festi-nate, festina-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



te, festina-te.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

PREMIER DESSUS seul.

Lentement.



& com-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

## I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

*On reprend le Duo Cari Zephiri, &c. page 32.*

SECOND DESSUS seul.

A Manc usque ad vesperam Quæ- fivi per vicos & plateas, Quem dili-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

git anima me- a, nec illum in- venire potu- i. Quæfivi per vicos & plateas,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

Quem diligit anima mea, nec illum invenire potui, nec il- lum inveni- re potui.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

PREMIER DESSUS seul.

RECIT. Tendrement.

Mi dilecte ubi es?

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

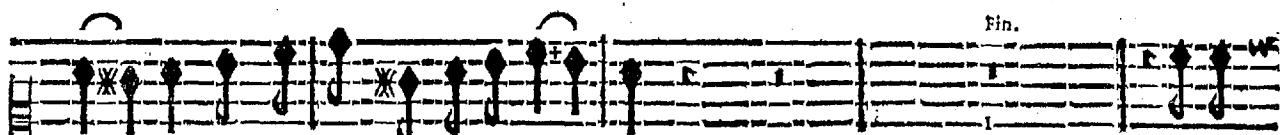


facis? Cur me tam languire facis? ubi es? ubi es? Cur me tam languire

*\* 6 6 \* x x x*

*6x 6-x 6*

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



fa-cis? Cur me tam languire fa-cis? Si te

*4 3x 6x 6 6 4 3 x*

*6x 6-x 6*

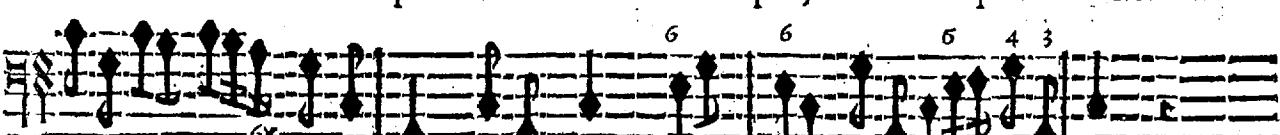
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



quero, ad quid me fugis, Cara vita, amica spes. Cara vita,



Cara vita amica spes. Cara vita amica spes, amica spes. Mi di-



leste ubi, jusques au mot fin.

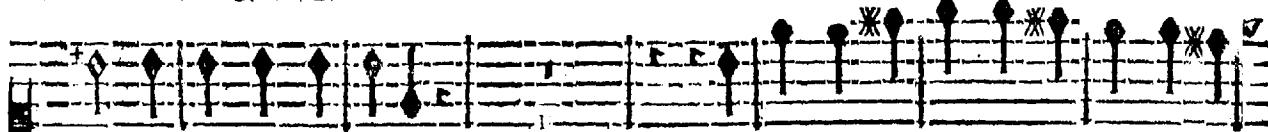
## I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,



Cara turba, per campos & valles prædilectum quæri-

Cara turba, per campos, per campos & valles prædilectum quæri-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



te: per campos & valles, per campos & valles, per campos, per

te: per campos & valles, per campos & valles, per campos & valles, per

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



campos & valles prædilectum quærite: per campos & valles,

campos & valles prædilectum quærite: per campos &

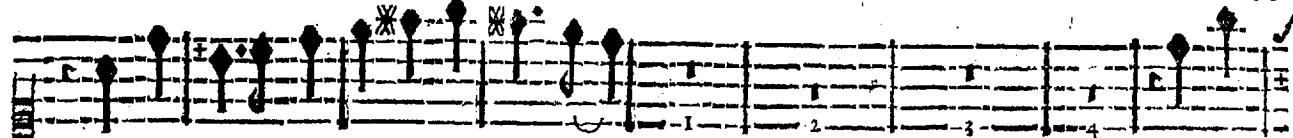
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



per campos & valles, per campos, per campos & valles prædilectum quærite.

valles, per campos & valles, per campos & valles prædilectum quærite.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



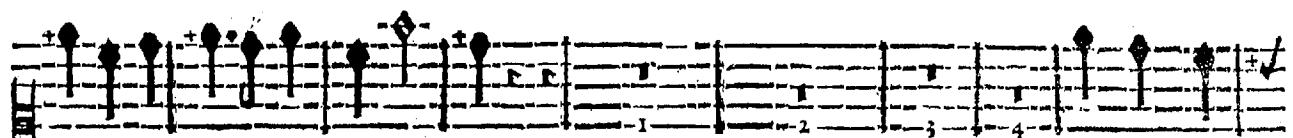
Hic induitus est sole lucen- ti.

Et in



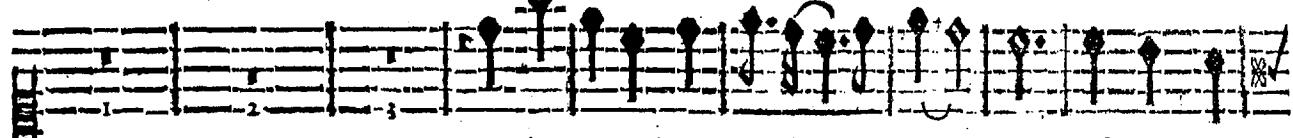
In pupillis sunt stellæ divi- næ.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



vultu sunt gratia sere- nae.

Ad me con-



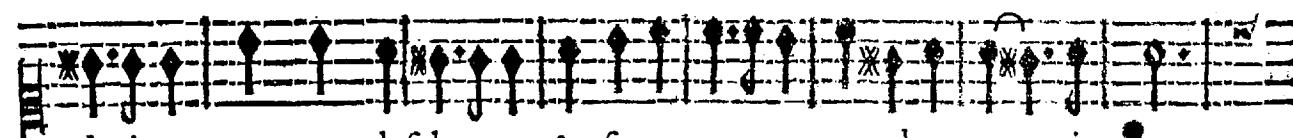
Et in ore stant flores amæ- ni. Ad me con-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



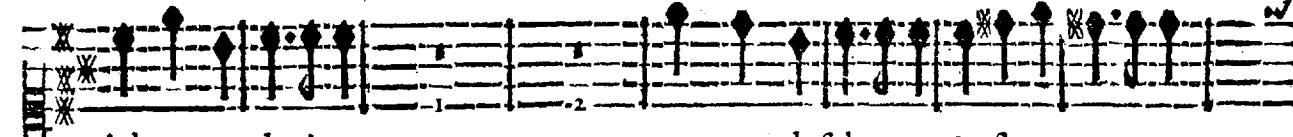
ducite quem tam desidero, &amp; si tenuero mercedem pe- ti- te.



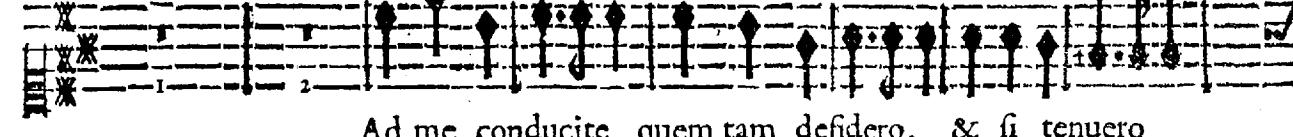
ducite quem tam desidero, &amp; si tenuero mercedem pe- ti- te.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Ad me conducite, quem tam desidero, &amp; si tenuero



Ad me conducite quem tam desidero, &amp; si tenuero

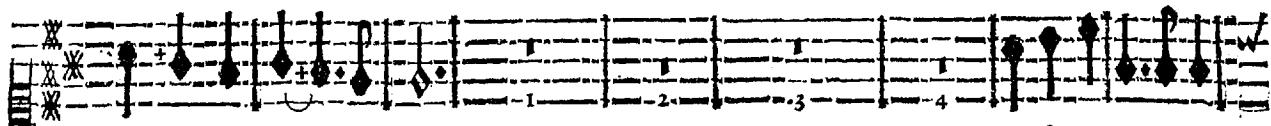


BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

## I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,

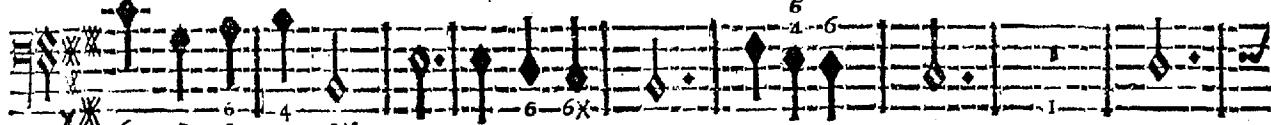


mercedem pe- ti- te. Ad me conducite quem tam desidero.



mercedem pe- ti- te.

& si tenuero,



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



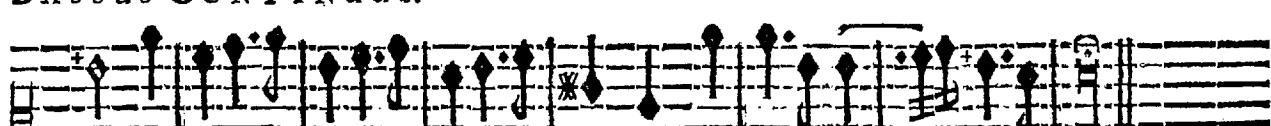
& si tenuero mercedem pe- ti- te. Merce- dem, mercedem pe- ti-



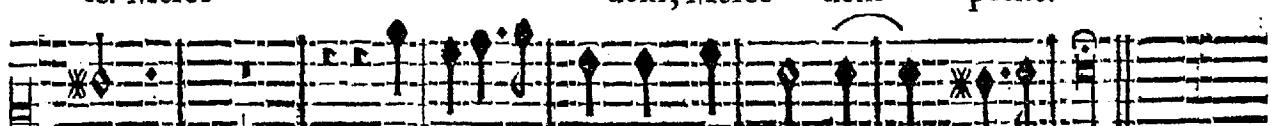
& si tenuero mercedem pe- ti- te. Merce- dem, mercedem peti-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



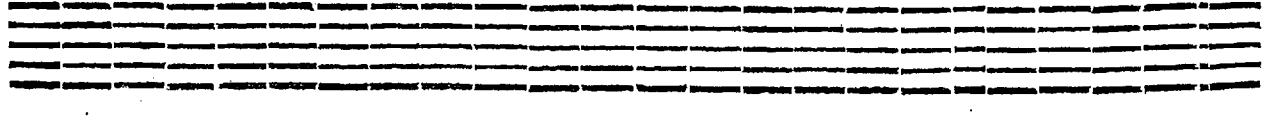
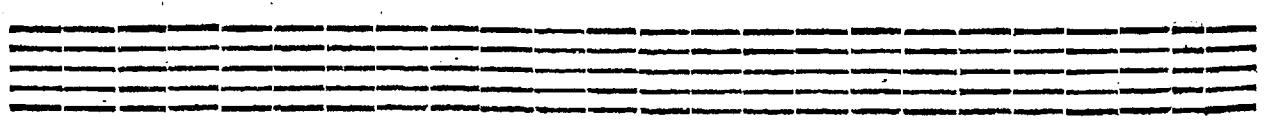
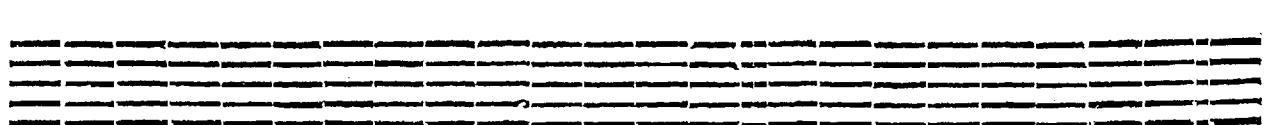
te. Merce- dem, Merce- dem petite.

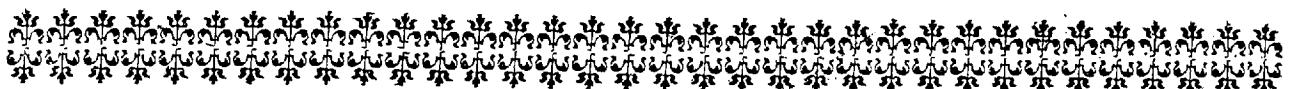


te. Merce- dem, Merce- dem petite.



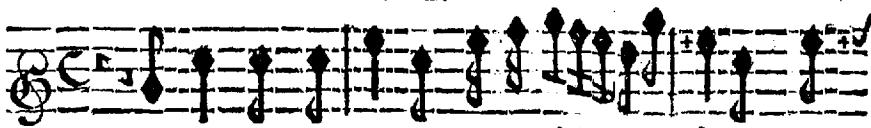
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



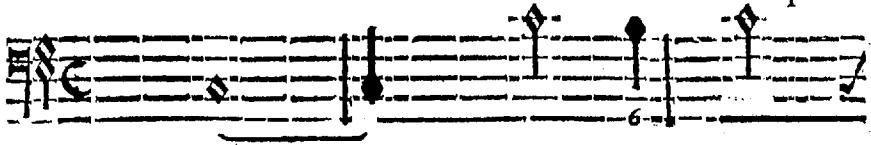


I I. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,  
POUR UN SAINT, OU UNE SAINTE.

PREMIER DESSUS seul.



Antemus, Cantemus, exalte-  
mus quem  
quam



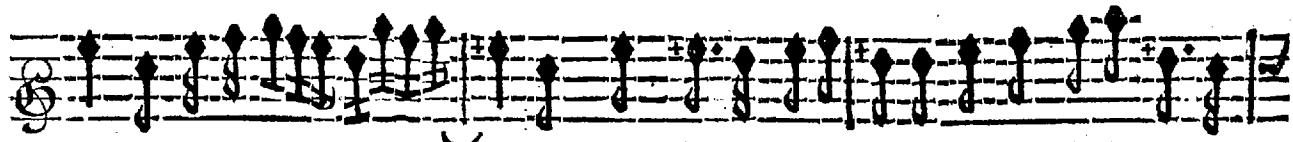
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



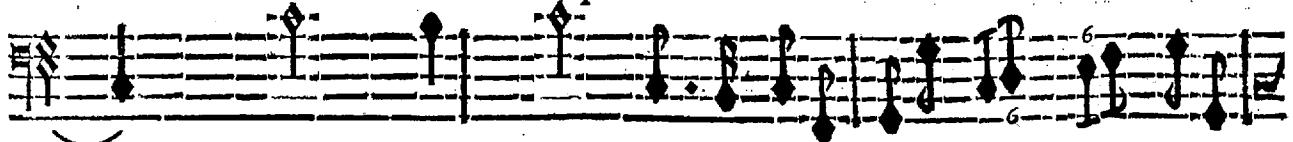
Dominus e- legit, quem  
quam Dominus e- legit & circumdat gloria: Cantemus, Can-



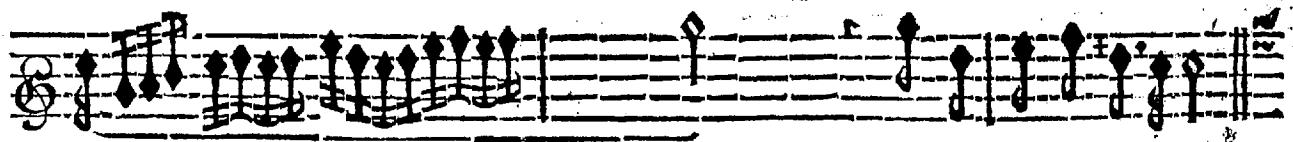
Bassus-CONTINUUS.



temus, exalte-  
mus quem  
quam Dominus e- legit & circumdat glori-



Bassus-CONTINUUS.



a,  
& circumdat gloria.



Bassus-CONTINUUS.

## II. MOTET A DEUX VOIX,

REPRISE.



Gaude dilecta Domino, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha,

Gaude dilecta Domino, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha,

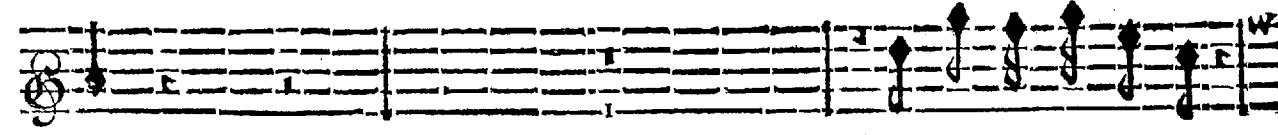
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



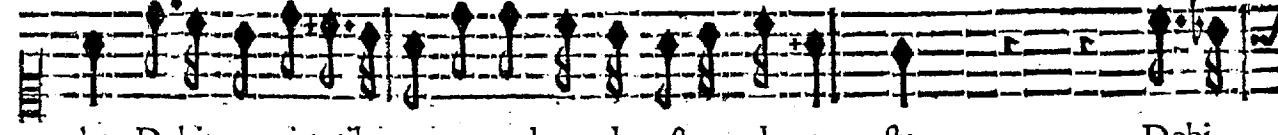
pha, Gaude dilecta Domino, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha,

pha, Gaude dilecta Domino, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha, gaude triumpha,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



pha, triumpha, triumpha.



pha, Debitam virtutibus mercedem degusta, degusta. Debi-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Debitam virtutibus mercedem de-



tam virtutibus mercedem degusta, degusta.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



gusta, degusta. Gaude dilecta

Dominus, gaude triumpha, triumpha, triumpha, Gaude dilecta

Dominus, gaude triumpha, triumpha,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



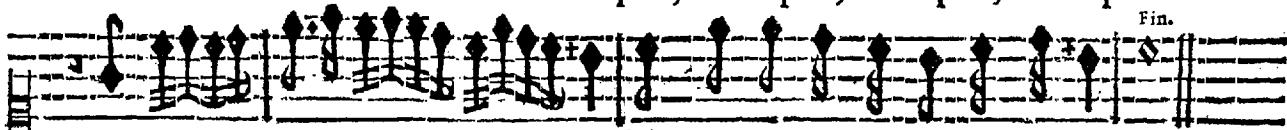
pha, gau- de trium- pha, gaude triumpha, triumpha, trium-

pha, gau- de trium- pha, gaude triumpha, triumpha, trium- pha,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



pha, triumpha, triumpha, triumpha.



trium- pha, triumpha, triumpha, triumpha.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

PREMIER DESSUS.



TU medios inter tumultus, Tu per vitæ tempe-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

states, Lugebas & fle- bas, Luge- bas & fle- bas:

## Bassus-CONTINUUS.

SECOND DESSUS.

**N**unc in portu requiescis, te largo, te inexhausto, voluptatum tor-

## BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

ren- te in- bri-  
6 43

BASSUS, CONTINUUS.

Pugnasti fortiter,

**Laborem tulisti,**

A musical score page showing a single staff with six measures. The first measure has a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The notes are quarter notes and eighth notes with various stems and rests. Measures 2 through 6 begin with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The notes are quarter notes and eighth notes with stems and rests.

ans.

Cum plausu vincis,

### præmia susci-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

*Arduam, difficilem calcasti semi- tam.*

A musical score page featuring a single staff with six measures. The first measure begins with a common time signature (indicated by a 'C'). Measures 2 through 5 begin with a 12/8 time signature (indicated by a '12/8'). Measure 6 begins with a 6/8 time signature (indicated by a '6/8'). The music is composed of eighth-note patterns. The staff includes five ledger lines above the top line and two below the bottom line.

pis,

Jam nubes, jam sidera vides sub pedibus.

### BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

The image shows three staves of musical notation. The top staff uses soprano C-clef, the middle staff alto F-clef, and the bottom staff bass G-clef. All staves have a common time signature. The music consists of short vertical stems with small black dots at their tops, indicating a rhythmic value. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive Gothic script. The first staff has lyrics: 'Sis bonus, bona,' repeated four times. The second staff has lyrics: 'Sis bonus, bona,' followed by 'sis fœlix,' and then 'Sis bonus, bona,' repeated twice. The third staff has lyrics: 'Sis fœlix,' followed by 'Sis bonus, bona,' and 'sis fœlix,' followed by 'Sis bonus, bona,' repeated twice. Measure numbers 3, 6, 7, and 76 are placed above the staves.

## BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

## Bassus-CONTINUUS.

Musical score for organ and choir, page 10, measures 1-4. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the organ, featuring a basso continuo part with a cello-like line and a harpsichord-like line. The bottom staff is for the choir, showing four voices (SATB) singing in Latin. The lyrics are: "bonus, sis fœ- lix, bona," in measure 1; "Sis bonus, bona," in measure 2; "bonus, sis fœ- lix, liceat tuis in- sistere vestigi- is. Sis" in measure 3; and "bona," in measure 4. Measure numbers 1, 2, 3, and 4 are indicated above the staff. Various musical markings such as fermatas, slurs, and dynamic signs are present throughout the score.

## Bassus-CONTINUUS.

## BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

M

foelix, Sis bonus, sis foelix, liceat tuis in-sistere vestigi- is,  
bona,  
Sis bonus, sis foelix liceat tuis in-sistere vestigi- is,  
bona,

BASSUS. CONTINUUS.

ligeat tuis insiste-re vestigiis.

Gaude dilecta Domino,  
*A la Reprise jusques au mot fin.*

ligeat tuis insiste-re vestigiis.

Gaude dilecta Domino,

BASSUS. CONTINUUS.



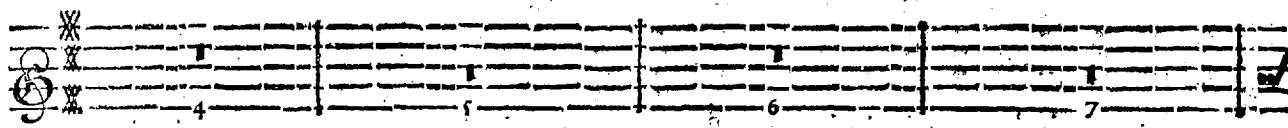
## III. MOTET A DEUX VOIX.

## PSEAUME XCII.

Ominus.

Dominus.

BASSUS. CONTINUUS.



Dominus regnavit, decorem indutus est; indutus est Dominus fort-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Dominus regnavit, decorem indutus est;



tudinem, & præcinxit sc. Dominus regnavit, decorem indutus est; Dominus re-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Dominus regnavit, decorem indutus est; indutus est Dominus fort-



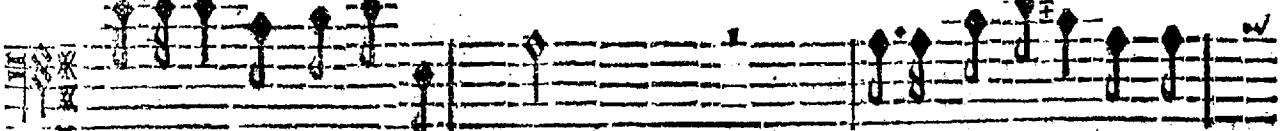
gnavit, decorem indutus est; indutus est Dominus fort-



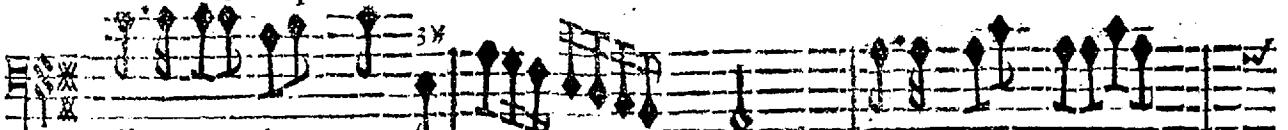
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



tudinem, & præcinxit sc. Dominus regnavit, de-



tudinem, & præcinxit sc. Dominus regnavit, de-



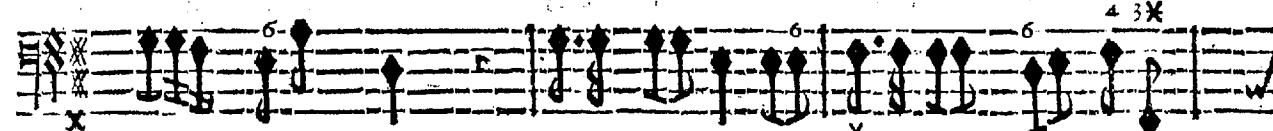
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



corem indutus est; indutus est Dominus fortitudinem, & præcinxit



corem indutus est; indutus est Dominus fortitudinem, & præcinxit



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



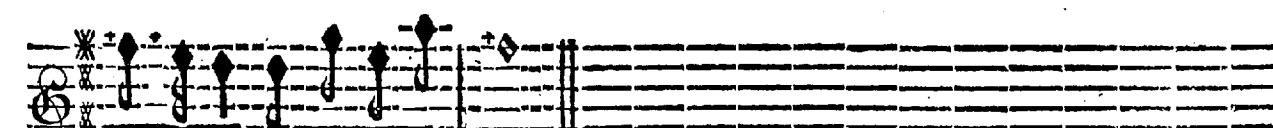
se, indutus est, Dominus fortitudinem & præcinxit se, indutus est fort-



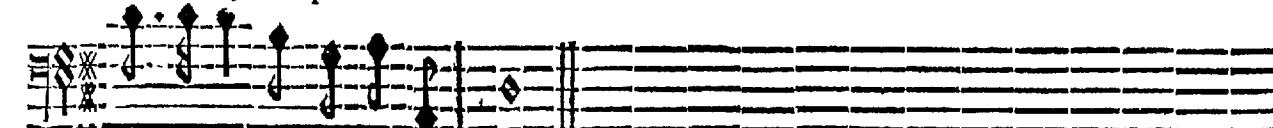
se, indutus est, indutus est fortitudinem & præcinxit se, indutus est fort-



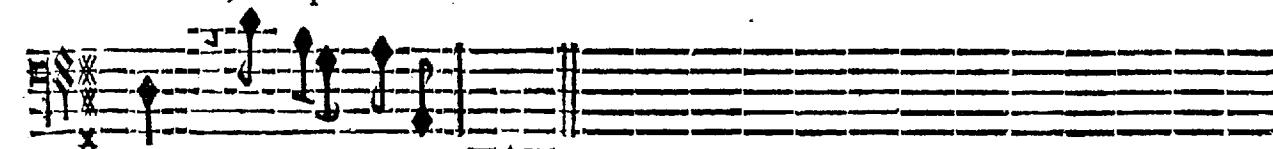
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



tudinem, & præcinxit se.

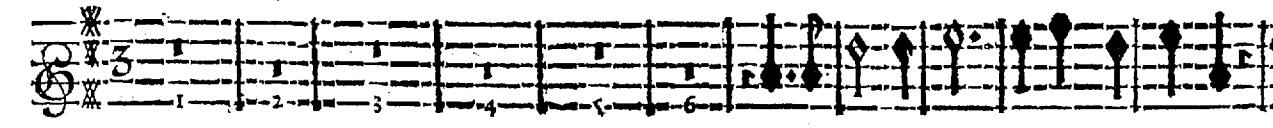


tudinem, & præcinxit se.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

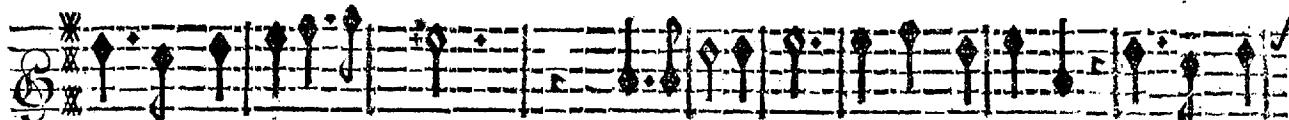
DESSUS seul.



Etenim firma- vit orbem terræ:



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



movebitur. Parata sedes tu-a ex tunc: à seculo tu-es.

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



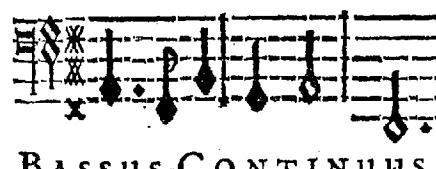
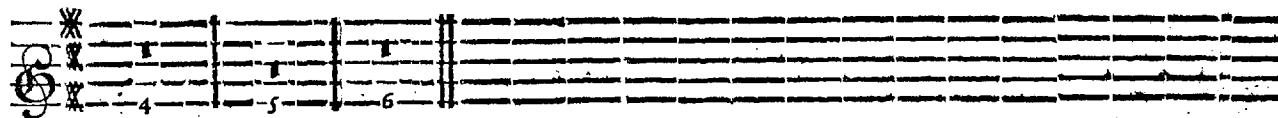
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



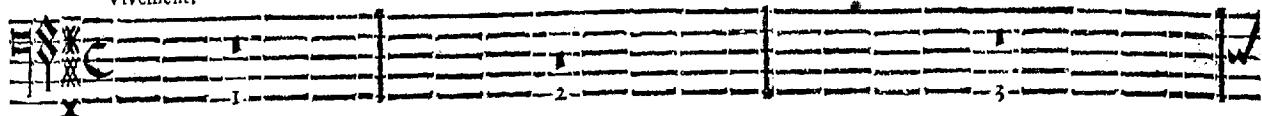
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Vivement.



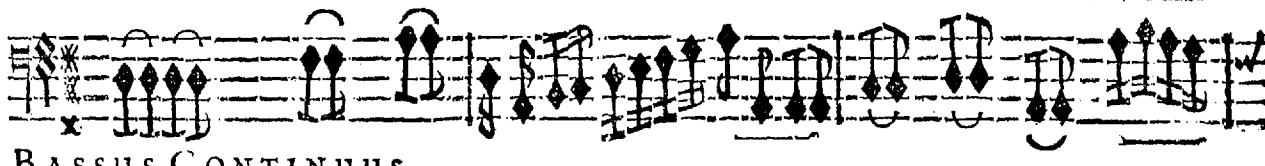
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



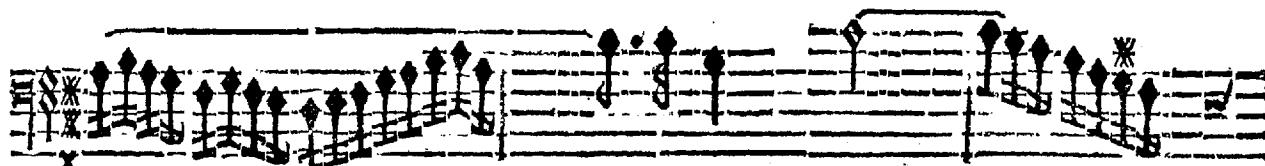
Elevaverunt flu-

mina Domine:

Elevaverunt



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



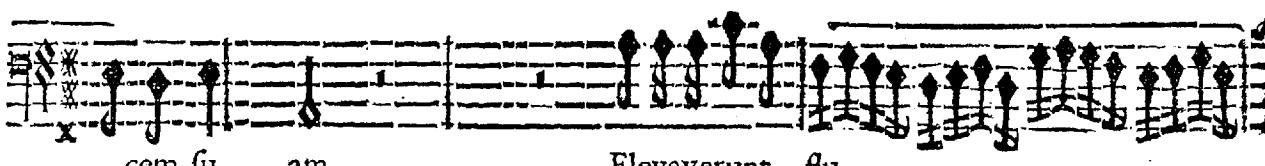
flu-

mina

vo-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

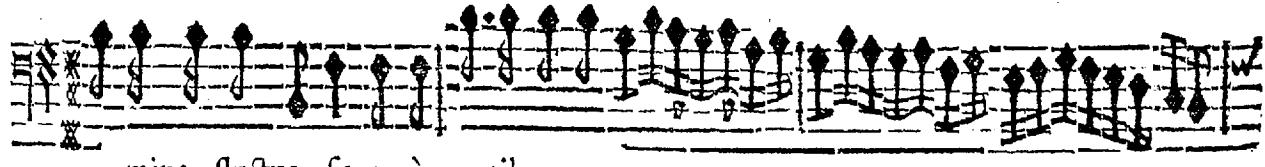


ccm su- am.

Elevaverunt flu-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



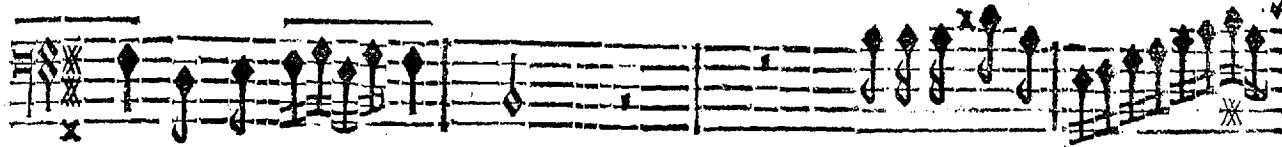
mina fluctus suos; à vocibus aqua-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

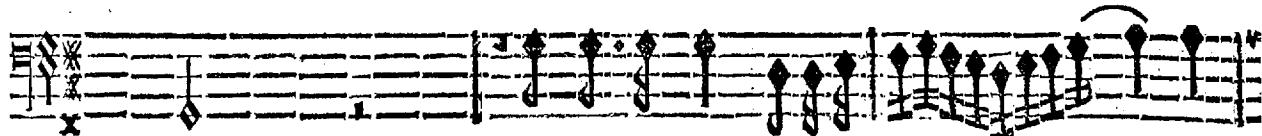
## D E M. C A M P R A.

51



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

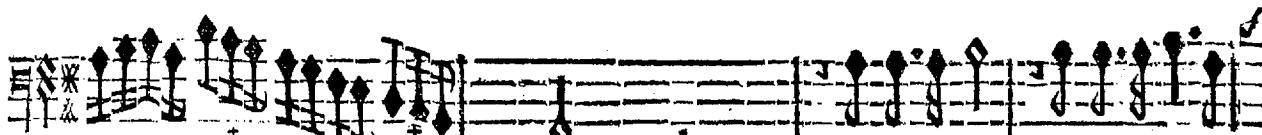
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



rum. Mi-ra- bi- les elati-o-nes



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



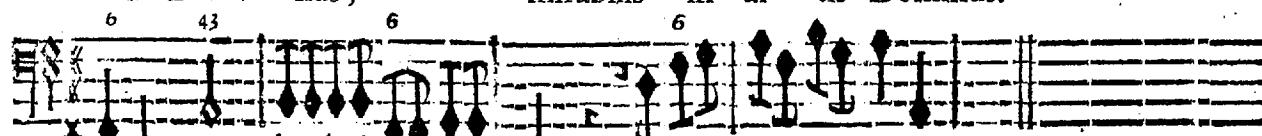
ma- ris: mirabilis, mirabilis in



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



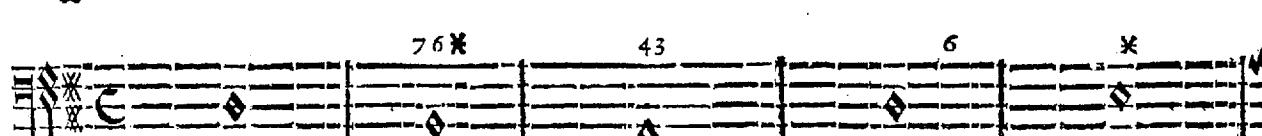
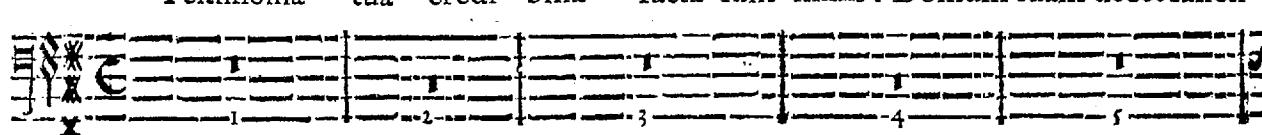
altis Domi-nus, mirabilis in al-tis Dominus.



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



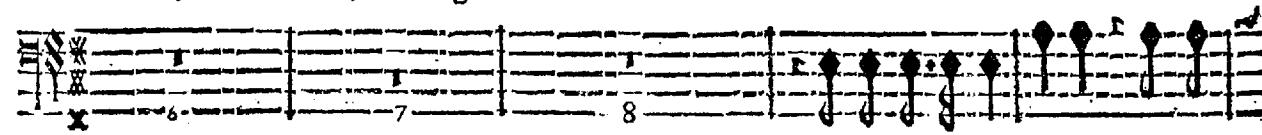
Testimonia tua credi-bilia facta sunt nimis: Domum tuam decet sancti-



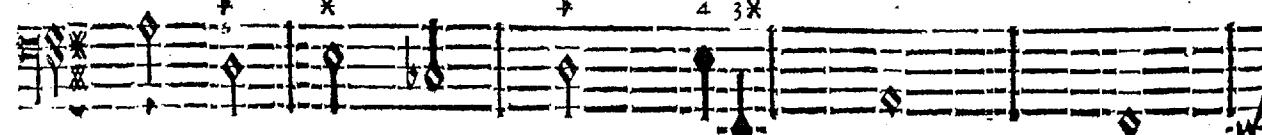
BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



tudo, Domi-ne, in longitudinem die-rum.



Testimonia tua credi-



BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Testimonia tua credi- bilia facta sunt nimis :

bilia facta sunt nimis : Domum

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Domum tuam decet sancti- tudo, Domine, in longitudinem die- rum.

tu- am decet sanctitudo, Domine, in longitudinem dierum. Domum

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



Domum tuam decet sanctitudo, Domine, in longitudinem di-

tuam decet sancti- tudo, Domine, in longi- tudinem die-

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.



e- rum. Domum tuam decet sancti- tudo, Domi-

rum, in longi- tudinem die- rum, decet sancti- tudo, Domi- ne,

BASSUS-CONTINUUS.

## III. MOTET A DEUX VOIX.

ne, in longitudinem die- rum, in longitudinem die-  
in longitudinem die- rum, in longitudinem die-

BASSUS CONTINUUS.

rum. Domum tuam decet sanctitudo, Domi- ne, in longi-  
rum. Domum tuam decet sanctitudo, Domine, in longitudinem di-

BASSUS CONTINUUS.

tudinem die- rum, in longitudinem die- rum.  
c- rum, in longitudinem die- rum.

BASSUS CONTINUUS.

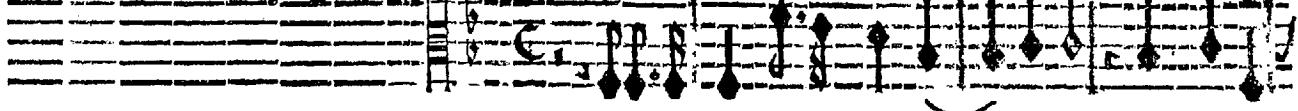
I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR,  
ET SYMPHONIE.

PSEAUME CXV.

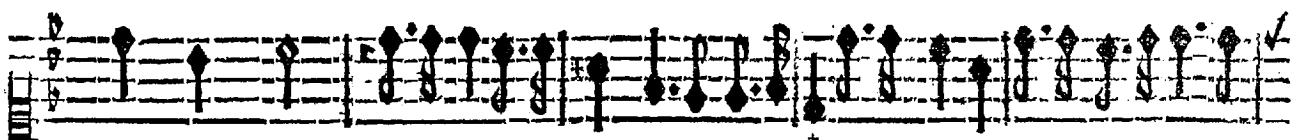


Gravement.

PRELUDE.

*N convertendo Dominus.*

BASSE DE VOLON ET CONTINUE.

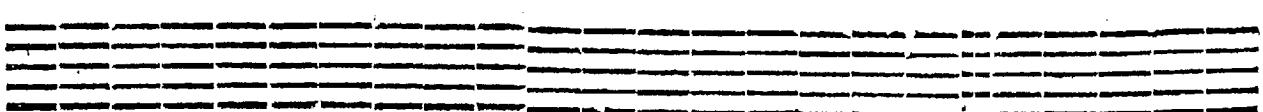


BASSE DE VOLON ET CONTINUE.

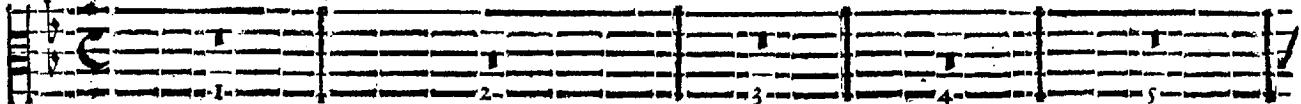
56 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

A musical score for a grand motet. It consists of four systems of music. The top system has three staves: soprano, alto, and basso continuo. The second system has two staves: soprano and alto. The third system has two staves: soprano and alto. The fourth system has three staves: soprano, alto, and basso continuo. The score is written in common time with a key signature of one flat. Measure numbers 75, 76, 4, 3x, 6, and 6 are indicated above the staff lines. The basso continuo part includes a bassoon and a cello. The vocal parts include soprano, alto, tenor, and bass.

A continuation of the musical score, consisting of five systems of music. The top system has three staves: soprano, alto, and basso continuo. The second system has two staves: soprano and alto. The third system has two staves: soprano and alto. The fourth system has three staves: soprano, alto, and basso continuo. The fifth system has three staves: soprano, alto, and basso continuo. The score is written in common time with a key signature of one flat. Measure numbers 6, 6, 6, and 6 are indicated above the staff lines. The basso continuo part includes a bassoon and a cello. The vocal parts include soprano, alto, tenor, and bass.



DUO.



IN convertendo Dominus captivi- tatem Sion, facti sumus sicut consolati,

BASSE-CONTINUE.



IN convertendo Dominus captivitatem Si-

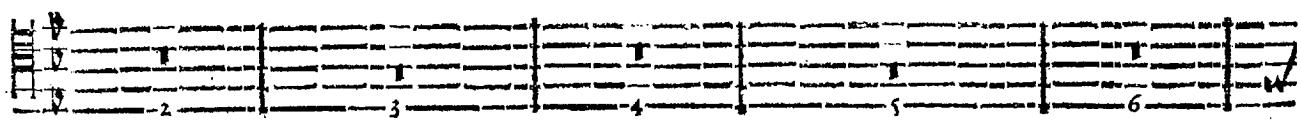


facti sumus sicut consola- ti.

BASSE-CONTINUE.



on, facti sumus sicut conso- lati, facti sumus sicut consola-



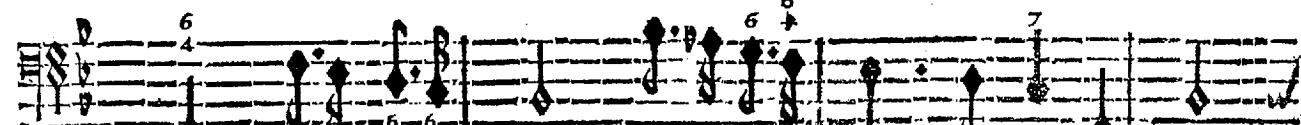
BASSE-CONTINUE.



ti. In convertendo Dominus captivitatem Si- on,

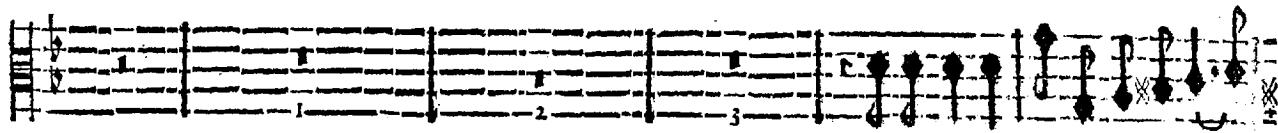


In convertendo Domi- nus captivi- tatem Si- on, facti



BASSE-CONTINUE.

## 58 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

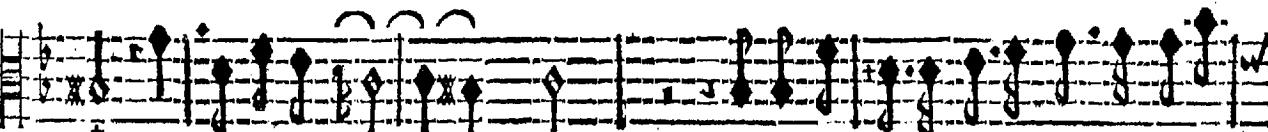


facti sumus sicut consola-



sumus sicut consolati, sicut conso- la- ti.

BASSE-CONTINUE.



ti, sicut consola- ti. In convertendo Dominus captivi-



In convertendo Dominus captivi- tatem Si-



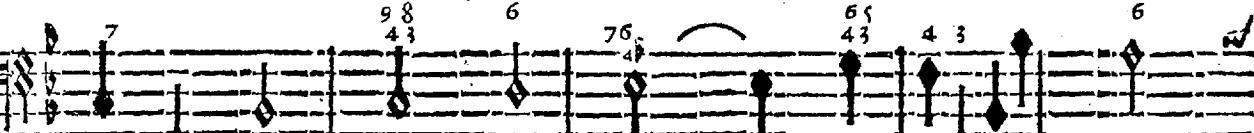
BASSE-CONTINUE.



tatem Sion, facti su- mus, facti su- mus sicut conso- la- ti, sicut conso-



on, facti su- mus, facti su- mus sicut conso- la- ti.



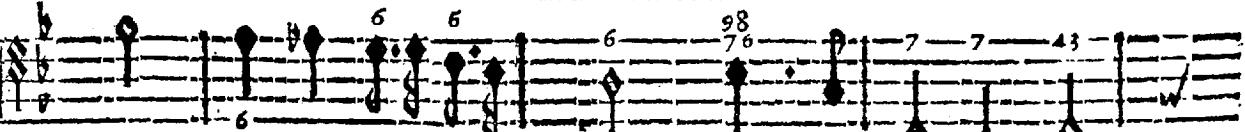
BASSE-CONTINUE.



la-

ti, consola-

sicut consola-



BASSE-CONTINUE.

D E M. C A M P R A.

C H O U R.

59

Tous.



Vivement.

dio os nostrum, gaudio os

ti.

Tunc re-

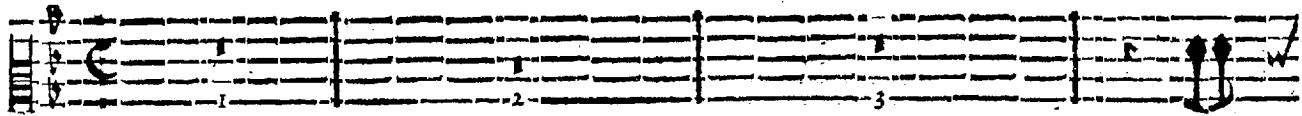
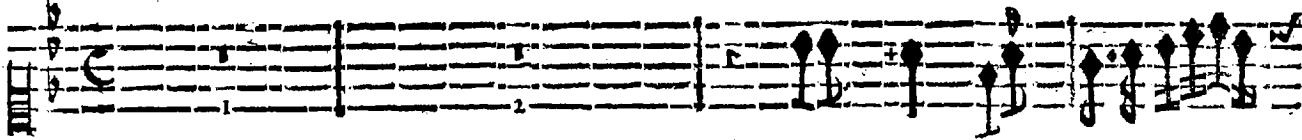
ti.

Tunc repletum est gau-

Tunc repletum est gau-

dio os

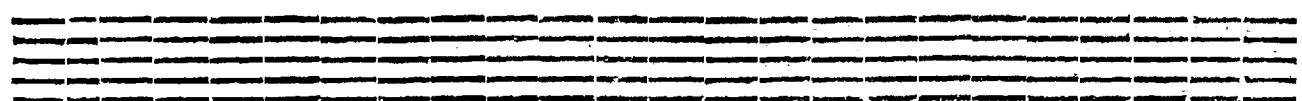
V I O L O N S.



B A S S E D E V I O L O N E T B A S S O N.



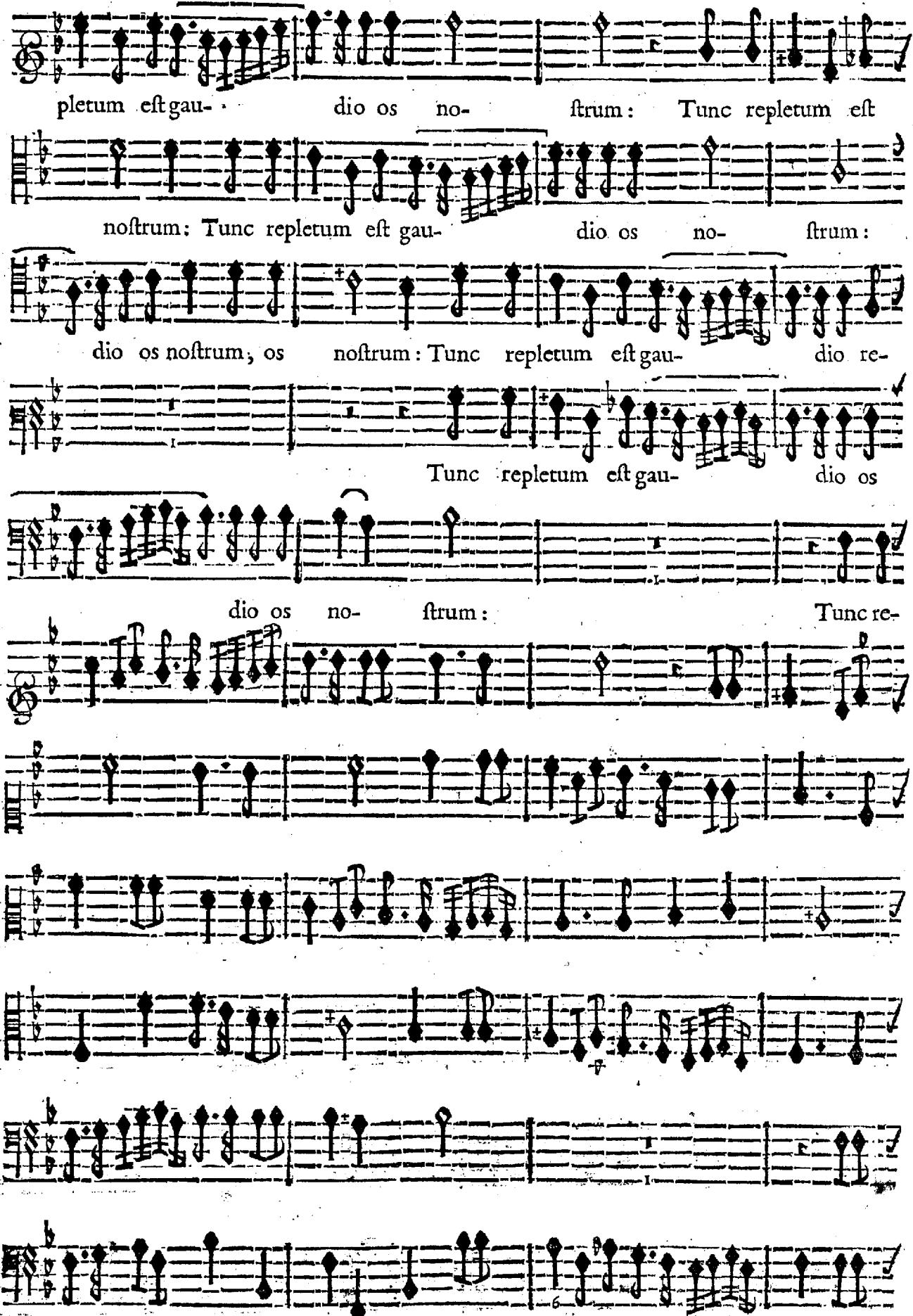
B A S S E - C O N T I N U E .



60 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

no- strum: gau- dio os nostrum, os nostrum: Tunc re-  
 pletum est gau- dio os nostrum: gau- di-o os  
 dio os no- strum: Tunc repletum est gau-  
 Tunc repletum est gau- dio os no- strum:  
 no- strum, os nostrum: Tunc repletum est gau-

BASSE-CONTINUE.

pletum est gau-      dio os no-      strum: Tunc repletum est  
 nostrum: Tunc repletum est gau-      dio os no-      strum:  
 dio os nostrum; os      nostrum: Tunc repletum est gau-      dio re-  
 Tunc repletum est gau-      dio os  
 dio os no- strum:      Tunc re-  


BASSE-CONTINUE.

## 62 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

gau- dio os nostrum: Tunc repletum est gau-  
 Tunc repletum est gaudio os no- strum:  
 ple- tum est gaudio os nostrum: Tunc repletum est  
 no- strum, repletum est gaudio os no- strum:  
 pletum est gau- dio os no- strum:  
 BASSO-CONTINUE.

dio os no- strum : Tunc repletum est  
 Tunc repletum est gaudiq os no- strum : os no-  
 gau- dio os no- strum : & lingua nostra exul- ta- ti- o-  
 & lingua nostra exul- tati- o-

BASSE CONTINUE.

## 64 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

gau- dio os no- strum: Tunc re-  
 strum: & lingua nostra exultati- o- ne.  
 Tunc repletum est gau-  
 ne.  
 Tunc re-

BASSE-CONTINUE.

The musical score consists of six staves. The top two staves are for voices, with lyrics in Latin: "pletum est gaudio os no-", "strum : Tunc re-", "& lingua nostra exulta- ti- o-", "ne," "dio os nostrum, os no- strum : & lingua nostra exul- ta- ti-", and "& lingua nostra exul- tatio-". The middle two staves are for voices, with lyrics: "pletum est gau- dio os no- strum :". The bottom two staves are for the basso continuo, indicated by a bass clef and a cello-like staff line. Measure numbers 4 and 5 are written above the middle voices' staves. Measure numbers 76 are written above the continuo staves. The score is in common time, with various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes.

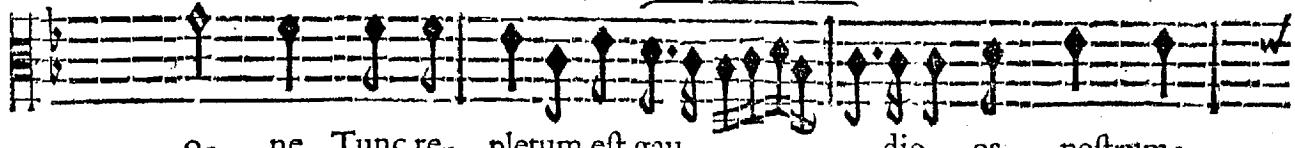
BASSE-CONTINUE.

66 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

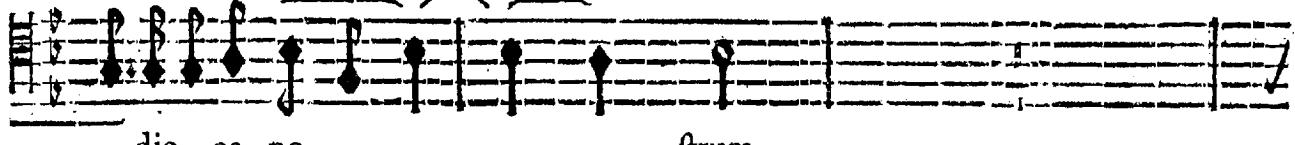
pletum est gau- dio os no- strum : & lingua  
 & lingua nostra exul- ta- ti- o- ne, exul- ta- ti-  
 o- ne. Tunc repletum est gau-  
 ne. Tunc re- pletum est  
 & lingua nostrā exul- tati- o- ne.  
 43 6 54 6



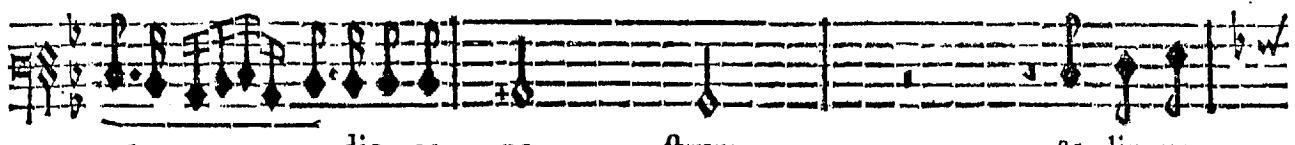
no- stra, & lingua nostra exulta- ti- o- ne. Tunc repletum est



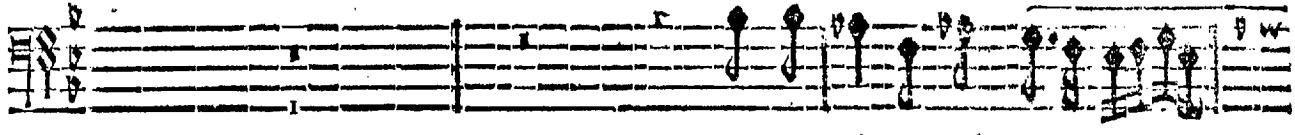
o- ne. Tunc re- pletum est gau- dio os nostrum:



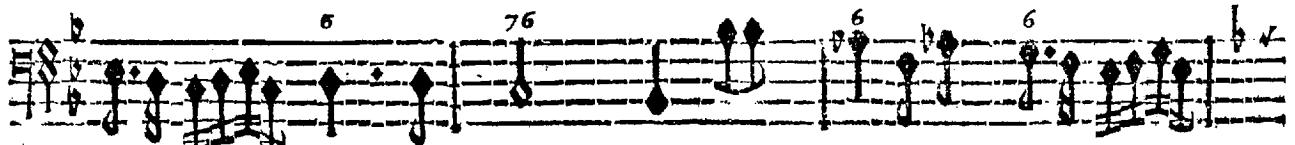
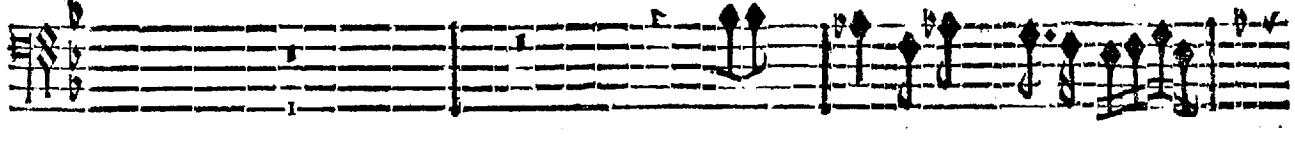
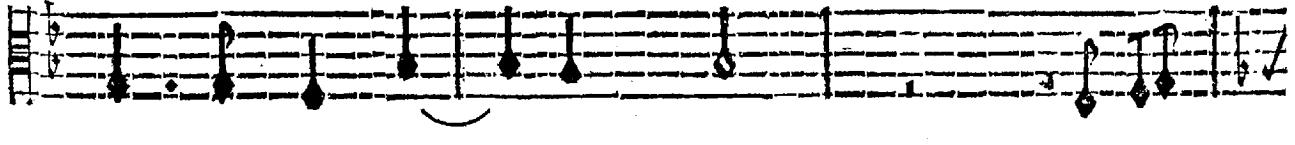
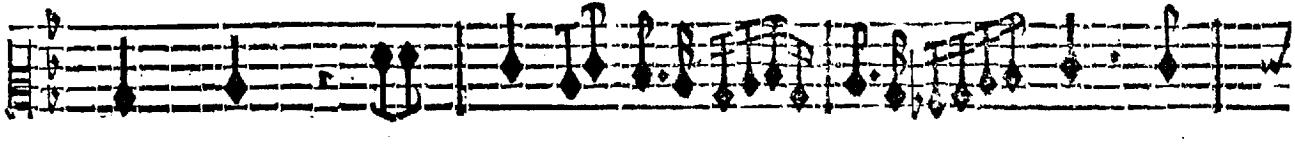
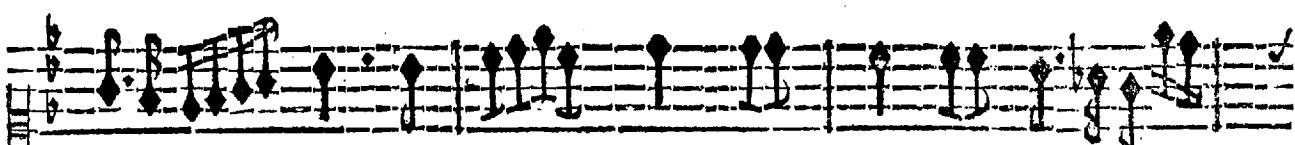
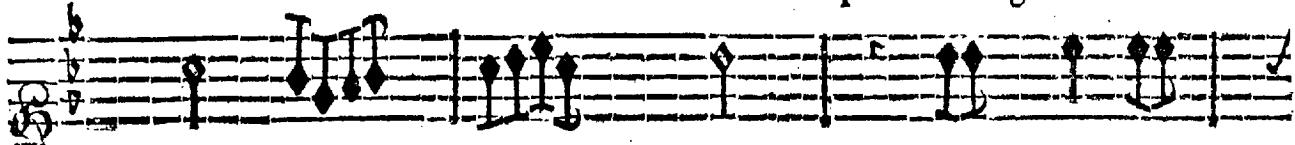
dio os no- strum:



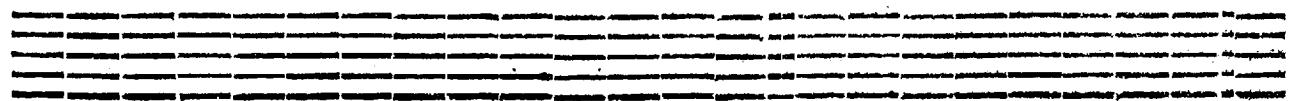
gau- dio os no- strum: & lingua



Tunc re- pletum est gau-



BASSE CONTINUE.



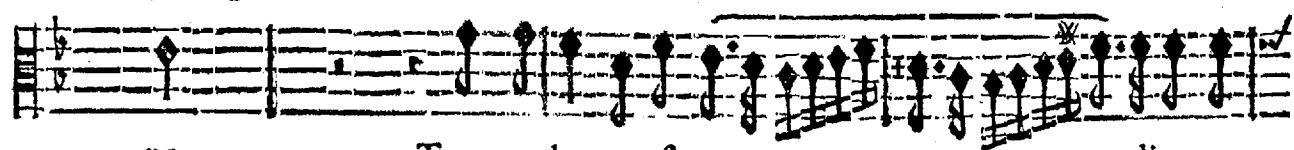
## 68 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

gaudio os nostrum, repletum est gau- di- o os no-  
 gaudio os nostrum, os nostrum: & lingua nostra exulta- ti- o-  
 & lingua nostra exultatio-  
 nostra exultatio- ne. Tunc repletum est  
 dio os no- strum:

BASSE-CONTINUE.



strum, & lingua nostra exultati- o- ne.

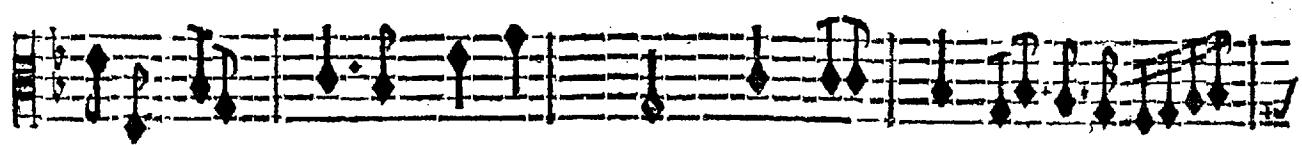


ne, & lingua nostra exultati- o- ne.

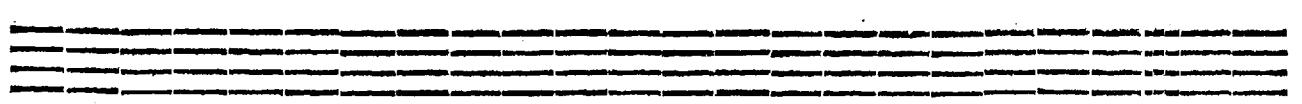
Tunc re-

gaudio os no strum: Tunc repletum est gau-

& lingua nostra exultatio- ne.



BASSE CONTINUE.



70 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. The first staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The lyrics are: "Tunc re-", followed by a repeat sign, then "no- strum, Tunc repletum est gau- dio os nostrum," and "pletum est gau- dio, reple- tum est gaudio os". The second staff continues with "dio os nostrum:" and ends with "& lingua". The third staff begins with "Tunc repletum est gau- dio os". The fourth staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature. The fifth staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature. The sixth staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature. The seventh staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature. The eighth staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature. The ninth staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature. The tenth staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature.

Tunc re-

no- strum, Tunc repletum est gau- dio os nostrum,

pletum est gau- dio, reple- tum est gaudio os

dio os nostrum: & lingua

Tunc repletum est gau- dio os

BASSE CONTINUE.

pletum est gau- dio os nostrum: Tunc repletum est  
 Tunc repletum est gau- dio os no- strum, os  
 no- strum: & lingua nostra exulta- ti- o-  
 nostra exul- tati- o- ne.  
 no- strum: & lingua nostra exultatio-  


BASSE-CONTINUE.

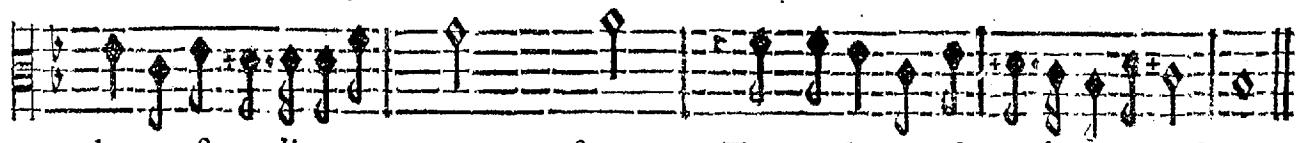
72 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

gau- dio os no- strum: & lingua nostra, lingua nostra exulta- ti-  
 no- strum: & lingua no- stra, Tunc re-  
 nc, & lingua nostra exul- ta- ti- o- ne, exul- tati-  
 Tunc re- plectum est gau- dio os no- strum:  
 nc, Tunc repletum est gaudio os nostrum: & lingua nostra exultatio-

BASSE-CONTINUE.



o- ne, & lingua nostra exultati- o- ne, e- xul- ta- ti- o- ne.



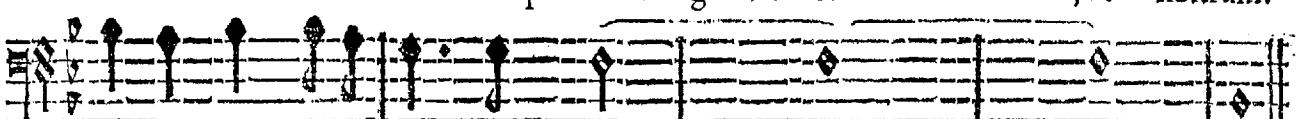
pletum est gaudio os no- strum: Tunc repletum est gaudio os nostrum.



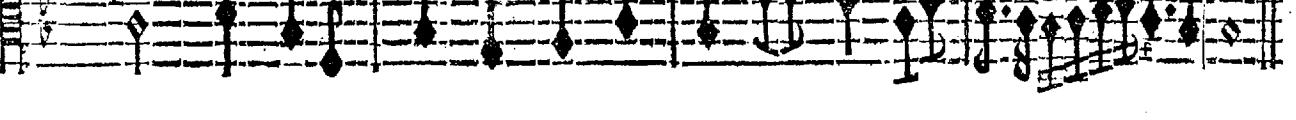
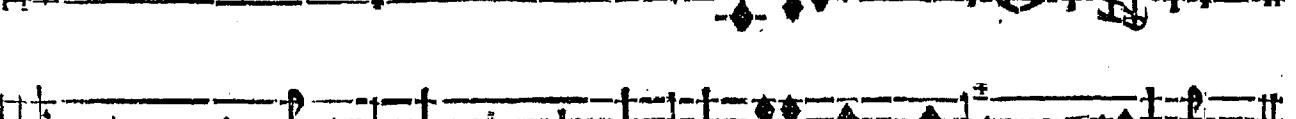
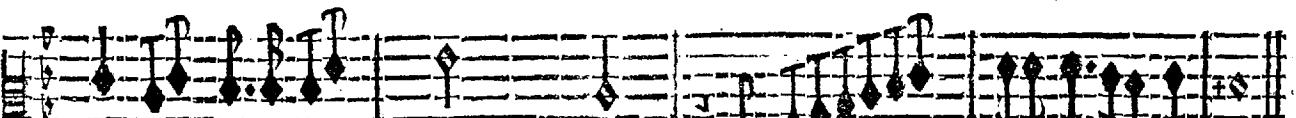
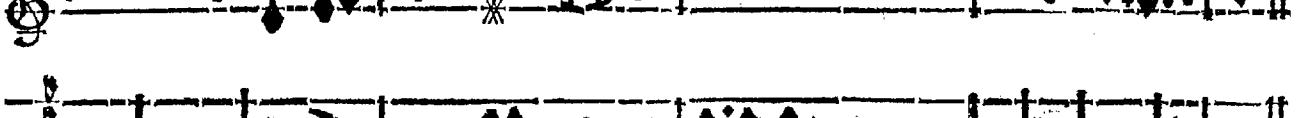
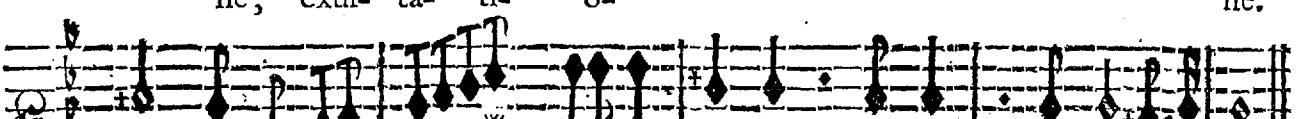
o- nc. Tunc repletum est gaudio, & lingua nostra exultatio- ne.



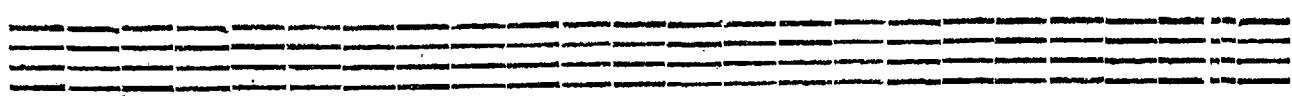
Tunc repletum est gaudio os no- strum, os nostrum.



ne, exul- ta- ti- o- ne.

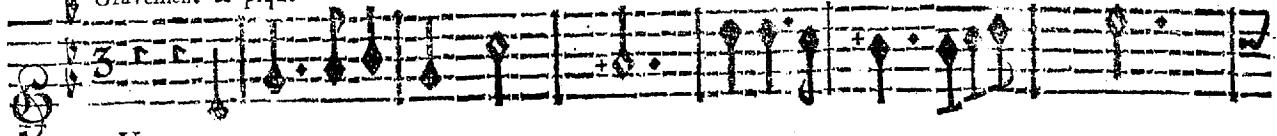


BASSE-CONTINUE.

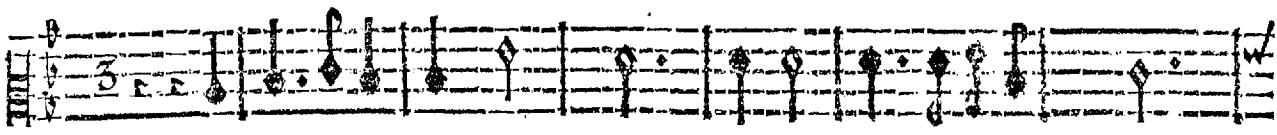
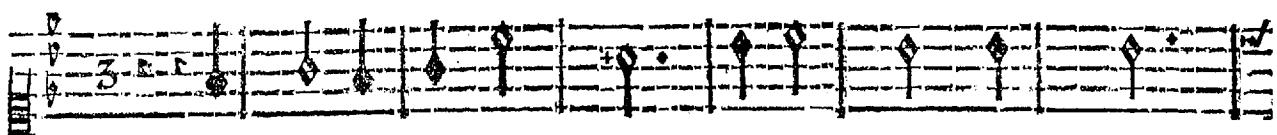


74 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE;

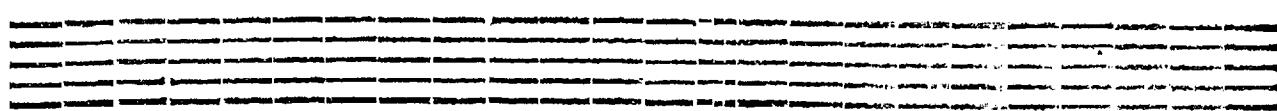
*b* Gravement & piqué.



VIOLONS.



BASSE CONTINUE.



BASSE CONTINUE.



BASSE-CONTINUE.

A musical score consisting of five staves of music. The top four staves are soprano, alto, tenor, and basso continuo, each with a clef, key signature, and time signature. The bottom staff is a basso continuo staff with a single bass line.

BASSE-CONTINUE.

## 76 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

RECIT DE TAILLE, OU DE BAS-DESSUS



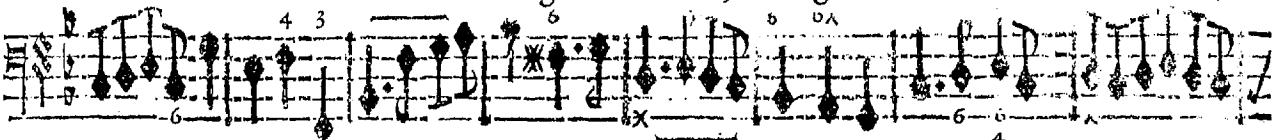
Tunc dicent inter gen- tes: Magnifi- cavit Domi- nus



BASSE-CONTINUE.



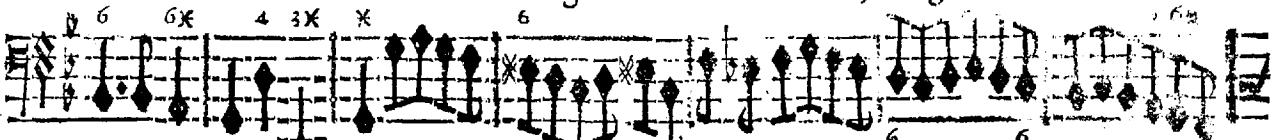
face- re cum c- is. Magnifi- cavit, Magnifi- cavit Domi- nus



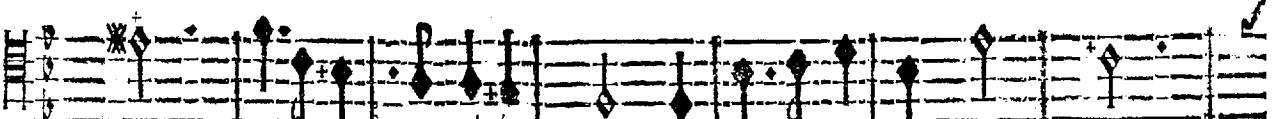
BASSE-CONTINUE.



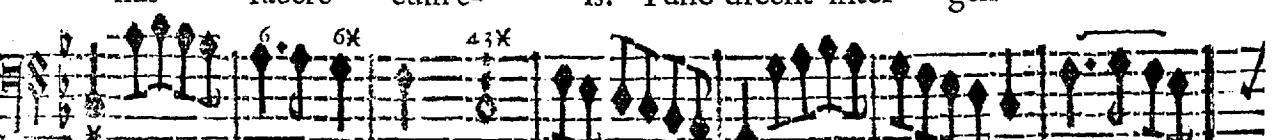
facere cum e- is. Magnifi- ca- vit, Magnifi- cavit Domi-



BASSE-CONTINUE.



nus facere cum e- is. Tunc dicent inter gen- tes:



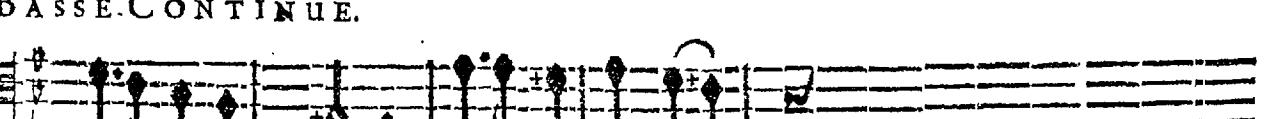
BASSE-CONTINUE.



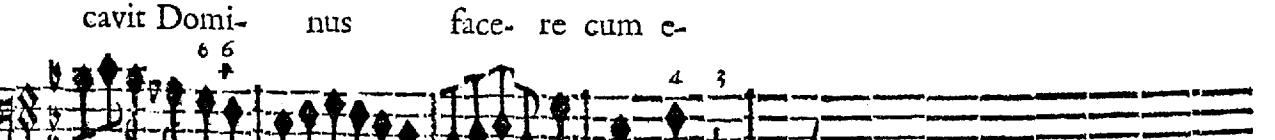
Magnifi- cavit Domi- nus facere cum e- is. Magnifi-



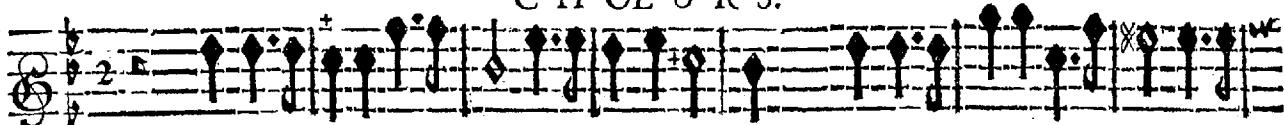
BASSE-CONTINUE.



cavit Domi- nus face- re cum e-



BASSE-CONTINUE.



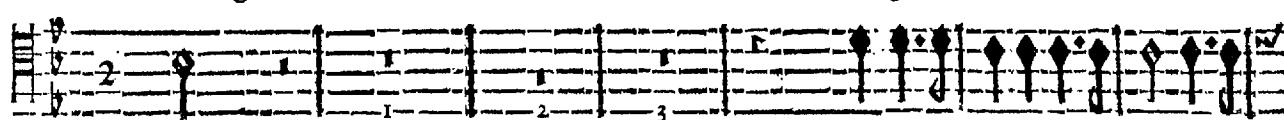
Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum: Magnificavit Dominus face-



Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum: Magnificavit Dominus face-

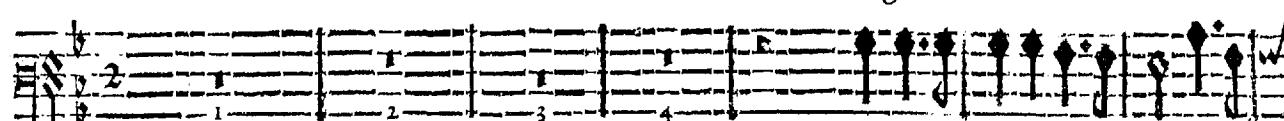


Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum: Magnificavit Dominus face-

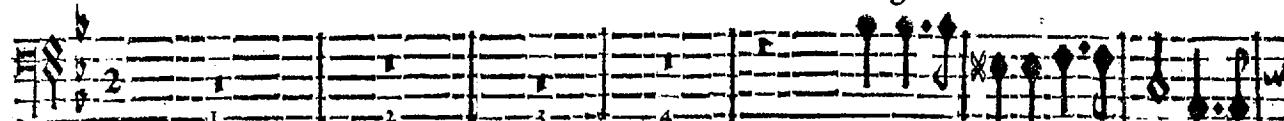


is.

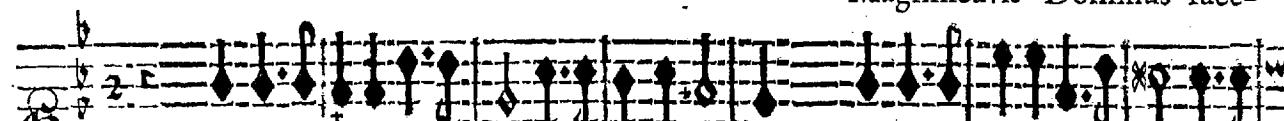
Magnificavit Dominus face-



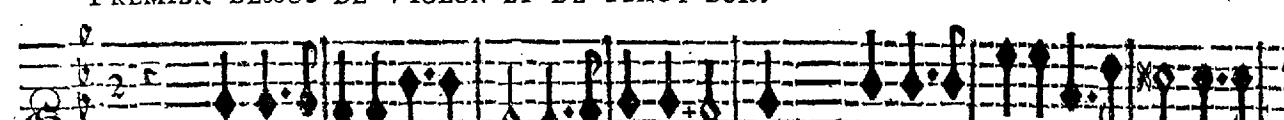
Magnificavit Dominus face-



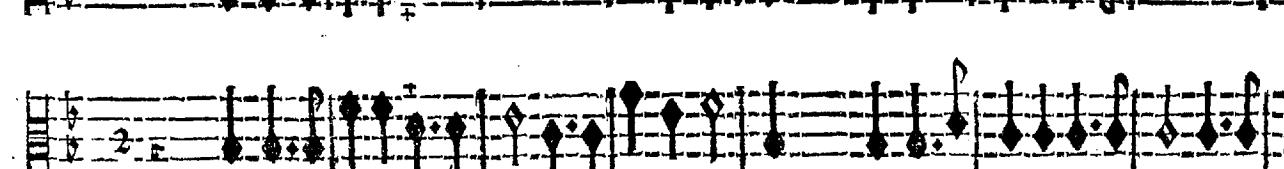
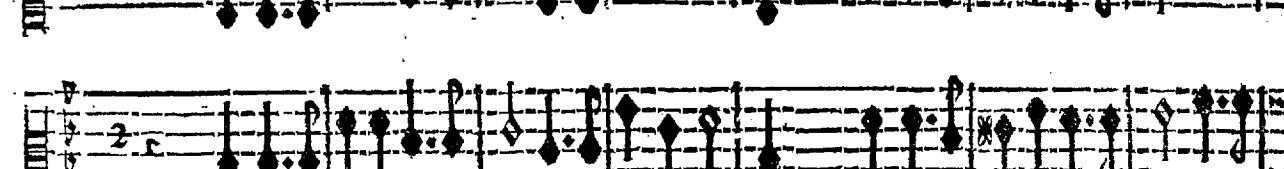
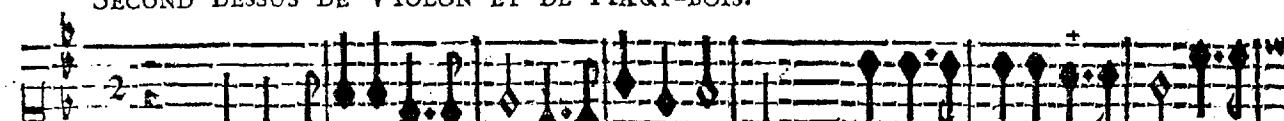
Magnificavit Dominus face-



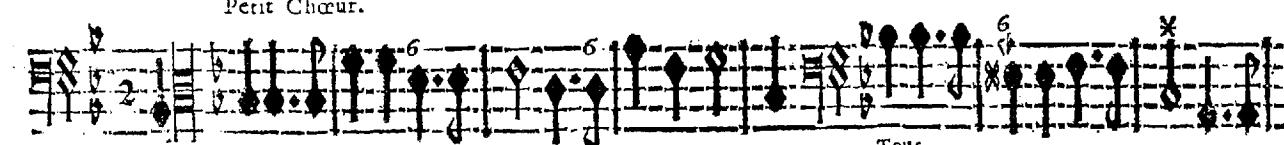
PREMIER DESSUS DE VIOOLON ET DE HAUT-BOIS.



SECOND DESSUS DE VIOOLON ET DE HAUT-BOIS.



Petit Chœur.



Tous.

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

## 78 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

re nobiscum: Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum: Magnificavit Domi-

re nobiscum: Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum: Magnificavit Domi-

re nobiscum: Magnificavit Dominus facere nobiscum: Magnificavit Domi-

re nobiscum. Magnificavit Domi-

re nobiscum: Magnificavit Domi-

re nobiscum: Magnificavit Domi-

BASSE DE VIOLEN ET CONTINUE.

Petit Chœur.

Tous.

nus facere nobiscum: Magnificavit Dominus facere nobis- cum:  
 nus facere nobiscum: Magnificavit Dominus facere nobis- cum.  
 nus facere nobiscum, Magnificavit Dominus facere nobis- cum:  
 nus, Magnificavit Dominus facere nobis- cum:  
 nus, Magnificavit Dominus facere nobis- cum:  
 nus, Magnificavit Dominus facere nobis- cum:

Petit Chœur.

\* 6 6x \* 76x

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

Petit Chœur.

Tous.

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUÉ

Musical score for voices and Hautbois. The score consists of six staves of music. The top two staves are for voices, with lyrics in French: "tes, lëtan-", "tes, lëtan-", "tes, lëtan-", "tes, lëtan-", "tes, lëtan-", "tes, facti", "tes, lëtan-", "tes, lëtan-", "tes, lëtan-", "tes, lëtan-", "tes, sumus lëtantes, lëtantes, lëtantes, facti", "tantes, lëtan-", "tes, facti", "tantes, lëtan-", "tes, facti", "tantes, lëtan-", "tes, facti". The third staff is for Hautbois, with lyrics: "H A U T - B O I S.", "Tous.". The fourth staff is for Hautbois, with lyrics: "H A U T - B O I S.", "Tous.". The fifth staff is for Hautbois, with lyrics: "H A U T - B O I S.", "Tous.". The bottom staff is for Basse de Violon et Continue, with lyrics: "Petit Chœur," and "BASSE DE V I O L O N ET C O N T I N U E .". Measure numbers 6, 43, and 6 are indicated at the bottom of the score.

Musical score for Basse de Violon et Continue. The score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is for Basse de Violon et Continue, with lyrics: "Petit Chœur," and "BASSE DE V I O L O N ET C O N T I N U E .". The middle staff is for Basse de Violon et Continue, with lyrics: "Tous.". The bottom staff is for Basse de Violon et Continue, with lyrics: "Tous.". Measure numbers 6, 43, and 6 are indicated at the bottom of the score.

## 84 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE.

The musical score consists of ten staves of music. The first seven staves are soprano voices, each with a melodic line and lyrics. The lyrics are repeated in a staggered fashion across the staves. The eighth staff is a basso continuo line, indicated by a bass clef and a cello-like bow. The ninth staff is a bassoon line, indicated by a bass clef and a double bass-like bow. The tenth staff is a basso continuo line, indicated by a bass clef and a cello-like bow. The lyrics are:

sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti  
 sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti  
 sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætantes, lætan- tes, facti  
 sumus lætantes, lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, facti  
 sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætantes, lætan- tes, facti  
 sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætantes, lætan- tes, facti  
 sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætantes, lætan- tes, facti  
 sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætantes, lætan- tes, facti

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus læ-

sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus læ-

sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus læ-

sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus læ-

facti sumus læ-

BASSE DE V I O L O N E T C O N T I N U E .

## 86 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE;

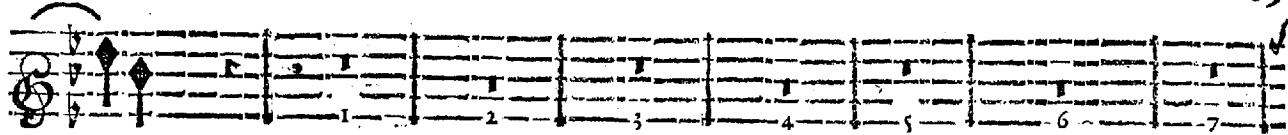
tantes, læ- tantes, læ- tantes, læ- tan- tes.

tan- tes, læ- tan- tes.

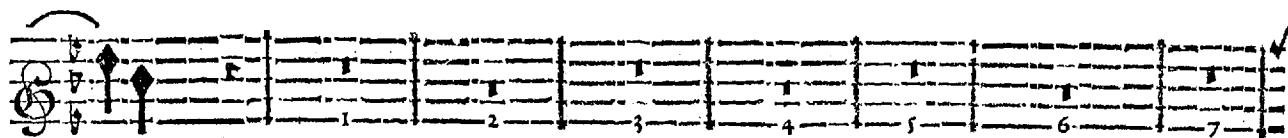
BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

## BASSE DE VIOLON ET CONTINUE.

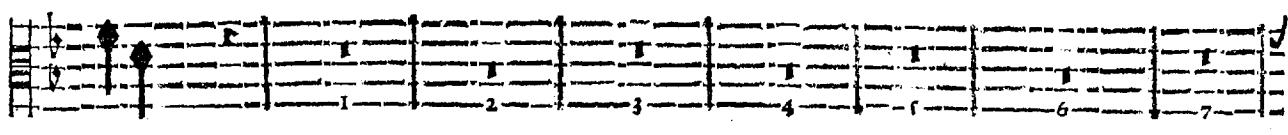
88 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,



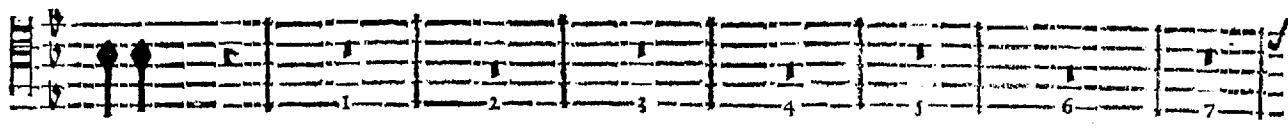
tes.



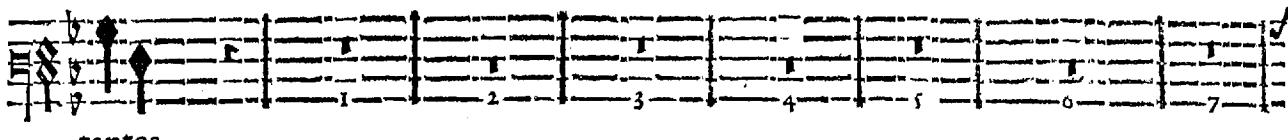
tes.



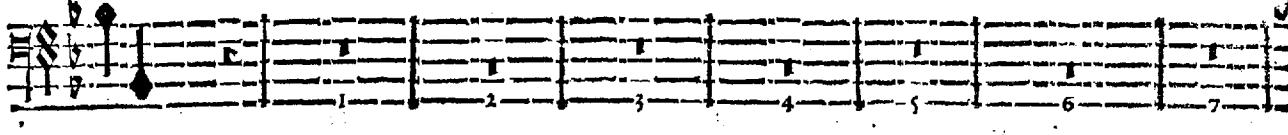
tantes.



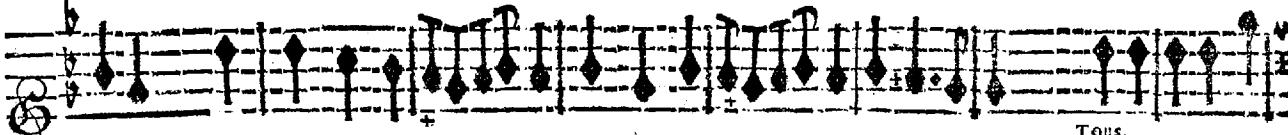
tantes.



tantes.



tantes.

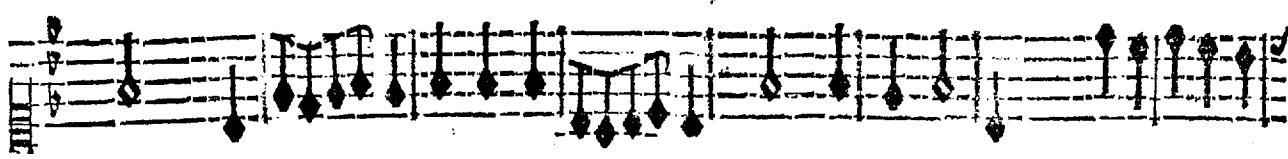


HAUT-BOIS.

TOUS.



HAUT-BOIS.



BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

90 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

The musical score consists of ten staves of music for basso continuo and violin bass. The staves are arranged in two columns of five. The top row contains staves 8 through 12, and the bottom row contains staves 13 through 17. Each staff begins with a clef (Bass F or C), a key signature, and a time signature of common time. The music is written in a style where each note has a vertical stem extending either upwards or downwards. The notes are primarily eighth notes, with some sixteenth notes and quarter notes. The first five staves (8-12) are labeled "facti" at the end of each staff. The last five staves (13-17) are also labeled "facti". The notation includes various rests and specific markings like "6" and "6x" on the final staff.

BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes.

sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, lætan- tes.

sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes.

sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes.

sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes.

sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes.

sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes.

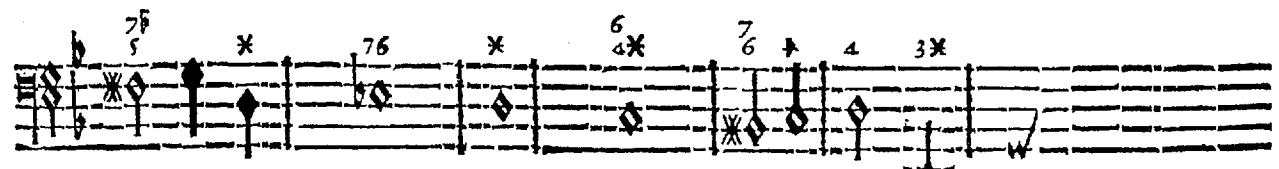
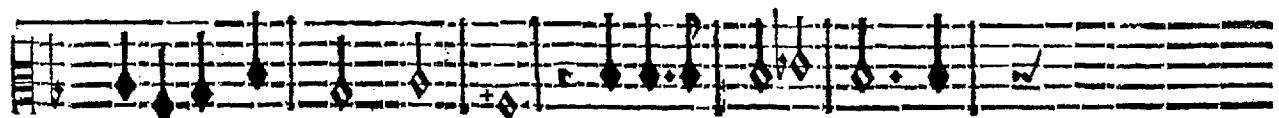
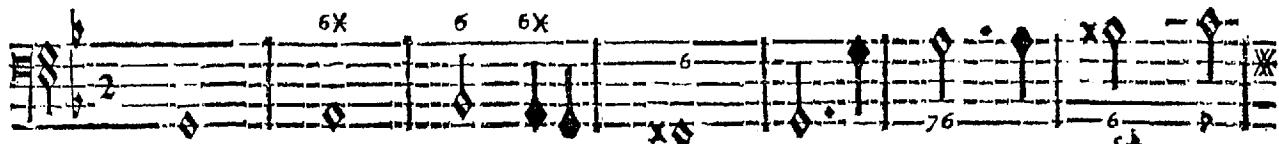
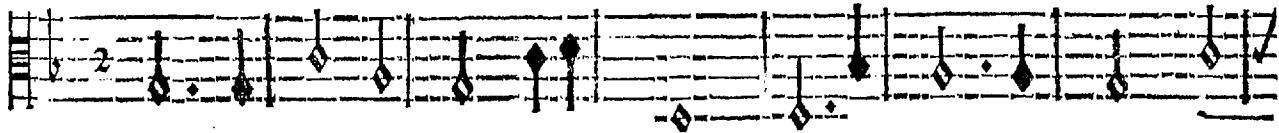
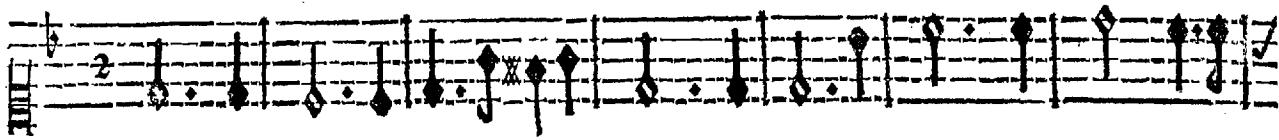
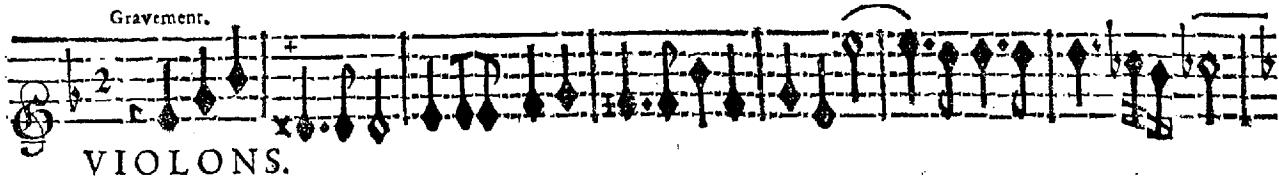
sumus lætan- tes, facti sumus lætan- tes, lætan- tes.

6 6x 6 6x 6 4 3

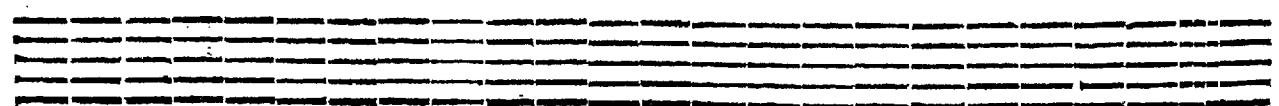
BASSE DE VIOOLON ET CONTINUE.

## 92 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

Gravement.



BASSE-CONTINUE.



RECIT.

Converte Domine, captivitatem nostram: Converte, Converte Domine,  
doux.

doux.

doux.

doux.

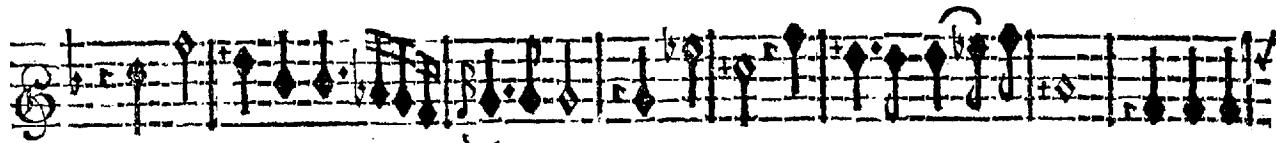
## BASSE-CONTINUO.

RECIT.

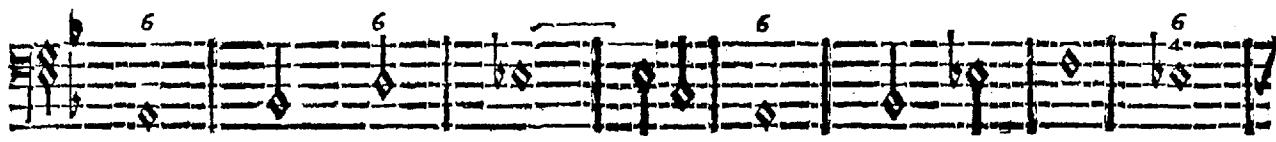
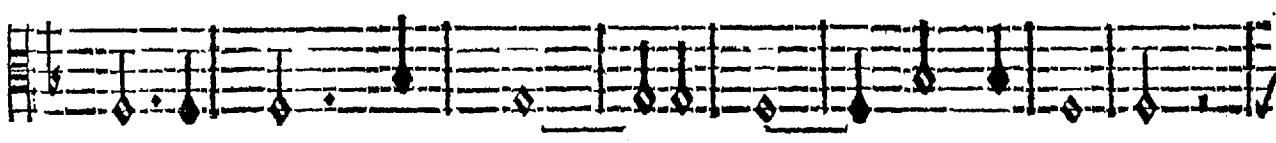
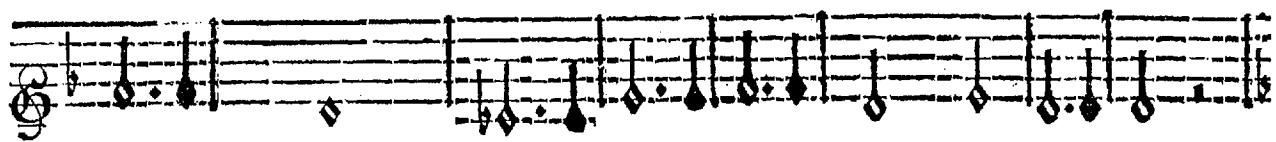
captivitatem nostram: Converte Domine, captivitatem nostram:

## BASSE-CONTINUO.

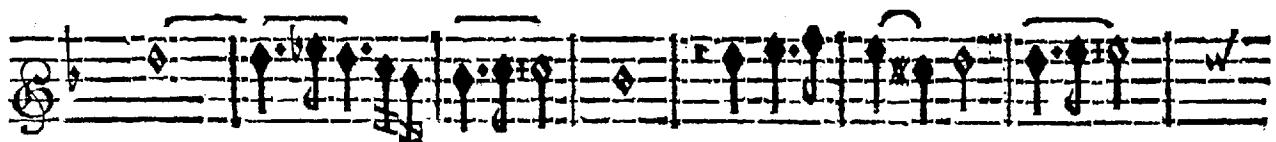
## 94 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,



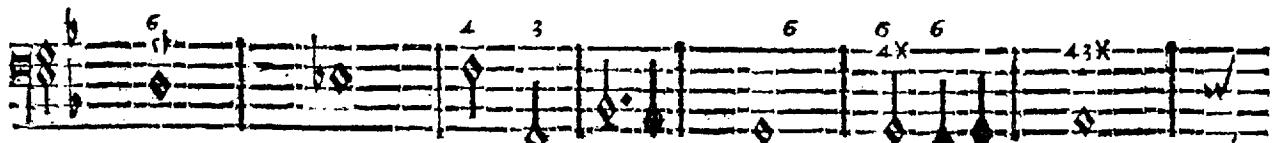
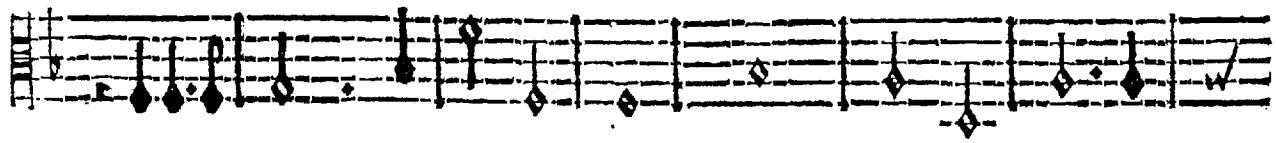
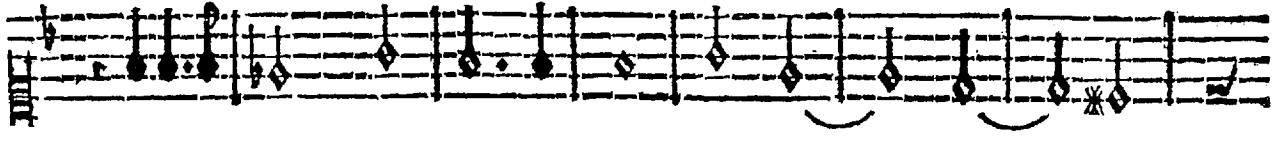
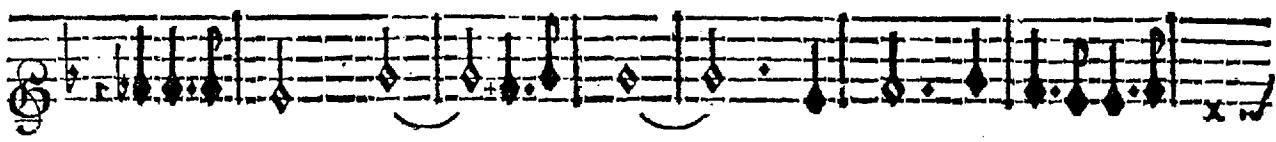
Converte, Converte Do- mine, Converte, Converte Do- mine, captivi-



## BASSE-CONTINUE.



ta- tem no- stram, captivi- ta- tem no-



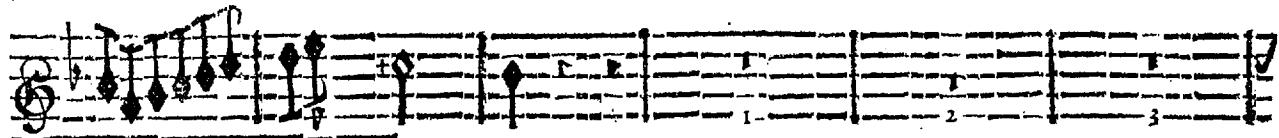
## BASSE-CONTINUE.

## D E M. C A M P R A.

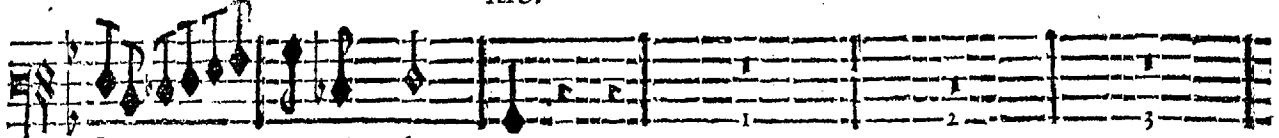
95

**Duo. Vivement.**

## 96 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,



stro.



Au-

stro.



fort.



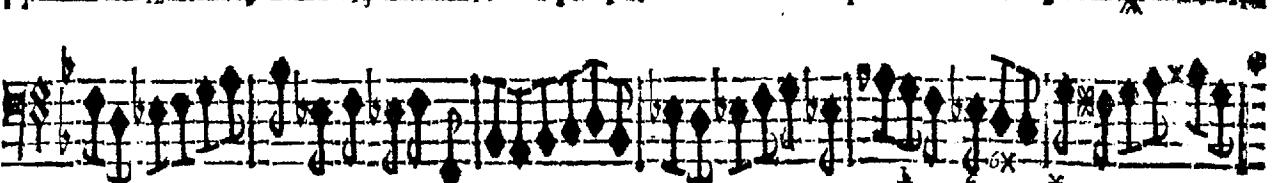
12

13

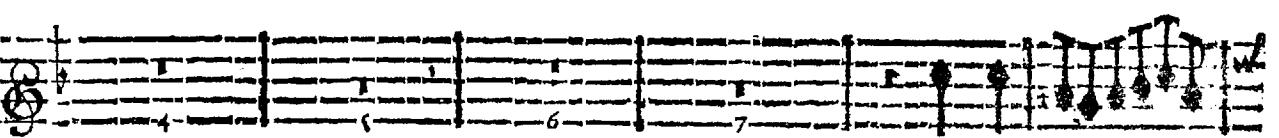


12

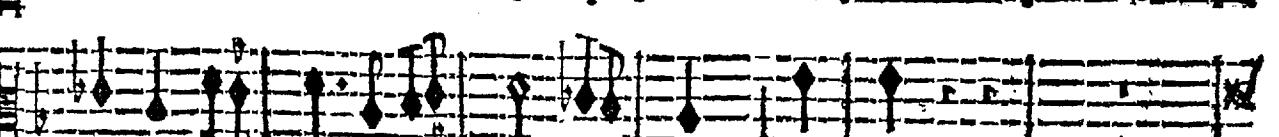
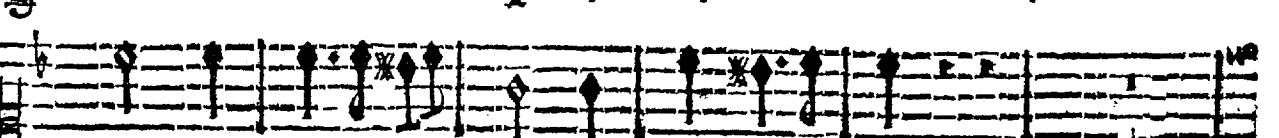
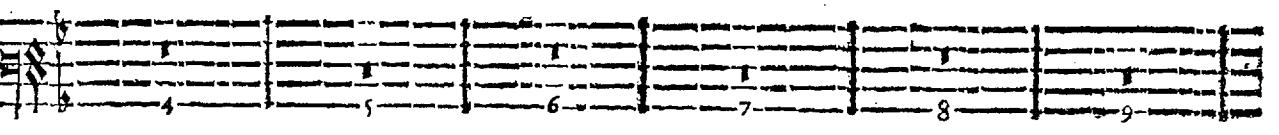
13



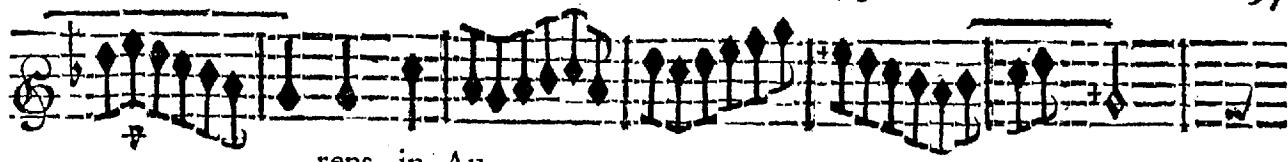
BASSE-CONTINUE.



sicut tor-

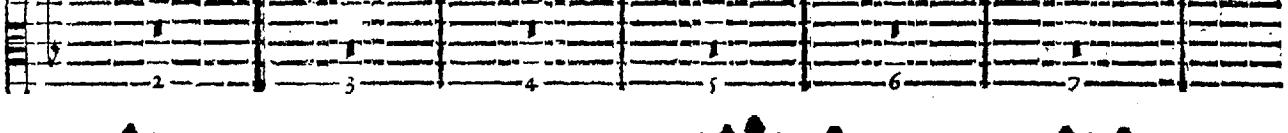
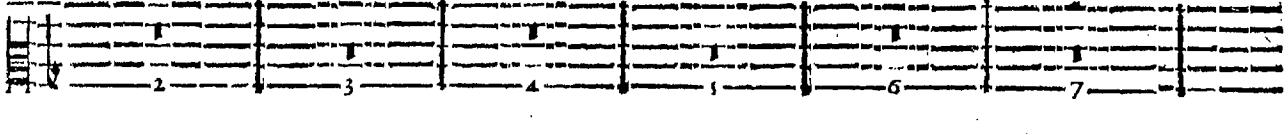
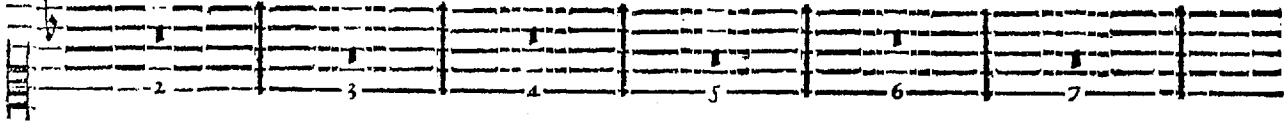
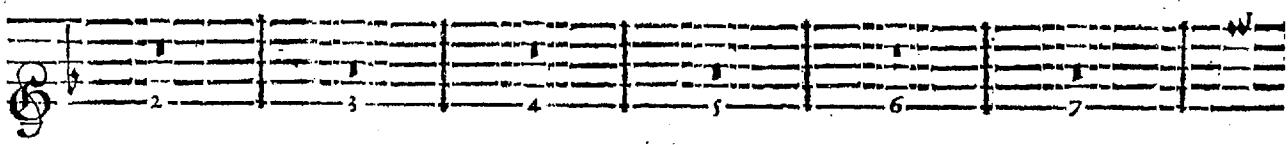


BASSE-CONTINUE.



rens in Au-

fi-cut



BASSE-CONTINUE.

6 6



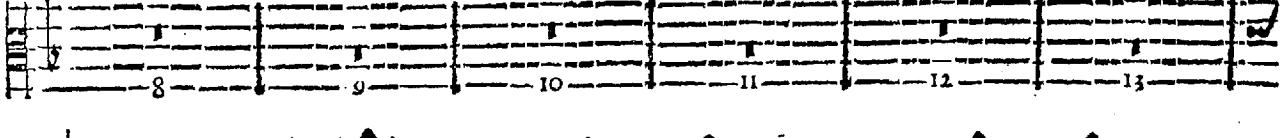
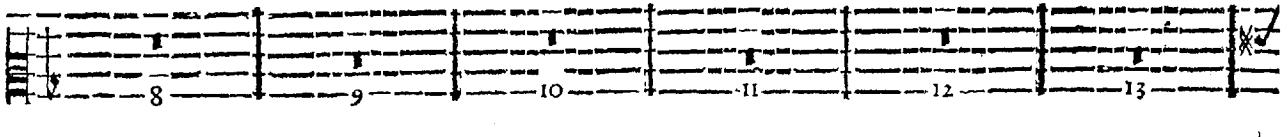
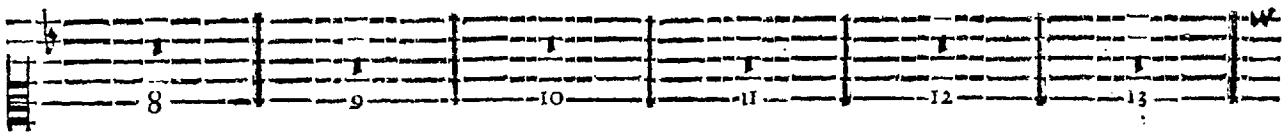
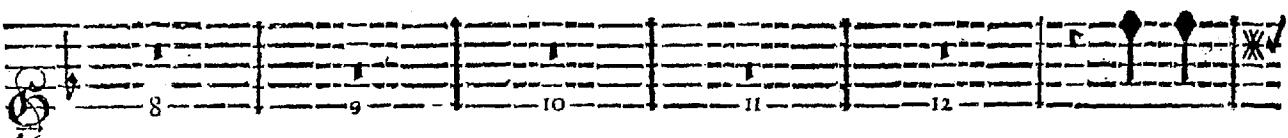
stro. sicut tor-

rens in Austro, in Au-



tor-

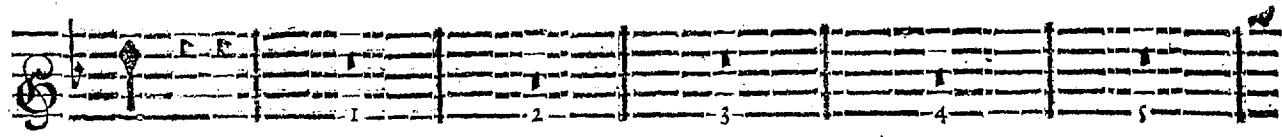
rens in Au-



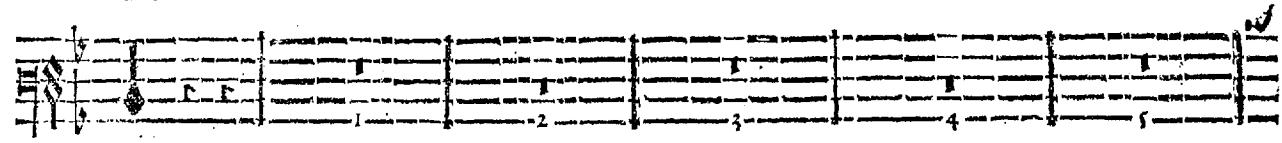
BASSE-CONTINUE.

6 x x 4 B b

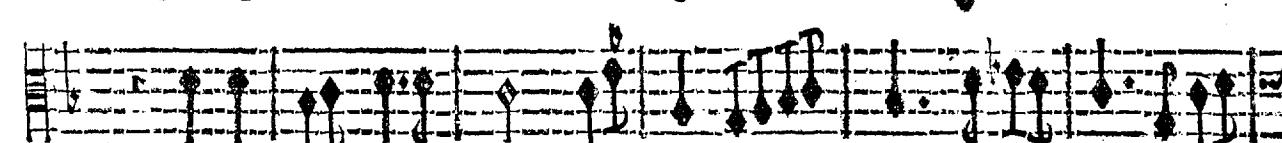
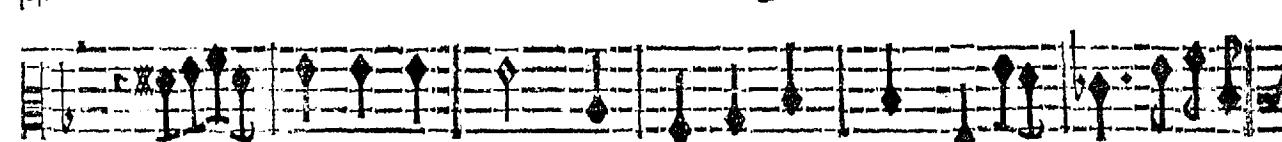
## 58 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,



ftro.



ftro.



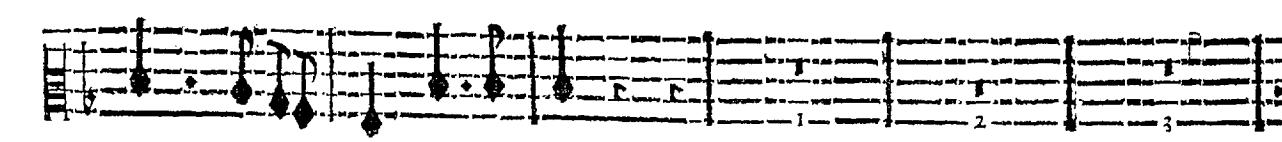
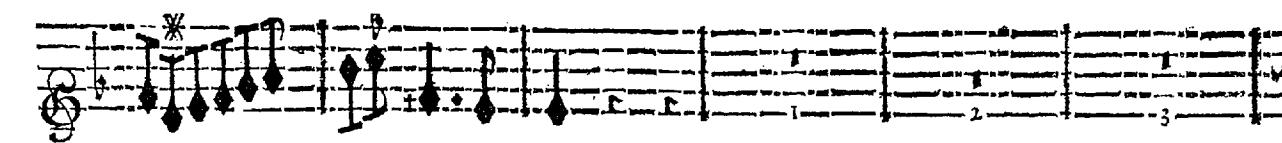
BASSE CONTINUE.



sicut tor- rens in Au-



sicut tor- rens in Au-



BASSE CONTINUE.

stro, si-cut tor-

stro, si-cut tor-

doux.

## BASSE-CONTINUE.

rens in Austro, in Au stro.

rens in Au stro.

## BASSE-CONTINUE.

## 100 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,



Qui seminant in lachrimis, Qui se- minant in la- chri-



BASSE-CONTINUE.



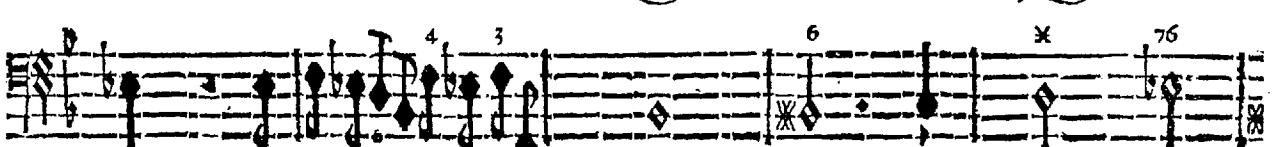
mis, in exultati- o- ne me- tent, in exultati- o-



BASSE-CONTINUE.



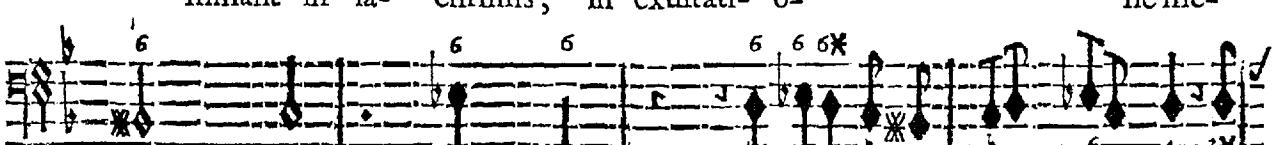
ne me- tent. Qui seminant in lachrimis, Qui se-



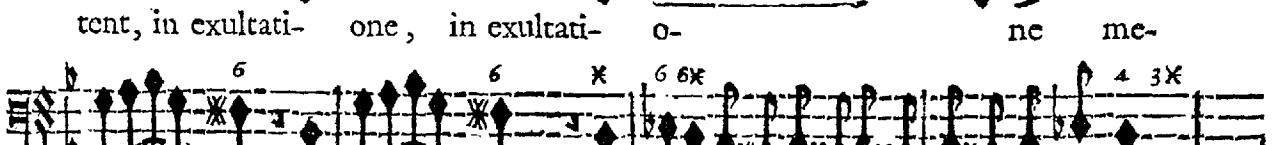
BASSE-CONTINUE.



minant in la- chrimis, in exultati- o- ne me-

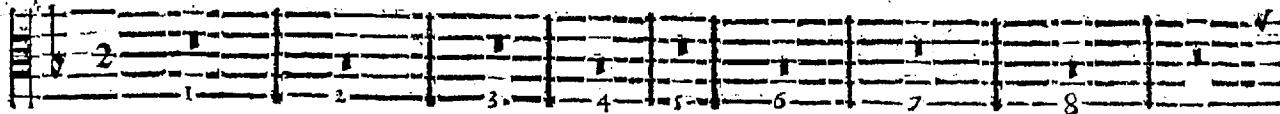


BASSE-CONTINUE.

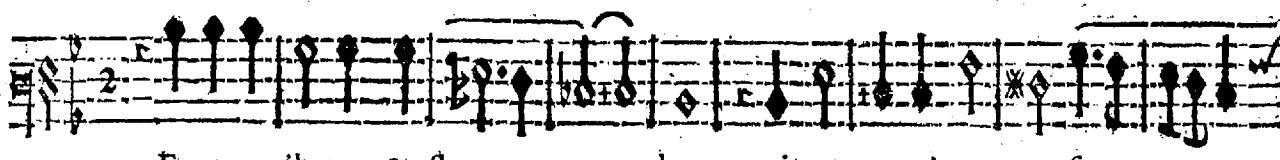


BASSE-CONTINUE.

TRIO.



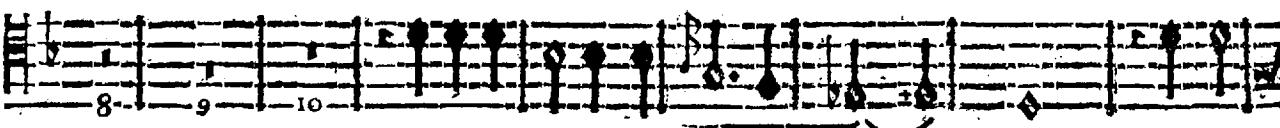
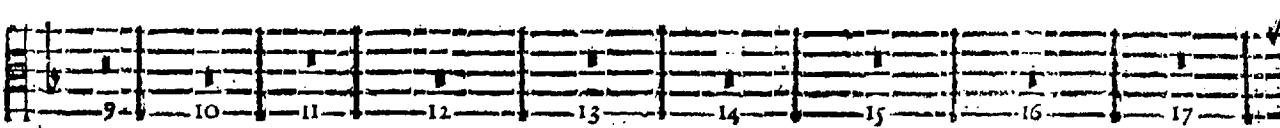
tent.



Euntes ibant, &amp; fle-

bant, mittentes, mitten-

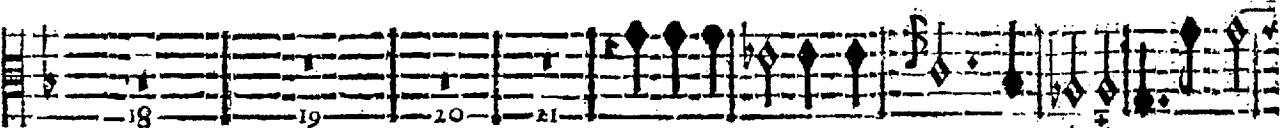
BASSE-CONTINUÉ.



tes se- mina su- a.

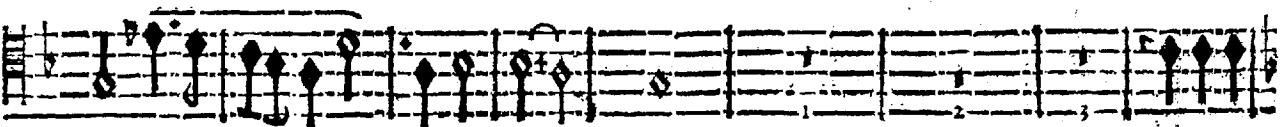
mittentes, mitten- tes semi- na

BASSE-CONTINUÉ.



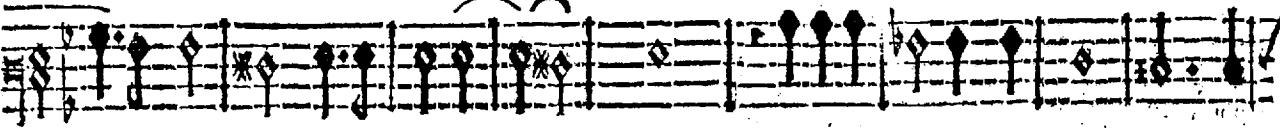
Euntes ibant, &amp; fle-

bant, mittentes



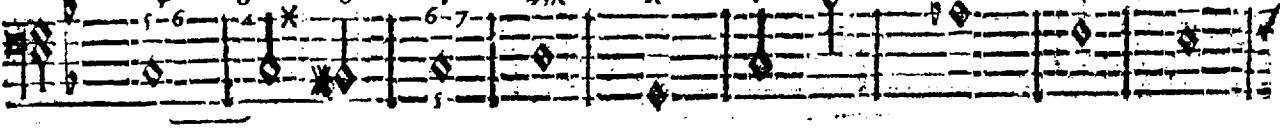
tes se- mina su- a.

Euntes



mittentes, mitten- tes semina su- a.

Euntes ibant, &amp; flebant, mit-



BASSE-CONTINUÉ.

## 102 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

tes, mitten- tes se- mina su- a, mitten-  
ibant, & fle- bant, mittentes semina su- a, mittentes se-  
ten- tes, mitten- tes semi- na su- a, mitten- tes  
BASSE-CONTINUE.

tes se- mina su- a.  
mina, semi- na su- a. Euntes ibant, & fle-  
se- mi- na, semi- na su- a. Euntes ibant, & fle-

BASSE-CONTINUE.

Euntes ibant, & fle- bant, mittentes se- mina su-  
bant, ibant, & fle- bant, mittentes semi- na su-  
bant, mit- ten- tes se- mi- na su-  
BASSE-CONTINUE.

a, mitten- tes, mitten- tes se- mi-  
 a, mittentes, mittentes semina su- a, se-  
 a, mittent- tes semi- na, mit- ten- tes se- mi-

## BASSE CONTINUE.

The image shows three staves of musical notation. The top two staves represent the vocal parts, likely soprano and alto, with lyrics in German: "na, semina su-a, mitten-tes semina" on the first staff, and "mi-na su-a, mitten-tes semina" on the second staff. The third staff represents the basso continuo part, indicated by a bass clef and a cello-like bow. The music consists of short note values (eighth and sixteenth notes) and rests, primarily in common time.

4 5  
BASSE-CONTINUE.

The image shows three staves of musical notation. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and common time. The first staff has a fermata over the first note. The lyrics "su-" and "a." are written below the notes. The third staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and common time. It also features a fermata over the first note and the lyrics "su-" and "a.".

## BASSE-CONTINUE.

104 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,  
LES CHOEURS.



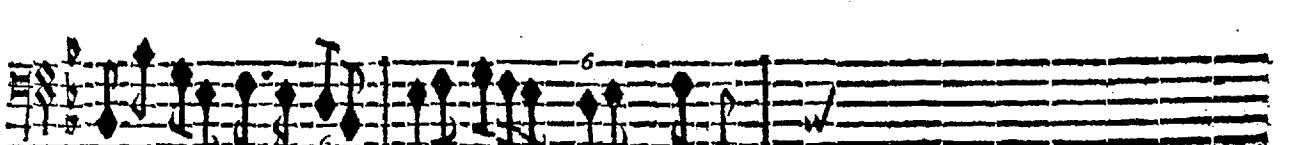
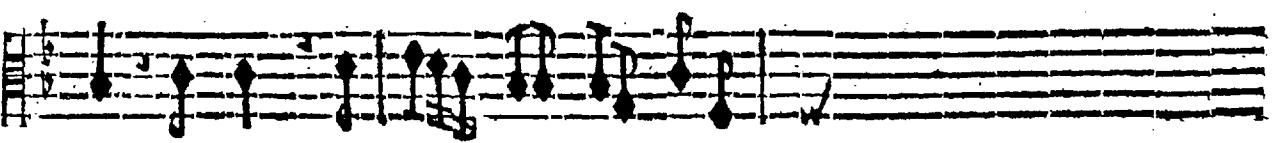
VIOLONS.



Tobz.



BASSE-CONTINUE.

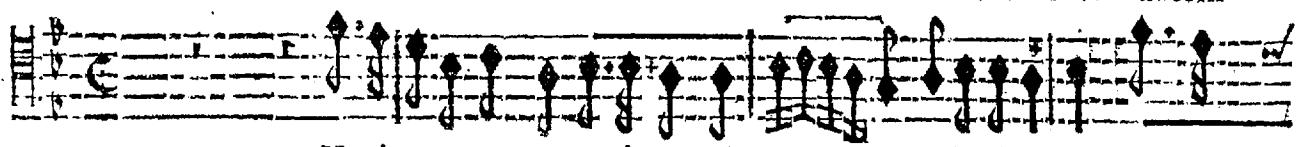


BASSE-CONTINUE.

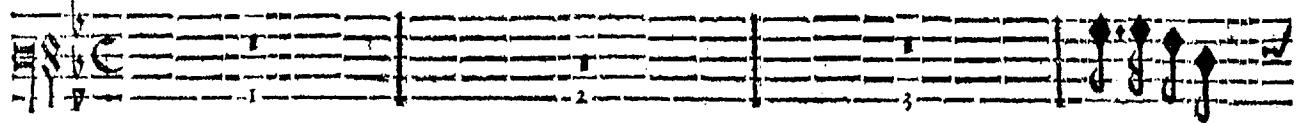


Venientes autem venient cum exultati- one, exultatio- ne:

Venientes autem



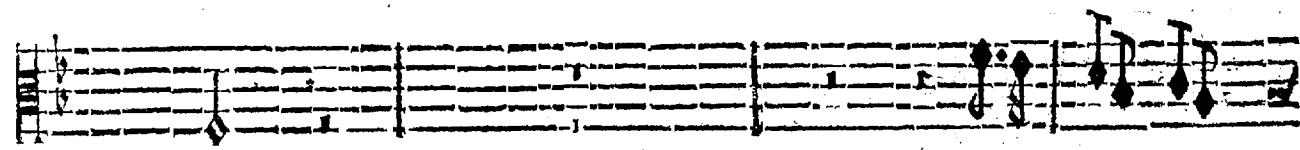
Venientes autem venient cum e- xultatio- ne: Veni-



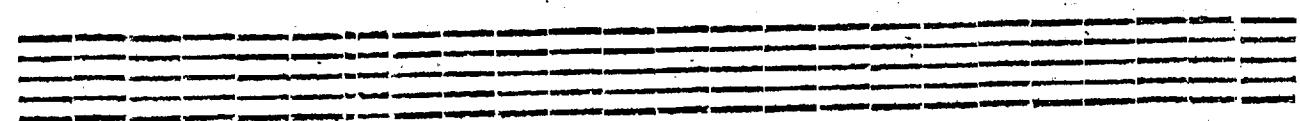
Venientes



Venientes autem venient cum exultatio- ne:



BASSE-CONTINUE.



106 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

Venientes autem venient cum exultati o-

venient cum exultati o- ne: Venientes autem venient cum exultati-

entes autem venient cum exultati o- ne, cum exulta- tione: Veni-

autem veni- ent, Venientes autem venient cum exultati o-

Venientes autem venient cum exultati o-

BASSE-CONTINUE.



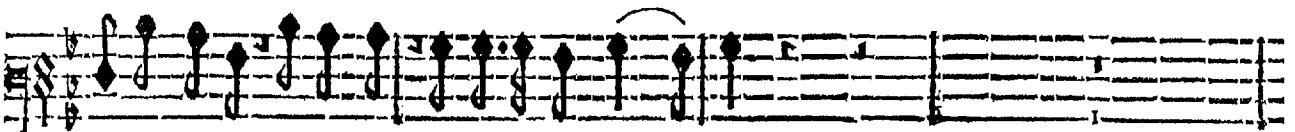
ne: Venientes autem venient cum exultatione:



one: Venientes au- tem venient,



entes autem venient cum e- xultati- one:



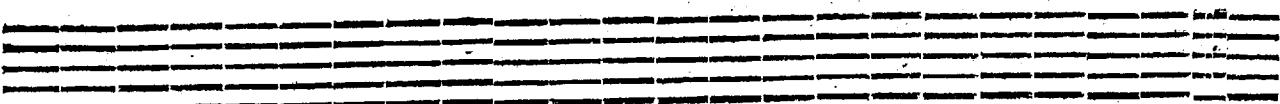
ne:portantes, portantes manipulos su- os.



ne:portantes, portantes manipulos su- os.



BASSE-CONTINUE.



108 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,  
TRIO DE VIOLONS. doux.

TRIO DE VIOLONS.

doux,

Seul.

Tous,

Scilla

— I —————— 2 ——————

卷之三

Venientes autem venient cum exultati- o-

ne: portantes,

3

Tous,

## BASSE-CONTINUE.

501

1

卷之三

portantes manipulos su- os, portantes, portantes manipulos su-

## BASSE-CONTINUE.



Venientes autem venient cum exultati-

one, cum

portantes, portantes manipulos suos.

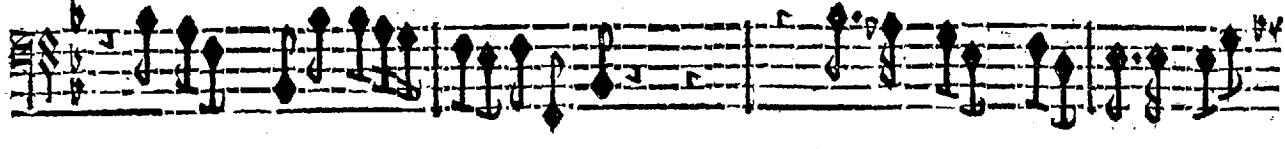
portantes, portantes manipulos suos. Veni-

os, portantes manipulos su- os. <sup>Tous.</sup> Veni- entes, Venientes autem venient

Venientes autem venient cum

doux.

Tous.



BASSE-CONTINUE.

110 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

exulta-ti-o-ne, cum exulta-ti-o-ne: portantes, portantes ma-

Vehientes autem venient cum exultati-

entes autem venient cum exulta-ti-o-ne:

Veni-entes autem ve-ni-ent, portantes, portantes manipulos

exulta-ti-o-ne: portantes, portantes manipulos

BASSE-CONTINUE.

nipulos suos. Venientes autem venient cum exultati- one: Veni-

o ne:portantes manipu los su os, manipulos suos, ma nipo los su-

Venientes autem venient, portantes manipulos su-

su os, portantes, portantes, portantes, portantes manipulos su-

su os. Venientes autem venient cum exultati o-

BASSE-CONTINUE.

## 112 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

entes autem venient,      Venientes autem venient cum exultatione :  
 os, portantes,                portantes manipulos su- os.  
 os.      Venientes autem ve-      nient cum exultati- o- ne :  
 os, portantes, portantes, portan- tes, portantes manipulos su- os.  
 ne: portantes, portantes, portantes manipulos su- os.  
  
 BASSO-CONTINUE.



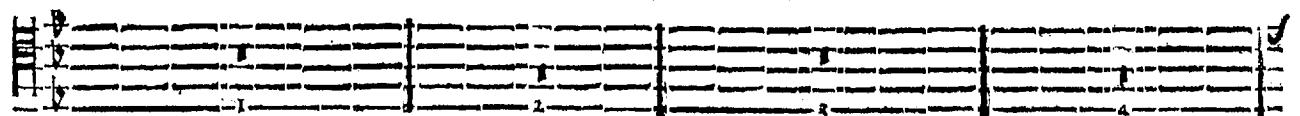
Venientes autem venient cum exultati- o-



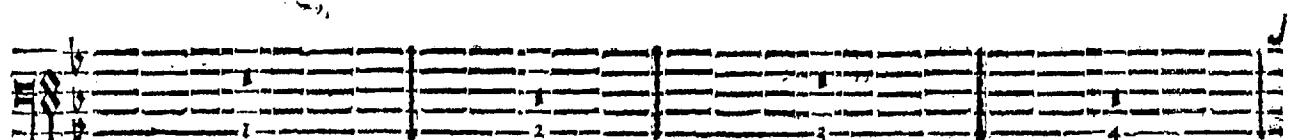
ne: Veni-



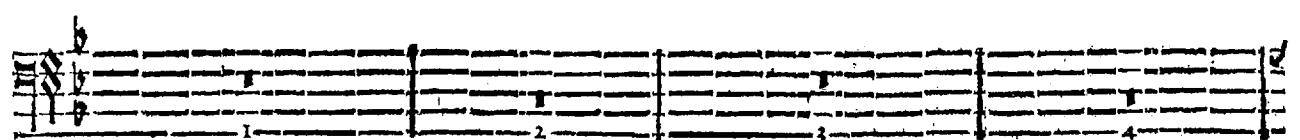
o-



o-



o-



o-



o-



o-



o-



o-



o-

PETIT CHOEUR.



o-

BASSE CONTINUE.

F f

## 114 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

ne, Venientes autem ve- nient.

entes autem venient, portantes manipulos su- os.

ne, portantes, portantes, manipulos su- os, portantes, manipulos su-

Venientes autem

Venientes, Venientes autem venient

portantes, portantes manipulos

BASSE-CONTINUE.

Venientes autem ve- nient cum exultati- one, cum exultati-  
 os,  
 pottantes, por- tan- tes,  
 ve- ni- ent, Venientes autem venient cum exultati- o-  
 atitem venient, portantes manipulos suos.  
 su- os. Venientes autem venient cum exultati- o-  
 BASSE-CONTINUE.

## 116 I. MOTET A GRAND CHOEUR ET SYMPHONIE,

on: portantes, manipulos suos, portantes manipulos su os.

Venientes autem venient cum exultati o. ne: portantes manipulos su os.

ne: portantes manipulos suos, portantes, portantes manipulos su os.

portantes, portantes manipulos su os, portantes manipulos suos.

ne: portantes, portantes manipulos su os, portan tes manipulos su os.

BASSE-CONTINUE.

MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE,  
A VOIX SEULE, AVEC DEUX DESSUS DE VIOLONS.



Adagio.

RITORNELLO.

Uis ego Domine.

RITORNELLO.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Music score for Basso Continuo, featuring a single staff with a bass clef and a common time signature. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Music score for Basso Continuo, featuring a single staff with a bass clef and a common time signature. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Music score for Basso Continuo, featuring a single staff with a bass clef and a common time signature. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Measure numbers 7, 6, 6, and 6 are indicated above the staff.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Music score for Basso Continuo, featuring a single staff with a bass clef and a common time signature. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Music score for Basso Continuo, featuring a single staff with a bass clef and a common time signature. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Music score for Basso Continuo, featuring a single staff with a bass clef and a common time signature. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Measure numbers 6, 6, 6, 6, 43X, 6, 6, and 6 are indicated above the staff.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Music score for Basso Continuo, featuring a single staff with a bass clef and a common time signature. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

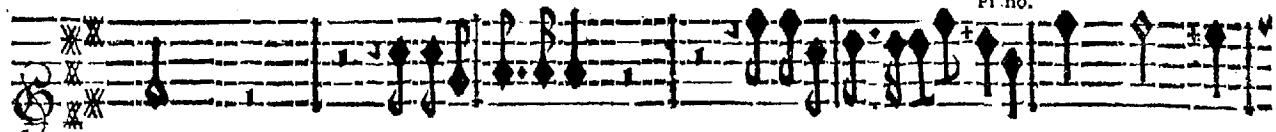
Music score for Basso Continuo, featuring a single staff with a bass clef and a common time signature. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Music score for Basso Continuo, featuring a single staff with a bass clef and a common time signature. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Measure numbers 7, 7, 43, 6, 6, and 6 are indicated above the staff.

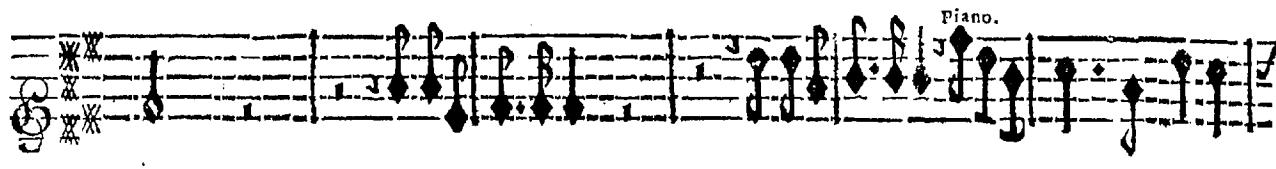
BASSO-CONTINUO.

G g

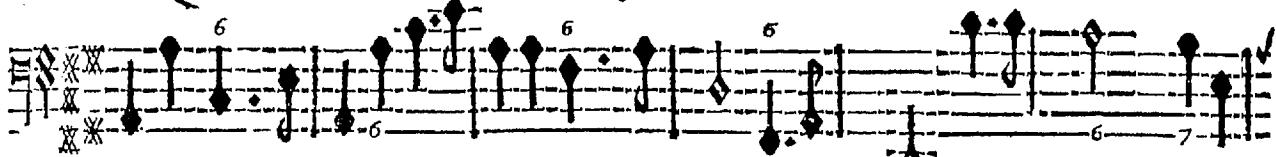
Piano.



Piano.



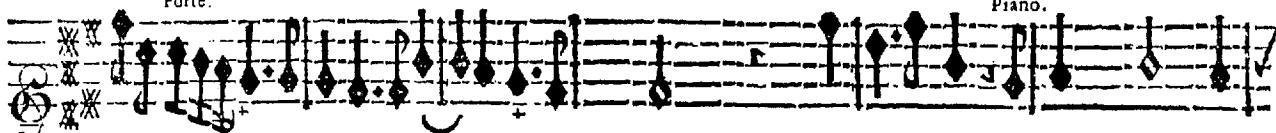
Quis ego Domine,      Quis ego Domine,      ut memor, ut memor sis me-



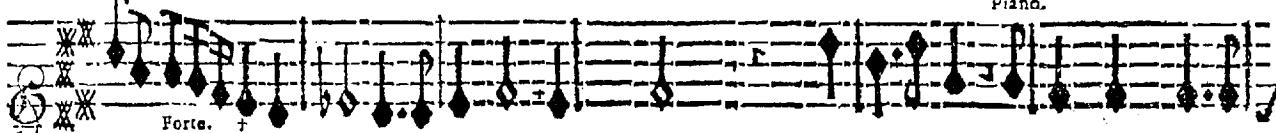
BASSO-CONTINUO.

Forte.

Piano.

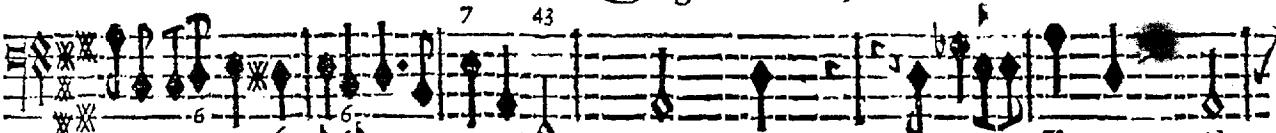


Piano.

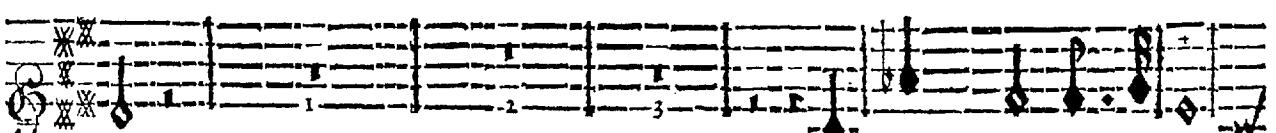


i.

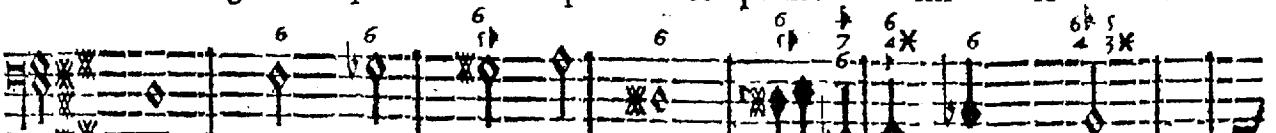
Quis ego Domine,      ut me- mor sis me-



BASSO-CONTINUO.



i. Ego in iniqui- tate conceptus & plenus mi- se- riis.



BASSO-CONTINUO.

Vivace:



BASSO-CONTINUO.

Tu Rex Regum &

BASSO-CONTINUO.

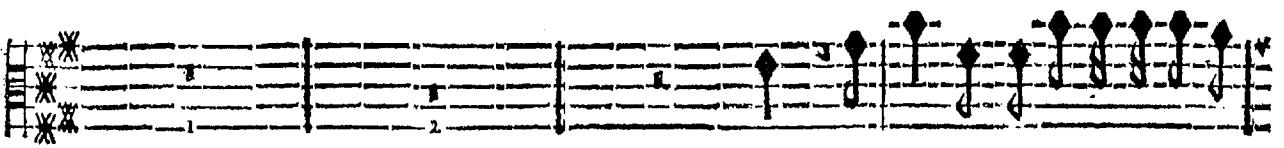
Piano.

Piano.

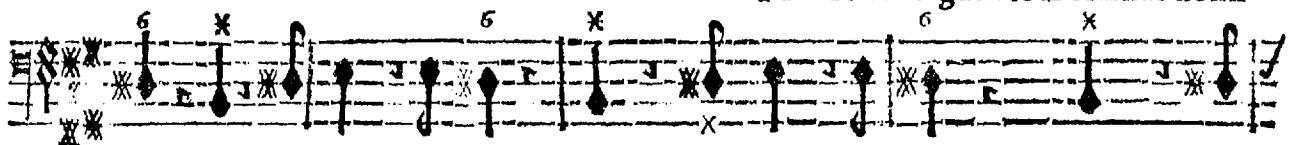
Dominus dominan-

ti- um,

BASSO-CONTINUO.



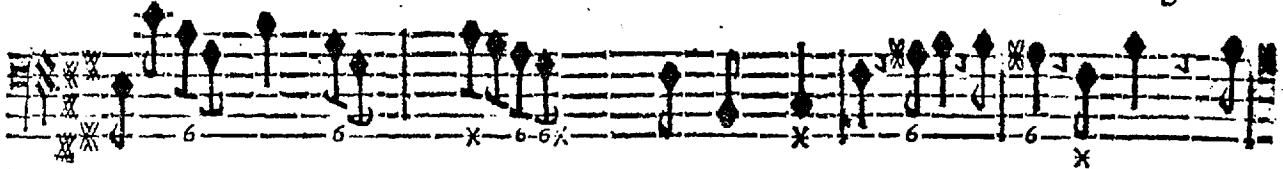
Tu Rex Regum & Dominus domi-



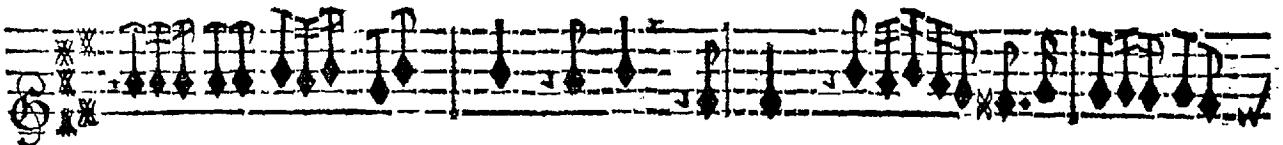
BASSO CONTINUO.



nan- ti- um. Rex Regum &



BASSO CONTINUO.

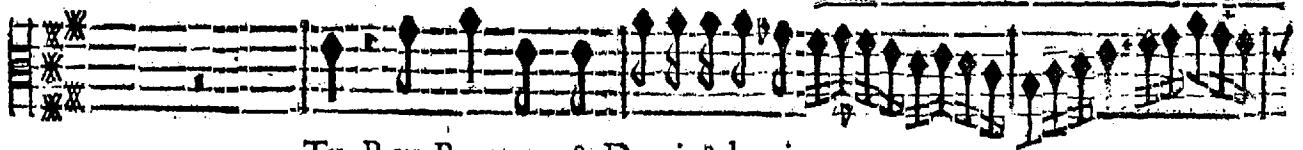
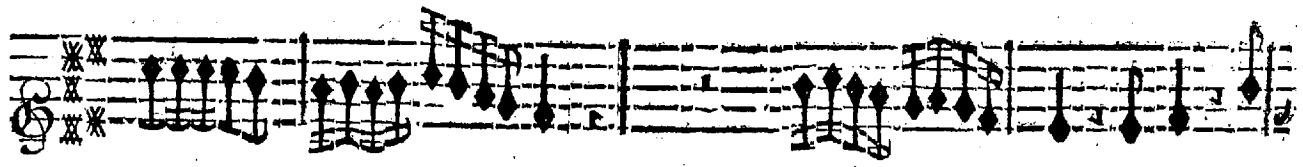


Dominus dominan-

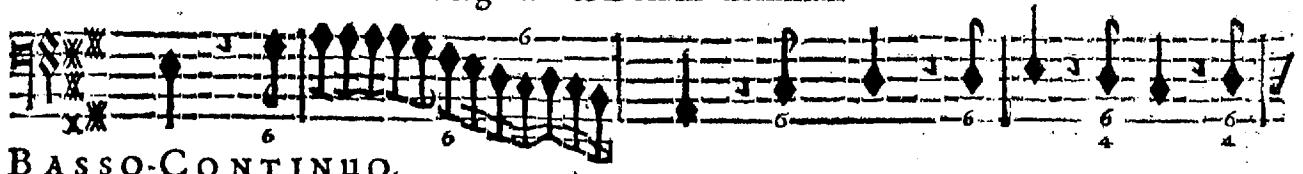
ti- um.



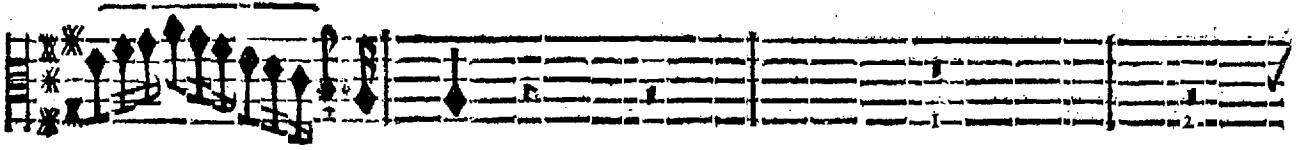
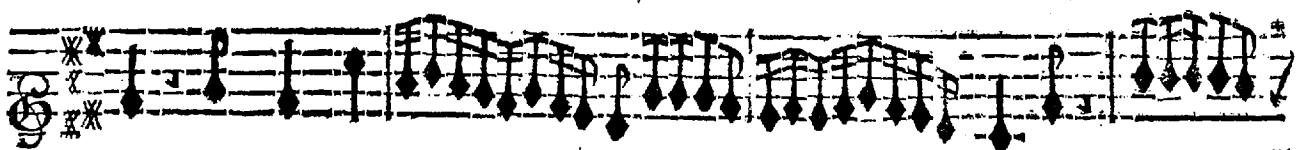
BASSO CONTINUO.



Tu Rex Regum & Domin<sup>o</sup> dominan-



BASSO CONTINUO.

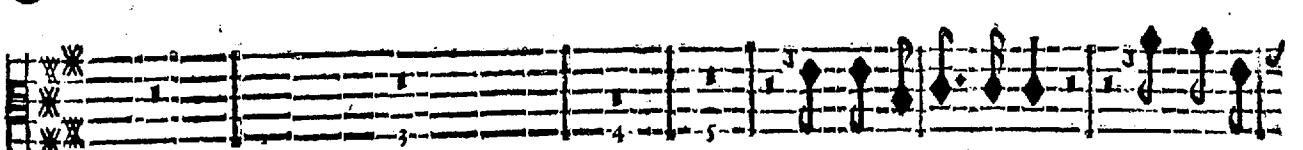


ti- um.

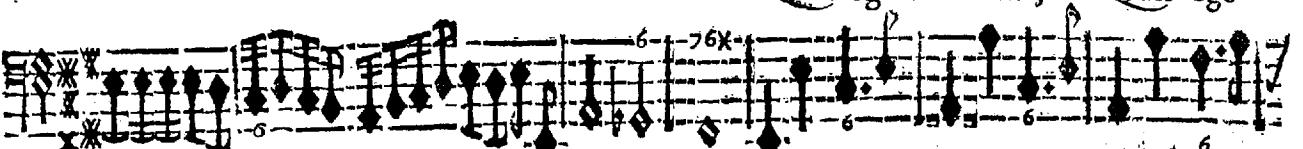


BASSO CONTINUO.

Adagio.



Quis ego Domine, Quis ego



BASSO CONTINUO.

H h

22 MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE,



Domine, ut me- mor sis me- i? ut memor, ut me- mor sis me- i?

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Affetuoso.

FLÛTE ALLEMANDE.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Musical score for two voices and basso continuo. The score consists of three staves. The top staff has a soprano vocal line with black note heads. The middle staff has an alto vocal line with black note heads. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, featuring a bassoon-like line with black note heads and a harpsichord-like line with white note heads. The basso continuo staff includes numerical and lettered basso continuo tablature below the staff.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Continuation of the musical score. The top staff shows a soprano vocal line. The middle staff shows an alto vocal line. The basso continuo staff continues with its two-line tablature, including numerical and lettered basso continuo tablature.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Continuation of the musical score. The top staff shows a soprano vocal line. The middle staff shows an alto vocal line. The basso continuo staff continues with its two-line tablature, including numerical and lettered basso continuo tablature.

Ecce quantum amas me,

Ecce quantum amas me, ut er-

Continuation of the musical score. The top staff shows a soprano vocal line. The middle staff shows an alto vocal line. The basso continuo staff continues with its two-line tablature, including numerical and lettered basso continuo tablature.

BASSO-CONTINUO.

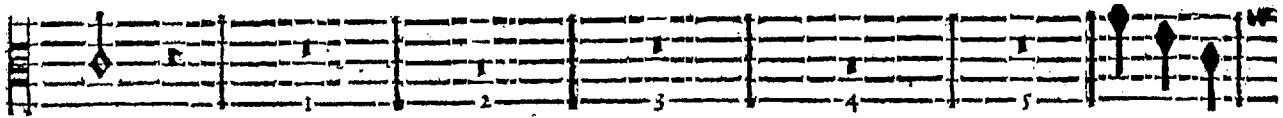
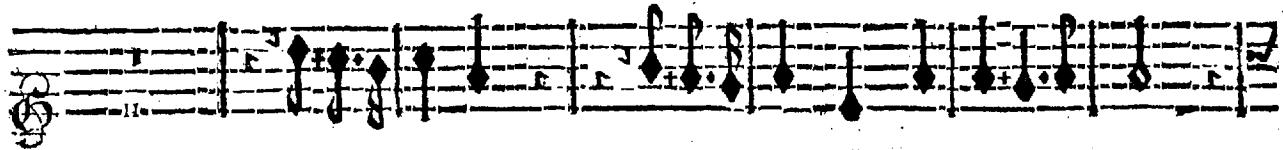
Continuation of the musical score. The top staff shows a soprano vocal line. The middle staff shows an alto vocal line. The basso continuo staff continues with its two-line tablature, including numerical and lettered basso continuo tablature.

rantem ducas, erran-

tem du-

Continuation of the musical score. The top staff shows a soprano vocal line. The middle staff shows an alto vocal line. The basso continuo staff continues with its two-line tablature, including numerical and lettered basso continuo tablature.

BASSO-CONTINUO.



cas,

Cadentem



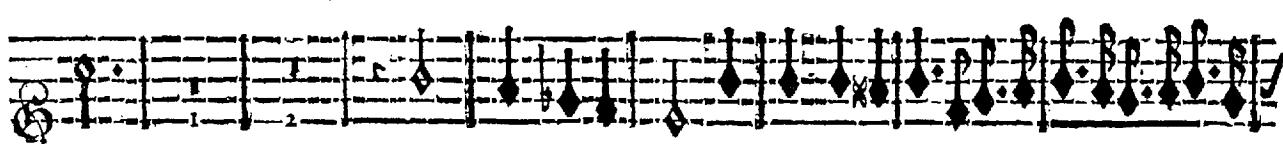
BASSO-CONTINUO.



subleves, &amp; divina consolatio- ne tua languen- tem refi- ci-



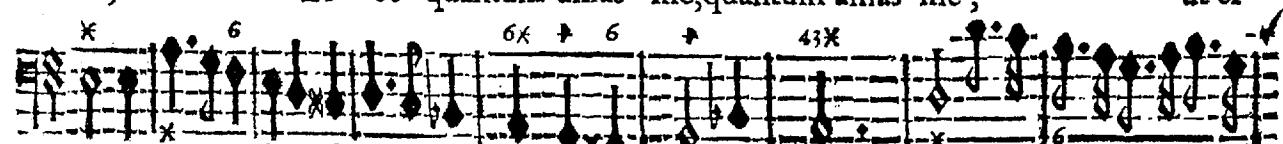
BASSO-CONTINUO.



as,

Ec- ce quantum amas me, quantum amas me,

ut ex-



BASSO CONTINUO.

D E M. C A M P R A.

12

ran- tem du- cas. Cadentem

BASSO-CONTINUO.

subleves, & di- vina consola- tione tua languen- tem refi- ci-

6 \* 6 \* 6 \* 6 \* 4 3\*

BASSO-CONTINUO.

as, languen- tem, languen- tem refi- ci-

6 4X 6 6 6 6 6 X 4 3\*

BASSO-CONTINUO.

## MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE,



as. Ec- ce quantum amas me.



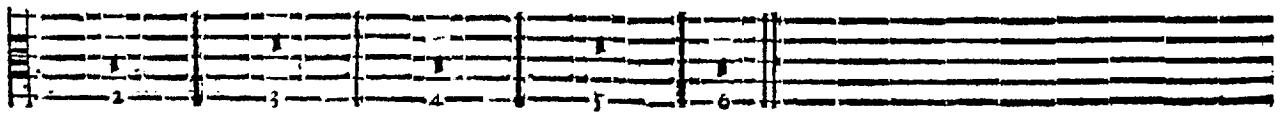
BASSO-CONTINUO.



Ec- ce quantum amas me, quantum amas me, quantum amas me.

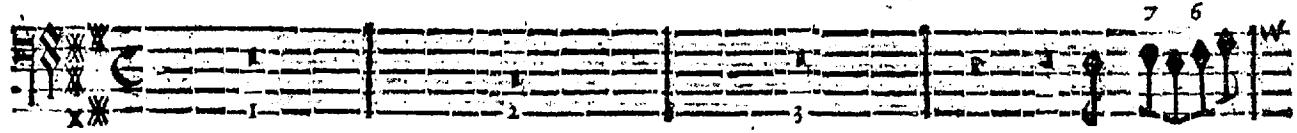


BASSO-CONTINUO.

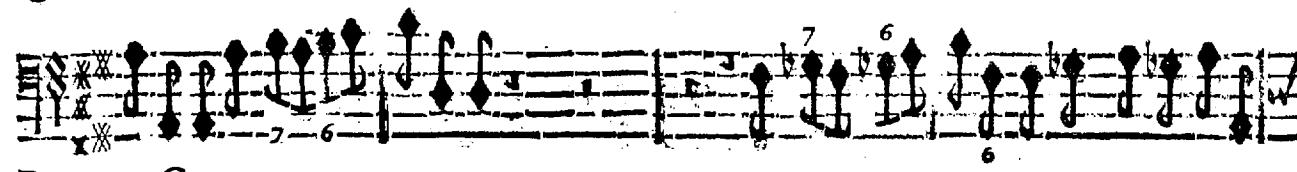


6 \* 6 \*  
BASSO-CONTINUO.

Vivace.



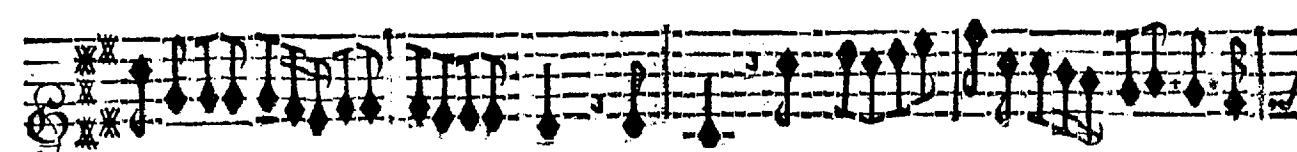
BASSO-CONTINUO.



BASSO-CONTINUO.

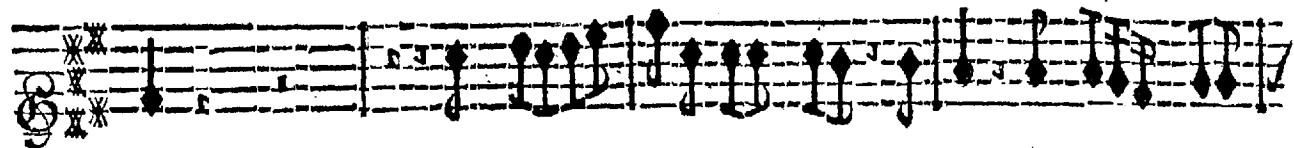


BASSO-CONTINUO.



BASSO CONTINUO.

228 MOTET A LA MANIRE ITALIENNE,



Cantabo in æternum,

Cantabo in æternum, Canta-

BASSO-CONTINUO.



bo in æternum multitudinem mis- rati- o- num tu-

BASSO-CONTINUO.



a- rum.

Cantabo in æter- num,Canta-



BASSO-CONTINUO.

Music for soprano and basso continuo. The soprano part consists of three staves of music with various note heads and rests. The basso continuo part is indicated by a bass clef and a staff below it, with numerical markings (7, 6, 6, 43, 6, 6) above the staff.

bo in æ- ter- num, in æter- num, & memori abundantiæ

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Music for soprano and basso continuo. The soprano part consists of four staves of music with various note heads and rests. The basso continuo part is indicated by a bass clef and a staff below it, with numerical markings (2, 3, 4, 5) above the staff.

Music for soprano and basso continuo. The soprano part consists of four staves of music with various note heads and rests. The basso continuo part is indicated by a bass clef and a staff below it, with numerical markings (76, x, 6, x, 6, x, 6) above the staff.

tu- x, Te laudabo, Te lauda- bo & benedicam tibi quia be-

BASSO-CONTINUO.

Music for soprano and basso continuo. The soprano part consists of four staves of music with various note heads and rests. The basso continuo part is indicated by a bass clef and a staff below it, with numerical markings (6, \*, 6, \*) above the staff.

Music for soprano and basso continuo. The soprano part consists of four staves of music with various note heads and rests. The basso continuo part is indicated by a bass clef and a staff below it, with numerical markings (6, 6, 6, 6) above the staff.

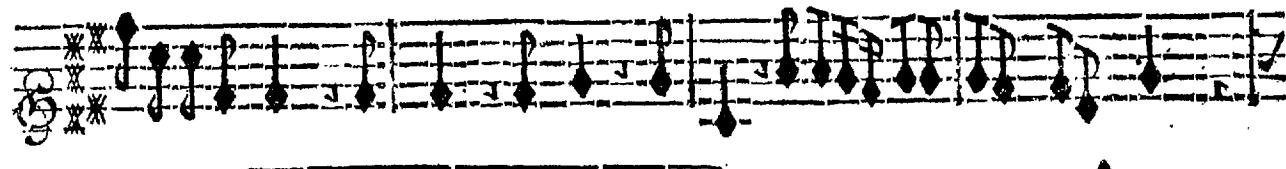
Music for soprano and basso continuo. The soprano part consists of four staves of music with various note heads and rests. The basso continuo part is indicated by a bass clef and a staff below it, with numerical markings (7, 4, 3x, 4) above the staff.

nignus & misericors es.

Cantabo in æternum,

Music for soprano and basso continuo. The soprano part consists of four staves of music with various note heads and rests. The basso continuo part is indicated by a bass clef and a staff below it, with numerical markings (4, 4) above the staff.

BASSO-CONTINUO.



Canta-

bo in æternum multitudinem misse-

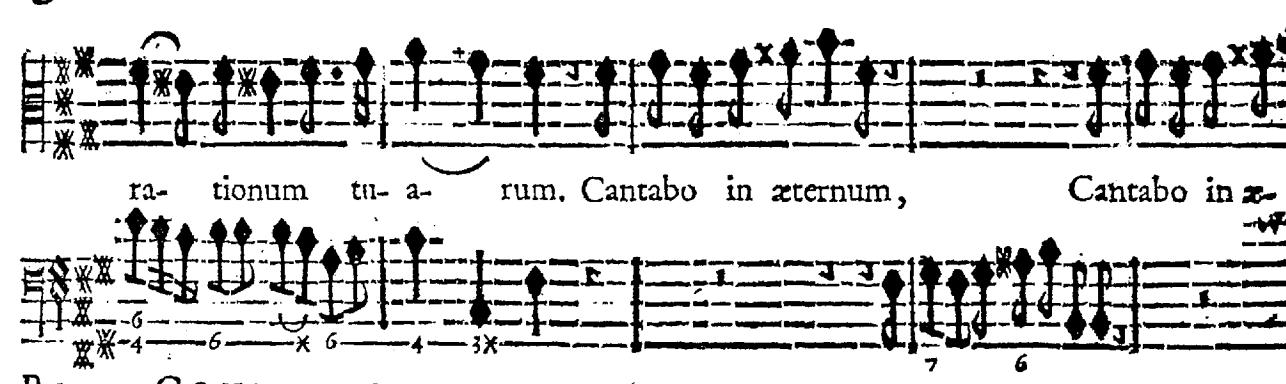


BASSO-CONTINUO.



ra- tione tu-a rum. Cantabo in æternum,

Cantabo in æ-



BASSO-CONTINUO.

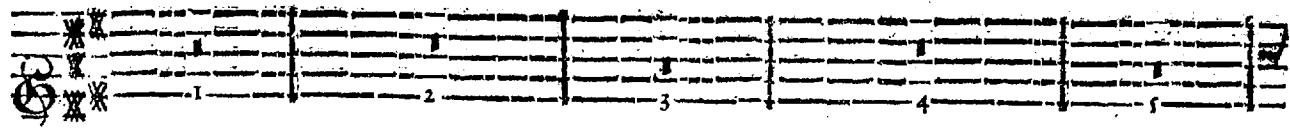
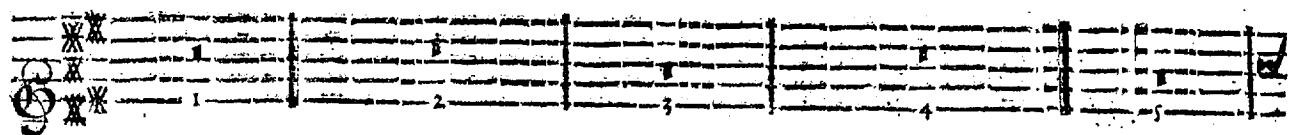


ter. num, Canta-

bo in æternum. Te laudabo, Te laudabo, Te lau-



BASSO-CONTINUO.



BASSO-CONTINUO.



nignus &amp; misericors es.

Canta-

bo,

Can-

BASSO-CONTINUO.



ta- bo in 'x- tei- num quia benignus &amp; mi-



BASSO-CONTINUO.

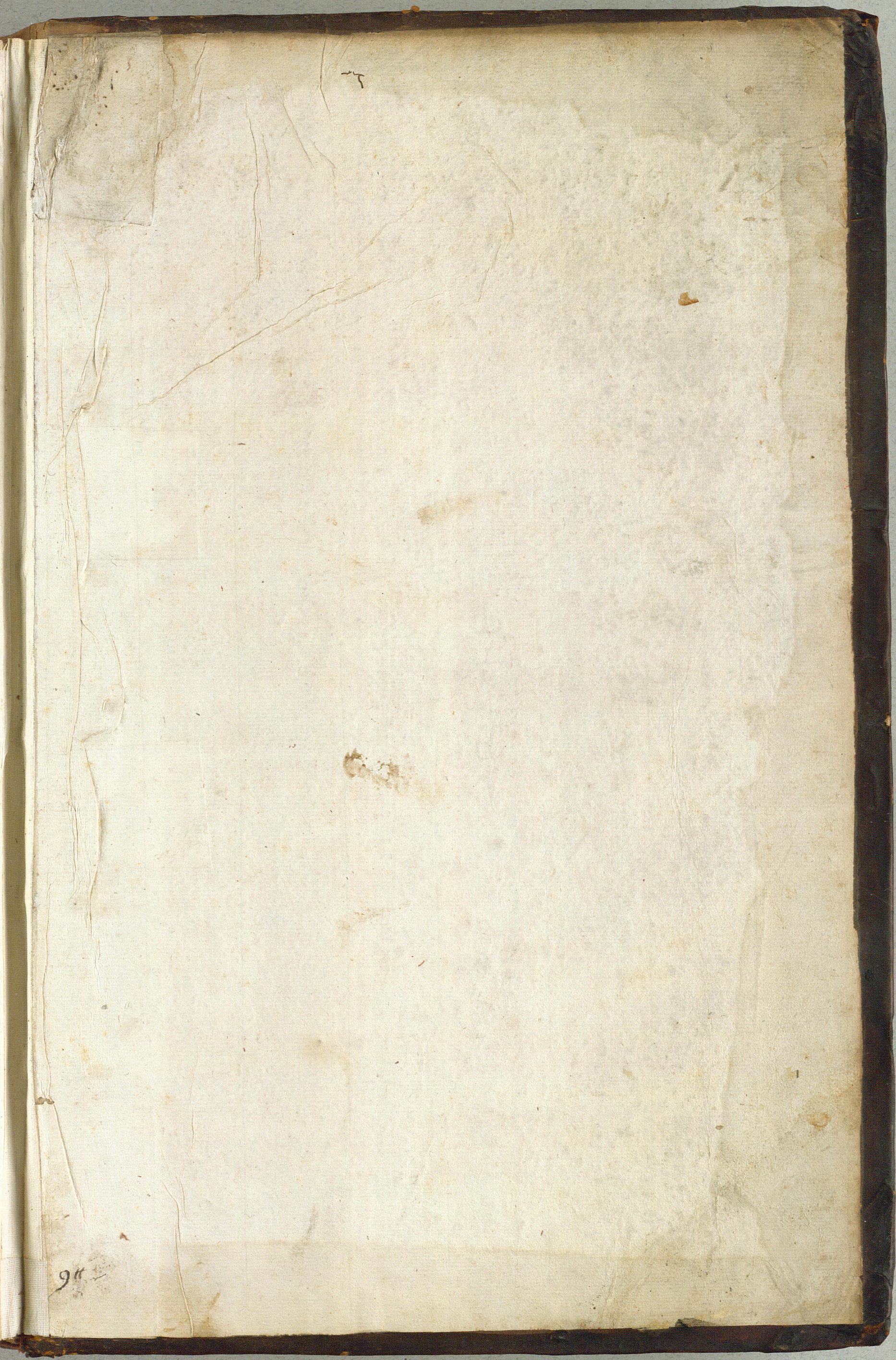
3<sup>e</sup> MOTET A LA MANIERE ITALIENNE DE MONSIEUR CAMPRA.

Adagio.

BASSO CONTINUO.      F I N.

EXTRAIT DU PRIVILEGE.

**P**A R Lettres Patentées du Roy données à Arras l'onzième jour du mois de May , l'An de Grace mil six cent soixante & treize , Signées L O U I S : & plus bas , Par le Roy , COLBERT ; Scellées du grand Sceau de cuir jaune ; Verifiées & Registrées en Parlement le 15. Avril 1678. Confirmées par Arrests contradictoires du Conseil Privé du Roy des 30. Septembre 1694. & 8. Aoüst. 1696. Il est permis à Christophe Ballard , seul Imprimeur du Roy pour la Musique , d'Imprimer , faire Imprimer , Vendre & Distribuer toute sorte de Musique , tant Vocale , qu'Instrumentale , de tous Auteurs : Faisant défenses à toutes autres personnes de quelque condition & qualité qu'elles soient , d'entreprendre ou faire entreprendre ladite Impression de Musique , ny autre chose concernant icelle , en aucun lieu de ce Royaume , Terres & Seigneuries de son obéissance , nonobstant toutes Lettres à ce contraires ; ny mesme de Tailler ny Fondre aucuns Caractères de Musique , sans le congé & permission dudit Ballard , à peine de confiscation desdits Caractères & Impressions , & de six mille livres d'amende , ainsi qu'il est plus amplement déclaré esdites Lettres : Sadite Majesté voulant qu'à l'Extrait d'icelles mis au commencement ou fin desdits Livres imprimez , foy soit ajoutée comme à l'Original.





MOTS DE  
M.  
CAMPERA