

ENCICLOPEDIA
DEL
PERFECCIONAMIENTO
DE LA TÉCNICA
PIANÍSTICA

VOLUMEN IV

“TRIDIGITOLOGÍA”

Op. 37
1998-2002



Luis Félix
PARODI ORTEGA

Luis Félix Parodi Ortega
C/ José del Toro, n.º 5, 1.º
11001 CÁDIZ
Tfno. 956 228 557
<http://luis-felix-parodi-ortega.qapacity.com>
http://imslp.org/wiki/Category:Parodi_Ortega,_Luis_F%C3%A9lix
lufelpo@hotmail.es

TRIDIGITOLOGÍA PARA PIANO, Op. 37.

Índice

Índice. (pág. III)

1. Primera serie. (pág. 5)
 - 1.1. Por movimiento simétrico. (pág. 5)
 - 1.1.1. Original. (pág. 5)
 - 1.1.2. Simétrico del original. (pág. 5)
 - 1.1.3. Retrógrado del original. (pág. 6)
 - 1.1.4. Retrógrado del simétrico del original. (pág. 6)
 - 1.2. Por movimiento paralelo. (pág. 7)
 - 1.2.1. Original. (pág. 7)
 - 1.2.2. Simétrico del original. (pág. 7)
 - 1.2.3. Retrógrado del original. (pág. 8)
 - 1.2.4. Retrógrado del simétrico del original. (pág. 8)
2. Segunda serie. (pág. 9)
 - 2.1. Por movimiento simétrico. (pág. 9)
 - 2.1.1. Original. (pág. 9)
 - 2.1.2. Simétrico del original. (pág. 10)
 - 2.1.3. Retrógrado del original. (pág. 11)
 - 2.1.4. Retrógrado del simétrico del original. (pág. 12)
 - 2.2. Por movimiento paralelo. (pág. 13)
 - 2.2.1. Original. (pág. 13)
 - 2.2.2. Simétrico del original. (pág. 14)
 - 2.2.3. Retrógrado del original. (pág. 15)
 - 2.2.4. Retrógrado del simétrico del original. (pág. 16)
3. Tercera serie. (pág. 17)
 - 3.1. Distancia de 2.^a aumentada entre los dedos 3.^o y 1.^o. (pág. 17)
 - 3.1.1. Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido y Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol. (pág. 17)
 - 3.1.2. Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido y Fa-Sol bemol-La bemol. (pág. 17)
 - 3.2. Distancia de 2.^a menor entre los dedos 3.^o y 1.^o. (pág. 17)
 - 3.2.1. Fa-Sol bemol-La bemol y Sol-La bemol-Si bemol. (pág. 17)
 - 3.3. Distancia de unísono aumentado entre los dedos 3.^o y 1.^o. (pág. 18)
 - 3.3.1. Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido y Sol-La bemol-Si bemol. (pág. 18)
 - 3.4. Distancia de unísono aumentado entre el 3.^{er} dedo y el pulgar por debajo. (pág. 18)
 - 3.4.1. Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol y Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido. (pág. 18)
 - 3.4.2. Sol-La bemol-Si bemol y Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido. (pág. 18)
 - 3.5. Distancia de 2.^a menor entre el 3.^{er} dedo y el pulgar por debajo. (pág. 19)
 - 3.5.1. Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido y Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido. (pág. 19)
 - 3.6. Distancia de 2.^a mayor entre el 3.^{er} dedo y el pulgar por debajo. (pág. 19)
 - 3.6.1. Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol y Fa-Sol bemol-La bemol. (pág. 19)
 - 3.6.2. Sol-La bemol-Si bemol y Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol. (pág. 19)
 - 3.7. Distancia de 3.^a disminuída entre el 3.^{er} dedo y el pulgar por debajo. (pág. 20)
 - 3.7.1. Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido y Fa-Sol bemol-La bemol. (pág. 20)

- 3.8. Distancia de 3.^a menor entre el 3.^{er} dedo y el pulgar por debajo. *(pág. 20)*
 - 3.8.1. Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido y Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido. *(pág. 20)*
- 3.9. Distancia de 3.^a mayor entre el 3.^{er} dedo y el pulgar por debajo. *(pág. 20)*
 - 3.9.1. Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol y Sol-La bemol-Si bemol. *(pág. 20)*
 - 3.9.2. Fa-Sol bemol-La bemol y Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol. *(pág. 21)*
- 3.10. Distancia de 4.^a disminuida entre el 3.^{er} dedo y el pulgar por debajo. *(pág. 21)*
 - 3.10.1. Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido y Sol-La bemol-Si bemol. *(pág. 21)*
 - 3.10.2. Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido y Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol. *(pág. 21)*

TRIDIGITOLOGÍA PARA PIANO, Op. 37.

(1998-2002, Luis Félix Parodi Ortega)

1. Primera serie.

1.1. Por movimiento simétrico.

1.1.1. Original.

Original musical score for 1.1.1. The score is in 3/8 time and consists of two systems. The first system has six measures, with the first measure containing fingerings 1, 2, and 3 above the treble staff and below the bass staff. The second system has six measures, with the eighth measure marked with an '8' in the bass staff. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a final dotted half note in the treble staff.

1.1.2. Simétrico del original.

Musical score for 1.1.2. The score is in 3/8 time and consists of two systems. The first system has six measures, with the first measure containing fingerings 5, 4, and 3 above the treble staff and below the bass staff. The second system has six measures, with the eighth measure marked with an '8' in the bass staff. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a final dotted half note in the treble staff.

1.1.3. Retrógrado del original.

3 2 1

3 2 1

8

1.1.4. Retrógrado del simétrico del original.

3 4 5

3 4 5

8

1.2. *Por movimiento paralelo.*

1.2.1. *Original.*

1 2 3

5 4 3

8

1.2.2. *Simétrico del original.*

5 4 3

1 2 3

8

1.2.3. Retrógrado del original.

1.2.4. Retrógrado del simétrico del original.

2. Segunda serie.

2.1. Por movimiento simétrico.

2.1.1. Original.

The musical score is written for piano in 6/8 time. It consists of four systems of staves, each with a treble and bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and one flat (Bb). The first system includes fingerings: 1 2 3 5 4 3 for the treble and 1 2 3 5 4 3 for the bass. The second system starts with a measure number '4'. The third system starts with a measure number '8'. The fourth system starts with a measure number '12' and ends with a double bar line. The melody is characterized by symmetrical intervals and a consistent rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.

2.1.2. *Simétrico del original.*

The musical score is written for piano in 6/8 time. It consists of four systems of music, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The melody is symmetrical, with the first half of each system mirroring the second half. The bass line is also symmetrical, with the first half of each system mirroring the second half. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The score is divided into four systems, each starting with a measure number (4, 8, 12) in the bass clef. The first system includes fingerings (5, 4, 3, 1, 2, 3) above the first six notes of the melody. The score ends with a double bar line and a final note in the bass clef.

5 4 3 1 2 3

5 4 3 1 2 3

4

8

12

2.1.3. *Retrógrado del original.*

The musical score is written for piano in 6/8 time and consists of four systems of two staves each (treble and bass clef). The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The piece is a retrograde exercise, as indicated by the title. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above or below notes. Measure numbers 4, 8, and 12 are placed at the beginning of their respective systems. The piece concludes with a double bar line and a final whole note chord in the bass clef.

System 1 (Measures 1-3):
Treble clef: Measure 1 (Bb4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4), Measure 2 (C#4, B3, A3, G3, F3, E3), Measure 3 (D3, C#3, B2, A2, G2, F2).
Bass clef: Measure 1 (F#3, E3, D3, C#3, B2, A2), Measure 2 (G2, F2, E2, D2, C2, B1), Measure 3 (A1, G1, F1, E1, D1, C1).
Fingerings: Treble (3, 4, 5, 3, 2, 1); Bass (3, 4, 5, 3, 2, 1).

System 2 (Measures 4-7):
Treble clef: Measure 4 (Bb4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4), Measure 5 (C#4, B3, A3, G3, F3, E3), Measure 6 (D3, C#3, B2, A2, G2, F2), Measure 7 (E3, D3, C#3, B2, A2, G2).
Bass clef: Measure 4 (F#3, E3, D3, C#3, B2, A2), Measure 5 (G2, F2, E2, D2, C2, B1), Measure 6 (A1, G1, F1, E1, D1, C1), Measure 7 (B1, A1, G1, F1, E1, D1).

System 3 (Measures 8-11):
Treble clef: Measure 8 (Bb4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4), Measure 9 (C#4, B3, A3, G3, F3, E3), Measure 10 (D3, C#3, B2, A2, G2, F2), Measure 11 (E3, D3, C#3, B2, A2, G2).
Bass clef: Measure 8 (F#3, E3, D3, C#3, B2, A2), Measure 9 (G2, F2, E2, D2, C2, B1), Measure 10 (A1, G1, F1, E1, D1, C1), Measure 11 (B1, A1, G1, F1, E1, D1).

System 4 (Measures 12-15):
Treble clef: Measure 12 (Bb4, A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4), Measure 13 (C#4, B3, A3, G3, F3, E3), Measure 14 (D3, C#3, B2, A2, G2, F2), Measure 15 (E3, D3, C#3, B2, A2, G2).
Bass clef: Measure 12 (F#3, E3, D3, C#3, B2, A2), Measure 13 (G2, F2, E2, D2, C2, B1), Measure 14 (A1, G1, F1, E1, D1, C1), Measure 15 (B1, A1, G1, F1, E1, D1).
The piece ends with a double bar line and a final whole note chord in the bass clef (F#3, E3, D3, C#3, B2, A2).

2.1.4. Retrógrado del simétrico del original.

The musical score is written for piano in 6/8 time. It consists of four systems of two staves each (treble and bass clef). The key signature has one sharp (F#) and one flat (Bb). The first system includes fingerings: 3 2 1 3 4 5 for the right hand and 3 2 1 3 4 5 for the left hand. The first two measures of the first system are marked with a piano (p) dynamic. The third measure of the first system is marked with a forte (f) dynamic. The score concludes with a repeat sign and a final measure in the fourth system.

3 2 1 3 4 5

3 2 1 3 4 5

4

8

12

2.2. Por movimiento paralelo.

2.2.1. Original.

The musical score is written for piano in 6/8 time, featuring parallel motion between the right and left hands. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score is divided into four systems, each containing two staves (treble and bass clef) joined by a brace. The first system includes fingerings: 1 2 3 5 4 3 for the right hand and 5 4 3 1 2 3 for the left hand. The second system is marked with a '4' on the left. The third system is marked with an '8' on the left. The fourth system is marked with a '12' on the left and concludes with a repeat sign and a final whole note chord in both hands.

2.2.2. Simétrico del original.

First system of musical notation (measures 1-3). The treble clef staff contains notes with fingerings 5, 4, 3, 1, 2, 3. The bass clef staff contains notes with fingerings 1, 2, 3, 5, 4, 3. The key signature has two flats (Bb, Eb) and the time signature is 6/8.

Second system of musical notation (measures 4-7). The treble clef staff contains notes with fingerings 4. The bass clef staff contains notes with fingerings 4. The key signature has two flats (Bb, Eb) and the time signature is 6/8.

Third system of musical notation (measures 8-11). The treble clef staff contains notes with fingerings 8. The bass clef staff contains notes with fingerings 8. The key signature has two flats (Bb, Eb) and the time signature is 6/8.

Fourth system of musical notation (measures 12-15). The treble clef staff contains notes with fingerings 12. The bass clef staff contains notes with fingerings 12. The key signature has two flats (Bb, Eb) and the time signature is 6/8. The system ends with a double bar line and repeat signs.

2.2.3. *Retrógrado del original.*

First system of musical notation (measures 1-3). The treble clef staff contains a sequence of notes with fingerings 3, 4, 5, 3, 2, 1 above them. The bass clef staff contains a corresponding sequence of notes with fingerings 3, 2, 1, 3, 4, 5 below them. The key signature has one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 6/8.

Second system of musical notation (measures 4-7). The treble clef staff contains a sequence of notes with a finger number 4 at the beginning. The bass clef staff contains a corresponding sequence of notes. The key signature has one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 6/8.

Third system of musical notation (measures 8-11). The treble clef staff contains a sequence of notes with a finger number 8 at the beginning. The bass clef staff contains a corresponding sequence of notes. The key signature has one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 6/8.

Fourth system of musical notation (measures 12-15). The treble clef staff contains a sequence of notes with a finger number 12 at the beginning. The bass clef staff contains a corresponding sequence of notes. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign, followed by a whole note chord in both staves. The key signature has one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 6/8.

2.2.4. *Retrógrado del simétrico del original.*

The musical score is written for piano in 6/8 time. It consists of four systems of two staves each (treble and bass clef). The key signature has one sharp (F#). The first system includes fingerings: 3 2 1 3 4 5 for the treble staff and 3 4 5 3 2 1 for the bass staff. The first two measures of the first system are marked with a piano (p) dynamic. The third measure is marked with a forte (f) dynamic. The second system begins with a piano (p) dynamic. The third system begins with a piano (p) dynamic. The fourth system begins with a piano (p) dynamic and concludes with a repeat sign followed by a whole note chord (F#) in both staves.

3 2 1 3 4 5

3 4 5 3 2 1

p

p

p

p

12

3. Tercera serie.

3.1. Distancia de 2.^a aumentada entre los dedos 3.^o y 1.^o.

3.1.1. Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido y Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol.

2.^a A. ↓

3.1.2. Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido y Fa-Sol bemol-La bemol.

3.2. Distancia de 2.^a menor entre los dedos 3.^o y 1.^o.

3.2.1. Fa-Sol bemol-La bemol y Sol-La bemol-Si bemol.

2.^a m. ↓

3.3. Distancia de unísono aumentado entre los dedos 3.º y 1.º.

3.3.1. Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido y Sol-La bemol-Si bemol.

3.4. Distancia de unísono aumentado entre el tercer dedo y el pulgar por debajo.

3.4.1. Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol y Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido.

3.4.2. Sol-La bemol-Si bemol y Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido.

3.5. Distancia de 2.^a menor entre el tercer dedo y el pulgar por debajo.

3.5.1. Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido y Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido.

3.6. Distancia de 2.^a mayor entre el tercer dedo y el pulgar por debajo.

3.6.1. Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol y Fa-Sol bemol-La bemol.

3.6.2. Sol-La bemol-Si bemol y Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol.

3.7. Distancia de 3.^a disminuída entre el tercer dedo y el pulgar por debajo.

3.7.1. Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido y Fa-Sol bemol-La bemol.

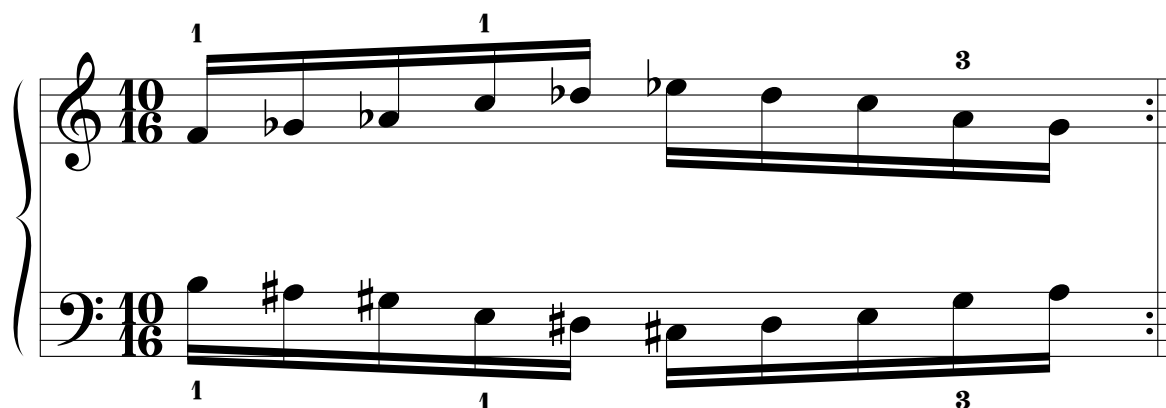
3.8. Distancia de 3.^a menor entre el tercer dedo y el pulgar por debajo.

3.8.1. Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido y Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido.

3.9. Distancia de 3.^a mayor entre el tercer dedo y el pulgar por debajo.

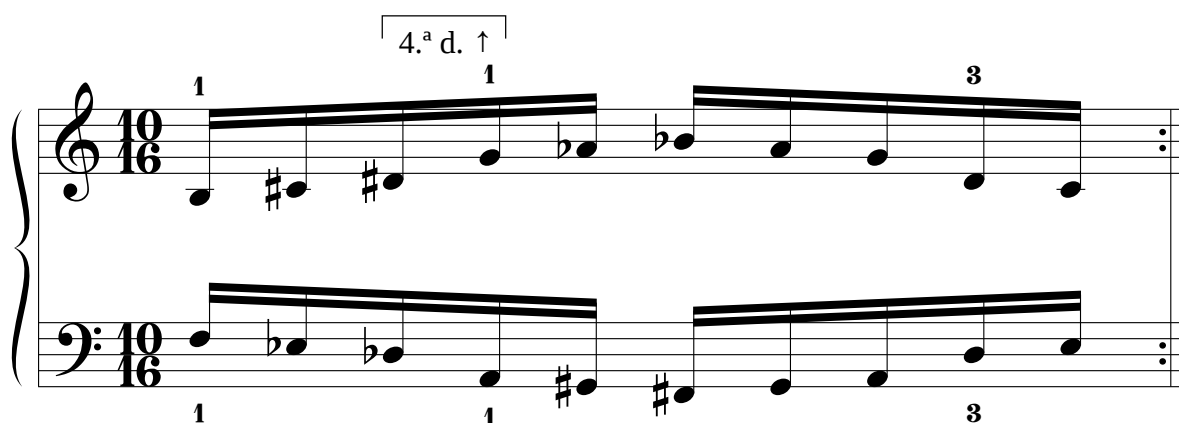
3.9.1. Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol y Sol-La bemol-Si bemol.

**3.9.2. Fa-Sol bemol-La bemol y
Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol.**



**3.10. Distancia de 4.^a disminuida entre el ter-
cer dedo y el pulgar por debajo.**

**3.10.1. Si-Do sostenido-Re sostenido y
Sol-La bemol-Si bemol.**



**3.10.2. Mi-Fa sostenido-Sol sostenido y
Do-Re bemol-Mi bemol.**

