

XXXIII

P. Khvostchinsky

Deux
Préludes

POUR PIANO

Op. 13

Pr. $\frac{M.-80}{R.-30}$



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C.G. RÖDER & M.B.H. LEIPZIG.

✓

PRÉLUDE

P. Khvostchinsky Op.13 N° 1

Moderato M M ♩ = 56

Piano

The first system of the score is in G-flat major (three flats) and common time. It begins with a piano (*p*) and dolce marking. The right hand features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, while the left hand provides a steady accompaniment of eighth notes. The system concludes with a half note chord in the right hand.

The second system continues the piece, marked *poco animato* and *mf*. The right hand has a more active melodic line with slurs. The left hand continues with eighth-note accompaniment. The system ends with a half note chord in the right hand.

The third system is marked *tranquillo* and *p*. The right hand features a wide intervallic melody with slurs. The left hand has a more rhythmic accompaniment. The system ends with a half note chord in the right hand.

The fourth system is marked *poco più mosso*. It includes a *rallen.* (rallentando) marking and a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs, and the left hand has a more active accompaniment. The system ends with a half note chord in the right hand.

The fifth system is marked *a tempo*. It includes a *rallen.* (rallentando) marking and a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs, and the left hand has a more active accompaniment. The system ends with a half note chord in the right hand.

Più mosso agitato ♩ = 80



First system of musical notation. The treble staff begins with a *mf* dynamic and a *cresc.* marking. The bass staff begins with a *f* dynamic. The music is in a key with three flats and a 2/4 time signature.



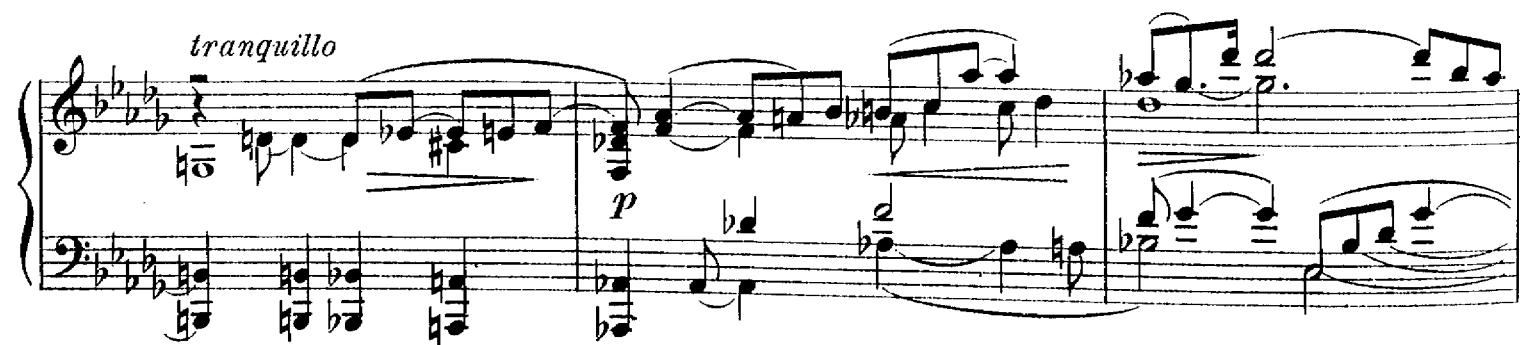
Second system of musical notation. The treble staff begins with a *cresc.* marking. The bass staff begins with a *ff* dynamic. The music continues with complex chordal textures.



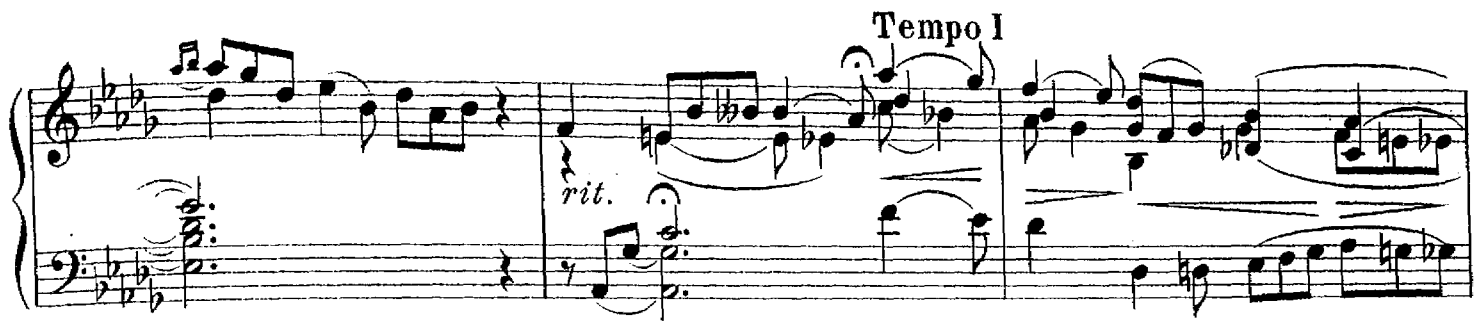
Third system of musical notation. The treble staff begins with a *dim.* marking. The bass staff begins with a *rallen.* marking. The music shows a gradual deceleration.



Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff begins with a *meno mosso* marking. The bass staff begins with a *rallen.* marking. The music continues with a slower tempo.



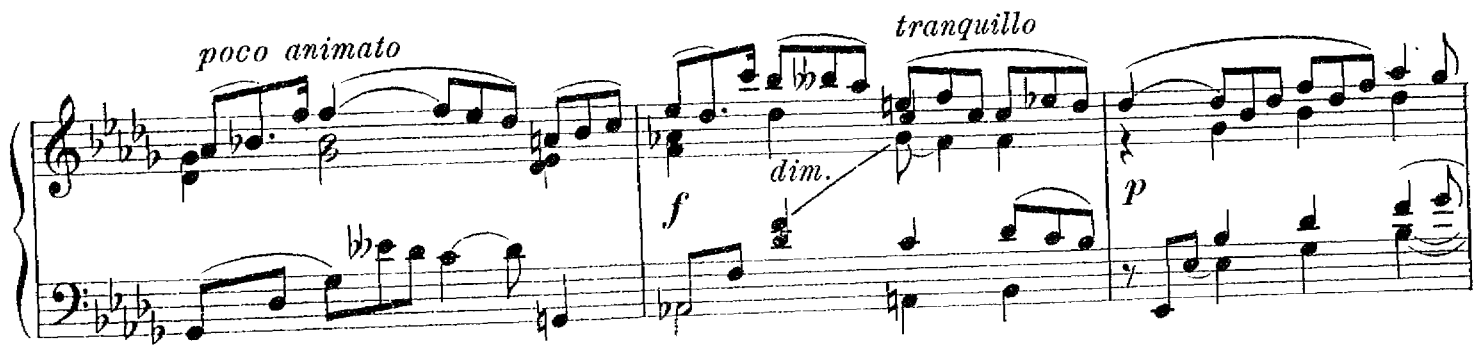
Fifth system of musical notation. The treble staff begins with a *tranquillo* marking. The bass staff begins with a *p* dynamic. The music concludes with a calm and quiet atmosphere.



First system of musical notation. The key signature has three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The tempo is marked **Tempo I**. The first measure includes a *rit.* (ritardando) marking. The music features a melody in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand.



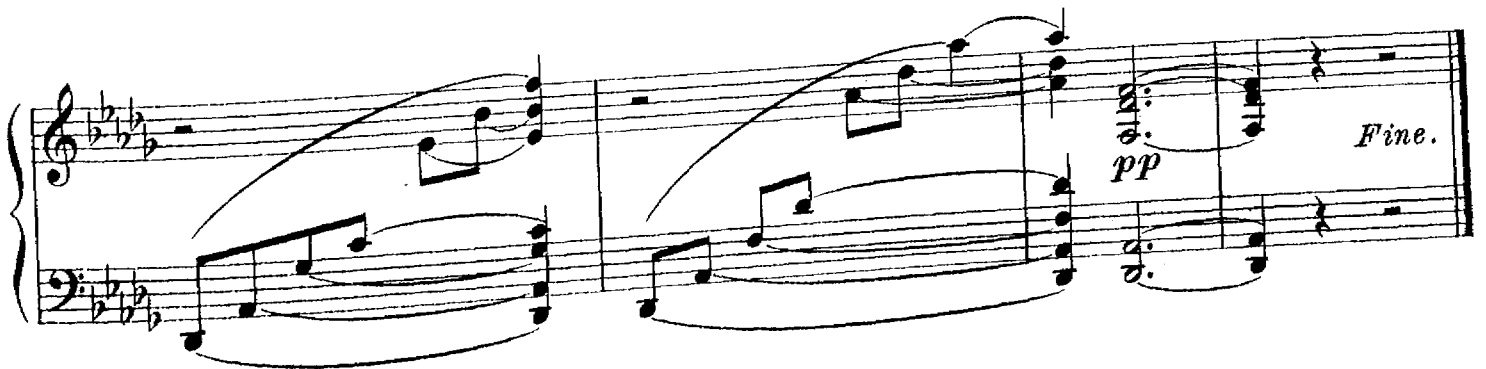
Second system of musical notation. The melody continues with a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The left hand has a *p.* (piano) marking. The system concludes with a *p.* (piano) marking in the right hand.



Third system of musical notation. The tempo changes to *poco animato*. The right hand has a *f* (forte) marking, followed by a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking. The left hand has a *p* (piano) marking. The tempo then changes to *tranquillo*. The system ends with a *p* (piano) marking.



Fourth system of musical notation. The tempo changes to *rit.* (ritardando). The left hand has a *p.* (piano) marking. The system concludes with a *a tempo* marking and a *p.* (piano) marking in the right hand.



Fifth system of musical notation. The system concludes with a *pp* (pianissimo) marking and the word *Fine.*

PRÉLUDE

P. Khvostchinsky Op. 13 N° 2

Allegro M. M. ♩ = 138

Piano

mf

The first system of the piano prelude score. It consists of a grand staff with a treble and bass clef. The treble staff begins with a series of eighth-note triplets, followed by a half-note triplet and then a half-note. The bass staff has a half-note, followed by a half-note triplet and then a half-note. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C).

The second system of the piano prelude score. The treble staff features a half-note triplet, followed by a half-note, and then a half-note. The bass staff has a half-note, followed by a half-note triplet and then a half-note. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The dynamic marking *p cresc.* is present.

The third system of the piano prelude score. The treble staff has a half-note triplet, followed by a half-note, and then a half-note. The bass staff has a half-note, followed by a half-note triplet and then a half-note. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The dynamic marking *poco rit.* is present.

The fourth system of the piano prelude score. The treble staff has a half-note triplet, followed by a half-note, and then a half-note. The bass staff has a half-note, followed by a half-note triplet and then a half-note. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is common time (C). The dynamic marking *f a tempo* is present.

First system of musical notation. The treble staff features a melodic line with a slur and a sharp sign. The bass staff contains a bass line. The dynamic marking *mf* and the instruction *cresc.* are placed between the staves.

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff includes an eighth-note triplet marked with a bracket and the number 8. The bass staff continues the bass line. The instruction *cresc.* is placed between the staves.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff features a melodic line with a slur and a sharp sign. The bass staff contains a bass line. The dynamic marking *rit* is placed between the staves.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff includes an eighth-note triplet marked with a bracket and the number 8. The bass staff contains a bass line. The dynamic marking *ff a tempo* is placed between the staves. The instruction *accel. al Fine* is placed at the end of the system.

Fifth system of musical notation. The treble staff includes an eighth-note triplet marked with a bracket and the number 8. The bass staff contains a bass line. The instruction *Fine* is placed at the end of the system.

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publiées par

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II. Moderato, d'A. Liadow.

III. Moderato, d'A. Glazounow.

IV. Allegretto, d'A. Liadow.

V. Moderato (thème russe) arrangé par A. Glazounow.

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Acte II.

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No. 13. Variation III	—40	—15
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Alexandre Glazounow.

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