

MOTETS

A

GRAND CHOEUR

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TOME I.

A Paris, chez Didot le Jeune et Fils, à l'enseigne de l'Ancre. 1781.

CANTATE DOMINO
CANTICUM NOVUM

Motet a 5.



Accit duo chœurs et choeur	Cantate domino cantilcum novum quia misericordia sua 2
Accit de hautecordis tracymo.	Servos tuos dexteram gressus, et dextrum sanctum gressus 16
Chœur	notum fecit dominus salutare suum, in conspectu gentium avelavit iustitiam suam 22
Trio duo chœurs et accomp.	Recordatus est misericordia sua, et veritatis lux domini israel 42
Accit duo chœurs et hautecordis tracymo.	Deserunt omnes termini terrae, salutem dei nostri: jubilate deo omnis terra, cantato, et laultato, et psalmito. plaudito domino in citharo, et voca psalmi, in tubis dulcibus, in vox tubae cornu 48
Accit duo chœurs et accompagn.	Jubilate in conspectu regis domini, moveatur manus plenitudo gressus, ossa terram et qui habitant in eo 55
Chœur	fluminis plaudent menu, simul montes laultadint a conspectu domini, quando venit iudicatio terrarum. iudicabit orbem terrarum in iustitia et populus in equitate 63
	<i>fin</i>

CANTATE DOMINO CANTICUM

Psalm. 97.

SOCIETE
DES
CONCERTS
DE
VERSAILLES

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The first staff is labeled "Symphonie" and contains a mix of eighth and sixteenth-note patterns. The second staff is labeled "Trom." and features a steady eighth-note pattern. The third staff is blank. The fourth staff continues the musical line with eighth and sixteenth-note patterns. The music is written in common time with various key signatures.



Chorus

3

Cantato, Cantato.....

Cantato, Can-

no Canticum novum, Canticum novum:

Cantato, Cantato, Can-

Cantato, Cantato...

Cantato..... to, Cantato....

for

Tono

me

4

Handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The music consists of eight staves of Gregorian chant notation, each with four horizontal lines. The notes are represented by square neumes. The lyrics are written below the staves in a Gothic script.

The lyrics are:

- to domino Canticum novum, Canticum novum.
- tato domino Canticum novum, Canticum novum.
- qui a misa
- tato domino Canticum novum, Canticum novum.
- tato domino Canticum novum, Canticum novum;
- - - te domino Canticum novum, Canticum novum.

A handwritten musical score on five staves. The top three staves are for three voices, each labeled "Can.". The lyrics for these voices are: "O filius fecit, misericordia misericordia fecit, Cantate,". The bottom two staves are for two voices, each labeled "Domo". The lyrics for these voices are: "Domino domino". The music consists of various note heads and rests, with some vertical strokes indicating performance techniques or endings.

A handwritten musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and piano. The score consists of ten staves of music. The vocal parts are in common time, while the piano part is in 6/8 time. The vocal parts enter at measure 1, singing "Cantato, Cantato, Cantato," in a continuous loop. The piano part begins at measure 10, indicated by the word "Dopo". The vocal parts continue their loop until measure 10, where they resolve to a final cadence.

Cantato, Cantato, Cantato,
Cantato, Cantato, Cantato,
Canta-----to, Canta-----
Cantato, Cantato, Canta-to, Cantato,
Cantato, Cantato, Cantato,
Cantato, Cantato, Canta-----to,

Dopo

quia misericordia
 quia misericordia
 ... et domino cantum novum (canticum novum):
 quia misericordia
 quia misericordia
 quia misericordia

ffz
Tonus
Tonus

fecit, misabilius fecit, misabilius misabi... lia fe...
 feit, misabilius fecit, misabilius fe...

 feit, misabilius fecit, misabilius misabilius fe...
 feit, misabilius fecit, misabilius fe...
 feit, misabilius fecit, misabilius misabilius fe...

A handwritten musical score for "Cantato" by J.S. Bach, featuring six staves of music. The score includes lyrics in German and Latin, such as "Cantato, Cantato, Can-", "Cantato, Cantato, Can-", "Cantato, Canta-----to," "Cantato, Cantato, Can-", "Cantato, Cantato; Canta-----", and "Cantato, Cantato, Canta-----". The music consists of various note heads and rests, with some staves showing more complex rhythmic patterns than others.

A handwritten musical score for organ and choir. The score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are for the organ, featuring basso continuo (b.c.) and pedal parts. The remaining eight staves are for a choir, divided into four parts: soprano (Soprano), alto (Alto), tenor (Tenor), and bass (Basso). The vocal parts are labeled with "Canta" and "Can." The music is written in common time, with various key signatures (G major, C major, F major, B-flat major) indicated by the hand. The score includes several melodic lines, harmonic progressions, and rests. The handwriting is clear, though some notes and rests are represented by simple dots or dashes.

The image shows a single page of a musical score. It consists of five staves of music, each with a different vocal line. The top staff is soprano, the middle is alto, and the bottom is bass. The lyrics are in Latin and repeat the phrase 'qui es tu' followed by 'canticum novum:'. The music is written in common time with various note heads and rests. The score is likely for a three-part setting of 'Canticum Novum'.

mirabilis fecit, mirabilis mirabi... lis fe-
mirabilis fecit, mirabilis mirabilis fe-
mirabilis fe-ec-mirabilis mirabilis fe-
mirabilis fecit, mirabilis fe-
mirabilis fecit, mirabilis misericordia fe-

C. Cantato domino, Cantato,
 C. Cantato, Cantato,
 Canta-----tu domino Cantatum
 C. Cantato domino,
 C. Cantato, Cantato,
 C. Cantato, Canta-----to,

Dopo

Canta - - - - - to domino

Cantato, Cantato, Cantato domino

neu-um, Canticum neu-um:

Cantato, Cantato, Cantato domino

Canta - - - - - to domi - no

Cantato, Cantato, Cantato domi - no

A handwritten musical score for a four-part choir, likely SATB, arranged in four staves. The music consists of short, repetitive melodic fragments. The first two staves begin with a forte dynamic (F) and a quarter note. The third staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and a half note. The fourth staff begins with a forte dynamic (F) and a half note. The vocal parts are labeled "Canticum novum." above each staff.

Canticum novum.

Canticum novum.

Canticum novum.

Canticum novum.

Canticum novum.

16 Leggeman

16 *Tempo*

1

1

- 3 -

1

Salve ----- vir libi Dexter

A handwritten musical score for two voices, featuring two staves of music. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The music consists of various note heads and stems, with some notes having vertical dashes through them. There are several rests and a few fermatas. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive hand. The first section of lyrics reads: "Cus le bis... Chiun sanctum C... jas." The second section of lyrics reads: "Salsa - sit sibi dentes alijus le hata....". The score is enclosed in a rectangular border.

A handwritten musical score for three voices. The top staff is for a soprano or alto voice, indicated by a C-clef. The middle staff is for a basso continuo, indicated by a bass clef and a small 'b' for basso. The bottom staff is for a basso continuo, indicated by a bass clef and a small 'b' for basso. The music consists of four measures. The first measure contains eighth-note pairs. The second measure has a fermata over the first note and a basso continuo bass note below. The third measure contains eighth-note pairs. The fourth measure contains eighth-note pairs. The lyrics are written below the staff, corresponding to the vocal parts. The basso continuo parts contain bass notes and some rests.

Chiun sanc tum l - jus, et Aias - - - Chiun sanc tum l - - -
Domus
dexterus *gus* *salva* - - - *sit*



Tibi Decet Ubi Ius Et Ibris Chiam Sanctum



Ius; Et Ibris Chiam Sanctum Ius. Sal.

20

A handwritten musical score for two voices and piano. The score consists of four systems of music, each with a treble clef, a bass clef, and a common time signature. The vocal parts are written in black ink, and the piano part is indicated by a small 'p' in a circle. The vocal parts begin with a rest followed by eighth-note patterns. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive hand. The first system ends with a fermata over the bass note. The second system begins with a forte dynamic (f) and ends with a piano dynamic (p). The third system begins with a piano dynamic (p) and ends with a forte dynamic (f). The fourth system concludes with a piano dynamic (p).

20

p

p

va.....bit libi dexteris ḡsus et l̄t̄a.....chium sanctum)

f

p

p

f

Salva...va libi dexteris ḡsus, et

A handwritten musical score page featuring two systems of music. The top system consists of four staves. The first three staves are mostly blank, with the fourth staff containing a melodic line. The lyrics "Amen sanctum e-jus; et Amen.....chi." are written below the fourth staff. The bottom system also has four staves. The first three staves contain rhythmic patterns, while the fourth staff contains a melodic line. The lyrics "Amen sanctum e-jus." are written below the first staff of the bottom system. A handwritten note "Tout pour le petit choeur" is written above the fourth staff of the bottom system.

Quint Chorus

22

notum fecit dominus saluta -- te Su um, salu-
notum fecit dominus saluta --

Violons

Violons

ta te suum; In conspectu gentium Revela vit
te Su um, In conspectu gentium Revela



24

A handwritten musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and basso continuo. The score consists of two systems of music, each with three staves. The top staff is for the Alto voice, the middle staff for the Soprano voice, and the bottom staff is for the basso continuo. The music is written in common time with various note heads and stems. The lyrics are written below the staves in a cursive hand. The first system starts with "la.....vit, Revela.....vit Justitiam, Re.....vit, in Conspectu gentium Revela.....vit Justitiam, Re.....vit, in Conspectu gentium Revela.....vit Justitiam, Re.....vit, in Conspectu gentium". The second system continues with "am: Revela.....vit, Justitiam, Re.....am: Revela.....vit, Justitiam, Re.....". There are two blank staves at the end of the page.

Choir

25

notum fecit Dominus Salutaris - re) Su um, Salu =
notum fecit Dominus Salutaris -

Soprano
Alto
Tenor
Bass
Continuo
Continuo

26

47

notum fecit dominus saluta - - w su - - - um, Salu -
ta - - - w suum, Saluta - - w salutat w suum,
... w su - - - um, Saluta - - - - w suum;
notum fecit dominus saluta - -



ta w suum, notum fecit dominus saluta ...
 notum fecit dominus saluta ... w salutare su : um,
 notum fecit dominus saluta ...
 w su um, seluta w suum,
 notum fecit dominus saluta ... w su um,

- w Su um, Saluta w suum.
 notum fecit dominus saluta w Su um,
 - w Su um, notum fecit dominus salu-
 notum fecit dominus saluta w suum,
 notum fecit dominus notum fecit dominus

54 29

Salutare tuum, notum fecit domini
Salutare tuum, notum fecit domini
Salutare tuum, notum fecit domini
notum fecit dominus salutare tuum
Salutare tuum, notum fecit domini

In Conspicte gentium Revila --- vis Revila --- vis Aede
 In Conspicte gentium Revila --- vis Revla vis Aede
 In Conspicte gentium Revla vis Revla vis Aede
 In Conspicte gentium Revla vis Revla vis Aede
 In Conspicte gentium Revla vis Revla vis Justitiam
 In Conspicte gentium Revla vis Revla vis Revla

la..... vir justitiam suam;
 la..... vir justitiam suam,
 Revelavi justitiam suam; notum
 su. am: notum fecit dominus saluta--
 vir justitiam suam: no. =

 la..... vir justitiam suam;
 la..... vir justitiam suam,
 Revelavi justitiam suam; notum
 su. am: notum fecit dominus saluta--
 vir justitiam suam: no. =

notum fecit Dominus saluta w su - um;
 notum fecit Dominus saluta w su - um, psesta -
 fe cit Dominus, salutare su - um, Revi -
 - w su um, saluta w su - um, Reve -
 rum notum fecit Dominus, saluta w su - um;

(The music consists of two systems of five staves each, written in a Gothic musical notation. The first system contains lyrics in Latin, while the second system is entirely musical, ending with a fermata over the final note.)

A handwritten musical score for three voices (SSA). The top voice part contains lyrics in Latin: "In conspectu gentium Revela...", "vir in conspectu gentium Revela...", "... vit Revela...", "... ita... vit Revela... vis Revela...", and "Revela... vis Revela...". The middle and bottom voice parts are mostly blank, with some isolated notes or rests appearing at the end of the score.

vir, Revelo - vir Revelavis Revelavis In Cons-
 - vir, Revelo - vir In Cons-
 - vir In Conspectus gentium Revelavis Revelavis In Cons-
 - vir In Conspectus gentium Revelavis Revelavis In Cons-
 - vir In Conspectus gentium Revelavis Revelavis Revelo

(The music consists of five staves of handwritten musical notation in common time, featuring various note heads and rests. The notation is dense and rhythmic, corresponding to the Latin text above it.)

A musical score for a three-part setting of the hymn 'Revelatio Justitiae'. The score consists of four systems of music, each with three staves. The top staff in each system is soprano, the middle staff alto, and the bottom staff basso. The vocal parts are written in a cursive Gothic script. The instrumentation includes two violins, viola, cello, double bass, organ, harpsichord, and timpani. The score is set against a background of a stone wall and foliage.



notum fecit dominus saluta - - - - - tu - - - - - um, salu -
- AMO;
notum fecit dominus salu -
- AMO;
notum fecit dominus
- AMO;
notum fecit dominus
- AMO;
notum fecit dominus
- AMO;

... vii revelas in Justitiam suam; in Conspectu gentium Reve-
... la vii Justitiam suam; in Conspectu gentium Reve-
... la vii Justitiam suam; in Conspectu gentium
... la vii Justitiam suam; in Conspectu gentium
... la vii Justitiam suam; in Conspectu gentium



40

la... vir In Conspexit gentium Revela...

la... vir In Conspexit gentium Revela vir Revela...

In Conspexit gentium Revela... vir Revela...

In Conspexit gentium Revela... vir Revela...

Revela... - - - - -

la... vir In Conspexit gentium Revela...

la... vir In Conspexit gentium Revela...

In Conspexit gentium Revela... vir Revela...

In Conspexit gentium Revela... vir Revela...

Revela... - - - - -

... vir justitiam su - am.
 vi Revolvir justitiam su - am.

.

.

.

.

.

42.

*Viol**detemps*

Accorda - tu sot misterio di
 su - et, misterio di su - et, misterio di su -



et, O veritas..... tis sue Domui Issa-

Recorda - - tus

et, O veritas..... tis sue Domui Domui Issa-

et, O veritas..... tis sue Domui Issa-

44

A musical score for three voices (SATB) and organ. The vocal parts are in soprano, alto, and bass. The organ part is at the bottom. The lyrics are in Latin: "Cordia misericordia, et veritatis suae tu es misericordia mea, et veritas tu es datus mihi misericordia tua, et veritatis tua". The music consists of four staves of musical notation.

a domini Is - rael: Recordat uobis misericordia eius

a domini Is - rael, Recordat uobis misericordia eius

a domini Is - rael, Recordat uobis misericordia eius

da - tu - es misericordia deus, da - tu - es misericordia deus

da - tu - es misericordia deus, da - tu - es misericordia deus

Soprano (S) lyrics: Ju - el; Et verita - ... tis Ius - Domui Is - rael.

Alto (A) lyrics: Ju - el; Et verita - ... tis Ius - Domui Is - rael, Et

Soprano (S) lyrics: Ju - el; Et verita - ... tis Ius - Domui Is - rael.

Soprano (S) lyrics: Et verita - ... tis Ius - Domui Is - rael

Alto (A) lyrics: Et verita - ... tis Ius - Domui Is - rael.

Soprano (S) lyrics: Et verita - ... tis Ius - Domui Is - rael.

Tenor Videsunt, videsunt Omnes termini Saluta.....

Bass triduo

Tenor

..... id Dei nostri, videsunt videsunt Omnes termini

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and basso continuo. The score consists of four systems of music. The first system shows the vocal parts and basso continuo playing eighth-note patterns. The second system shows the vocal parts and basso continuo playing sixteenth-note patterns. The third system shows the vocal parts and basso continuo playing eighth-note patterns. The fourth system shows the vocal parts and basso continuo playing sixteenth-note patterns. The vocal parts are written on three staves, and the basso continuo part is written on a single staff at the bottom.

29

A handwritten musical score for four voices and organ. The score consists of four staves, each with a different vocal line and an accompaniment line for the organ. The music is written in common time, with various note heads and stems. The lyrics are in Latin, with some words underlined. The score is numbered 29 in the top right corner.

Jubilate Jubilate, jubila..... to deo

Omnis terra, Jubilate deo Omnis ter..... ras,

Jubilate de-o Omnis ter..... ras, Jubila--

... eo deo Jubila... eo Jubila... to De-o; Canta

50

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and basso continuo. The music is written on six staves. The vocal parts are in common time, while the continuo part is in 9/8 time. The vocal parts consist of soprano, alto, and tenor voices, each with a melodic line and basso continuo providing harmonic support. The lyrics are written below the vocal staves, corresponding to the musical phrases.

tu canta... ro et exulta..., et exulta...
tu, et psalli: tu, psal...
lito, et psal. lito.

psal lito domino in cithara, psal lito
 un violon et un hautbois

domino in cithara, in cithara et vox psalmi;
 Et vox co-psalmi, Et vox co-psalmi, Et vox

co-psalmi =

52

64
mi. In tubis ductilibus *fw*

Tenor solo

Tubis ductilibus le vole tu *fw* *Cineas* *fw*

Basso *fw*

vo..... vo et vo: vo tuba co - nee.

dampf

Jubilate Jubilate Jubil

hautbois hul

54

A handwritten musical score for four voices (SATB) on four staves. The music is in common time, with various key signatures (G major, C major, F major, D major). The lyrics are in Latin, with some words underlined. The score consists of four systems of music, each starting with a different vocal part.

The lyrics are:

- la... to Deo, Omnis terra jubilate Deo, Canta-
- to Canta... to Et exultate, Et exulta...
- te, Et psalmitate, psal...
- lite, Et psallite.

Tenor

Violons

Soprano

Subilate Jubilate

In Conspectu In Conspectu Regis Domini



Videntur

Videntur
Conspectu Regis Domini.

Handwritten musical score for three voices (SATB) and piano. The vocal parts are in common time, treble clef, and key signature of one sharp. The piano part is in common time, bass clef, and key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts sing eighth-note patterns, while the piano part provides harmonic support with eighth-note chords. The lyrics are written below the vocal parts.

moveatus me... re, moveatus mo....

Handwritten musical score continuation for three voices and piano. The vocal parts continue their eighth-note patterns, and the piano part maintains harmonic support. The lyrics are written below the vocal parts.

w le plenitudo e... jas: moveatus

Handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) on five-line staves. The music consists of two systems.

System 1:

- Soprano:** The vocal line features eighth-note patterns primarily. It includes several grace note-like figures consisting of sixteenth-note pairs.
- Alto:** The vocal line features eighth-note patterns primarily. It includes several grace note-like figures consisting of sixteenth-note pairs.
- Bass:** The vocal line features eighth-note patterns primarily. It includes several grace note-like figures consisting of sixteenth-note pairs.
- Lyrics:** The lyrics are written below the bass staff: "mas - - - ro, moveatur mas - - - ro, move-".

System 2:

- Soprano:** The vocal line begins with a grace note figure (sixteenth-note pair) followed by eighth notes.
- Alto:** The vocal line begins with a grace note figure (sixteenth-note pair) followed by eighth notes.
- Bass:** The vocal line begins with a grace note figure (sixteenth-note pair) followed by eighth notes.
- Lyrics:** The lyrics are written below the bass staff: "atut mas - - - ro et plenitudo C - - -".

Handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) on five-line staves. The score consists of two systems of music.

The first system (measures 1-8) includes:

- Soprano: Sixteenth-note patterns.
- Alto: Sixteenth-note patterns.
- Bass: Sixteenth-note patterns.

The second system (measures 9-16) includes:

- Soprano: Notes and rests.
- Alto: Notes and rests.
- Bass: Notes and rests.

Text below the bass staff:

Orbis pectas ... sumus Orbis pectas ... sumus et qui habi ...

tant qui habitant Jn 8 o: Oibus Testa...
 ...num et qui habitant qui habitant Jn 8 ... o, Et qui

61





flumina flumina plaudent menu,
flumina flumina plaudent menu,
flumina flumina plaudent menu,
flumina flumina plaudent menu,
flumina flumina plaudent menu,

Ges
Ges

flumina flumina plaudent menu,

A handwritten musical score for two voices and piano. The score consists of ten staves. The top four staves are for two voices, with lyrics written below them. The bottom six staves are for piano. The music is in common time, with various key signatures (G major, C major, F major, B-flat major) indicated by sharps and flats. The vocal parts feature eighth-note patterns and sustained notes. The piano parts include eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns.

Lumina lumina plau - - - tent plau - - -
lumina lumina plau - - - tent
lumina lumina plaudent
lumina lumina plaudent manu,
lumina lumina lumina lumina plau - - - nat plau - - -

... Dent plaudent manu,
 plau -
 plaudent plaudent manu,
 plau - - - Dent
 plaudent plaudent manu,
 plau - - - Dent
 ... Dent plaudent manu,
 plau - - - Dent plau - -

(The vocal line continues with a series of eighth-note chords and rests, followed by a section of sixteenth-note patterns, and finally a section of eighth-note chords at the end of the page.)



A handwritten musical score for six voices. The score consists of six staves, each with a different vocal range (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, Bass, Bass). The music is in common time, with various key signatures (G major, C major, F major, B-flat major, E major, A major) indicated by sharp or flat symbols. The lyrics "lumina lumina" are repeated at the end of each line of music. The score is written on five-line staff paper.

A continuation of the handwritten musical score for six voices. It features six staves of music, each with a different vocal range (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, Bass, Bass). The music is in common time, with various key signatures (B-flat major, G major, C major, F major, B-flat major, E major). The score is written on five-line staff paper.

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of ten staves. The top two staves are for the voice, with lyrics written above the notes: "flumina flumina plau--- dent," and "flumina flumina plau--- place --- dent menu," followed by "plau dent menu, plau --- dent," and "plau --- dent plaudat menu, plau ---". The remaining eight staves are for the piano, featuring various harmonic progressions and rhythmic patterns.

manu, plau --- dent plaudent manu, plaudine
 ... dent plau --- dent plaudent manu, plaudens
 plau --- dent plaudent manu, plaudent
 manu, plau --- dent manu, plaudent
 ... dent plau --- dent plaudent manu, plaudens

A handwritten musical score for a string quartet, consisting of four staves. The first three staves are for violins, each with lyrics: "plaudent manu:" followed by a measure of music. The fourth staff is for cello/bass, featuring a continuous eighth-note bass line. The music is written in common time, with various key signatures (G major, C major, F major) indicated by sharps or flats.

A handwritten musical score for four voices and piano. The score consists of eight staves. The top four staves are vocal parts, each with lyrics: "Simul montes Exal-", "Simul montes Simul montes", "Simul montes Exal-", and "Simul montes Simul montes". The bottom four staves are for the piano, featuring various harmonic progressions and bass lines. The music is written in common time, with a mix of major and minor keys indicated by sharps and flats. The handwriting is clear, though some notes and rests are represented by simple dots or dashes.

72
 Bunt loculta..... Bunt a Cons.
 locultabunt simil montes locultabunt a Cons.
 ta..... Bunt simil montes locultabunt a Cons.
 loculta..... Bunt loculta..... Bunt a Cons.
 Bunt locultabunt locultabunt a Cons.

- pectu a Conspectu Do - mini, quoniam venis
 - pectu a Conspectu Do - mini, quoniam venis
 - pectu a Conspectu Do - mini, quoniam venis Iudi -
 - pectu a Conspectu Do - mini, quoniam venis Iudi -
 - pectu a Conspectu Do - mini, quoniam venis Iudi -



A handwritten musical score for a vocal piece titled "Credo". The score consists of ten staves of music, each with a different vocal line. The lyrics are written in Latin, including "Judica", "flamina", "plea", "Credo", "Iusta", "terram", and "flamina". The music is written in various time signatures and includes dynamic markings like "f" (fortissimo) and "p" (pianissimo). The handwriting is in black ink on white paper.

plau --- dunt manus, plaudunt manus, plaudens
 ... dunt plaudunt manus, plaudunt manus, plaudens
 manus plaudunt manus, plaudunt manus, plaudens
 manus plaudent manus, plaudent manus, plaudens
 ... dunt, plau --- dunt plaudent manus, plaudens

78

plaudunt manus: simul montes exulta - - - bunt exulta - - -
plaudunt manus: simul montes exulta bunt
plaudunt manus: simul montes exulta - - - bunt
plaudunt manus: simul montes exulta - - - bunt
plaudunt manus: simul montes exulta - - - bunt
plaudunt manus: simul montes exulta - - - bunt

ta - bunt a Conspectu a Conspectu Do: mi =
oculta..... bunt a Conspectu a Conspectu Do: mi =
lau:tabunt a Conspectu a Conspectu Do: mi =
bunt lau:tabunt a Conspectu a Conspectu Do: mi =
oculta..... bunt a Conspectu a Conspectu Do: mi =

A handwritten musical score for organ, consisting of ten staves of music. The music is primarily in common time (indicated by 'C') and includes Gregorian chant notation with square neumes on four-line staves. The Latin text, written below the neumes, includes phrases such as 'In die iudicii' and 'Quoniam venit'. The score also features organ accompaniment, indicated by various note heads and rests on the staves.

79

-1em: flumina flumina plau - - dent plau - - dent plau - -

-1em: flumina flumina plau - - dent plau - - dent plau - -

-1em: flumina flumina plau - - dent plau - - dent manu,

-1em: flumina flumina plau - - dent manu, plau - -

-1em: flumina flumina plau - - dent plau - -



Simul montes exulta..... bunt
Simul montes loculta..... bunt simul montes exula-
Simul montes loculta..... bunt simul montes exula-
Simul montes loculta..... bunt loculta..... bunt
Simul montes exulta..... bunt loculta bunt exula-

Simul montes exulta..... bunt
Simul montes loculta..... bunt simul montes exula-
Simul montes loculta..... bunt simul montes exula-
Simul montes loculta..... bunt loculta..... bunt
Simul montes exulta..... bunt loculta bunt exula-

loculta . . . bunt a Conspectu a Conspectu Do = mi =
 rebunt locultabunt a Conspectu a Conspectu Do = mi =
 rebunt locultabunt a Conspectu a Conspectu Do = mi =
 loculta . . . bunt a Conspectu a Conspectu Do = mi =
 rebunt locultabunt a Conspectu a Conspectu Do = mi =

-ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =

-ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =

-ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =

-ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =
 -ni, quoniam venit Judicaro Judi:ca-ro sed =

lentement



A handwritten musical score for a vocal part, likely soprano, on four staves of five-line music. The score consists of four identical measures of music, each with lyrics in Spanish: "Injusti - cia, le populos le populos Inequita - to." The music includes various dynamics like forte (f), piano (p), and sforzando (sf), as well as specific note heads and rests.



NISI QUIA DOMINUS

Motet a 5.



Accit de Adao et Choeur	hist quid dominus præt in nobis dicat nunc Isaiæ. Cum exurgenter homines in nos. post vivi negliguerent nos	1
Accit de Adao et Choeur et accompagn.	Cum Ihesus eretur pater lotum in nos, fistiter aqua absoluisset nos	19
Accit de Jésus le Roi avec violons et Choeur	Totientem per viam sicut anima nostra, fistiter per viam sicut anima nostra aquea intollerabilem	26
Accit de Jésus ave universitate	Benedictus dominus qui non dedit nos in captiōnē dentibus lotum	50
Accit de Jésus avec flutes et violons	Anima nostra sicut palla crepta est de laqueo venantium; laqueus constitutus est, et nos liberati sumus	53
Accit de Jésus et Choeur	Adjutorium nostrum in nomine domini, qui fecit Coelum et Terram	58

Am

NISI QUILA DOMINUS

Psalm. 125.

Lentement

Symphonies

Tous

The musical score consists of four staves of handwritten notation. The first three staves are in common time, while the fourth staff begins with a dotted half note followed by a common time signature. The notation includes various note heads (solid black, hollow, and cross-hatched) and rests, typical of early printed music notation. The first two staves are labeled "Symphonies" and the third staff is labeled "Tous". The fourth staff starts with a dotted half note followed by a common time signature. The music is set against a background of horizontal lines, likely representing a piano or harpsichord part.



A handwritten musical score for three voices (SATB) on five staves. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are: Soprano (S), Alto (A), and Bass (B). The lyrics are in Latin, with some words in Hebrew. The score includes a basso continuo part at the bottom. The lyrics are as follows:

Soprano: Dicat nunc Israël, dicat nunc Israël,
Alto: Dicat nunc Israël, dicat nunc Israël,
Bass: Dicat nunc Israël, dicat nunc Israël,
Basso continuo: Dicat nunc Israël, dicat nunc Israël,

Chorus

4

nisi quia dominus e- - - - - sat in
nisi quia dominus e- - - - - sat in
nisi quia dominus e- - - - - sat in
Is. 1aël. nisi quia dominus e- - - - - sat in nobis in
nisi quia dominus e- - - - - sat in

for
tous
tous
tous
tous

marqué précédemment

5

A handwritten musical score for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and piano. The score consists of ten staves. The first five staves are vocal parts, each with lyrics in Latin: "Cum lauguissent homines iuniores, forte videt forte", "Cum lauguissent homines iuniores, forte vi = 100", "at ----- gerent homines iuniores, forte vi = 100", "Cum lauguissent homines iuniores, forte", and "----- gerent homines iuniores, forte vi = 100". The remaining five staves are for the piano, featuring various harmonic progressions and rhythmic patterns.

9. oisn folto vicos deglutillunt nos, folto vicos de-
 folto vicos deglutillunt nos, folto vicos deglutillunt
 folto vicos deglutillunt nos, folto vicos deglutillunt
 vicos, folto vicos deglutillunt nos, folto vicos de-
 folto vicos deglutillunt nos, folto vicos deglutillunt

10.
 11.
 12.
 13.
 14.

glutillent nos, fato viros deglutillent nos, fato
 nos, fato viros deglutillent nos, fato
 nos, fato viros deglutillent nos, fato
 nos, fato viros deglutillent nos, fato vi = vio
 nos, fato viros deglutillent nos, fato

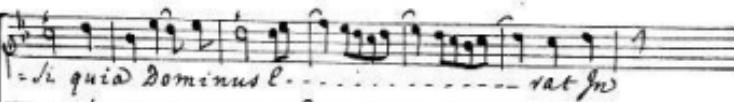
vidos fatto vi:dos fatto vidos de =
 vidos fatto vidos deglutitantes fatto vidos de =
 vidos fatto vi:dos fatto vidos deglutientes
 fatto vi:dos fatto vidos deglutientes
 vidos fatto vi:dos fatto vidos deglutientes

A musical score for a single voice part, likely a soprano or alto, featuring a melodic line with various note heads and rests. The vocal line is accompanied by a piano or harpsichord part, indicated by a bass staff with large, bold note heads. The lyrics are written below the vocal line in a cursive script.

gravement

II

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of ten staves. The first six staves are vocal parts, each with a vocal line and a piano accompaniment line below it. The vocal parts are labeled 'not:' followed by a colon. The piano parts are labeled 'pno:' followed by a colon. The vocal parts sing 'nisi qui' in measures 1-2, 'nisi qui' in measure 3, and 'not:' in measures 4-5. The piano parts play eighth-note chords in measures 1-2, eighth-note patterns in measure 3, eighth-note chords in measure 4, and eighth-note patterns in measure 5. Measures 6-10 begin with a piano part featuring sixteenth-note patterns. The vocal parts enter in measure 7 with eighth-note chords. The piano part continues with sixteenth-note patterns through measure 10. The vocal parts sing 'nisi qui' in measure 7, 'not:' in measure 8, and 'nisi qui' in measure 9. The piano part concludes with a sustained note in measure 10.



viventem

13

no - - bis; Cum laugu es un homi nes pri nos,

no - - bis; Cum laugu es un homi nes pri nos,

Cum laugu es un homi nes pri nos,

Cum laugu es - - - - - ges en t homi nes pri nos,

Cum laugu es - - - - - ges en t homi nes pri nos,

Cum laugu es - - - - - ges en t homi nes pri nos,

Cum laugu es - - - - - ges en t homi nes pri nos,

viventem

forte vivos forte vivos deglutillant nos,
 forte vivos forte vivos deglutillant nos, forte

fato viver degluttient nos, fato viver degluttient nos de-
 fato viver degluttient nos degluttient nos de-
 fato viver degluttient nos, fato viver degluttient nos de-
 fato viver degluttient nos, fato viver degluttient nos de-
 viver degluttient nos, fato viver degluttient nos, de-

:glutkintnor: forte vi - voi forte
 :glutillentnor: forte vi - voi forte
 :glutillentnor: forte vi voi forte vi voi
 :glutillentnor: forte vi - voi forte vi - voi
 :glutillentnor: forte vi - voi forte vi - voi

viver deglutiſſent nos, fato viver deglutiſſent nos, deglutiſſen
 viver deglutiſſent nos, fato viver deglutiſſent nos, deglutiſſen
 :glutiſſent nos, fato viver deglutiſſent nos, deglutiſſen
 :glutiſſent nos, fato viver deglutiſſent nos, deglutiſſen
 :glutiſſent nos, fato viver deglutiſſent nos, deglutiſſen

nos, fette viver deglutiscent nos, deglutiscent nos.
 nos, fette viver deglutiscent nos, deglutiscent nos:
 nos, fette viver deglutiscent nos, deglutiscent nos.
 nos, fette viver deglutiscent nos, deglutiscent nos.
 nos, fette viver deglutiscent nos, deglutiscent nos:
 nos, fette viver deglutiscent nos, deglutiscent nos.

for le mezzo

19

A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The score consists of ten staves of music. The first staff is for the voice, starting with a dynamic of $\frac{6}{8}$ time signature. The piano accompaniment begins on the second staff with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{4}$. The vocal line continues on the third staff with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{4}$. The piano accompaniment continues on the fourth staff with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{4}$. The vocal line continues on the fifth staff with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{4}$. The piano accompaniment continues on the sixth staff with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{4}$. The vocal line continues on the seventh staff with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{4}$. The piano accompaniment continues on the eighth staff with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{4}$. The vocal line continues on the ninth staff with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{4}$. The piano accompaniment continues on the tenth staff with a dynamic of $\frac{2}{4}$. The vocal line concludes with a melodic line consisting of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment concludes with a melodic line consisting of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Cum glorio cete-----tut

per totum fratre,

Cum glorio cete-----tut

20

Dopo

A handwritten musical score page featuring two staves of music. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature. The music consists of various note heads and stems, some with vertical dashes indicating pitch. The lyrics, written in cursive Italian, are placed below the notes. The first line of lyrics is "furor eorum in nos, furor e-ōnum pustile - - - sum in". The second line starts with "fur-", followed by a measure of eighth-note pairs, and ends with "Dopo". The third line begins with a measure of eighth-note pairs. The fourth line starts with a measure of eighth-note pairs and ends with "folitan a - - - quas ab =". The fifth line begins with a measure of eighth-note pairs.

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and piano. The score consists of eight staves. The first four staves are soprano, alto, tenor, and piano respectively. The fifth staff begins with a vocal entry for 'Tenor' followed by a vocal entry for 'Alto'. The sixth staff begins with a vocal entry for 'Alto'. The seventh staff begins with a vocal entry for 'Tenor'. The eighth staff begins with a vocal entry for 'Tenor' followed by a vocal entry for 'Soprano'. The music includes various note heads, stems, and rests. The piano part features a bass line with some harmonic notation above the staff.

... Pa - i set nos, ab - sol -

for

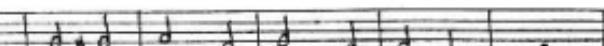
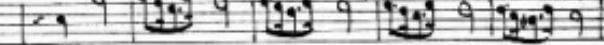
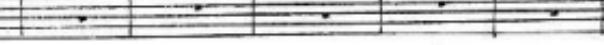
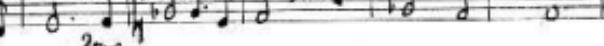
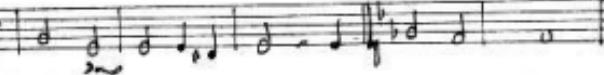
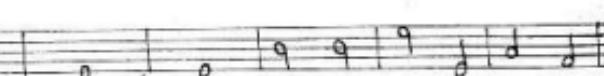
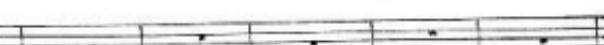
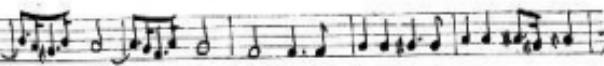
... Pa - i set nos.

A handwritten musical score for two voices and piano. The score consists of eight staves. The top four staves represent the vocal parts, likely soprano and alto, with lyrics in Latin: "Cum Iudas Cetero --- tuus fuit locutus frustis". The bottom four staves represent the piano accompaniment. The music is written in common time, with various key signatures (G major, A major, D major) indicated by sharps and flats. Measure numbers 1 through 12 are present above the staves. The score is written on a single page with a decorative border.

A page from a handwritten musical score. The top two staves are for piano, showing bass and treble clefs with various dynamics like forte (f), piano (p), and sforzando (sf). The third staff is for voice, starting with a vocal entry. The lyrics in Spanish are: "nos, fusos lo - - - tum, nos, folitan". The bottom two staves are for piano. The score continues on the next page.

Buis - let nos: abfor - - - - buisse

folitanas --- que ab-

26 *Intemperie**p* violons*p* violons*p**p**p**p**p**p**p**p**p**p**p*

Totten... tem tottentem
 hotta, Totten... tem tottentem pertianisiv anima
 notto pertianisiv animonotia pertianisiv anima

 Totten...
 notto, Totten...
 hotta pertianisiv animonotia pertianisiv anima not...

tem perturbavit anima nostra pertransit
 tem totten tem totten
 tem totten tem totten
 tem totten tem totten

levit anima nostra, totten
 tem totten
 tem totten

... tem timentem perturbans
 ... tem timentem perturbans
 ... tem perturbans
 ... tem perturbans
 ... tem perturbans

 gavement

tan pertransibit anima nostra aquam intolerabilem, possit
 tan pertransibit anima nostra aquam intolerabilem, possit
 tan pertransibit anima nostra aquam intolerabilem, possit
 tan pertransibit anima nostra aquam ... quem intolerabilem,
 tan pertransibit anima nostra ... quem intolerabilem,
 sicut anima nostra, possit tan pertransibit anima nostra

aquam intollerabilem intollerabilem intole =
 aquam intollerabilem intollerabilem intole =
 aquam intollerabilem intollerabilem intole =
 aquam intollerabilem, aquam intollerabilem, intole =
 ra = bilis:
 animonostis a - - -
 - bilis,
 animonostis a - - -
 ra = bilis; folitens pertransiit anima nostra, folitens pertransiit

... quoniam intolerabilem, a----- quoniam intolerabilem
... quoniam intolerabilem, a----- quoniam intolerabilem
- sicut anima nostra aquoniam intolerabilem, aquoniam

In tolerabilem In tol-e=ta = Bi =
In tolerabilem In tol-e=ta = Bi =
In tolerabilem In tol-e=ta = Bi =

TOLLYMER pour le Choeur

Chorus

gravement

94

Soprano: *Totter* - - - - - *lepus*: *Totter* - - - - -

Alto: *Totter* - - - - - *lepus* *Totter* - - - - - *tem* *posttransl* - - - - -

Bass: *Totter* - - - - - *lepus*: *Totter* - - - - -

gravement

Soprano: *Totter* - - - - - *lepus*: *Totter* - - - - -

Alto: *Totter* - - - - - *lepus* *Totter* - - - - - *tem* *posttransl* - - - - -

Bass: *Totter* - - - - - *lepus*: *Totter* - - - - -

tem tottentem pertransivit anima nostra, totten
 tem, totten tem pertrans-
 anima nostra, pertransivit anima nos tria, pertransivit anima
 tem tottentem pertransivit anima nos - tria, totten
 totten tem, totten -

Soprano
Alto
Bass

... pertrian
nestra, torrentem tem
pertranlivit anima nostra,

Sicut anima nostra anima nostra Toten ... - - - - -
 Sicut anima nostra Toten ... - - - - -
 perturbans sicut anima nostra Toten ... - - - - -
 perturbans sicut anima nostra, perturbans sicut
 perturbans sicut anima nostra, perturbans sicut perturbans sicut anima

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The first two staves are for two voices in unison, with lyrics 'Sicut anima nostra' and 'perturbans sicut anima nostra'. The third staff begins with 'perturbans sicut anima nostra' and continues to the end of the page. The fourth staff begins with 'perturbans sicut anima nostra' and continues to the end of the page. The fifth staff begins with 'perturbans sicut anima nostra' and continues to the end of the page. The sixth staff begins with 'perturbans sicut anima nostra' and continues to the end of the page.

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, and bass clef. The lyrics are in German, with some words underlined. The score includes ten staves of music with various rests and note heads.

Soprano tem
Trotten
Trotten tem
Trotten pertan
- ven tem pertan sit in anima
- tem pertan tem Trotten
- tem Trotten tem pertan sit in anima nostra pertan

tem pertinacis in animo
 levit pertinacis in animo nos ... tra, pertinacis in animo
 levit pertinacis in animo nos ... tra, pertinacis in animo
 levit pertinacis in animo nos ... tra, pertinacis in animo
 levit pertinacis in animo nos ... tra, pertinacis in animo

The score is handwritten on five staves. The top staff begins with a treble clef, the second with an alto clef, and the third with a bass clef. The fourth and fifth staves are blank. The music is composed of sixteenth-note patterns. The lyrics are written below the notes in a cursive hand. The first line reads "tem pertinacis in animo". The second line starts with "levit pertinacis in animo nos ... tra, pertinacis in animo". The third line continues with "levit pertinacis in animo nos ... tra, pertinacis in animo". The fourth line continues with "levit pertinacis in animo nos ... tra, pertinacis in animo". The fifth line continues with "levit pertinacis in animo nos ... tra, pertinacis in animo".

gay 21

hostia, post transiō per transiō anima nos --- tis; *poffri.*

nos tis, post transiō per transiō anima nos --- tis; *poffri.*

--- vivit anima hostia, post transiō anima nos --- tis; *poffri.*

--- vivit anima hostia, post transiō anima nos --- tis; *poffri.*

--- vivit anima hostia, post transiō anima nos --- tis; *poffri.*

gay



42

A handwritten musical score for three voices, likely a motet or cantata. The music is written on five-line staves, and the lyrics are provided in Latin. The score consists of two systems of music.

The first system (measures 1-8) includes three voices:

- Bassus:** tan pertansilit anima nostra
- Altus:** a quae in to le
- Soprano:** tan pertansilit anima nostra frisitan pertansilit anima

The second system (measures 9-16) includes three voices:

- Bassus:** tan pertansilit anima nostra solitam pertansilit anima
- Altus:** a quae in to le
- Soprano:** tan pertansilit anima nostra frisitan pertansilit anima

Each staff uses a different clef (Bassus: bass clef; Altus: soprano clef; Soprano: soprano clef), and the music is primarily composed of eighth and sixteenth notes. The notation includes various rests and a few grace notes.

reabilem, aquam in toleras - - - bilis, aquam in tolere-

reabilem, aquam in toleras - - - bilis, in tolerabilius in tolere-

reabilem, aquam in tolerabilius, aquam in tolerabilius, in tolere-

reabilem, aquam in tolerabilius, aquam in tolerabilius, in tolere-

reabilem, aquam in tolerabilius, aquam in tolerabilius, in tolere-

reabilem, aquam in tolerabilius, aquam in tolerabilius, in tolere-

reabilem, aquam in tolerabilius, aquam in tolerabilius, in tolere-

reabilem, aquam in tolerabilius, aquam in tolerabilius, in tolere-

reabilem, aquam in tolerabilius, aquam in tolerabilius, in tolere-

reabilem, aquam in tolerabilius, aquam in tolerabilius, in tolere-

reabilem, aquam in tolerabilius, aquam in tolerabilius, in tolere-

14

ra Silene: folsitan pertransiit anima nostra, anima nostra
v.a. Silene: folsitan pertransiit anima nostra, folsi.
v.a. Silene: folsitan pertransiit anima nostra, folsi.
v.a. Silene: folsitan pertransiit anima nostra, folsi.

a.....quam in to letabiliem, aquam in to le tabiliem
- tan pertinens. Ut anima nostra aquam in to letabiliem, aquam
a.....quam in to letabiliem, aquam in to letabiliem, aquam
- tan pertinens. Ut anima nostra aquam in to letabiliem, aquam
- tan pertinens. Ut anima nostra aquam in to letabiliem, aquam



A handwritten musical score for voice and piano. The vocal line consists of lyrics in Latin, repeated in four-line staves. The piano accompaniment is provided in five-line staves below the vocal line. The lyrics are:

a quem intolera - - dilem, possitan pertinaciam
intolerabiliens intolera - - dilem, possitan pertinaciam
intolera - - dilem intolera - - dilem, possitan pertinaciam
intolerabiliens intolera - - dilem, possitan pertinaciam
intolera - - dilem intolera - - dilem, possitan pertinaciam

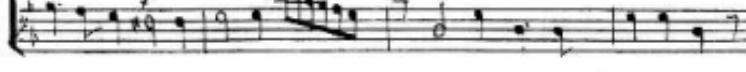
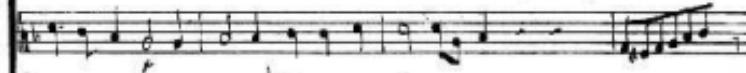
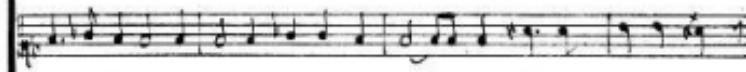
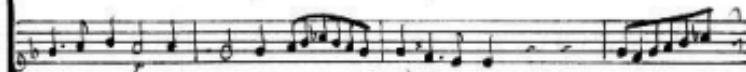
animonstra aquam in tole - sa - Sileno; a - - - -

animonstra aquam in tole - sa - Sileno, frustan peccan -

animonstra aquam in tole - sa - Sileno; frustan peccan -

animonstra aquam in tole - sa - Sileno; a - - - -

animonstra aquam in tole - sa - Sileno; frustan peccan -



18

A handwritten musical score for three voices and basso continuo. The top system consists of two staves for voices and one for basso continuo. The voices sing in a mix of Latin and Italian. The basso continuo staff features a bassoon part with slurs and a harpsichord part with sixteenth-note patterns. The music is in common time, with various key signatures. The lyrics are as follows:

quem Intolerabilem, quem Intolerabilem
-libet anima nostra quem Intolerabilem
-libet anima nostra aquam Intole-
-quem Intolerabilem, quem Intolerabilem, aquam
-libet anima nostra aquam Intolerabilem, aquam

The bottom system contains four blank staves for continuation.

In tol-e-ri-bilem, In tol-e-ra-bilem.

 In tol-e-ri-bilem, In tol-e-ra-bilem.
 In tol-e-ri-bilem, In tol-e-ra-bilem.
 In tol-e-ri-bilem, In tol-e-ra-bilem.
 In tol-e-ri-bilem, In tol-e-ra-bilem.
 In tol-e-ri-bilem, In tol-e-ra-bilem.

50

gravement

P. Autonome
Benedictus Dominus *Benedictus Dominus,* *ine-*
dic tuus do- minus qui non delis nos in Captio - - - nes den-
... - - - ribus e. o. quia qui non delis nos in Captio - - -

51
 nenditibus e - - odum. Benedictus Dominus Bene-
 dictus dominus, benedic - - tus do - minus.
 gavement
 violons
 anima no - tra

Animo nos, tu hunc pes... ad Ego...

tu es deus... quo venantibus; dicit

pala? animo nos tu Ego... tu es deus...

quo venantum.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) and piano, featuring four staves of music. The vocal parts are in common time, while the piano part is in 6/8 time. The vocal parts sing in a mix of French and Latin. The lyrics include "La quens Contritus est, et nos libera", "Suumus, libera", "nos libera", and "sumus". The piano part provides harmonic support with various chords and rhythmic patterns.

31 Petit Choral

anima nostra tua sicut
anima nostra sicut
anima nostra sicut
anima nostra sicut
pes... sed papa... tu es pola...
pes... sed papa... tu es pola...
quo venantium; sicut papa? anima nostra C...
quo venantium; sicut papa? anima nostra C...

Soprano: rep... wohlt Vola queo vinenium.
Alto: rep... wohlt Vola queo vinenium.

Soprano: *Sol* la..... queus Contritus sit, *Tres* la..... queus Contritus
Alto: la..... queus Contritus

Piano: *Sol* hit, et nos libera - ti sumus, libe -
Alto: hit, et nos libera - ti sumus,

56

Tres

ti sumus: et nos libera - ti

et nos libera - ti

sumus, libera - ti su -

sumus,

sumus: libera - ti sumus:

libera - ti sumus, libera - ti sumus:

Sicut
 anima nostra sicut pars deus reg tu es deus
 la queo venantium; sicut pars anima
 Sicut pars anima
 nostra reg tu es deus queo venantium.
 nostra reg tu es deus queo venantium.

Chorus gravement

58



gravement



gavement



gavement



60

Et, la..... queus Constitutus sit.
 adiutorium nostrum
 Et, laqueus laqueus Constitutus sit:
 Et, laqueus laqueus Constitutus sit.

B.C.

adjutorium nostrum in nomine de: mi:

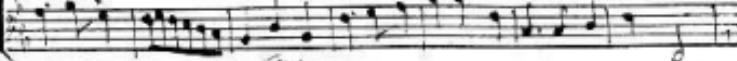
adjutorium nostrum in nomine do: mi:

adjutorium nostrum in nomine du: mi:

nomine domini,

adjutorium nostrum in nomine do: mi:

adjutorium nostrum in nomine do: mi:



A handwritten musical score page featuring six staves of music. The first three staves begin with a soprano vocal line, indicated by a 'S' and a 'ni'. The fourth staff begins with a bass vocal line, indicated by a 'B' and a 'hi'. The fifth staff begins with another bass vocal line, indicated by a 'B' and a 'hi'. The sixth staff begins with a bass vocal line, indicated by a 'B' and a 'hi'. The vocal parts are primarily sustained notes, while the instrumental parts consist of rhythmic patterns of eighth and sixteenth notes. The score is written on five-line staves with various key signatures and time signatures.

qui priez Belum et sait amouysse est Belum et ses

BC

Adiutorium nostrum fortiter nominemus Deum meum :

adjutorium nostrum in nomine domini

ad iustitiam nostram intronimis dominis

de... queusCentritus

Adjutorium nostrum in nomine Domini.

adjutorium nostrum in nomine domini

144-4

B C

adiutorium nostrum in nomine Domini;
 adiutorium nostrum in nomine Domini;
 adiutorium nostrum in nomine Domini;
 Et, et nos liberemus
 adiutorium nostrum in nomine Domini;
 adiutorium nostrum in nomine Domini.

 Coda
 BG

A handwritten musical score for three voices (SATB) and piano. The score consists of eight staves. The top three staves are for the voices, each with lyrics in Latin: "In nomine domini libera - ti sumus, libe -", "In nomine domini libera - ti sumus, libe -", and "In nomine domini libera - ti sumus, libe -". The fourth staff is for the basso continuo (basso). The fifth staff is for the piano. The sixth, seventh, and eighth staves are blank. The score is written in common time, with various key signatures (G major, C major, F major, B-flat major, E major, A major, D major, G major) indicated by the first letter of each staff. The vocal parts are in soprano, alto, and tenor/bass. The piano part includes a basso continuo line. The score is dated "1785" at the bottom.

das ti Su - mus: la - queus Constitutus sit,
 das libera - ti Su - mus: laqueus Constitutus sit,
 das ti Su - mus: laqueus Constitutus sit,
Adiu-
 das libera - ti Su - mus: laqueus Constitutus sit,
 das ti Su - mus: laqueus Constitutus sit,

BC

qui fecit Coelum Et terram, qui
 qui fecit Coelum Et terram, qui
 qui fe = Cis Coelum Et terram, qui
 = festum nostrum ihu noster de mire

qui fe = Cis Coelum Et terram, qui
 qui fe = Cis Coelum Et terram, qui

ritus

fe..... cit Coelum et terram. adju-
 feir qui fecit Coelum et terram; adju-
 feir qui fecit Coelum et terram; adju-
 la..... queus contritus est,
 feir qui fe..... cit Coelum et terram; adju-
 feir qui fecit Coelum et terram; adju-

E.C. Tonus

• Potius nostum in nomine Domini,

• Potius nostum in nomine Domini,

• Potius nostum in nomine Domini,

Et nos libera.....ti

• Potius nostum in nomine Domini,

• Potius nostum in nomine Domini.

B.C.

In nomine domini libera - ti sumus, libe -

In nomine domini libera - - ti sumus, libe -

In nomine domini libera - - - ti sumus, libe -

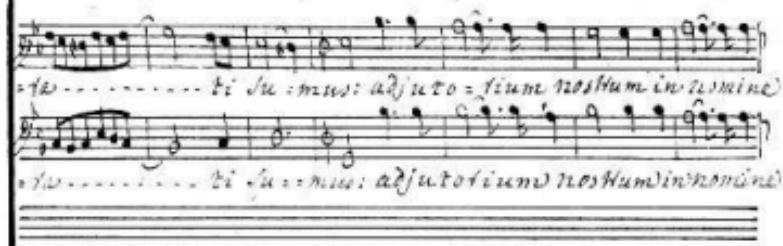
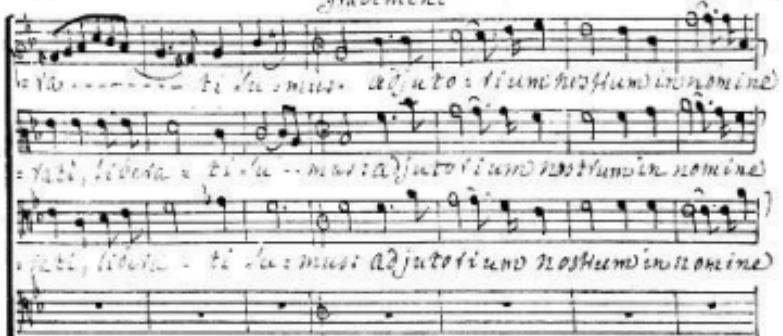
Adagio

In nomine domini libera - ti sumus, libe -

In nomine domini libera - - ti sumus, libe -

Glaeblein

71



Glaeblein



Bo : mini, qui fecit Coelum et Terram et sis - tam, qui fecit
 Bo : mini, qui fecit Coelum et Ter - ram, qui fecit
 Bo : mini, qui fecit Coelum et Ter - ram, qui fecit
 Bo : mini, qui fecit Coelum et Ter - ram, qui fecit
 Bo : mini, qui fecit Coelum et Ter - ram, qui fecit

Bo : mini, qui fecit Coelum et Ter - ram, qui fecit

Bo : mini, qui fecit Coelum et Ter - ram, qui fecit

Bo : mini, qui fecit Coelum et Ter - ram, qui fecit

Bo : mini, qui fecit Coelum et Ter - ram, qui fecit

