

C. RENE HIRSCHFELD

THE CRANE BOOK

**12 SONGS AND 2 INSTRUMENTALS
AFTER LINES FROM STEPHEN CRANE
OP. 117**

SONGS:

A THOUSAND TONGUES
UNWIND MY RIDDLE
TRUTH
MY WEAK HEART
THE LEARNED MAN
BALL OF GOLD
ONCE I KNEW A FINE SONG
NOTHING SAFE OPINION
WHAT SAYS THE SEA
LIFE OF FIRE
NO VIOLETS
TONGUE OF WOOD

INSTRUMENTALS:

CRANE HEARTS
FOR SAXOPHON QUARTET
FOR TWO VIOLINS

THE CRANE BOOK

A THOUSAND TONGUES

LYRICS: STEPHEN CRANE

MUSIC: C. RENE HIRSCHFELD

BLUES ♩ = ♩³ ♩

DM 8b7# DM 8b7#

YES. I HAVE A THOU-SAND TONGUES - - - - - AND
 YES. HAVE A THOU-SAND TONGUES - - - - -
 THOUGH STRIVE TO USE THE ONE - - - - -
 YES. HAVE A THOU-SAND TONGUES - - - - -

Gm9 Eb4 8b7#

YES NINE AND NINE-TY-NINE, A NINE AND THOU - SAND TONGUES - - - - - AND
 IT WILL MAKE HAVE NO A ME - TY - NINE - - - - -
 YES. YES. MAKE HAVE A THOU - SAND LO - OY TONGUES - - - - - AND

Dm6 Gm6 9 A6 7

NINE AND NINE-TY-NINE, NINE AND NINE-TY-NINE, NINE AND NINE-TY - NINE
 THOUGH I STRIVE, THOUGH I STRIVE, THOUGH I STRIVE TO USE THE
 - AT - MY - WILT. - BUT - IS - DEAD. - BUT IS DEAD - IN MY -
 NINE AND NINE-TY-NINE, NINE AND NINE-TY-NINE, NINE AND NINE-TY - NINE

DM 1. 2. 3. Asus7 DM Cadd9 Cm7(b9) Asus7 DM

LIE ONE MOUTH LIE LIE

UNWIND MY RIDDLE

LYRICS: STEPHEN CRANE

MUSIC: C. RENE HIRSCHFELD

♩ = 100 STRAIGHT ♩'s

EM7EM6 D6 E9- Bb EM7EM6 D6 E9- Bb

INSTRUMENTAL

A 3 GM 3 DM Bb EM DM C5# C6 Bb7#

INSTRUMENTAL

UN-WIND MY RIDDLE,

UN-WIND MY RIDDLE.

A 3 GM 3 DM Bb A GM7 DM Bb

INSTRUMENTAL

CRUEL AS HAWKS THE HOURS FLY;

A 3 GM 3 DM Bb EM DM C5# C6 Bb7#

INSTRUMENTAL

UN-WIND MY RIDDLE,

UN-WIND MY RIDDLE.

A 3 GM 3 DM Bb A 3 Bb7# 3 EM-7 E0-7

INSTRUMENTAL

WOUNDED MEN SELDOM COME HOME TO DIE;

A 3 GM 3 DM Bb EM DM C5# C6 Bb7#

INSTRUMENTAL

UN-WIND MY RIDDLE,

UN-WIND MY RIDDLE.

A 3 GM 3 DM Bb A Bb9 E0 Bb7#

INSTRUMENTAL

THE HARD WAVES SEE AN ARM FLUNG HIGH;

A ³ G^M ³ D^M B^b E^M D^M C^{5#} C⁶ B^{b7#}
 INSTRUMENTAL UN-WIND MY RIDD-LE. UN-WIND MY RIDD-LE.

A ³ G^M ³ D^M B^b A G⁷ G⁶ F⁷ F⁶ E^{M-7}
 SCORN HITS STRONG BE CAUSE OF A LIE;

A ³ G^M ³ D^M B^b E^{M7} E^{M6} D⁶ E⁹⁻ B^b
 INSTRUMENTAL YET THERE E-XISTS A MYS-TIC TIE.

E^{M-7} E^{M6} D⁶ E⁹⁻ D^M E^M D^M C^{5#} C⁶ B^{b7#}
 YET THERE E-XISTS A MYS-TIC TIE.. UN-WIND MY RIDD-LE. UN-WIND MY RIDD-LE.

A ³ G^M ³ B^b D^M
 INSTRUMENTAL

TRUTH

LYRICS: STEPHEN CRANE
MUSIC: C. RENO HIRSCHFELD

$\text{♩} = 112$ $\text{♩} = \text{♩}^3$

DM6 F7# GM6 A Bb6

INSTRUMENTAL

DM Bb6 E7 AM E DM AM

"TRUTH", SAID A TRA-VEL-LEER, "IS A
"TRUTH", SAID A TRA-VEL-LEER, "IS A

F C DM E Bb7# G7#

ROCK, A WIND A MIGH-TY A FOR - TRESS; OF - TEN HAVE I BEEN TO IT, BUT
BREATH, A WIND A MIGH-TY A SHA-DOW, A PHAN - TOM; LONG HAVE I PUR - SUED IT BUT

A7 A7# G9 C6# E7 F A

E - VEN TO ITS HIGH - EST TO - WER, FROM WHENCE THE WORLD LOOKS BLACK."
NE - VER HAVE I TOU - CHED THE HEM OF ITS GAR - MENT.

DM6 F7# GM6 A

AND I BE-LIEVED THE SE-COND TRA-VEL-LER; FOR TRUTH WAS TO ME A BREATH, A

Bb6 DM Bb6 E7

WIND, A SHA-DOW, A PHAN-TOM, AND NE-VER HAD I TOUCHED THE HEM OF ITS GAR-MENT -

DM6 F7# GM6 A

AN I BE-LIEVED THE SE-COND TRA-VEL-LER FOR TRUTH WAS TO ME A BREATH,

Bb6 F6 A7 D7#9

WIND, A SHA-DOW, A PHAN-TOM, AND NE-VER HAD I TOUCHED THE HEM OF ITS GAR-MENT. -

MY WEAK HEART

LYRICS: STEPHEN CRANE

MUSIC: C. RENE HIRSCHFELD

♩ = 120 ♩ = ♩³

G7 **A^b6** **C^{sus}** **C^M**

INSTRUMENTAL

A^{add9} **C^{sus}** **F^M** **F^{M-}** **E^{M-}** **E⁰⁷⁻**

PLA - CES A - MONG THE STARS,
 SINCE SHE IS HERE
 SINCE SHE IS HERE

E^bM⁶ **E^bM⁷** **D⁺** **D** **A^b** **A^{b-}**

SOFT GAR - DENS NEAR THE SUN, KEEP YOUR DIS - TANT
 IN A PLACE OF BLACK - NESS, NOT YOUR GOL - DEN
 IN A PLACE OF BLACK - NESS, HERE I STAY AND

B^badd9 **B^b9** **C^M7[#]** **C^M6-** **D7**

BEAU - TY; SHED NO BEAMS U - PON MY
 DAYS. NOR YOUR SIL - VER NIGHTS CAN CALL ME
 WAIT HERE I STAY AND WAIT, STAY

Handwritten musical score for the first system. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The system consists of two staves. The top staff has a treble clef and contains the melody. The bottom staff has a bass clef and contains the bass line. Chord symbols are written above the top staff: A^b, F^M7, D^{SUS}7, C^M, and G7. The melody includes lyrics: "WEAK TO S. = 1. AND S. = 1." under the first measure, "HEART. YOU." under the second measure, and "WAIT." under the third measure. The word "INSTRUMENTAL" is written under the final measure of the system. The system ends with a double bar line.

Handwritten musical score for the second system. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The system consists of two staves. The top staff has a treble clef and contains the melody. The bottom staff has a bass clef and contains the bass line. Chord symbols are written above the top staff: A^b6, C^{SUS}, C^M, and C^{SUS} ADD9. The melody includes a slur over the first two measures and another slur over the last two measures. The system ends with a double bar line.

THE LEARNED MAN

♩ = 112 ♩ = ♩³ ♩

LYRICS: STEPHEN CRANE

MUSIC: C. RENE HIRSCHFELD

INSTRUMENTAL

LEAR - NED MAN CAME TO ME ONCE ONCE : HE SAID: "I KNOW THE
LEARNED MAN CAME TO ME ONCE : HE SAID: "I KNOW THE

3. INSTRUMENTAL

WAY, COM." AND I WAS O - VER-GOYED AT THIS : TO -
WAY, COME" AND AND I WAS O - VER-GOYED AT THIS : TO -

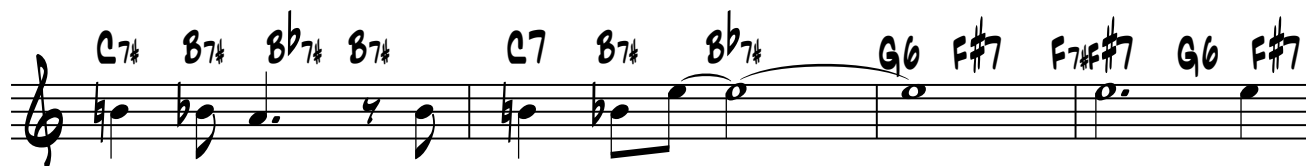
BALL OF GOLD

LYRICS: STEPHEN CRANE

MUSIC: C. RENE HIRSCHFELD



A MAN SAW A BALL OF GOLD _____ IN THE SKY ; HE



CLIMBED FOR IT, HE CLIMBED FOR IT _____ , AND E -



VEN - TUAL - LY HE A - CHIEVED _____ IT: IT _____ WAS CLAY.



NOW THIS IS THE STRANGE PART: WHEN THE MAN WENT TO THE EARTH AND



LOOKED A - GAIN, _____ LO, THERE WAS A BALL OF GOLD _____



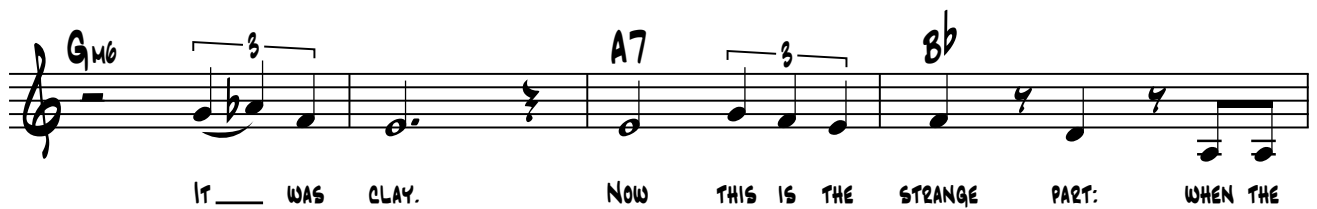
THERE WAS A BALL OF GOLD _____

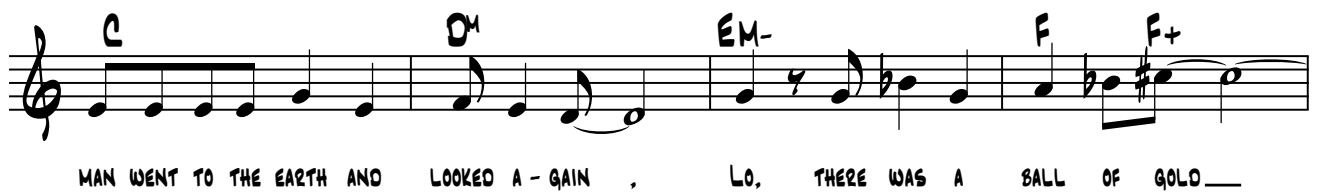


A MAN SAW A BALL OF GOLD _____ IN THE SKY











ONCE I KNEW A FINE SONG

$\text{♪} = \text{♪}^3 \text{♪}$

LYRICS: STEPHEN CRANE

MUSIC: C. RENE HIRSCHFELD

G^M C^M D/C

ON - CE I, ON - CE I ON - CE I KNEW A FINE SONG.

E^b D C/D

IT IS TRUE IT IS TRUE, BE-LIEVE ME, ON - CE I KNEW A FINE SONG.

$Fm6$ C^M $Dm-7$ C/E^b

IT WAS ALL OF BIRDS, AND I HELD THEM IN A BAS-KET; WHEN I

D^M C B^7- C^+9 $A^5_4/C^\sharp$

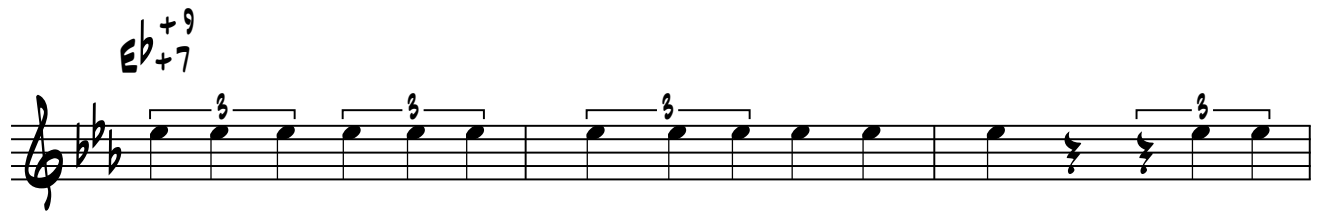
O-PENED THE WIC-KET, HEA-VENS! THEY ALL FLEW A - WAY.

$Fm6$ C^M $Dm-7$ C/E^b

IT WAS ALL OF BIRDS, AND I HELD THEM IN A BAS-KET; WHEN I

D^M C B^7- C^+9 $A^5_4/C^\sharp$

O-PENED THE WIC-KET, HEA-VENS! THEY ALL FLEW A - WAY.



I CRIED "COME BACK, LITT - LE THOUGHTS!" BUT THEY ON - LY LAUGHED. THEY FLEW



ON UN - TIL THEY WERE AS SAND THROWN, SAND



THROWN BE - TWEEN ME AND THE SKY.



INSTRUMENTAL



NOTHING SAVE OPINION

LYRICS: STEPHEN CRANE

MUSIC: C. RENE HIRSCHFELD

FM6 Ab+7/Eb D0⁷ D0⁻⁷ Cm7/Eb C7/E

ONCE THERE WAS A MAN, - - - OH, SO WISE!

FM6 Ab+7/Eb D0⁷ D0⁻⁷ Cm7 C7 FM

ONCE THERE WAS A MAN, - - - OH, SO WISE!

FM6 Ab+7/Eb D0⁷ D0⁻⁷ Eb7 Ab Cm7 C7 FM

ONCE THER WAS A MAN, - OH, SO WISE, OH, SO WISE.

Cm FM/C G-⁹/C Cm Ebm Abm/Eb Bb-⁹/Eb Ebm

IN ALL DRINK HE DE - TEC-TED THE BIT-TER AND IN ALL TOUCH HE FOUND THE STING.

Chords: C^M F^M/C $G-^9/C$ C^M E^M A^M/E^b B^b-^9/E^b E^M

INSTRUMENTAL

AT

Chords: E^M B^b-^9/E^b A^M/E^b E^M C^M $G-^9/C$ F^M/C C^M

LAST HE CRIED THUS: "THERE IS NO-THING, - NO LIFE, NO JOY, NO PAIN, -

Chords: E^M B^b-^9/E^b A^M/E^b E^M C^M $G-^9/C$ F^M/C C^M

INSTRUMENTAL

Chords: F^M $C7$ C^M7 D^7 D^7 A^b+7/E^b F^M6

THERE IS NO-THING SAVE O-PI-NION, AND O-PI-NION BE DAMNED.

C7/E Cm7/E^b D⁷ D⁷ A^b+7/E^b Fm6
 THERE IS NO - THING SAVE O - PI - NION, AND O - PI - NION BE DAMNED."

C/E Fm C/E^b E^b
 INSTRUMENTAL

Fm/D G7 Cm ADD9

BERLIN, 2012

LIFE OF FIRE

WORDS: STEPHEN CRANE
MUSIC: C. RENÉ HIRSCHFELD

The first system of musical notation consists of two staves. The top staff is a treble clef in B-flat major (two flats) and contains four measures of whole rests. The bottom staff is a bass clef in the same key and contains four measures of music. The first measure has a triplet of eighth notes (A2, Bb2, C3) beamed together, followed by a quarter rest. The second measure has a quarter note (D3), a triplet of eighth notes (Eb3, F3, G3), and a quarter rest. The third measure has a triplet of eighth notes (A2, Bb2, C3), a quarter note (D3), and a quarter rest. The fourth measure has a triplet of eighth notes (Eb3, F3, G3), a quarter note (A2), and a quarter rest.

The second system of musical notation is identical to the first system, featuring a treble staff with whole rests and a bass staff with a complex eighth-note triplet pattern.

The third system of musical notation is identical to the first two systems, but includes chord labels above the bass staff: Cm 3, G7, Am, Fm, Cm 3, Bb, and Do. The 'Do' label is positioned above the final quarter note of the fourth measure.

The fourth system of musical notation is identical to the previous systems, but includes different chord labels above the bass staff: Cm, G7, Am, Fm, Cm, D, and Bbm7(b5). The final measure ends with a double bar line.

Cm 3 G7 Am Fm Cm 3 Bb Do 3
 THERE WAS A MAN WHO LIVED A LIFE OF FI - RE. E - VEN U - ON THE
 THERE WAS A MAN PUR - SU - ING THE HO - RI - ZON; ROUND AND ROUND THEY
 3. = 1.

Cm 3 G7 Am 3 Fm Cm 3 D 3 Bbm7(b5)
 FAB - RIC OF TIME, WHERE PUR - PLE BE - COMES O - RANGE AND O - RANGE PUR - PLE,
 SPED, ROUND AND ROUND. I WAS DIS - TURBED AT THIS I AC - CO - STED THE MAN.

Cm 3 G7 Am Fm Cm 3 Bb Do 3
 THERE WAS A MAN WHO LIVED A LIFE OF FI - RE, THIS LIFE GLOWED, A
 THERE WAS A MAN PUR - SU - ING THE HO - RI - ZON; "IT IS FU - TILE," I

Cm 3 G7 Am 3 Fm Cm 3 D 3 Bbm7(b5)
 DIRE SAID, RED STAIN, IN - DE - LI - BLE; YET WHEN HE WAS DEAD, HE SAW THAT
 SAID, "YOU CAN NE - VER - " "YOU LIE," HE CRIED, AND

REFRAIN

B⁹ C⁷ D_m F_m F^o C_m C_m(b⁵) F_m F_m(ADD9) C_m C_m(b⁵)

HE HAD NOT LIVED.
RAN ON.

WHEN HE WAS DEAD, WHEN HE WAS

A_bm⁶ A_m(b⁵) C_m(b⁵) C_m F F⁶ C_m(b⁵) C_m(ADD9) G⁷

DEAD, WHEN HE WAS DEAD HE SAW THAT HE HAD NOT LIVED.

C_m 3 G⁷ A_m F_m C_m 3 B_b D^o

C_m 3 G⁷ A_m F_m C_m 3 D B_bm⁷(b⁵)

B⁹ C⁷ D_m F^o F_m G⁹ G⁹

WHAT SAYS THE SEA

WORDS: STEPHEN CRANE
MUSIC: C. RENÉ HIRSCHFELD

INSTRUMENTAL

Chords: F_m, D_m, D_m, F_m⁶, F_m, D_m, D_m, F_m⁶, A_b, F_m, A_b(ADD9), F, B_b(9), D⁷, E_m, A_m, E_m, A_m⁶

Lyrics:

"WHAT SAYS THE SEA, LITT - LE SHELL? WHAT SAYS THE
 "WHAT SAYS THE SEA, LITT - LE SHELL? WHAT SAYS THE
 WHAT IS THE RE - WARD, LITT - LE SHELL? WHAT SAYS THE

Em C⁶ Em Am⁶

SEA? _____
SEA? _____
SEA? _____

LONG HAS OUR BRO - THER BEEN
LONG HAS OUR BRO - THER BEEN
LONG HAS OUR BRO - THER BEEN

Em Am C B

SI - LENT TO US, WHAT SAYS THE SEA?
SI - LENT TO US, WHAT SAYS THE SEA?
SI - LENT TO US, WHAT SAYS THE SEA?

C F Em F⁶

KEPT HIS MES - SAGE FOR THE SHIPS,
KEPT HIS MES - SAGE FOR THE SHIPS,
KEPT HIS MES - SAGE FOR THE SHIPS,

C Am⁶ C F⁶

AWK - WAR SHIPS, STU - PID SHIPS.
PU - NY SHIPS, SIL - LY SHIPS.
PU - NY SHIPS, SIL - LY SHIPS.

C Em B⁹ Am(ADD9)

LITT - LE SHELL, WHAT SAYS THE SEA?"
LITT - LE SHELL, WHAT SAYS THE SEA?"
WHERE IS THE RE - WARD, WHAT SAYS THE SEA?"

3: INSTRUMENTAL

Dm Dm Bbm(maj7) Dm

"THE SEA BIDS YOU MOURN, O PINES,
 "THE SEA BIDS YOU TEACH, O PINES,

Dm Dm Bbm(maj7) Dm

SING LOW IN THE MOON - LIGHT.
 SING LOW IN THE MOON - LIGHT.

Bbm Bbm(sus2) Dm Bbm(sus2) Bbm

HE SENDS TALE OF THE LAND OF DOOM, OF
 TEACH THE GOLD, TEACH THE GOLD OF PA - TIENCE,

Bbm(sus2) Bbm Bbm(sus2) Dm Bbm Dm

PLACE WHERE END - LESS OF FALLS A RAIN OF
 CRY, CRY GOS - PEL OF GENT - LE HEARTS, CRY

Fm Dm Dm Fm6

WO - MEN'S TEARS, AND MEN IN GREY ROBES -
 - A BRO - THER - HOOD OF HEARTS. - THE

Ab Fm Abm(ADD9) F

MEN IN GREY ROBES CHANT THE UN - KNOWN

SEA BIDS YOU TEACH, _____ O _____

B(b9) D7

PAIN." PINES." AND

1.2. 3.

D7 Em Am Em

"NO WORD SAYS THE SEA, O PINES, NO

2: INSTRUMENTAL

Am6 Em C6 Em

WORD SAYS THE SEA. LONG WILL YOUR

Am6 Em Am C

BRO - THER BE SI - LENT TO YOU, BE SI - LENT TO

B C F E_m

YOU, KEEP HIS MES - SAGE FOR THE

F⁶ C A_m⁶ C

SHIPS, O PINES, PU - NY

F⁶ C E_m 1. A_m(ADD9)

PINE, SIL - LY PINES. NO WORD SAYS THE

B⁹ 2. B(b9) A_m(ADD9)

SEA."

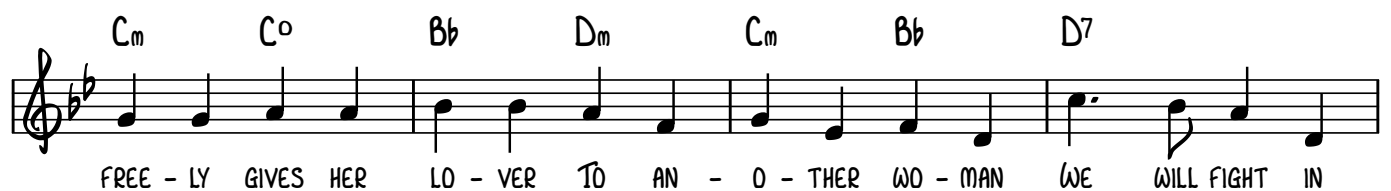
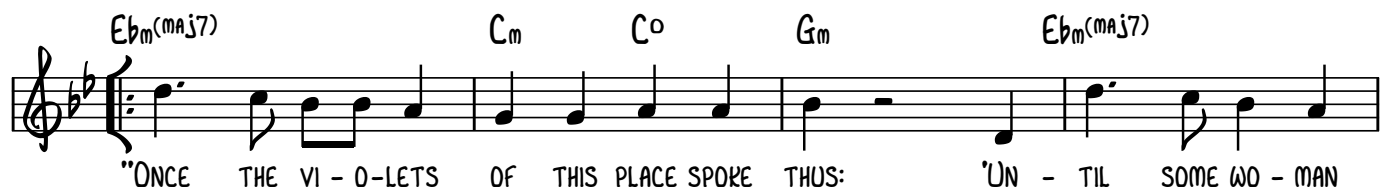
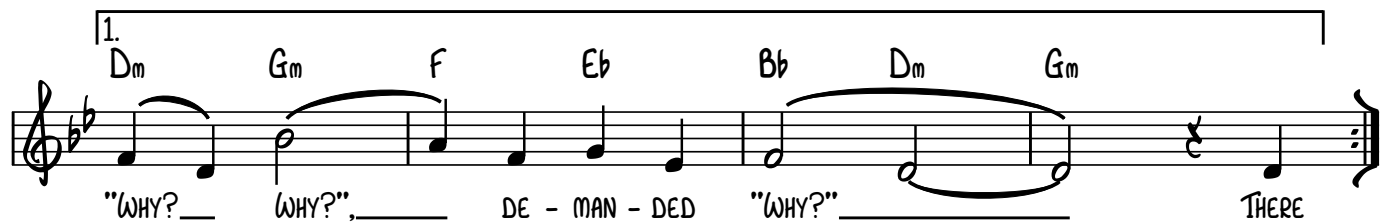
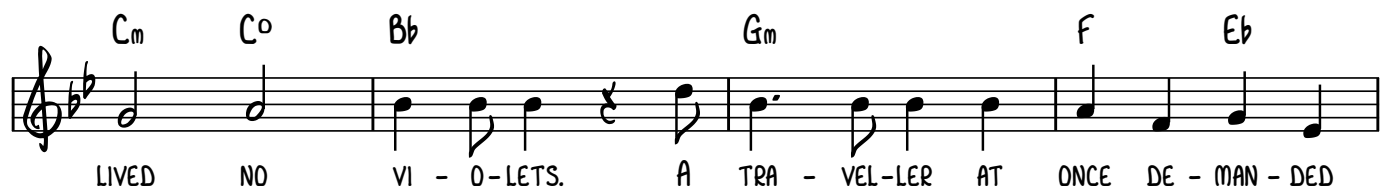
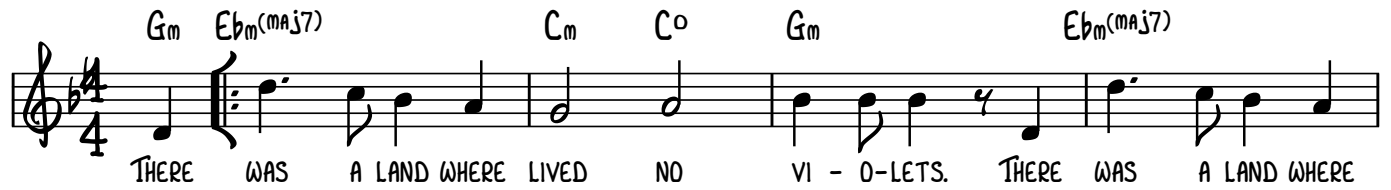
E_m(b6)

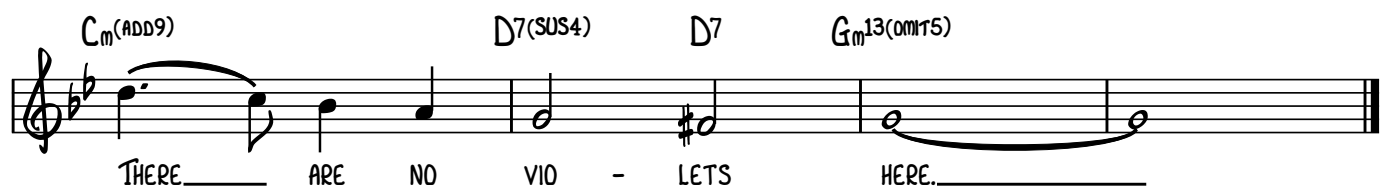
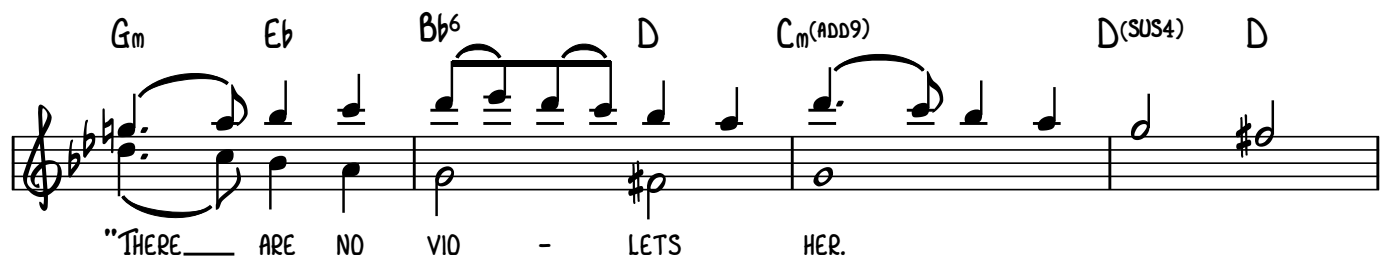
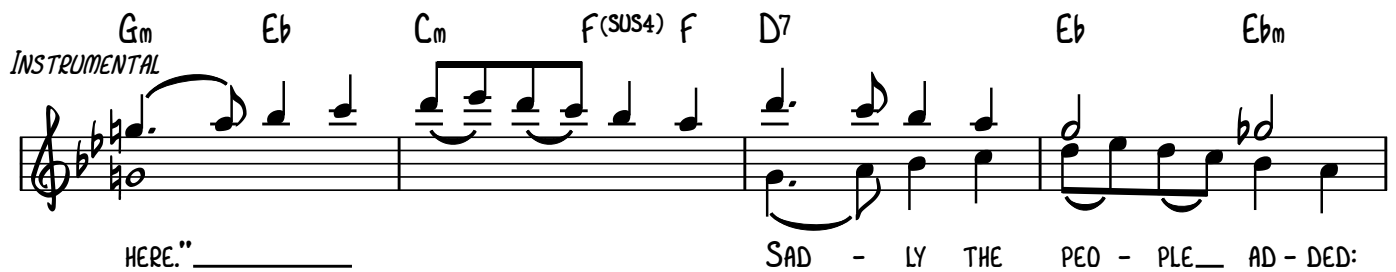
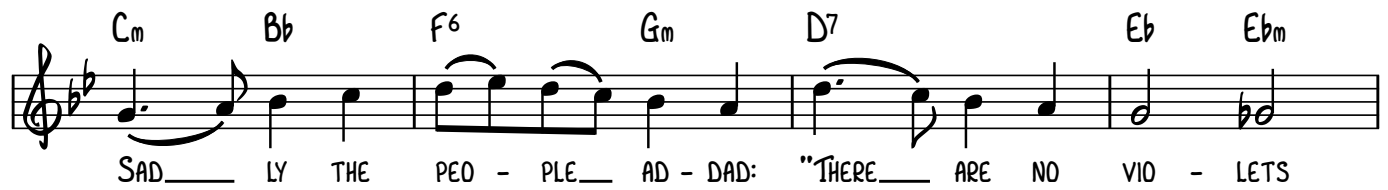
E_m(b6)

NO VIOLETS

WORDS: STEPHEN CRANE

MUSIC: C. RENÉ HIRSCHFELD





Tongue of wood

words: Stephen Crane
music: C. René Hirschfeld

3

Tenorsaxophon

Posaune

Voc

Kontrabass

pizz.

6

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

...

11

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

There was a man with tongue of wood there

17

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

... was a man with tongue of wood Who es-say-ed to sing.

...

23

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

Tongue of wood, tongue of wood,

28

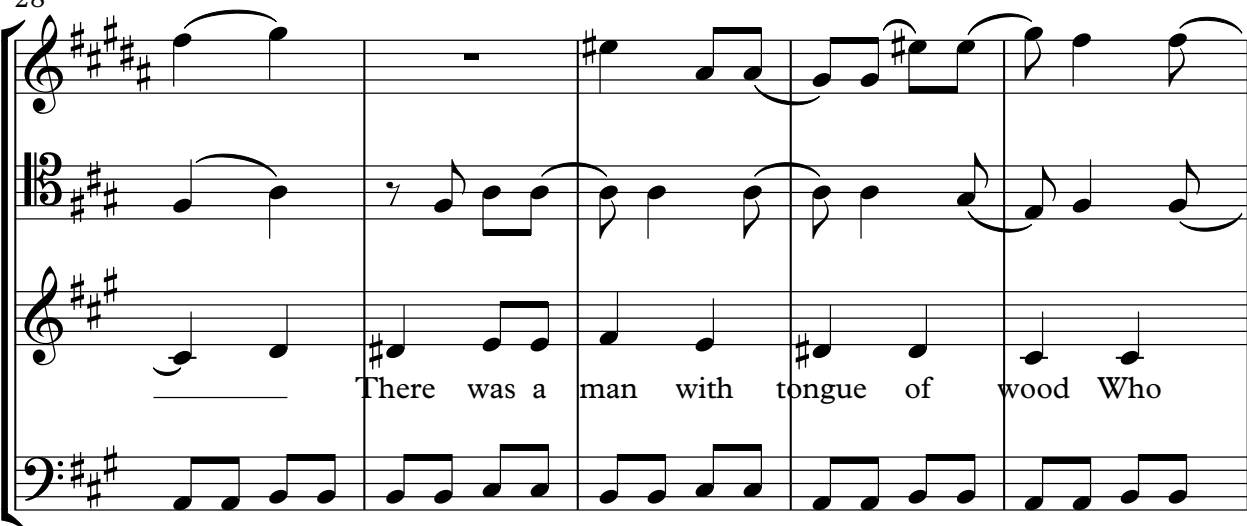
Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

There was a man with tongue of wood Who



...

33

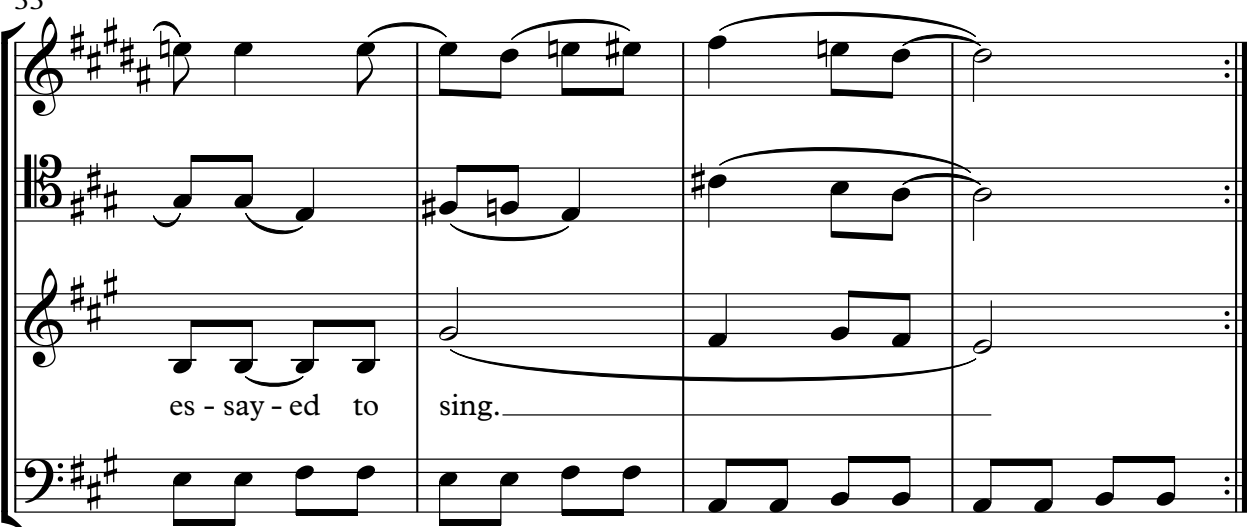
Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

es - say - ed to sing.



37

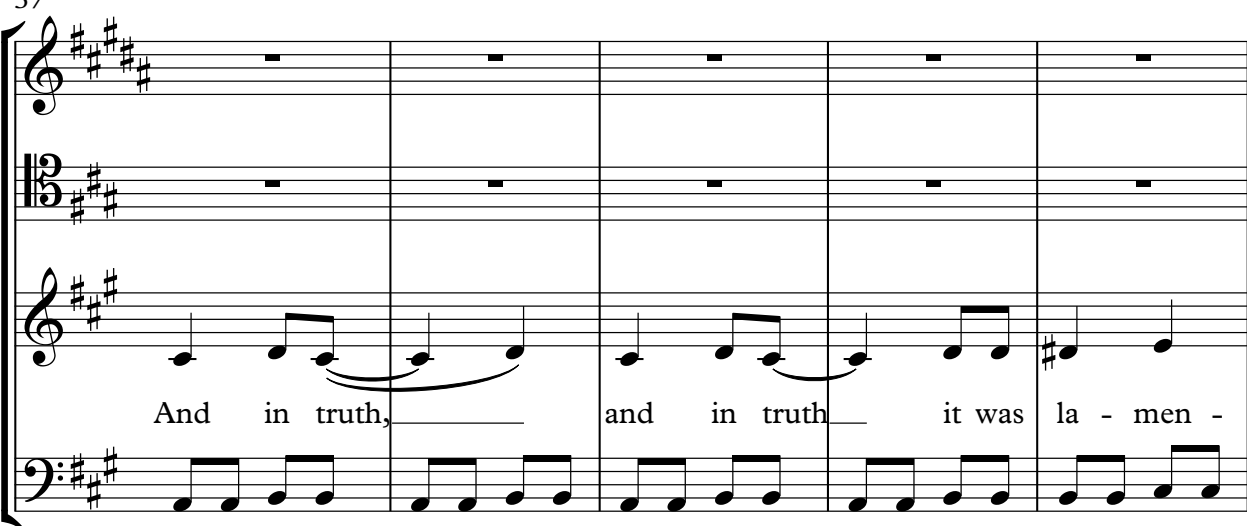
Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

And in truth, and in truth it was la - men -



42

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

ta - ble. And in truth it was la - men - ta -

...

47

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

ble.

52

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

...

58

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

But there was one who heard The clip-clap-per

65

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

of this tongue of wood And knew what the man Wished to

69

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

sing. there was one who heard the clip - clap - per

73

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

of this tongue of wood and knew what the man wished to

77

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

sing, but there was one who heard the clip - clap-per

81

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

of this tongue of wood and knew what the man wished to

85

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

But there was one who heard
one who knew

89

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

and who knew what the man wished to sing.
and with that, and with that

93

Ten. Sax.

Pos.

V.

Kb.

the sin - ger was con - tent .

Tongue of wood

words: Stephen Crane
music: C. René Hirschfeld

Sopran

Alt

Tenor

Bass

Tongue of wood, clip-clap-per, tonge of wood, clip clap-per, tonge of wood, clip-

S.

A.

T.

B.

clap-per, tonge of ...

11

S.

A.

T.

B.

8

Tongue of wood, _____ tongue of wood, _____

17

S.

A.

T.

B.

8

there was a man with tongue of wood Who es-say-ed to sing. _____

23

S.

A.

T.

B.

8

Tongue of wood, _ Tongue of wood, _

Tongue of wood, _ Tongue of wood, _

Tongue of wood, _ tongue of wood, _

29

S.

A.

T.

B.

33

S.

A.

T.

B.

37

S.

A.

T.

B.

41

S.

A.

T.

B.

la - men - ta - ble. And in truth it was la - men - ta -

clap-per, tonge of ...

47

S.

A.

T.

B.

ble.

Tongue of wood, clip-clap-per, tonge of wood, clip-clap-per,

52

S.

A.

T.

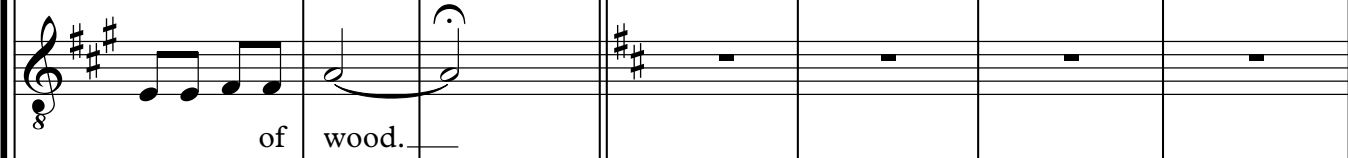
B.

tonge of wood, clip-clap-per, tonge of ...

58

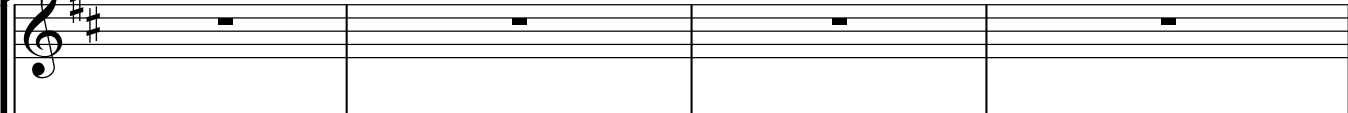
S. 

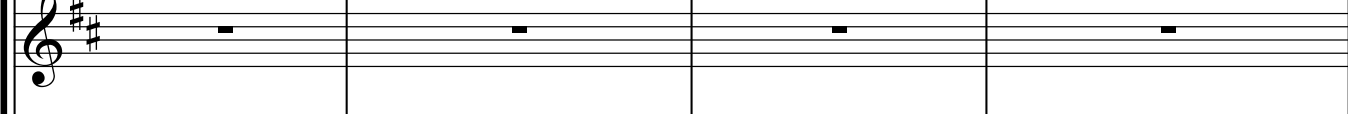
A. 

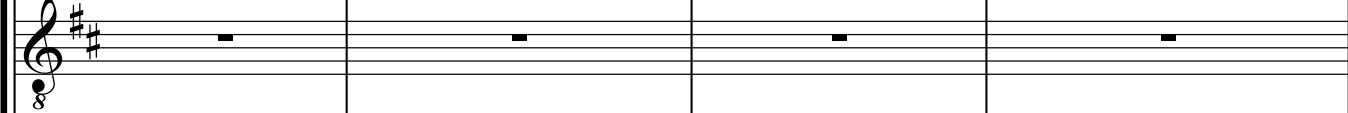
T. 
of wood.

B. 
Hmm... But there was one who heard The clip-clap-per

65

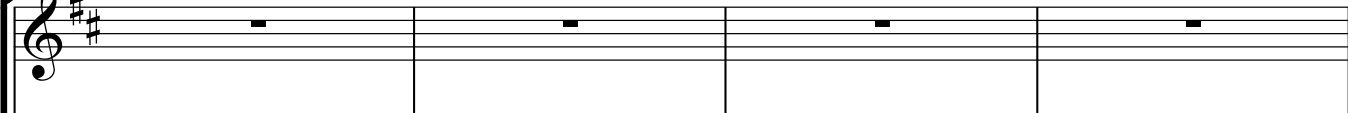
S. 

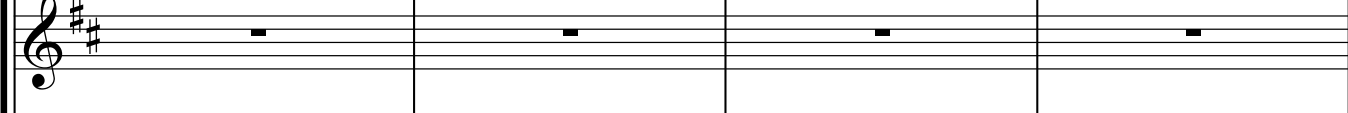
A. 

T. 

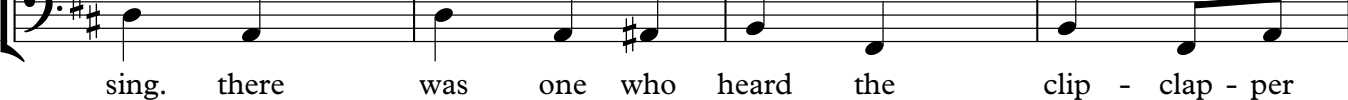
B. 
of this tongue of wood And knew what the man Wished to

69

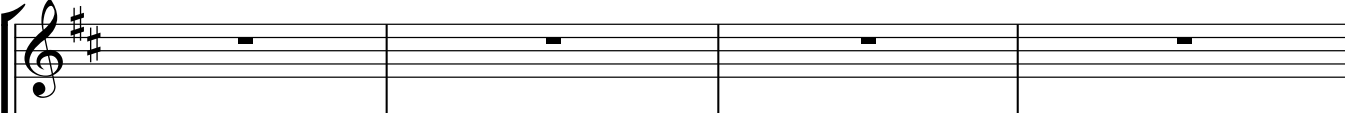
S. 

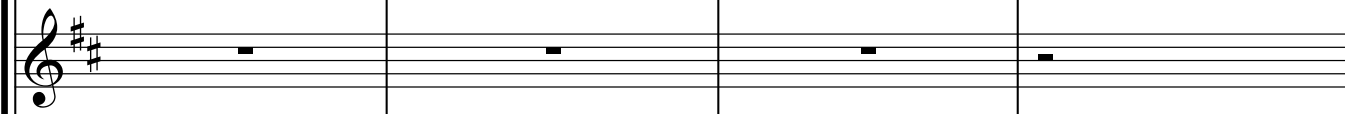
A. 

T. 
But there was one who heard

B. 
sing. there was one who heard the clip - clap - per

73

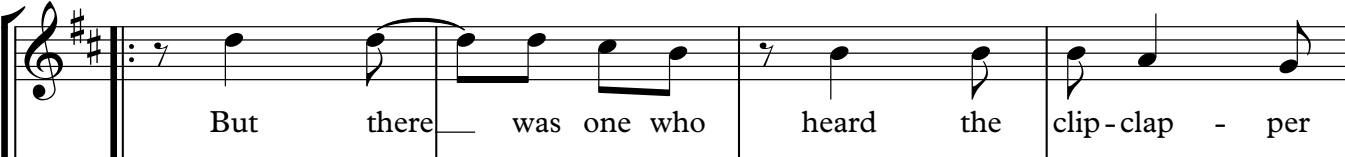
S. 

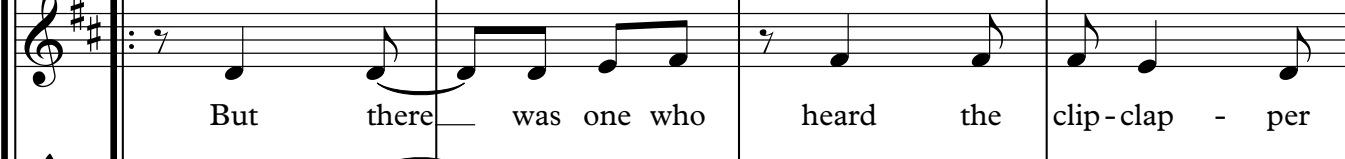
A. 

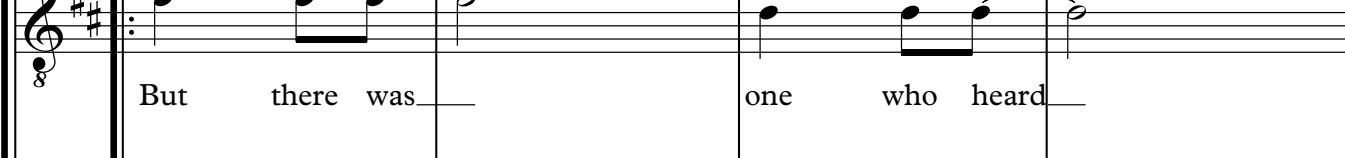
T. 
8 And knew what the man Wished.

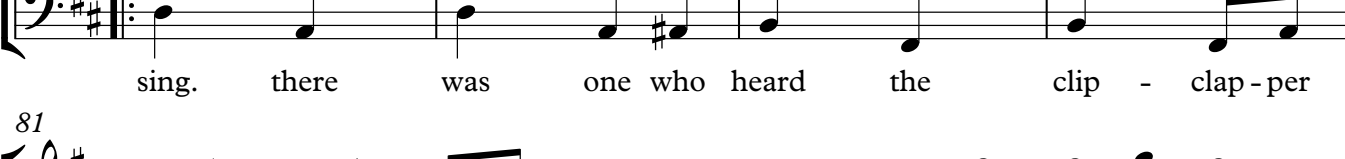
B. 
of this tongue of wood and knew what the man Wished to

77

S. 
But there was one who heard the clip-clap - per

A. 
But there was one who heard the clip-clap - per

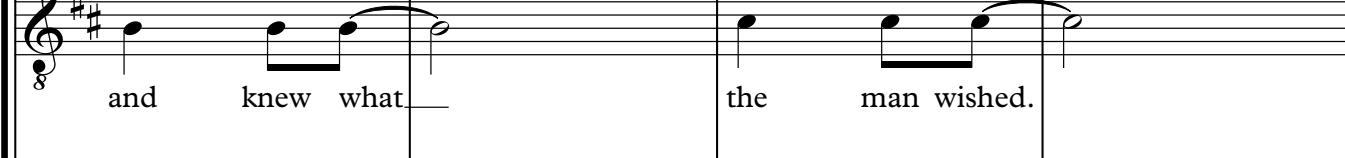
T. 
8 But there was one who heard

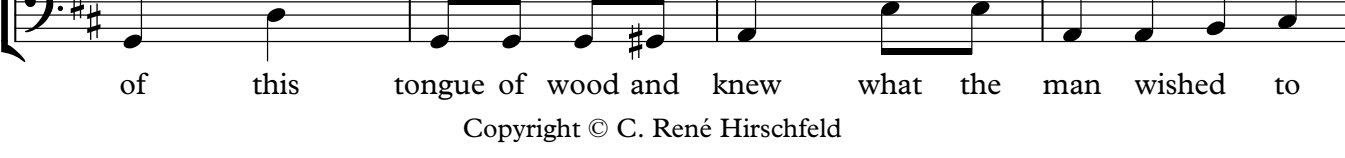
B. 
sing. there was one who heard the clip - clap - per

81

S. 
of this tongue of wood, this tongue of wood and

A. 
of this tongue of this tongue and

T. 
8 and knew what the man wished.

B. 
of this tongue of wood and knew what the man wished to

85

S. knew what the man wished, and knew what the man wished,—

A. knew what the man wished, and knew what the man wished,—

T. But there was one one who heard who knew

B. sing. there was one who heard the clip - clap - per

89

S. wished And to with sing, to And sing. that the sin - ger

A. And with that the sin - ger

T. wished and to with sing, that to the sing sing - er

B. and and knew what the And man wished. with that

of this tongue of wood and knew what the man wish - ed.

93

S. was con - tent.

A. was con - tent.

T. the sin - ger was con - tent .

B. was con - tent.

FOR 2 VIOLINS

19

♩ = 88 - 92 ♪ = $\overline{\text{♪}^3\text{♪}}$

C. RENE HIRSCHFELD OP. 117/8

SOPRAN-SAX
(B)

ALT-SAXOPHON
(Es)

TENOR-SAXOPHON
(B)

BARITON-SAXOPHON
(Es)

SOPR-SAX.

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX.
(B)

B.-SAX.

SOPR-SAX. 13

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. 13 (B)

B.-SAX. 13

This system contains measures 13 through 18. The Soprano Saxophone part features a melodic line with eighth and quarter notes, including a key signature change to one sharp (F#) in measure 14. The Alto Saxophone and Tenor Saxophone parts provide harmonic support with similar rhythmic patterns. The Bass Saxophone part consists of a steady eighth-note accompaniment. A double bar line is placed after measure 15.

SOPR-SAX. 19

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. 19 (B)

B.-SAX. 19

This system contains measures 19 through 24. The Soprano Saxophone part continues the melodic development, ending with a half note in measure 24. The Alto Saxophone and Tenor Saxophone parts follow a similar pattern, with the Tenor Saxophone part including a key signature change to one sharp (F#) in measure 20. The Bass Saxophone part continues its eighth-note accompaniment. A double bar line is placed after measure 21.

SOPR-SAX.

25

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B)

25

B.-SAX.

25



SOPR-SAX.

31

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B)

31

B.-SAX.

31



SOPR-SAX.

38

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B)

38

B.-SAX.

38

SOPR-SAX.

44

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B)

44

B.-SAX.

44

SOPR-SAX. 50

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B) 50

B.-SAX. 50

SOPR-SAX. 56

ALT-SAX. 56

TENOR-SAX. (B) 56

B.-SAX. 56

SOPR-SAX. 61

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. 61 (B)

B.-SAX. 61

POCO A POCO ACCEL.

SOPR-SAX. 66 *pp*

ALT-SAX. 66 *pp*

TENOR-SAX. 66 (B) *pp*

B.-SAX. 66 *pp*

SOPR-SAX.

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B)

B.-SAX.

$\text{♩} = 56$

74

SOPR-SAX.

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B)

B.-SAX.

$\text{♩} = 112$ $\text{♩} = \text{♩}^3$

82

SLAP

SOPR-SAX. 86

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B) 86

B.-SAX. 86

86

SOPR-SAX. 90

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B) 90

B.-SAX. 90

90

SOPR-SAX. 94

ALT-SAX. 94

TENOR-SAX. (B) 94

B.-SAX. 94

7

OSSIA:

SOPR-SAX. 98

ALT-SAX. 98

TENOR-SAX. (B) 98

B.-SAX. 98

11

7

SOPR-SAX.

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B)

B.-SAX.

This block contains the first system of the musical score, covering measures 110 through 115. It features four staves: Soprano Saxophone, Alto Saxophone, Tenor Saxophone (B), and Baritone Saxophone. The key signature is one flat (Bb) and the time signature is 3/4. Measure 110 includes a double bar line and a key signature change to two flats (Bb and Eb). The Soprano Saxophone part has a melodic line with slurs and ties, including a trill in measure 113. The Alto Saxophone part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and some movement. The Tenor Saxophone part follows a similar melodic pattern to the Alto. The Baritone Saxophone part has a more active, rhythmic line with slurs and ties.

SOPR-SAX.

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B)

B.-SAX.

This block contains the second system of the musical score, covering measures 116 through 121. It continues the four-part saxophone arrangement. Measure 116 includes a double bar line and a key signature change to one flat (Bb). The Soprano Saxophone part continues its melodic line with slurs and ties. The Alto Saxophone part maintains its harmonic role. The Tenor Saxophone part has a melodic line with slurs and ties. The Baritone Saxophone part continues its rhythmic line with slurs and ties.

13

SOPE-SAX.

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX.
(8)

B.-SAX.

109

109

109

109

SOPR-SAX. 134

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B) 134

B.-SAX. 134

Measures 134-138. Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Baritone saxophones play a rhythmic melody in B-flat major. The Tenor saxophone has a lower register part marked (B). Measures 134-138 show a sequence of eighth and quarter notes, ending with a whole note chord in measure 138.

♩ = 88 - 92

SOPR-SAX. 139 *p*

ALT-SAX. *p*

TENOR-SAX. (B) 139 *p*

B.-SAX. 139

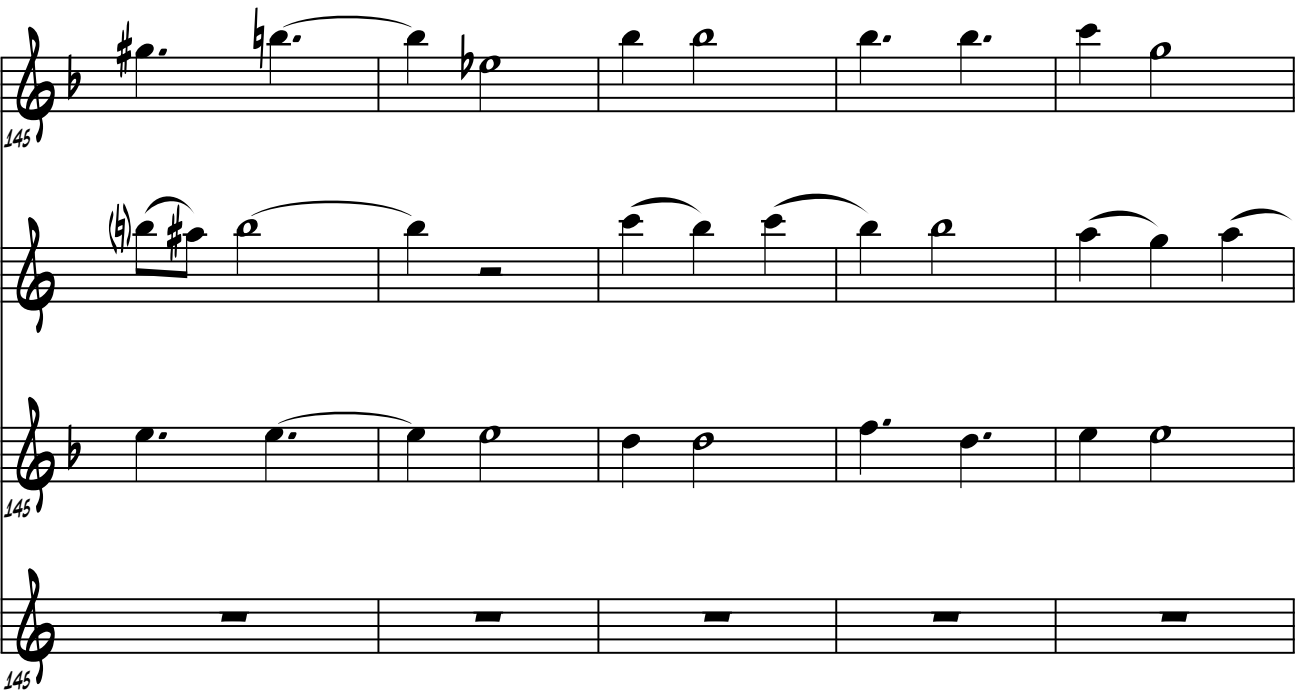
Measures 139-144. Soprano, Alto, and Tenor saxophones play a melodic line in B-flat major, marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The Baritone saxophone part is a whole rest. Measures 139-144 show a sequence of eighth and quarter notes, ending with a whole note chord in measure 144.

SOPR-SAX. 145

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. 145 (B)

B.-SAX. 145

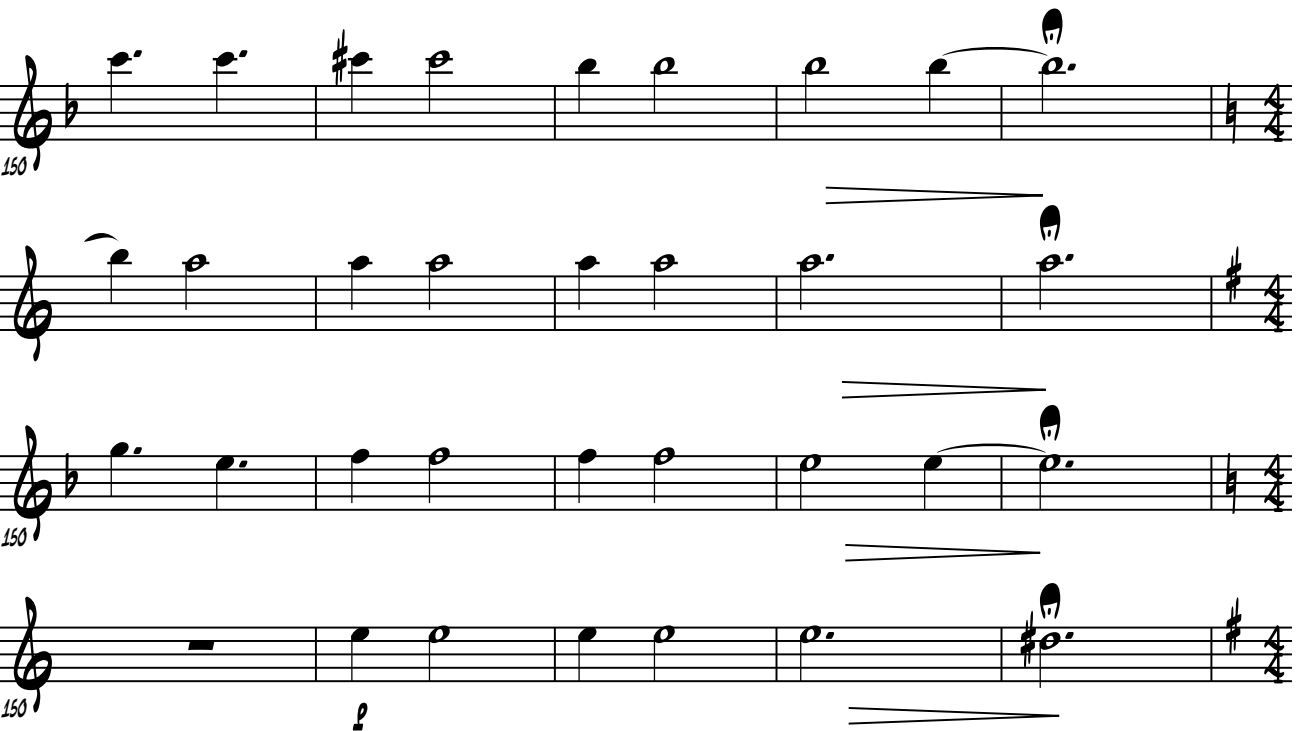


SOPR-SAX. 150

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. 150 (B)

B.-SAX. 150



SOPR-SAX. 155 *pp*

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B) 155 *pp*

B.-SAX. 155 *pp*

SOPR-SAX. 159 *tr* *POCO A POCO ACCEL. ~* *tr*

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B) 159

B.-SAX. 159

CRANE HEART

17

SOPR-SAX. 163

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B) 163

B.-SAX. 163

STRAIGHT

SOPR-SAX. 166

ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX. (B) 166

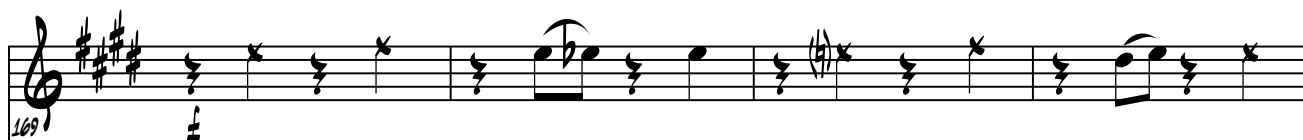
B.-SAX. 166

SWING

STRAIGHT

♩ = 112

SOPR-SAX.



ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX.
(B)

B.-SAX.



SOPR-SAX.



ALT-SAX.

TENOR-SAX.
(B)

B.-SAX.



SOPR-SAX. 177

ALT-SAX. 177

TENOR-SAX. (B) 177

B.-SAX. 177

SOPR-SAX. 181

ALT-SAX. 181

TENOR-SAX. (B) 181

B.-SAX. 181

BERLIN, 03.2012

C. RENE HIRSCHFELD

CRANE HEARTS

FOR 2 VIOLINS

OP. 117/C

CRANE HEARTS

2

FOR 2 VIOLINS

♩ = 88 - 92 ♩ = ♩³ ♩

C. RENE HIRSCHFELD OP. 117/C

The musical score for "Crane Hearts" for 2 Violins, Op. 117/C by C. Rene Hirschfeld, is written in 3/4 time and the key of B-flat major. The tempo is marked as ♩ = 88 - 92, with a note indicating that a quarter note is equivalent to a triplet quarter note. The score consists of 21 measures, with measure numbers 7, 13, and 19 marked at the beginning of their respective staves. The first staff begins with a *pp* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The second staff starts with a *pp* dynamic and includes the instruction "SUL TASTO". The third staff begins with a *p* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The fourth staff starts with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The fifth staff begins with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The sixth staff starts with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The seventh staff begins with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The eighth staff starts with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The ninth staff begins with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The tenth staff starts with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The eleventh staff begins with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The twelfth staff starts with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The thirteenth staff begins with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The fourteenth staff starts with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The fifteenth staff begins with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The sixteenth staff starts with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The seventeenth staff begins with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The eighteenth staff starts with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The nineteenth staff begins with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The twentieth staff starts with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs. The twenty-first staff begins with a *f* dynamic and features a series of half notes with slurs.

25

31

37

43

p

p

The musical score is written for two staves in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. It consists of six systems of two staves each. The first system starts at measure 25. The second system starts at measure 31. The third system starts at measure 37. The fourth system starts at measure 43. The score includes various musical notations such as whole notes, half notes, quarter notes, eighth notes, and sixteenth notes, as well as rests, ties, and slurs. Dynamics include piano (*p*) and piano (*p*). The score is written in a clean, professional style with clear notation and a consistent layout.

49

55

pp SUL IV.
SUL TASTO

4

60

4

POCO A POCO ACCEL.

65

ped.

Pizz.

$\text{♩} = 56$

73

81

$\text{♩} = 112$ $\text{♩} = \text{♩}^3$

ARCO

85

Pizz. *p*

p COL LEGNO BATT.

89

95

Arco 7

97

Arco

101

105

7

109 **ff**

115

121

128 **Pizz.**

(Arco)

Measures 133-138. The score is in 4/4 time with a key signature of three flats. The upper staff features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, and a lower staff provides harmonic support with sustained chords and a single note in measure 138.

♩ = 88 - 92

Measures 138-143. The upper staff begins with a piano (*pp*) dynamic and the instruction "ARCO SUL TASTO". It contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The lower staff provides harmonic support with sustained chords.

POCO A POCO ACCEL.

Measures 143-147. The upper staff features a melodic line with triplets and a piano (*pp*) dynamic, with the instruction "COL LEGNO BATT.". The lower staff provides harmonic support with sustained chords and a piano (*pp*) dynamic, with the instruction "Pizz.". A hairpin crescendo is shown on the right.

Measures 147-152. The upper staff continues the melodic line with triplets and a piano (*pp*) dynamic, with the instruction "Pizz.". The lower staff provides harmonic support with sustained chords and a piano (*pp*) dynamic, with the instruction "COL LEGNO BATT.". A hairpin crescendo is shown on the right.

♩ = 112

151

Arco

155

159

163

There was a man with tongue of wood
Who essayed to sing,
And in truth it was lamentable.
But there was one who heard
The clip-clapper of this tongue of wood
And knew what the man
Wished to sing,
And with that the singer was content.

Stephen Crane