

Karl Dittersdorf
Symphony No. 6 in D "Transformation of Phineus"

Violoncello.

Andante più tosto Allegretto.

The image displays the Violoncello (Cello) part of the first movement of Karl Dittersdorf's Symphony No. 6 in D, "Transformation of Phineus". The music is written on ten staves in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps (D major). The tempo is marked "Andante più tosto Allegretto". The piece begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes various musical elements such as eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and dynamic markings including *p*, *f*, and *ff*. The music features a mix of melodic lines and rhythmic patterns, with some sections marked with a repeat sign. The overall structure is a single continuous piece.

Violoncello.

Violoncello part of Symphony No. 6 by Dittersdorf, page 2. The score is written in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The tempo is marked *Allegro assai*. The piece begins with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic, followed by a *p* (piano) section and a *f* (forte) section. The first system includes a 4-measure rest. The second system is marked *Allegro assai* and begins with a *p* dynamic, followed by a *f* dynamic. The third system is marked *f*. The fourth system is marked *f*. The fifth system is marked *f*. The sixth system is marked *f*. The seventh system is marked *f*. The eighth system is marked *f*. The ninth system is marked *f*. The tenth system is marked *f*. The eleventh system is marked *f*. The twelfth system is marked *f*. The thirteenth system is marked *f*. The fourteenth system is marked *f*. The fifteenth system is marked *f*. The sixteenth system is marked *f*. The seventeenth system is marked *f*. The eighteenth system is marked *f*. The nineteenth system is marked *f*. The twentieth system is marked *f*. The twenty-first system is marked *f*. The twenty-second system is marked *f*. The twenty-third system is marked *f*. The twenty-fourth system is marked *f*. The twenty-fifth system is marked *f*. The twenty-sixth system is marked *f*. The twenty-seventh system is marked *f*. The twenty-eighth system is marked *f*. The twenty-ninth system is marked *f*. The thirtieth system is marked *f*. The thirty-first system is marked *f*. The thirty-second system is marked *f*. The thirty-third system is marked *f*. The thirty-fourth system is marked *f*. The thirty-fifth system is marked *f*. The thirty-sixth system is marked *f*. The thirty-seventh system is marked *f*. The thirty-eighth system is marked *f*. The thirty-ninth system is marked *f*. The fortieth system is marked *f*. The forty-first system is marked *f*. The forty-second system is marked *f*. The forty-third system is marked *f*. The forty-fourth system is marked *f*. The forty-fifth system is marked *f*. The forty-sixth system is marked *f*. The forty-seventh system is marked *f*. The forty-eighth system is marked *f*. The forty-ninth system is marked *f*. The fiftieth system is marked *f*. The fifty-first system is marked *f*. The fifty-second system is marked *f*. The fifty-third system is marked *f*. The fifty-fourth system is marked *f*. The fifty-fifth system is marked *f*. The fifty-sixth system is marked *f*. The fifty-seventh system is marked *f*. The fifty-eighth system is marked *f*. The fifty-ninth system is marked *f*. The sixtieth system is marked *f*. The sixty-first system is marked *f*. The sixty-second system is marked *f*. The sixty-third system is marked *f*. The sixty-fourth system is marked *f*. The sixty-fifth system is marked *f*. The sixty-sixth system is marked *f*. The sixty-seventh system is marked *f*. The sixty-eighth system is marked *f*. The sixty-ninth system is marked *f*. The seventieth system is marked *f*. The seventy-first system is marked *f*. The seventy-second system is marked *f*. The seventy-third system is marked *f*. The seventy-fourth system is marked *f*. The seventy-fifth system is marked *f*. The seventy-sixth system is marked *f*. The seventy-seventh system is marked *f*. The seventy-eighth system is marked *f*. The seventy-ninth system is marked *f*. The eightieth system is marked *f*. The eighty-first system is marked *f*. The eighty-second system is marked *f*. The eighty-third system is marked *f*. The eighty-fourth system is marked *f*. The eighty-fifth system is marked *f*. The eighty-sixth system is marked *f*. The eighty-seventh system is marked *f*. The eighty-eighth system is marked *f*. The eighty-ninth system is marked *f*. The ninetieth system is marked *f*. The ninety-first system is marked *f*. The ninety-second system is marked *f*. The ninety-third system is marked *f*. The ninety-fourth system is marked *f*. The ninety-fifth system is marked *f*. The ninety-sixth system is marked *f*. The ninety-seventh system is marked *f*. The ninety-eighth system is marked *f*. The ninety-ninth system is marked *f*. The hundredth system is marked *f*.

Violoncello.

3.

Violoncello part of Symphony No. 6 by Dittersdorf, page 3. The score is written in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Dynamics include *f*, *p*, *sempre poco a poco cresc.*, *f*, *pp*, *ff*, and *pp*. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

f p

sempre poco a poco cresc.

f f

pp

ff pp

pp pp pp pp

*Andante molto.**Violoncello.*

pizz.
p

p

p

p

p

p

cresc.

f

poco rit. a tempo
1 *p* *cresc.*

f *f p*

2 *f* *f p*

p

Violoncello.

5

Finale.*Vivace.*

Violoncello part of the Finale of Dittersdorf's Symphony No. 6. The music is in D major (two sharps) and 3/4 time. The tempo is marked *Vivace*. The score consists of 12 staves of music. The first staff begins with a *p* (piano) dynamic. The second staff includes a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking. The third staff features a *f* (forte) dynamic and a *p* dynamic, with a double bar line and a '2' indicating a second ending. The fourth staff includes a *cresc.* marking. The fifth staff includes a *sempre cresc.* (sempre crescendo) marking. The sixth staff includes a *ff* (fortissimo) dynamic. The seventh staff includes a *f* dynamic. The eighth staff includes a *f* dynamic. The ninth staff includes a *f* dynamic. The tenth staff includes a *f* dynamic. The eleventh staff includes a *f* dynamic. The twelfth staff includes a *f* dynamic.

Violoncello.

Violoncello part of Symphony No. 6 by Dittersdorf, page 6. The score consists of 13 staves of music in bass clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Dynamics such as *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *sf* (sforzando) are indicated throughout. The piece concludes with the lyrics "scen do" and "cre..." written below the final staff.

Violoncello.

7

Violoncello part, measures 1-10. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. Measures 1-4 feature a series of eighth notes ascending from G2 to G3, marked with fingerings 1 through 5 and a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measures 5-8 continue the ascending eighth-note pattern, also marked with fingerings 1 through 5 and *f*. Measures 9-10 show a descending eighth-note pattern from G3 to G2, marked with fingerings 5 through 1 and a forte (*f*) dynamic.

Violoncello part, measures 11-14. The music continues with a descending eighth-note pattern from G3 to G2, marked with fingerings 5 through 1 and a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measures 11-12 are marked *f*, measure 13 is marked *p*, and measure 14 is marked *f*.

Violoncello part, measures 15-18. The music continues with a descending eighth-note pattern from G3 to G2, marked with fingerings 5 through 1 and a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measures 15-16 are marked *f*, measure 17 is marked *p*, and measure 18 is marked *f*.

Violoncello part, measures 19-22. The music continues with a descending eighth-note pattern from G3 to G2, marked with fingerings 5 through 1 and a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measures 19-20 are marked *f*, measure 21 is marked *p*, and measure 22 is marked *f*.

Violoncello part, measures 23-26. The music continues with a descending eighth-note pattern from G3 to G2, marked with fingerings 5 through 1 and a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measures 23-24 are marked *f*, measure 25 is marked *p*, and measure 26 is marked *f*.

Violoncello part, measures 27-30. The music continues with a descending eighth-note pattern from G3 to G2, marked with fingerings 5 through 1 and a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measures 27-28 are marked *f*, measure 29 is marked *p*, and measure 30 is marked *f*.

Violoncello part, measures 31-34. The music continues with a descending eighth-note pattern from G3 to G2, marked with fingerings 5 through 1 and a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measures 31-32 are marked *f*, measure 33 is marked *p*, and measure 34 is marked *f*.

Violoncello part, measures 35-38. The music continues with a descending eighth-note pattern from G3 to G2, marked with fingerings 5 through 1 and a forte (*f*) dynamic. Measures 35-36 are marked *f*, measure 37 is marked *p*, and measure 38 is marked *f*.