

ALPHABETVM

AVLICVM INCERTI

AVTHORIS, HACTENVS NVLLI
LIBI TYPIS EXCVSVM.

*PER EXCELLENTISSIMVM MV-
SICVM IACOBVM REINERVM VINEA-
rum Symphonistam, artificiosa compositione
concinnatum.*

ALTVS.



¶ DILINGAE, ¶

Excudebat ADAMVS MELTZER.

— M. D. CIV. —

Lib. Vm '53



NOBILITATE, PRVDEN-
TIA, VIRTVTVMQVE ORNAMENTIS
CONSPICVO VIRO, *HIERONYMO KLOCKLER,*

Sacrae Caesaris Maiestati, Amplissimæq; Domui Austria-

cæ à consilijs, superiorum, ac inferioris Sueviæ Iudici Prouinciali &c.

Domino sibi vnice complectendo.



*Um forte fortuito in Alphabethum ab incerto authore in au-
licorum gratiam conscriptum, incidissem. Nobilis Domine,
illud mihi attente legenti ac relegenti dignum visum est, & u-
sicis condere modulis. & in vulgus emitte, non quod Aulano
vel Aulicos aspernari, nigroq; lapillo notare velim, sed ut il-
lis utilitatis & iucunditatis simul, permixta musices suauita-
te aliquod argumentum in medium asferrem. Tibi vero Nobilis Domine, has me-
as lucubrationes inscribere, deferre, ac dedicare volui, ut à morsibus Zuilorum
omnia sinistrè carpentium atq; canino dente arrodentium, ob celeberrimi nomi-
nis tui famam, virtutumq; tuarum clarissimam lucem illa & conseruarentur.
Quod si hunc ingenij mei foetum (quem tanquam grati animi beneficiorumq;
me morem testem ad te mitto.) tibi gratum acceptumq; fuisse declaraueris, mihi
vberiore, animum tuum Musico concentu permulcendi atq; recreandi occasi-
onem praebebis. Bene vale, meq; tuo fauore prosequi perge. Data in Vindob.
Anno M. D. C. IV.*

N. T.

addictus

Jacobus P. -

Alcus

Primapars.



Vlæ eadem est omnino fi-

des Aulæ c- adem est omnino fides, Aulæ eadem est, ij

omnino fi- des ij quæ mobilis

auræ, blanditur sed post mordet, ceû scorpîus Aula confi li-

js raro melioribus melioribus, vtitur Aula Disimu-

let regnare diu, qui poscit in Aula ij

Disimulet regnare di u, qui poscit

in Au la.

B 2.

Altus.

Secunda pars.

EXulat ij integritas

probitas & candor in Au- la, Ferremorā atque i-

ram frenare docemur in Aula, grande sophos, grande, grande

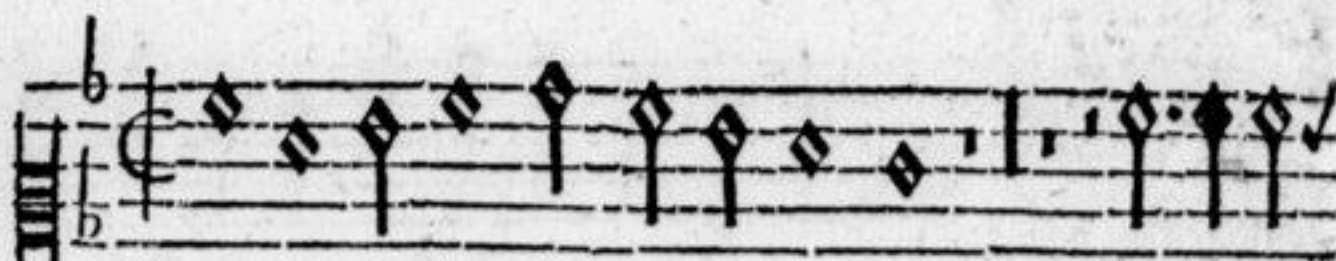
sophos ij ride- re bonos ride re bonos, cen-

setur in Aula, ij in Aula, Horrent ij vera

loqui cupiunt qui crescere in Aula, in Aula, ij

Altus-

Tertia pars.



N vidiam qui ferre nequit, Kyrie



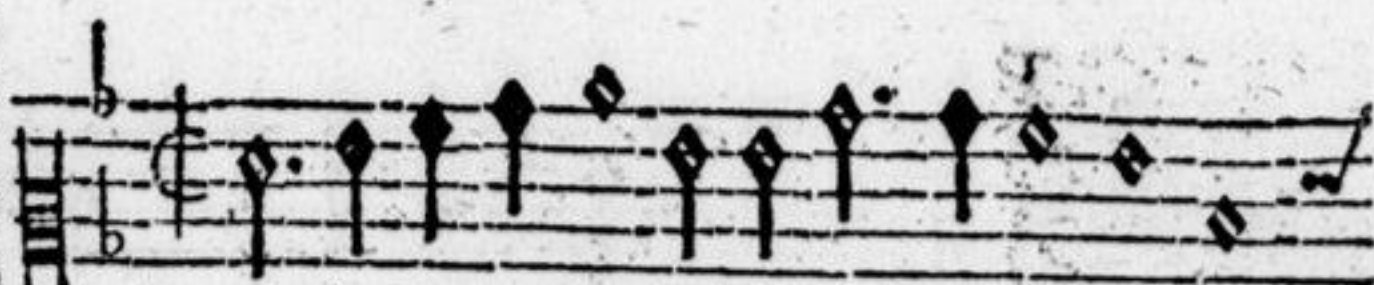
Kyrie ij qui senue re canant eleyson in Aula, Lan-
guent virtutes sce lus at omne reg nat in Aula. Mu-



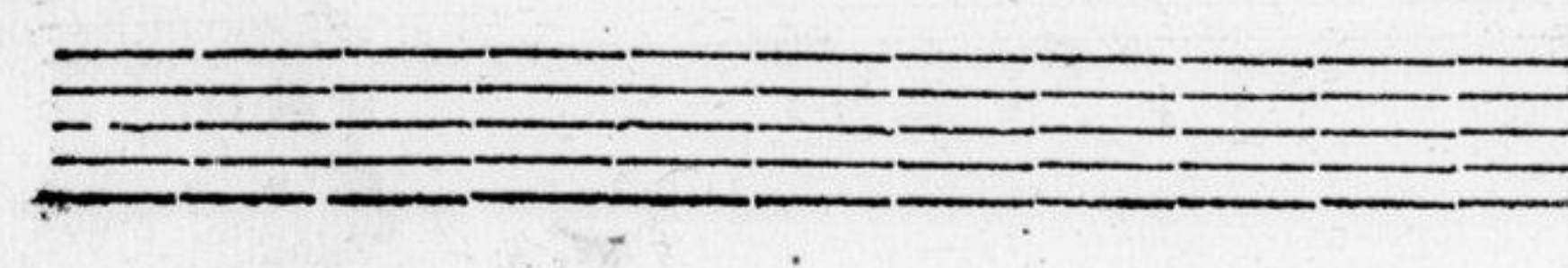
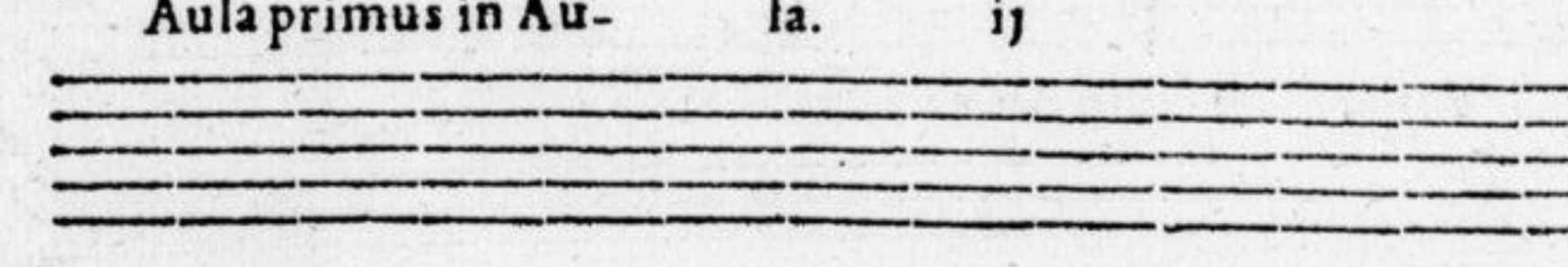
tur in Aula, in Aula ij capiuntur in
Aula, ij in Aula.

cus.

Quarta pars.



Vgas Aula leues & fumos vendit in-



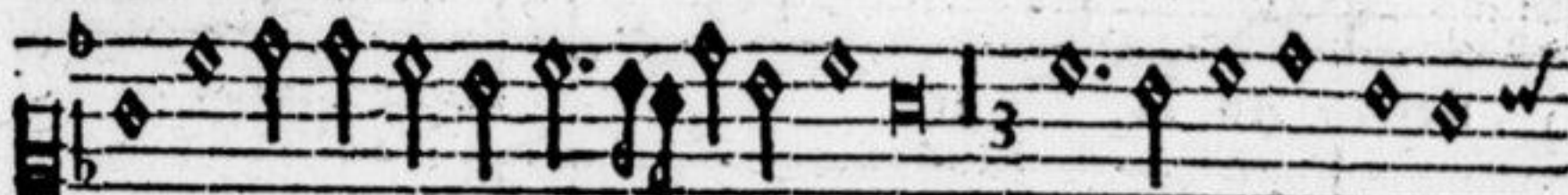
Aula primus in Au- la. ij

Altus.

Quinta pars.



Ara aus in toto est, vere pius Aulicus or-



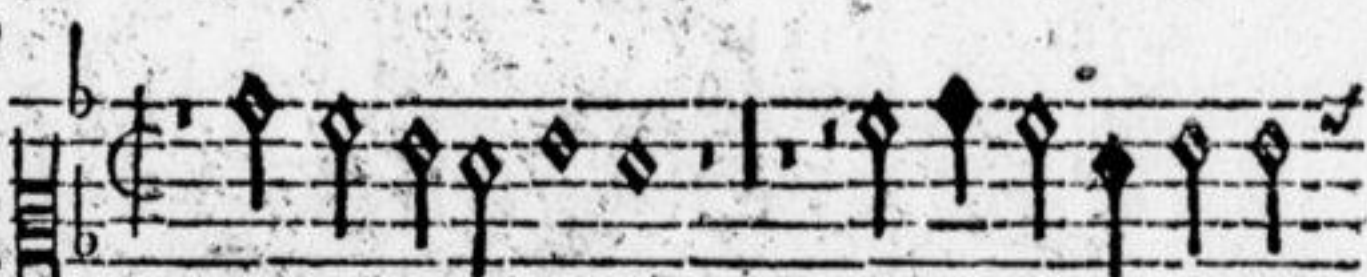
be, Sinceris & simpli- cibz vx, Turpe senex & in-



ops, quando incolit Aulicus Au- lam, vitæ difficilis

Sexta pars.

method⁹ benedicatur Aula, Aula.



Anteretro ibis ydra Aula est ij



capitum multorum horrenda venenis Zenones

fa tue sunt, atque Trasones in Aula, atque Trasones in Au-

us. *Sexta pars.*

la, ij Zenones fatue sunt, atque Trafo-

nes in Au la ij atque Trafo-

nes in Aula.



The musical notation consists of three staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It contains a series of notes, mostly eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests. The second staff continues the melody, with lyrics 'la, ij Zenones fatue sunt, atque Trafo-' written below it. The third staff concludes the piece with the lyrics 'nes in Au la ij atque Trafo-' and 'nes in Aula.' below it. The notation is simple, focusing on the rhythm and pitch of the vocal line.

FINIS!

