



Egon Kornauth
1919

Dem Andenken der Jahre 1918 - 1919

EGON KORNAUTH
"STREICHSEXTETT

Sextuor à cordes String Sextet

Op. 25

PARTITUR

PARTITION

SCORE

[Handwritten signature]

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Egon Kornauth, geboren 14. Mai 1891 in Olmütz (Tschechoslowakei), widmete sich schon während der Schulzeit eifrigst der Musik, spielte mehrere Instrumente, versch allsonntäglich als Organist den Kirchengottesdienst, wirkte als Violoncellist im Theater- und Symphonieorchester mit, dirigierte ein Schülerorchester, trat mit zirka 15 Jahren erstmalig als Pianist auf und begann um dieselbe Zeit mit den ersten Kompositionssuchen, übersiedelte 1909 nach Wien, studierte dort bis 1913 an der Musikkademie Musiktheorie (Schüler von Robert Fuchs, später auch kurz bei Franz Schreker und Franz Schmidt), bildete sich aber seit 1914 autodidaktisch fort; studierte gleichzeitig an der Wiener Universität zuerst Philologie, später (bei Guido Adler) Musikgeschichte und wurde 1915 zum Dr. phil. promoviert. Während dieser Zeit betätigte er sich als Konzertbegleiter und machte als solcher 1910 eine größere Reise durch Nordamerika. 1916 Solokorrepetitor an der Wiener Staatsoper, 1917-1918 Theorielehrer am musikhistorischen Institut der Universität Wien. Macht seit 1919 zahlreiche erfolgreiche Reisen als Konzertbegleiter, Kammermusiker, Dirigent, hauptsächlich Interpret eigener Werke und lebt zwischendurch als Theorielehrer und Komponist in Wien und Graz. Bis 1925: 31 Werke, hauptsächlich Kammermusik, aber auch Orchesterwerke, Klavierwerke, Lieder, größtenteils erschienen und erfolgreich aufgeführt.

Der 1. und 2. Satz des Streichsextetts op. 25 wurde im August und September 1918 in Graz, der 3. Satz größtenteils im Frühjahr 1919 in Wien komponiert; die endgültige Fassung der Partitur erfolgte im Sommer und Herbst 1919. Die Uraufführung des Werkes fand am 6. Mai 1920 in Wien statt.

Egon Kornauth was born May 14th, 1891, at Olmütz (Czechoslovakia). While still at school, he ardently pursued his musical studies, playing various instruments and acting as organist at a church of his native city. At that time, he played the violoncello in the local theatre and symphony orchestra and conducted an orchestra of schoolboys. At the age of about 15 years he made his debut as a pianist and wrote his first compositions. In 1909, Kornauth removed to Vienna, studied musical theory at the Academy of Music until 1913 (under Robert Fuchs, later, for a short time, under Franz Schreker and Franz Schmidt), and, after 1914, finished his musical studies by self-instruction. Simultaneously he studied philology at the University of Vienna and later (under Guido Adler) musical history. During these years he acted as concert accompanist and made a tour of the United States in that capacity, in 1910. In 1916 Kornauth was appointed correpetitor with the Vienna Opera, and from 1917 till 1918 acted as instructor of musical theory at the Institute for Musical History of the Vienna University. Since 1919, Kornauth has made various successful concert tours, as accompanist, chamber music player and conductor, and principally as performer of his own compositions, making his permanent home at Vienna and Graz and devoting his time to instruction in theory and to composition. Up to 1924 Kornauth has written 31 works, chiefly chamber music, but orchestral compositions, piano pieces and songs as well. Most of his compositions have appeared in print and have been performed with much success.

The first and second movements of the String Sextet opus 25 were composed at Graz, in August and September, 1918, the larger portion of the third movement at Vienna, in the spring of 1919. The definite version of the score was penned during the summer and fall of 1919. The first performance occurred at Vienna, on May 6th, 1920.

Egon Kornauth, né le 14 mai 1891 à Olmütz (Tchécoslovaquie) se consacra dès ses études scolaires avec ardeur à la musique, joua de plusieurs instruments, remplit chaque dimanche à la messe les fonctions d'organiste, fut violoncelliste à l'orchestre du théâtre et des concerts, dirigea un orchestre scolaire, débute à 15 ans comme pianiste et commença vers la même époque ses premiers essais de composition. En 1909 il alla à Vienne, y étudia l'harmonie jusqu'en 1913 à l'académie (avec Robert Fuchs, plus tard aussi quelque temps avec Franz Schreker et avec Franz Schmidt), mais se développa d'une façon autodidacte depuis 1914. En même temps il étudia à l'université d'abord la philologie, plus tard (avec Guido Adler) l'histoire de la musique et obtint en 1915 le doctorat. Pendant cette période il fut aussi accompagnateur de concerts et fit ainsi en 1910 un long voyage en Amérique du Nord. En 1916 il devint corrépétiteur à l'opéra de Vienne, de 1917 à 1918 professeur d'harmonie à l'Institut d'histoire de la musique de l'université. Depuis 1919 il fait avec grand succès de nombreux voyages comme accompagnateur de concerts, exécutant de musique de chambre, chef d'orchestre et principalement comme interprète de ses compositions, vivant entretemps à Vienne ou à Graz comme professeur d'harmonie et compositeur. Jusqu'en 1925 il a écrit 31 œuvres: principalement de musiques de chambre, mais aussi pour orchestre, pour piano, pour chant, éditées pour la plupart et exécutées avec succès.

Le premier et le deuxième mouvement du sextuor à cordes op. 25 furent composés en août et septembre 1918 à Graz, la majeure partie du troisième mouvement à Vienne au printemps de 1919. L'auteur mit la dernière main à la partition pendant l'été et l'automne de 1919. La première exécution eut lieu à Vienne le 6 mai 1920.



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Dem Andenken der Jahre 1918 - 1919

STREICHSEXTETT

Op. 25

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I

Egon Kornauth
(* 1891)

Allegro $\text{d. (d)} = 84$

poco a poco cresc. molto-

1. Violine

2. Violine

1. Bratsche

2. Bratsche

1. Violoncell

2. Violoncell

$(f)pp$

5

Musical score page 2, measures 1-10. The score consists of six staves (Violin 1, Violin 2, Viola, Cello, Double Bass, and Bassoon). The key signature changes from A major (no sharps or flats) to E major (one sharp). Measure 10 is indicated by a measure number below the staff.

1

Musical score page 2, measures 11-15. The section begins with a dynamic instruction 'ff' (fortissimo). Measure 15 is indicated by a measure number below the staff.

pesante

Musical score page 2, measures 16-20. The section begins with a dynamic instruction 'ff' (fortissimo). Measure 20 is indicated by a measure number below the staff.

2 Allegro assai ($\text{J} = 116$)
a tempo

3

A musical score page showing two measures of music for an orchestra and piano. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of 'a tempo' with 'expr.' above it. Measure 11 starts with a dynamic 'p'. Measure 12 starts with a dynamic 'pp'. Various instruments are shown with their respective parts, including strings, woodwinds, and brass.

A musical score page showing six staves of music for orchestra and piano. The top staff is for the piano, marked 'poco f' (poco fortissimo). The subsequent five staves are for the orchestra, each with a dynamic marking: 'mf' (mezzo-forte) for the first three, and 'mp' (mezzo-pianissimo) for the fourth and fifth. The sixth staff is for the piano again, marked 'mf'. Measures 25 through 30 are shown, with measure 25 starting at the beginning of the page and measure 30 ending at the bottom right.

Musical score for orchestra, page 35, measures 3-4. The score consists of six staves. Measure 3 starts with a dynamic of $\text{f} \nu$. The first two staves play eighth-note patterns. The third staff has a dynamic of $mf \text{ espr.}$. The fourth staff has a dynamic of fpp . The fifth staff has a dynamic of p . The sixth staff has a dynamic of p . Measure 4 begins with a dynamic of $mf \text{ espr.}$. The first two staves play eighth-note patterns. The third staff has a dynamic of p . The fourth staff has a dynamic of p . The fifth staff has a dynamic of p . The sixth staff has a dynamic of p .

Musical score page 4, measures 38-40. The score consists of ten staves. Measures 38 and 39 show various dynamics like *fp*, *poco f*, and *poco f*. Measure 40 begins with *poco f* and ends with *poco f*.

40

Musical score page 4, measures 41-45. Measures 41-44 show *meno f* dynamics. Measure 45 shows *più f*.

45

4

*espr. molto**espr. molto*

Musical score page 4, measures 46-50. Measures 46-49 show *espr. molto* dynamics. Measure 50 shows *mf*.

50

Musical score page 55. The score consists of six staves. The first three staves are for strings: Violin 1 (G clef), Violin 2 (C clef), and Cello/Bass (F clef). The fourth staff is for Double Bass (F clef). The fifth staff is for Oboe (C clef) with a dynamic of *marrato*. The sixth staff is for Clarinet (C clef). Measure 55 begins with a forte dynamic. The strings play eighth-note patterns, while the basses provide harmonic support. The oboe and clarinet entries are marked *marrato*.

Musical score page 56. The score consists of six staves. The first three staves are for strings: Violin 1 (G clef), Violin 2 (C clef), and Cello/Bass (F clef). The fourth staff is for Double Bass (F clef). The fifth staff is for Oboe (C clef) with dynamics *fp*, *mf*, and *expr.*. The sixth staff is for Clarinet (C clef). Measure 56 begins with a dynamic of *fp*. The strings play sustained notes. The oboe and clarinet play melodic lines with expressive dynamics. The double bass provides harmonic support.

Musical score page 65. The score consists of six staves. The first three staves are for strings: Violin 1 (G clef), Violin 2 (C clef), and Cello/Bass (F clef). The fourth staff is for Double Bass (F clef). The fifth staff is for Oboe (C clef) with dynamics *fp* and *ff*. The sixth staff is for Clarinet (C clef). Measure 65 begins with a dynamic of *fp*. The strings play eighth-note patterns. The basses play sustained notes. The oboe and clarinet play melodic lines with forte dynamics. The double bass provides harmonic support.

Musical score page 6, measures 1-60. The score consists of eight staves for different instruments. Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic. Measures 2-6 show various rhythmic patterns and dynamics (poco f). Measure 7 begins with a dynamic poco f at measure 70.

6

Measure 61 starts with a dynamic *mp expr. molto*. Measures 62-65 continue with similar patterns and dynamics. Measure 66 begins with a dynamic *pp*. Measures 67-70 show rhythmic patterns with dynamics *pp* and *pp*. Measure 71 begins with a dynamic *pp* (poco expr.). Measures 72-75 show rhythmic patterns with dynamics *pp* and *pp*. Measure 76 begins with a dynamic *pp* (poco expr.). Measures 77-80 show rhythmic patterns with dynamics *pp* and *pp*.

Measure 81 begins with a dynamic *poco marc.*. Measures 82-85 show rhythmic patterns with dynamics *mf*, *pp*, *mf*, *marc.*, *pp*, and *mf*. Measures 86-89 show rhythmic patterns with dynamics *mf*, *pp*, *mp*, *pp*, *mf*, and *mf*. Measure 90 begins with a dynamic *mf expr. molto*.

7

mf *espr. molto*

p

pp

90

mf

mf *espr.*

(poco marc.)

poco f

mp

mf

mp

95

8

espr.

poco f

p

ff

p

100

9

105

f esp. molto

pp

f esp. molto

110

un poco calando -

115

10 *a tempo*

116

pp

pp *mf*

pp *mf* *pp* *mf* *mp marc.*

pp *pp* *mf* *pp* *mf* *mf* *poco marc.*

pp *pp* *mf* *pp* *mf* *mf* *mf*

pp *pp* *mf* *pp* *mf* *mf* *p*

pp *esp.* *mf* *pp* *esp.* *mf* *mf* *mf marc.*

pp *pp* *mf* *pp* *esp.* *pp* *mf* *mf marc.*

120

125

130

130

11

135

12

140 145

10

Musical score page 10. The score consists of ten staves. Measure 10 starts with a forte dynamic. Measures 11-12 show various dynamics (pp, f, ff) and performance instructions (e.g., *mf espr.*, *p marc.*). Measure 13 begins with a piano dynamic (*p*) and includes a tempo marking of $\frac{13}{8}$. Measures 14-15 continue with dynamic changes and performance instructions like *espr.* and *poco f*.

13

150

14

Musical score page 14. The score continues with ten staves. Measures 14-15 show dynamics and performance instructions such as *poco f*, *poco marc.*, *f marc.*, and *espr.*. Measure 16 begins with a forte dynamic (*f*) and includes a tempo marking of $\frac{16}{8}$.

155

Musical score page 15. The score continues with ten staves. Measures 16-17 show dynamics and performance instructions like *meno*, *mf*, and *poco f*. Measure 18 begins with a forte dynamic (*f*) and includes a tempo marking of $\frac{18}{8}$. Measure 19 concludes with a dynamic of *mf*.

15

espr molto

Musical score page 11, measures 165-169. The score consists of eight staves. Measure 165 starts with a dynamic *fp*. Measures 166-167 show various dynamics including *mf*, *pp*, *mp*, *mf marc.*, and *f marc.*. Measure 168 begins with *espr.* and *mf*. Measure 169 concludes with *p*.

17

Musical score page 11, measures 170-175. The score continues with eight staves. Measures 170-174 feature various dynamics like *marc.*, *mf poco espr.*, *espr.*, and *p poco espr.*. Measure 175 concludes with *mf*.

180

Musical score page 11, measures 176-180. The score consists of eight staves. Measures 176-179 show dynamics including *espr.*, *mp*, *poco espr.*, and *espr. molto*. Measure 180 concludes with *pp*.

U.E. 8241 W. Ph. V. 159

Doppelt so breit ($\text{J} = 58$)

[18]

185

meno
espr. molto
espr. molto

Tempo II.

19
190
195

20
200
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un poco tenuto a tempo [21]

205

Tempo I, pesante

[22] Wieder doppelt so breit (passionato) (d. 60)

210

stringendo e cresc. molto
(=v)

215

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(—v) [23] Tempo I. (wie anfangs)

ffpp

poco a poco cresc. molto

(pp) 220

24

Musical score page 24. The score consists of eight staves of music for orchestra. Measure 24 begins with a dynamic of ff . The music features complex rhythmic patterns with many eighth and sixteenth notes, primarily in common time. The instrumentation includes strings, woodwinds, and brass.

230

pesante

Continuation of musical score page 24. The dynamic changes to *pesante*. The instrumentation remains the same, with complex rhythmic patterns continuing across the measures.

235

Tempo II.
25 a tempo*espr.*

Musical score page 25. The dynamic is *mp*. The instrumentation includes strings, woodwinds, and brass. The score shows a mix of sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. Measures 25 and 26 are shown, with measure 26 ending at the bottom of the page.

cresc. molto

245

[26] *espr. molto*

250

Musical score page 18. The score consists of ten staves. Measures 255-260 are shown. Measure 255 starts with dynamic *fp*. Measures 256-260 show various dynamics including *ff*, *poco f*, and *f*. Measure 260 ends with a repeat sign.

260

27

(pesante) -

Musical score page 27. The score continues with ten staves. Measures 265-270 are shown. Dynamics include *ff marc.*, *pp*, *fp*, and *mp*. Measure 270 ends with a repeat sign.

265

Musical score page 27 continuation. Measures 270-275 are shown. Dynamics include *p*, *tr*, *fp*, and *p*.

[28]

275 280

[29] *espr. molto*

285 290 *mf marc.*

[30] *v.dolciss.*

290 295 *espr. molto*

20

Musical score page 20. The score consists of eight staves. Measure 295 starts with a dynamic *p*, followed by *pp* and *mf* markings. The first staff has a tempo marking *vespr.*. Measures 300-305 show various dynamics including *poco marc.*, *mf*, *expr.*, *marc.*, *pp*, *pp*, *mf*, and *poco rit.* The score ends with a dynamic *poco rit.*

31

Musical score page 31. The score continues with eight staves. Measures 305-310 feature dynamics such as *mf*, *expr.*, *espr. molto*, *mp*, *p*, *meno f*, *espr.*, and *mf*. The score concludes with a dynamic *poco rit.*

32 a tempo

Musical score page 32 a tempo. The score consists of eight staves. Measures 315-320 show dynamics including *pp*, *p*, *mf*, *espr. molto*, *poco f*, *mf*, *poco marc.*, and *pp*. The score ends with a dynamic *pp*.

33

marc. *ppp*: *roso a roso стеч.*

320

325

34

mf dolciss.

p

mf/p

molto

p

330

35

ff expr.

ff

ff

ff expr.

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

335

340

22 [36]

345

mf

meno f

expr.

meno f

mf

350

mf *expr.*

[37] *espr. molto*

mf *v* *espr.*

p

espr. molto

poco

poco

poco

poco

poco

355

poco

[38]

ff

ff

ff

ff

ff

360

ff

[39] **Tempo I, pesante**

poco a poco string.

- 23 -

Musical score for measures 365-370. The score consists of eight staves for different instruments. Measure 365 starts with a forte dynamic. Measures 366-370 show a gradual increase in volume, indicated by crescendo marks and dynamic markings like f , ff , and fff . The strings are specifically instructed to play "poco a poco". Measure 370 ends with a forte dynamic.

[40] **in tempo (II)**

Musical score for measures 370-375. The instrumentation remains the same. The dynamics are primarily ff with occasional fff and f markings. Expressive markings like "expr." are present in several measures. Measure 375 concludes with a final dynamic instruction.

Musical score for measures 375-385. The score continues with the same instruments and dynamic levels. Measures 375-380 feature sustained notes with dynamic changes between ff and f . Measures 381-385 show a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes with dynamic markings like ff , f , and p .

375

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II

Andante ($\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 52$)

A detailed musical score page featuring two staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves are in common time. Measure 10 begins with dynamic markings: 'mf' and 'espr. molto' above the first note, followed by 'mp'. The music consists of various note patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, with slurs and grace notes. Measure 11 continues with similar patterns, with dynamics 'p', 'mp', 'mf', and 'più f' appearing at different points. The score is written on five-line staves with black ink.

A detailed musical score page showing two staves of music. The top staff consists of six systems of five-line staffs each, with various dynamics like 'expr. molto' and 'meno' indicated. The bottom staff shows bassoon parts with dynamics such as 'poco', 'f espri.', and 'poco f'. Measure 41 concludes with a forte dynamic. Measure 42 begins with a piano dynamic and continues with various dynamics including 'pp' and 'mf'. The page number '15' is at the bottom center.

20

expr. molto

pizz.

poco f

42

25 *poco f*

30

ff expr. molto

pizz.

arco

pp arco

pp

p

expr.

expr.

pp

piu p

pp

piu f

p

pizz.

pp

piu f

p

[43] Un poco più mosso (*ma non troppo*) ($\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 68-72$)

Musical score for orchestra and piano. The score consists of ten staves. Measure 40 starts with a dynamic of pp . Measures 41-42 show various dynamics including pp , p , and mp with *espr. molto*. Measure 43 begins with pp and ends with pp at measure 44.

[44]

Musical score for orchestra and piano. The score consists of ten staves. Measures 44-47 continue the musical line, featuring dynamics such as p , mp with *espr. molto*, and mf .

[45]

Musical score for orchestra and piano. The score consists of ten staves. Measures 48-51 feature dynamics including p , pp , $poco f$, pp at pp , and pp at $>pp$.

expr. molto

55

mf *expr. molto*

pizz.

pp arco

mf *expr. molto*

60

poco tenuto [46] a tempo

p *j* *expr.*

pp

p *mf* *expr.*

pp

p *pp*

pp *3* *j* *3*

65

espr. molto

70

pizz.

75

arco espr. molto

82

80

poco f

88

49

85 *pp*

90 *pp*

L'istesso tempg

50

II

95 *mp*

100

105

poco riten. - *ten.*

110

Tranquillo
[52] **a tempo**

115 pp
mfp esp. molto
pp
pp

mp dolciss.

116-117

118

119-120

121 p

[53] **a tempo, un poco animato**

120 pp
mfp esp.
pp
mfp esp.

121 pp
mfp esp. molto
pp
mfp esp. molto

122-123

124-125

126 p

126 p
più f
f
Despr.
mf
f

127

128-129

130-131

132-133

134-135

136 f esp. molto

Musical score page 32, measures 130-133. The score consists of eight staves. Measure 130 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 131 begins with a piano dynamic, followed by a forte dynamic. Measure 132 starts with a piano dynamic, followed by a forte dynamic. Measure 133 starts with a piano dynamic, followed by a forte dynamic. Various dynamics and performance instructions like "fespr.", "expr.", "mf", and "ffespr." are present.

[54]

Musical score page 32, measures 135-138. The score consists of eight staves. Measure 135 starts with a piano dynamic, followed by a forte dynamic. Measure 136 starts with a piano dynamic, followed by a forte dynamic. Measure 137 starts with a piano dynamic, followed by a forte dynamic. Measure 138 starts with a piano dynamic, followed by a forte dynamic. Various dynamics and performance instructions like "ffmarc.", "ff", "mf", and "fespr." are present.

Musical score page 32, measures 140-143. The score consists of eight staves. Measures 140 and 141 start with a forte dynamic, followed by a piano dynamic. Measures 142 and 143 start with a piano dynamic, followed by a forte dynamic. Various dynamics and performance instructions like "ffespr. molto", "ff", "poco f", and "ffespr." are present.

55

145 *mf*

f *fespr. molto*

pochiss. tenuto

ff

fespr.

ffespr.

f

fespr. molto

mf

150

56 a tempo, sempre animato
poco a poco cresc.

(d - 72)

pp

mf

fespr.

poco f

poco fespr.

fespr. molto

fespr. molto

poco a poco cresc.

155

tenuto -

160

[57] L'istesso tempo ($\text{d} = 64-68$)

sopr. molto
sopr. molto
espr. molto
sf
mf
meno f
meno f

ma sempre molto espressivo

meno f
piu
p
mf
p
pizz.
mp

165

con passione

[58]

poco a poco - - - calando. - - -

[59]

poco a poco stringendo - - - allarg. - -

36 a tempo, ma tranquillo

[60]

Musical score for orchestra, page 36, measures 60-185. The score consists of eight staves. Measure 60 starts with *pp dolciss.* in the first staff. Measures 61-62 show various dynamics including *pp ma espr.*, *pp subito*, *pp subito*, *mp espr. pr.*, *mf espr. molto*, and *pp*. Measure 185 concludes the section.

pochissimo animato

[61]

Musical score for orchestra, page 36, measures 186-190. The score continues with eighth-note patterns. Measure 186 has *mf espr. molto*. Measures 187-188 have *p*. Measure 189 has *p* followed by *mf*. Measure 190 has *mp*.

un poco rall. *ten.* in tempo

[62]

Musical score for orchestra, page 36, measures 191-195. The score features eighth-note patterns with dynamics *f*, *mp*, *mf*, *sp*, *ten.*, *sp*, *mf expr.*, *sp*, *ten.*, *sp*, *ten.*, *sp*, *ten.*, *sp*, *mf*, and *sp*.

Musical score page 1 showing measures 200-204. The score consists of eight staves for different instruments. Measure 200 starts with a dynamic *p*. Measures 201-202 show various dynamics including *expr.*, *mf*, and *p*. Measure 203 includes dynamic markings *poco expr.* and *p*. Measure 204 concludes with a dynamic *poco expr.*

Musical score page 2 showing measures 205-209. The score continues with eight staves. Measures 205-207 feature dynamics *pp* and *poco expr.*. Measure 208 shows *p* and *poco expr.*. Measure 209 concludes with *poco expr.*

Musical score page 3 showing measures 210-214. The score uses ten staves. Measures 210-211 begin with dynamics *pp* and *ten.*. Measures 212-213 continue with *pp* and *ten.*. Measures 214-215 conclude with *sin' alla fine.*

III

Allegretto (♩ = ca. 108-112)

Musical score for orchestra, Allegretto tempo. The score consists of six staves. Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic (f) in common time. Measures 2-3 show a transition with dynamics p and mf. Measure 4 begins with a dynamic pp. Measure 5 ends with a dynamic p.

[63]

Musical score for orchestra, continuing from measure 63. The score consists of six staves. Dynamics include espr., mf, mp, and espri. Measure 10 ends with a dynamic mp.

Musical score for orchestra, continuing from measure 15. The score consists of six staves. Dynamics include mf, mp, and espri. Measure 15 ends with a dynamic p.

A musical score page showing four staves of music for orchestra and piano. The top staff is for the piano, with dynamics such as *mf*, *poco espri.*, *expr.*, *pp subito*, *p*, and *pp subito*. The bottom three staves are for the orchestra, featuring woodwind instruments like oboes and bassoons. The score includes measure numbers 25 and 26, and the page number 25.

[65] (♩ = ♩.) (L'istesso tempo)

A detailed musical score for orchestra, showing two staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves have a key signature of four sharps. Measure 29 begins with a dynamic of **p**, followed by **p** and **p**. Measure 30 begins with **p**, followed by **p** and **p**. Various dynamics and performance instructions like "mf espr.", "mf espr. molto", and "pp subito" are included.

35

pochiss.
tenuto [66] a tempo ($\text{J} = 116 - 120$)

ten.

36

45

50

67 (d...d)

55

pochiss. tenuto -

60 più f

68 a tempo

65 mp

expr.
molto [69]

allargando

69

70

ten.
calando - (in tempo)

poco rall..

poco f. = p pp mp p pp 75 80

[70] a tempo

(Dämpfer)

Un poco più animato.
grazioso molto

(con sord.)

(Dämpfer) (con sord.)

mf pp (con sord.)

mp (con sord.)

(Dämpfer) (con sord.)

85

pp (expr.)

Musical score page 43, measures 89-90. The score consists of six staves for double basses in G major, 2/4 time. Measure 89 starts with a dynamic of *pp*. Measures 90 and 91 show various bowing techniques: *pizz.*, *mf espr.*, *p*, *espr.*, *mf*, and *p*. Measure 90 ends with a dynamic of *p*.

[71]

Musical score page 71, measures 95-96. The score continues in G major, 2/4 time. Measure 95 includes dynamics *p*, *mp*, *mf espr.*, *mf*, *pizz.*, *mp*, *mf espr.*, *pizz.*, *mp*, and *p*. Measure 96 begins with *arco* and *mf*.

Musical score page 71, measures 97-105. The score remains in G major, 2/4 time. Measures 97-100 feature *pizz.*, *mf*, *arco*, *mf*, *pizz.*, *p*, and *mf*. Measure 105 concludes with a dynamic of *p*.

calando - (in tempo)

poco rall.

Musical score page 43, measures 89-90. The score consists of six staves for double basses. Measure 89 starts with a dynamic of *pp*. Measures 90 and 91 begin with a dynamic of *p*. Various performance instructions are present, including *m/expr.*, *pizz.*, and *arco*.

71

Musical score page 43, measures 91-95. Measure 91 begins with *p*. Measures 92 and 93 begin with *mp*. Measures 94 and 95 begin with *p*. Measure 95 ends with a dynamic of *p*. Performance instructions include *m/expr.*, *pizz.*, and *arco*.

Musical score page 43, measures 96-105. Measures 96-99 begin with *p*. Measures 100 and 101 begin with *mf*. Measures 102 and 103 begin with *p*. Measures 104 and 105 begin with *p*. Performance instructions include *m/expr.*, *pizz.*, *arco*, and *p*.

72

44

72

arco
pp

pp
mf
spicc.

arco
pizz.
p
arco
pp

110 p

accel. - 73 Un poco più mosso.

73

pp
mf
pizz.
arco

pizz.
mf
pizz.
mf
pizz.
mf
arco

mf

115

75

mp
mf
pizz.
arco
arco
pizz.
arco
mf
arco
pizz.
arco
mf
arco
pizz.
arco
mf
arco
pizz.
arco
mf
arco
mf
expr. molto
mf

120

poco a poco allarg.
express.

74 in tempo
(come prima)

un poco te-

125

nuto - - - poco a poco in tempo (*ma tranquillo*)

expr. molto

130

135

poco a poco calando - - -

- 75 Più mosso
a tempo

140

espr. poco a poco rall.
molto >

[76] Molto animato.
a tempo

A detailed musical score page from Gustav Mahler's Symphony No. 5. The score includes multiple staves for woodwind instruments (flute, oboe, bassoon), brass (trumpet, tuba), strings (violin, viola, cello, double bass), and piano. The key signature is A major (three sharps). The tempo is marked 'a tempo'. The score shows various dynamics such as *p*, *mp*, *pp*, *mf*, and *ff*. The piano part features complex patterns of eighth and sixteenth notes. The strings provide harmonic support with sustained notes. The woodwinds play intricate melodic lines. The brass instruments provide rhythmic punctuation. The overall texture is rich and polyphonic, characteristic of Mahler's style.

77

Dämpfer ab

Dämpfer ab

[78] **Tempo I** (J. - J.)
poco a poco calando senza sord.

165

p

pdolciss.

Dämpfer ab

senza sord.

pp

Dämpfer ab

senza sord. *mf expr.*

Dämpfer ab

senza sord. *mf expr.*

senza cord.

senza cord. *pp*

170

espr.

più espr.

poco

v

mf

mfp

175

[79] (J...J)

180 mp

185 pp

[80]

poco f 190

Musical score page 49, measures 195 to 200. The score consists of six staves. Measure 195 starts with a dynamic of f . Measures 196-197 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 198 begins with *meno f*. Measures 199-200 continue with eighth-note patterns. Measure 200 ends with a dynamic of ff .

[81] (d...d)

(pochiss.
tenuto) (a tempo)

Musical score page 81, measures 205 and 206. The score consists of six staves. Measure 205 starts with *mf*, followed by *p*, *pp*, and *pp*. Measure 206 starts with *mf esp. molto*, followed by *p*, *p*, and *p*. Measure 206 ends with a dynamic of ff .

Musical score page 81, measures 207 to 210. The score consists of six staves. Measures 207-208 start with *pp*. Measures 209-210 start with *p*. Measures 209-210 end with *pp*.

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210

A musical score page featuring six staves of music for string and woodwind instruments. The key signature is A major (three sharps). The score includes dynamic markings such as 'mf expr.', 'pp poco f', 'pp', 'mf', and 'p'. The first staff shows a melodic line with eighth-note patterns. The second staff features eighth-note chords. The third staff has eighth-note patterns with some sixteenth-note figures. The fourth staff consists of eighth-note chords. The fifth staff shows eighth-note patterns with sixteenth-note figures. The sixth staff concludes with eighth-note patterns.

215

82

A musical score page showing four staves of music for orchestra and piano. The top staff is for the piano, with dynamics pp and poco. The second staff is for strings, with dynamics p and mp. The third staff is for woodwind instruments, with dynamics pp and poco f s.p.r. The bottom staff is for bassoon and double bass, with dynamics p. Measure 15 starts with a piano dynamic pp. Measure 16 begins with a piano dynamic p. Measure 17 begins with a piano dynamic mp. Measure 18 begins with a piano dynamic p.

220 P

(♩ = ♩.)
pochiss. tenuto [83]

3]

a tempo

Musical score page 225, measures 11-12. The score consists of ten staves. Measure 11 starts with a dynamic of *poco f*, followed by *f*, *p*, *pp*, and *pp*. Measure 12 begins with *poco f*, followed by *ten. p*, *pp*, and *p*.

225

230

235 un poco rall. -

236 poco f

237 arco
poco f

238 pizz.
poco f

239 più f

84 a tempo

240 p mf

241

242

243

244

245 smarc. 245

Musical score page 50. The score consists of eight staves. Measure 1 starts with a dynamic of *mf expr.* in parentheses. Measures 2-4 show various dynamics including *p*, *poco f*, and *poco*. Measure 5 begins with *p* and *expr. molto*. Measures 6-8 show *p* and *mf*. Measure 9 starts with *p* and *expr. f*. Measures 10-12 show *p* and *mf*. Measure 13 starts with *p* and *expr.*

215

[82]

Musical score page 82. The score consists of eight staves. Measures 1-3 show various dynamics including *pp*, *poco f*, and *poco*. Measures 4-6 show *p* and *mp*. Measures 7-9 show *poco f expr.* and *p*. Measures 10-12 show *p* and *poco*.

220 *p*(♩ = ♩.)
pochiss. tenuto

[83]

a tempo

Musical score page 83. The score consists of eight staves. Measures 1-3 show *poco f expr.* and *p*. Measures 4-6 show *poco* and *ten.* Measures 7-9 show *poco* and *ten.* Measures 10-12 show *poco* and *ten.* Measures 13-15 show *poco* and *ten.* Measures 16-18 show *poco* and *ten.* Measures 19-21 show *poco* and *ten.* Measures 22-24 show *poco* and *ten.* Measures 25-27 show *pizz.* and *arc.* Measures 28-30 show *poco* and *mf*.

225

230

un poco rall.

235 più f

[84] a tempo*Un poco animato.*

240 *p* arco *mf*

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245

[85]

allargando

(d. d.)
(un poco calando)

f 4 250

tenuto [86] a tempo

expr. p
pp dolce
pizz.
arco pp dolciss.
mfp expr.
p
255

pmp
pp
mfp marc.
260

expr. 87 cresc.

265

pesante - - - -

tenuto 88 a tempo expr.

270

(d-d)
Un poco animato

275

espr.

87 cresc.

265

- - - pesante - - -

88 a tempo
expr.

270

(d = d)
Un poco animato

275

(d = J.)

280

p
f
ff

f marc.

ff

(d = J.)

89

285

mf espri.
mfp
expri.
expri.
f espri.
espri.
f espri.

290

pp
mf
p
mf espri.
f espri.
mf
mp

Musical score page 90. The score consists of six staves. The first three staves are in G major, and the last three are in E major. Measure 295 starts with dynamic *p*. The first staff has a grace note followed by eighth notes. The second staff has eighth notes. The third staff has eighth notes. The fourth staff has eighth notes. The fifth staff has eighth notes. The sixth staff has eighth notes. The score includes performance instructions: *трекр.*, *раскв. expr.*, *раскв. expr.*, *раскв. expr.*, *раскв. expr.*, and *раскв. expr.*.

Musical score page 90 continued. The score consists of six staves. The first three staves are in G major, and the last three are in E major. Measure 295 continues with eighth notes. The score includes performance instructions: *pp subito*, *pp subito*, *pp subito*, *pp subito*, *pp subito*, and *pp subito*. Measure 300 begins with dynamic *p*. The score includes performance instructions: *poco*, *poco*, *poco*, *poco*, *poco*, and *poco*.

Musical score page 91. The score consists of six staves. The first three staves are in G major, and the last three are in E major. Measure 305 starts with dynamic *p*. The score includes performance instructions: *semper animato*, *expr.*, *marc.*, and *mp*.

310

92 (d = d.)
energico

315

320

325

330

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