

COLLECTION MUSICALE EN FORMAT NUMÉRIQUE  
MOTETS DE LA RENAISSANCE

Eustache Du Caurroy (1549-1609)  
**Ave Maria... per secula**

à quatre voix



Nomenclature :



*Superius*



*Contra*



*Tenor*



*Bassus*

Ave Maria gratia plena, per secula.

Source :

Preces ecclesiasticæ - Pierre Ballard, 1609.

Livre 1, n° 4.

F-Psg [Rés.Vm<sup>1</sup> & Rés. Vm<sup>2</sup> - RISM [D3614.

*Superius*

*Contra*

*Tenor*

*Bassus*

8

A - - - ve \_\_\_\_\_ Ma - ri - - - - - a gra - ti - a

A - - ve Ma - ri - - - - - a gra - ti - a -

6

ve, \_\_\_\_\_ A - - - ve Ma - ri - a

De - - - i ple - - - na, gra - ti - a De - i \_\_\_\_\_ ple -

De - i ple - na, A - ve Ma - ri - a, A - ve, A -

A - - - - ve Ma - ri - a, \_\_\_\_\_ A - ve, A -

12

grati - a De - i \_\_\_\_ ple - na, De - i ple - na, A -

na, A - ve \_\_\_\_\_ Ma - - - ri - - - - a,

ve Ma - ri - a, Ma - ri - - - - a, A - ve Ma -

ve \_\_\_\_\_ Ma - ri - a, A - ve \_\_\_\_\_ Ma - ri - - - - a gra - ti -

The musical score consists of four staves, each representing a vocal part. The top staff begins with a half note followed by a quarter note, then a eighth note tied to a sixteenth note. The second staff starts with a half note, followed by a quarter note tied to an eighth note, then a sixteenth note. The third staff begins with a half note, followed by a quarter note tied to an eighth note, then a sixteenth note. The fourth staff begins with a half note, followed by a quarter note tied to an eighth note, then a sixteenth note. The lyrics are written below the staves, corresponding to the vocal parts. The music is in G clef, 12/8 time, and the vocal parts are in unison.

18

A musical score for four voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) in G clef, common time, and 2/4 time signature. The lyrics are in Italian. The vocal parts are: Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass. The lyrics are:

Soprano: - ve Ma - ri - a, A - ve Ma - ri - - - a,  
Alto: -  
Tenor: A - ve, A - - - - - - - ve Ma - ri - - - - - - -  
Bass: ri - a gra - ti - a De - - - - - - - i ple - na, A - ve  
Soprano: -  
Alto: a De - i ple - - - - na, A - - - - - - - ve Maa -

23

A - ve Ma - ri - a gra - ti - a De - i ple - na, gra - ti - a, gra - - - a  
- - - a, gra - - ti - a Dee - i ple - na, De - i  
— Ma - ri - a, A - ve Ma - - ri - - a, gra - - ti - a De - - i  
ri - - - a, Ma - - ri - - - a, gra - - ti - a De - - i,

29

ti - a De - i, ple - na, gra - ti - a De - i  
ple - na, gra - ti - a, gra - ti - a De - i, gra - ti - a  
ple - na, De - i ple - - - na, gra - ti - a, gra - ti - a  
De - i ple - na, gra - ti - a De - i ple - na, gra -

35

ple - na,  
per se - cu - la,  
per se - cu - la, —

De - i ple - na, per se - cu - la,  
per se -

De - i \_\_\_\_\_ ple - na, per se - cu - la,  
per se - cu - la, per se - cu -

ti - a De - i ple - na, per se - cu - la, per \_\_\_\_\_ se - cu - la, per

41

A musical score for voice and piano. The vocal part is in soprano clef, and the piano part is in treble clef. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal line consists of four staves of music, each containing lyrics. The lyrics are: "per se - cu - la, per se - cu - la," followed by a repeat sign and "per se - cu - la." The piano part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

— per ————— se - - cu - la, per se - cu - la, per se - cu - la.

cu - la, per se - cu - la, per se - cu - la.

la, per se - cu - la, per se - cu - la, per — se - - - cu - la.

se - - - - cu - la, per se - cu - la.