

REcens FABricatus LABor,

Oder

Neu-gebachene

Taffel = Schriß/

Von

Mancherley lustigen Kencken und
Schwencken / zusammen gestickt / mit Boten auß-
gespickt / und under fröliche Compagnien geschickt / damit ih-
nen Essen und Trincken / und denen darbey aufwartenden Musi-
canten die Spendage desto besser zu statten können möge.

Mit 1. 2. 3. Sing-Stimmen / und 2. Violinen, wel-
che meistens ad placitum gesetzt seyn.

Item

Etliche Stücklein mit unterschiedlichen Instrumen-
ten / insonderheit für die Kunst-Pfeiffer / zum
Aufwarten bequem.

Mit

Trompeten / Cornetten, Trombonen und Fagotten, samt ei-
ner Party mit 5. Violinen, kurz und leicht in anmuthiger Harmoni,
zur zulässigen Ergöhligkeit herab gelassen.

Sodann einem appendice, der Lustig-Politische Nasen
Kramer / 1. Voce. 3. Viol.

Der Französische Author ist sonsten in

Teutschland wol bekandt

Afne de Rilpe.

Basso Continuo.



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Vm 7. 36.



Denen Wohl-Ehrenröst und Vorgeachten / der Edlen Freyen
 Music-Kunst sehr wolgeübten und erfahren

Herrn Johann Wilhelm Nagel /
 Wolmeritirten Zinkenisten / und Musico Instrumentali bey der
 Stiffts-Kirchen in der Hochfürstlichen Würtembergischen
 Residenz-Stadt Stuttgart.

Herrn Joachimi Wilhelm Roth /
 Sehr wolverdienten Zinkenisten zu Brackenheim.

Herrn Johann Baltasar Klotz /
 Auch wolanständigen Zinkenisten zu Nürtingen.

Herrn Johann Bernhard Luszlin /
 Wolbeliebten Zinkenisten zu Beßigheim.

Und dann

Herrn Lorenz Herdtlin /
 Wolverordneten Zinkenisten zu Biettigheim.

Seinen sonders hochgeehrt- und werthgeliebtesten Herren und Freunden.

Hyr Orpheus-Söhne Ihr! Ihr Kunstgeübte Meister!
 Die Ihr durch Euer Kunst / der Menschen Sinn und Geister
 Recht zu bewegen wißt / die Ihr beliebet gern
 Der Instrumenten Ehre: Hochwerth-geehrte Herrn:
 Man saget recht und wol: Danck kommet her vom Dencken/
 Wer Wolthat / Treu und Lieb / nur schnöd läßt underfencken /
 Im schwarzen Lindancks Meer / der dencket nimmer nicht
 An Olicus Zeiten / und vergisset seiner Pflicht.
 Der Sitten-Lehrer list ein scharffes Straff Capitel
 Der Lindancks vollen Rott. Philippus brennt den Tittel
 Gar in die Stirnenein: Recht so! du schlimmer Gast /
 Der du des Wirtches Treu / so schnöd vergessen hast.
 Wann nun / geehrte Freund / Ich reisend zu euch kommen /
 Und Ihr mich jederzeit / Günst-willig aufgenommen /
 Wann Ihr mir alle Lieb / und Herzens Treu beweist /
 Und mich an eurem Tisch / geträncket und gespeist /

Syr. 11/121

Wor

Vorfür zwar Mündlich Euch Ich Danck hab abgelegt :
 Doch muß ich in dem Wald von Thieren seyn gehäget/
 Wenn ich sothaner Günst nicht mehr wär ingedenck/
 Und wolte/wolte Gott/ich wüß ein Danck: Geschenck/
 Das Euch beliebig fiel/ Ich wolt etlich also dancken/
 Daß auch der Momus selbst/ nicht Ursach hätt zu zanken
 Mit mir in diesem Fall. Was sag ich aber viel/
 Danck ich mit Worten nicht/ so dancket doch mein Will.
 Drum nemmet dieses Werck mit Günst geneigten Händen/
 Bis ich was bessers hab/ hiermit will sich verpfänden
 Mein Danck gefüllter Will. Ist schon die Arbeit schlecht/
 Schadt nichts/ ein edler Sinn begehrt nicht mehr vom Knecht/
 Als daß er sey getreu/ viel Gold und Silber Gaben/
 Verlangt Er von ihm nicht. Man muß auch Wasser haben
 Dem König zum Präsent. Nemmt hin/und denckt darbey
 Daß ich/so lang ich leb/ Eur Knecht und Diener sey.
 Ich seh euch an/ Ihr denckt: Was soll uns mit dem Thoren?
 Woher du guter Freund mit deinen langen Ohren?
 Wer ist Monsieur de Rilp? Wer Alne? kein Mensch weißt/
 Wie dieser Eselskopff mit rechtem Namen heißt.
 So wisset dann: Ich war auch weiland eures gleichen/
 Da ich/ als gut gEsell das Lande muß außstreichen/
 Ich war der Music-Kunst vor allem zugethan/
 Bis ich der Cantorey mich hab genommen an.
 Mein Nam ist nur versect/wie man es leichtlich spüret/
 Ich hab auß Lust und Scherz ihn anagrammifiret,
 Ich such auch anderst nichts/ zumahlen ich sonst hin
 Dem guten Schwaben-Volck ein Esels-Fresser bin.
 O! hab ich oft gedacht/wann ich je wär so eyner/
 Es solte trauen mir von euch gEsellen keiner/
 Mit ganzer Hart/auch wol am Leben übrig seyn/
 Ich hätt mit Rock und Sock euch längst geschlucket ein.
 Wer aber wissen will/wie ich mit rechtem Namen
 Genennet werd/der setz geschicklich mich zusamen/
 Wasgilt's/Er wird so bald mich können lesen her.
 Als: D/a/n/i/e/l/ S/p/e/e/r.
 Es sey nun gnug gescherzt. Ihr redliche Gemüther
 Verzeiht die Kühnheit mir. Der treue Menschen-Hüter
 Halt immer ob euch Wacht/ Er schütz und seane Euch/
 Bis Er von hier euch setz in seines Vatters Reich.
 Immittelst muß eur Ruhm/Kunst/Lob/und Würde glänzen/
 Bey mir/ als wie die Sonn zu mittell in dem Lenzen/
 Und kan zur Ehr was Euch von meiner Hand geschehn/
 So soit ihr stätigs mich bereit und willig sehn.

Euern Underdienstwilligsten

Alne de Rilpe.



I.

Non Asinus citharam novit, neque plectra
 Bootes,
 Nunquam cantat *ov. G.*, si tolerabit onus,
 Non etenim bruto scribuntur carmina sensu,
 Quæ sapiunt doctum, si benè facta, caput.
 Ergò Asinos cantate rudes, pro more Booten,
 Inquamus, doctus plus valet iste labor.

M. Felix Butterfack!
*S.S. Theol. Stud in Stipend. Duc.
 Theolog. Tubing.*

II.

Pallida tolluris facies invisatq. Cæli
 Forma dolet, niveis crinibus aucta modò.
 Non cantu resonare docent Amaryllida Sytvas
 Pastores, turtur voce coacta tacet.
 Latiferum superesse tamen, decernite, carmen
 Tristia quod fallis tempora, datq. animum;
 Dum ludens Orpheus miscet sua serria jocos,
 Tu latere modò, ni rudis esse cupis.
 Vivo ego percipiens, vivat cum Carmine Cantor.
 Vivant Musicola, quos pius ardor habet.

*Pauculis hisce honoratisimo suo Fautori & Amico
 ælimateissimo applaudere voluit*

M. Jeremias Widmann,
 Vicarius in Adelberg &
 Hunsholz.

III.

Wach daß der Esel singt! ach daß der Risp will tanzen!
 Die beide tanzen nit zu stolzen Hofframanen/
 Als nur wo Midas ist/ als in Arcadien,
 Da diese saule zwen kaum mögen für sich gehn.
 Es muß [Arcadien nicht also glücklich gehen
 Dem Midas nit also erwünschet gehen]
 Daß [Es] nit kan/wie wir/ so kluge Esel sehen.
 Seht unser Asne ist der Musicanten Cron/
 Der nenne sich einen Risp/ist doch ein Mules Sohn.

*Monsieur Asne de Rispé
 Euch und eurer gEsellschaft zu Ehren
 Euer Diener*

Nemonius

IV.

Welch einen Thon hör ich! Welchs Spielent
 welch ein Singen!
 Es kan ja Hertz und Sinn zur Tröligkeit hin brin-
 gen.

Ein Rülpe thut das nicht/ kein Esel machts
 so her.
 Nein, Nein/ ein Mules Sohn ist es/ mein süßer
 Speer.

*Seinem vielvertrauten Freund setzte
 diese zu Ehren*

Johann Georg Seitz!
 Ulm Cant. in Geisingen.

V.

En, mibi vena statim r. quit, dum nuntiat Hermes:
 Quod Musa Mula facta sit.

O. L. p.

G. D. H. P. S.

VI.

Est labor assidue scribendo in Carmine SPERRI,
 Magnus, sed tandem gloria major erit.

*Hæc pauca honoratissimo Domino Fautori
 in amicitia testram ponere vo-
 luit, debuit,*

Christophorus Michael Müller,
 Phil. Stud. in Ill. Stipend.

VII.

Wenmal hab ich gelesen/
 Daß euer Nam gewesen
 Schön anagrammisiert!

D. R. Elena Spei,

So dann Res plena Dei.

Daß ihr nun hie vexirt/

Und seht Asne de Rispé

Gleich wie man Stiefels Stilpe

Kan brechen mancherley/

Auf Polnisch/ Teutsch/ Französich/

Welsch/ Espanisch/ Portugesisch/

Denckt ihr vielleicht dabey/

Ich will es auch so machen/

Daß man auf diesen Sachen

Erkennt/ wie mancher scherzt.

Zwar ich und andre wären

Eurn Namen zu verkehren

so spöttisch/nicht beherzt/

Doch wird der Ruhm euch bleiben/

Solang ihr weidet schreiben/

Ein Lied der Anmuth voll.

So th woll euch ferner stärken

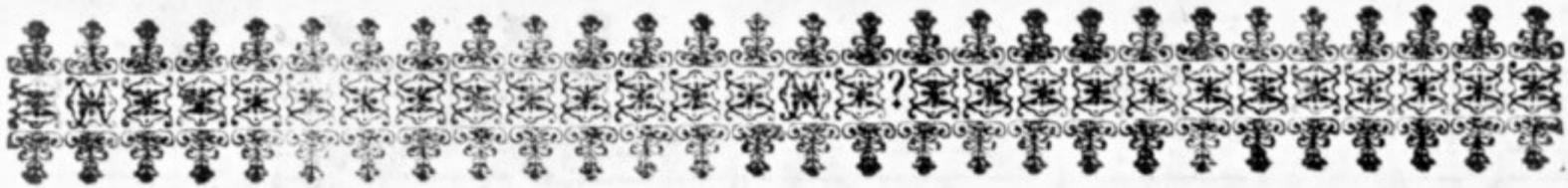
In guten Music - Werken/

Lebt und gehabt euch wol.

*Seinem weisvertrauesten Herten Bruder setzte
 und sandte diese wolmeinend*

Corenz Bessler/ Musicus Instrum.
 Ordinarius in Ungarischen Dedenburg.

Basso Con-



1.

à. 3. Voc. 2. Viol. ad placit.

65 65 * 65 5 6

Tenor. Narrate. Ihr Leute.

6 7 6 7 * * 6 5 6 5 5

Altus.

5 6 * 6 7 4 * 6 7 5

Bassus.

6 7 * 6 6 * 6 6 7

Nar-

7 6 7 * 7 4 7 4 3

rate.

& nos omnes,

6 7 4 76

2.

Drey vexations-Brüder. Im Gang/ Gesang und Trancf. à. 3. Voc.

6 7 6 7 6 6 76

Ich ach.
Basso Continuo.

) 6 ()

This page contains ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes), rests, and dynamic markings such as 'p' (piano) and 'pp' (pianissimo). Above the staves, there are several performance markings, including asterisks (*), numbers (6, 7, 76, 75, 676, 67), and some symbols that resemble musical clefs or ornaments. The music is written on a five-line staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The notation is dense and appears to be a complex piece of music, possibly a study or a technical exercise.

576

6

7

6

7

6

74

3.

A. 2. Voc. 2. Viol. C. A. T. im Non est verum ad placitum.

6

6

6

43

7

Ich will euch. Aria.

7

6

76

6

b 6 b * b b *

Non est verum.

4 * 6 5 4 * *

4.

6 5 6 5 b 6 5 r b 6 5 * b

Guter Geist.

b 4 3 6 6 6 7 6 b

b 6 5 7 4 * b 6 5 7 4 * b 6 b

* * 6 7 4 * 7 4 * * b * 6 b b 6 4 * b

b 6 5 7 6 6 7 6 * b 6 b 7

6 7 4 3 b | b 4 * b 6 6 7 6

4 * 4 5 3 b 4 5 6 7 6 * 6 7 6 b b 4 * * b

* * b 6 5 b 7 6 * b b 7 6 6

The image displays ten staves of musical notation for a Bass Continuo. The notation is written in a style characteristic of 17th or 18th-century manuscripts. Each staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The music consists of a sequence of notes, often with accidentals (sharps, flats, naturals) and asterisks above them, indicating specific fingerings or ornaments. Some notes are marked with numbers (e.g., 43, 75, 76) which likely refer to lute tablature. The staves are connected by a single vertical line on the left. The notation includes various note values, including minims, crotchets, and quavers, as well as rests and bar lines. The overall structure is a single melodic line for the continuo.

Basso Continuo,

C

II (II)

First musical staff, featuring a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The staff contains a series of eighth notes with stems pointing downwards. Above the staff, there are several markings: a '6' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, and a '6' with a star. A 'T.' is written below the first few notes.

Second musical staff, similar to the first. It includes a 'Viol.' label below the staff. The notation consists of eighth notes with downward stems. Above the staff, there are markings: a '7' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, and a '4' with a star.

Third musical staff, continuing the sequence. It features a 'B.' label below the staff. The notation is eighth notes with downward stems. Above the staff, there are markings: a '6' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, and a '4' with a star.

Fourth musical staff. It includes a '76' marking above the staff. The notation is eighth notes with downward stems. Above the staff, there are markings: a '6' with a star, a '76' with a star, and a '4' with a star.

Fifth musical staff, featuring a 'Viol.' label below the staff. The notation is eighth notes with downward stems. Above the staff, there are markings: a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, and a '4' with a star.

Sixth musical staff, featuring a 'A.' label below the staff. The notation is eighth notes with downward stems. Above the staff, there are markings: a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '4' with a star, and a '6' with a star.

Seventh musical staff. It includes a '76' marking above the staff. The notation is eighth notes with downward stems. Above the staff, there are markings: a '7' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '76' with a star, a '7' with a star, a '6' with a star, and a '4' with a star.

Eighth musical staff, featuring a 'Viol.' label below the staff. The notation is eighth notes with downward stems. Above the staff, there are markings: a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '5' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '5' with a star, and a '6' with a star.

Ninth musical staff, featuring a double bar line at the end. The notation is eighth notes with downward stems. Above the staff, there are markings: a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '6' with a star, a '4' with a star, a '4' with a star, and a '4' with a star.

NB. Es muß repetirt werden.

6 6 7 6r 6 6 5

Omnes.
Nia liga.

161.

7.

Von drey vexations Handwerckern/ à. 3. Voc. 2. Viol. ad placi.

- 1. Müller.
- 2. Schneider.
- 3. Weber.

b b

Zweymal repetirt. Omnes.

4* X X X 6 6 7 X 7 6 * 6 7 4*

8.

Wayen und Aufzugs Lied. 1. Tenore, 3. Viol.

6 7 6 6* 6 4*

Aria.

* 6 6 4* 6 6 4* 4* 4* * * 4* *

Viol.

* 4* 4* 4* 4* 4* 4* *

9.

Friederle Brüderle / 2. Voc. 3. Viol. adplac.

6 6 6 6 6 6 6

Son.

6 6 6 6 6 43

6 6 41 6 7 4* 6 41 6 41

Omnes. Friederle Brüderle.

Basso Continuo.



B. Solo.



B. Solo.

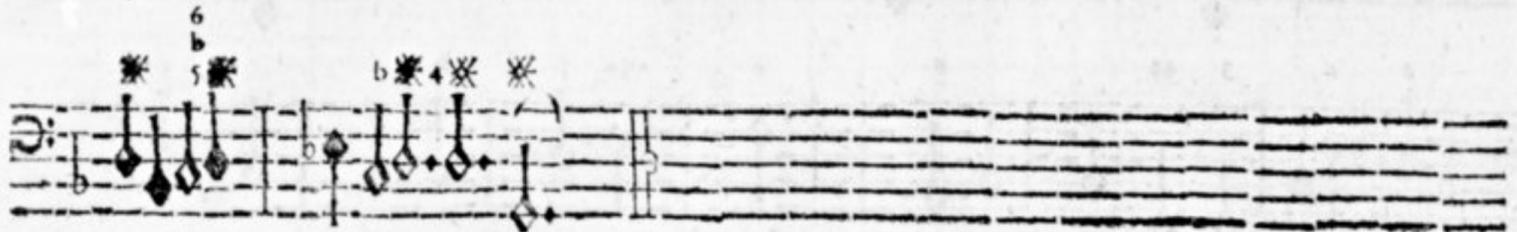
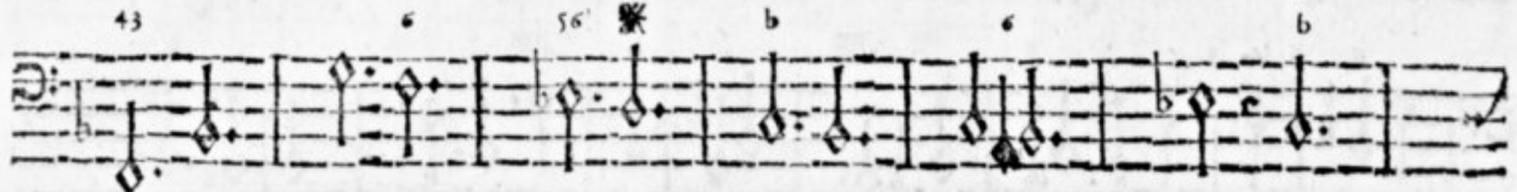


Om:



NB. Diese repetition muß wol observirt werden.





Basso Continuo,

17

Five staves of musical notation in bass clef. The notation includes various notes, rests, and performance markings such as asterisks and accidentals. The staves are connected by a brace on the left side.

II.

Der Scptifizirer Wiederbezahlung
 Glöttlins in engerer Composition 1. Tenore, 2. Viol. ad placi.

Four staves of musical notation in bass clef. The first staff has the lyrics "Son:" below it. The second staff has the lyrics "Mein Gell Lehr selbst." below it. The notation includes various notes, rests, and performance markings such as asterisks and accidentals.

b b 4* r 765 4* 765

sonata
ut supra

6 76 6 b 6 4* 6 56 76 5

Thut einer.

7 5 7 4* * *

6 4* 6 56 56 76 5*

sonata
ut supra

An mir.

6 b 6 b 76

* 2 49 56 56 26 5*

6 b 6 5

7 6 4* *

96 76 7 7 9 4

6 76 7 5 43

Om:

6 76 43 7

134

R.

Blöcclins von vertraulicher Zusammenkunft in engerer Composition,
à. 1. Tenore. 2. Viol. ad placitum.

43 96 65 4

Sonata.

7 4 75

Ber nit.

65 76 76

65 65 65

Bem alle,

Musical staff 1: Treble clef, bass line with notes and accidentals. Markings include asterisks and numbers 67 and 56.

Musical staff 2: Treble clef, bass line with notes and accidentals. Markings include asterisks and numbers 76. Includes the text "sonata" and "ut supra".

Musical staff 3: Treble clef, bass line with notes and accidentals. Includes the text "Ich aber."

Musical staff 4: Treble clef, bass line with notes and accidentals. Markings include asterisks and numbers 76.

Musical staff 5: Treble clef, bass line with notes and accidentals. Markings include asterisks and numbers 76.

Musical staff 6: Treble clef, bass line with notes and accidentals. Includes the text "sonata" and "ut supra". Below the staff is the text "Wirfft mir."

Musical staff 7: Treble clef, bass line with notes and accidentals. Markings include asterisks and numbers 76.

Musical staff 8: Treble clef, bass line with notes and accidentals. Markings include asterisks and numbers 76.

Musical staff 9: Treble clef, bass line with notes and accidentals. Includes the text "Sonata" and "ut supra". Below the staff is the text "Thu aber."

Basso Continuo.

Musical score for six trumpets, measures 1-11. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *pp*, *p*, and *f*. Fingerings and breath marks are indicated above the notes. Measure numbers 4, 3, 7, 6, and 6 are placed above the staff. Measure 11 ends with a double bar line and the number 11.

13.

Musical score for six trumpets, measures 12-15. The notation features a series of notes with dynamic markings *pp* and *p*. Measure 15 ends with a double bar line and the number 15.

Aufzug à 6. Trompeten.

Musical score for six trumpets, measures 16-17. The notation shows notes with dynamic markings *pp* and *p*. Measure 17 ends with a double bar line and the number 16.

14.

Musical score for six trumpets, measures 18-21. The notation consists of notes with dynamic markings *pp* and *p*. Measure 21 ends with a double bar line and the number 14.

Aufzug. à 6. Trompeten.

Musical score for six trumpets, measures 22-25. The notation shows notes with dynamic markings *pp* and *p*. Measure 25 ends with a double bar line and the number 15.

15.

Musical score for five cornets and three trombones, measures 26-31. The notation includes notes with dynamic markings *pp* and *p*. Fingerings and breath marks are indicated above the notes. Measure numbers 6, 4, 6, 6, 6, 7, 4, 6, 6, 7, 6 are placed above the staff. Measure 31 ends with a double bar line and the number 15.

Sonata. à 5. 2. Cornetto. 3. Tromb.

17.

Musical staff 1 for exercise 17, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The staff contains a series of notes with various accidentals and dynamic markings. Above the staff, there are several numbers: 6, 65, 6, 76, 6, 6, and 4 2 3.

Sonata. à. 4. Tromb.

Musical staff 2 for exercise 17, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The staff contains a series of notes with various accidentals and dynamic markings. Above the staff, there are several numbers: 6, 65, b, b, b 4, and 6.

Musical staff 3 for exercise 17, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The staff contains a series of notes with various accidentals and dynamic markings. Above the staff, there are several numbers: 4 5 2 3, b, b, 65, 6b, b, 6, and 6 7 5.

Musical staff 4 for exercise 17, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The staff contains a series of notes with various accidentals and dynamic markings. Above the staff, there are several numbers: b, 6, 6, 4, 343, 65, b, 7, b, b.

Musical staff 5 for exercise 17, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The staff contains a series of notes with various accidentals and dynamic markings. Above the staff, there are several numbers: 6, 43, b, b, 6, 43, b, b 4, and b.

Musical staff 6 for exercise 17, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The staff contains a series of notes with various accidentals and dynamic markings. Above the staff, there are several numbers: 6, b, 6 76, b, b, 6 75, and b 6.

Musical staff 7 for exercise 17, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The staff contains a series of notes with various accidentals and dynamic markings. Above the staff, there are several numbers: b, 6 76, 5 6 7 6 5, 44, and 47.

18.

Musical staff 1 for exercise 18, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The staff contains a series of notes with various accidentals and dynamic markings. Above the staff, there are several numbers: 6, 43, and 75.

Sonata. à. 4. Clarin o Cornetto. 3. Tromb.

Musical staff 2 for exercise 18, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The staff contains a series of notes with various accidentals and dynamic markings. Above the staff, there are several numbers: 6, 43, and 75.

Musical staff 3 for exercise 18, featuring a treble clef and a common time signature. The staff contains a series of notes with various accidentals and dynamic markings. Above the staff, there are several numbers: 7 4, b, 5, 6 43, 5, and 6 43.

21.

Musical staff 1 for exercise 21, featuring a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one flat. The staff contains a series of eighth and sixteenth notes with various ornaments and slurs.

Cique à. 3. 2. Viol. 1. Fagotto.

Musical staff 2 for exercise 21, continuing the melodic line with similar rhythmic patterns and ornaments.

Musical staff 3 for exercise 21, showing a continuation of the exercise with various note values and ornaments.

Musical staff 4 for exercise 21, featuring a series of notes with slurs and ornaments.

Musical staff 5 for exercise 21, containing a sequence of notes with slurs and ornaments.

Musical staff 6 for exercise 21, concluding the exercise with a final cadence and repeat sign.

22.

Musical staff 1 for exercise 22, starting with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one flat. It begins with a series of notes and ornaments.

Sonata. à. 3. 2. Viol. 1. Tromb.

Musical staff 2 for exercise 22, continuing the exercise with various note values and ornaments.

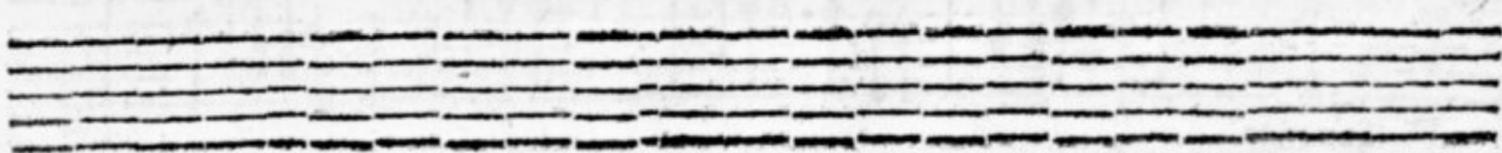
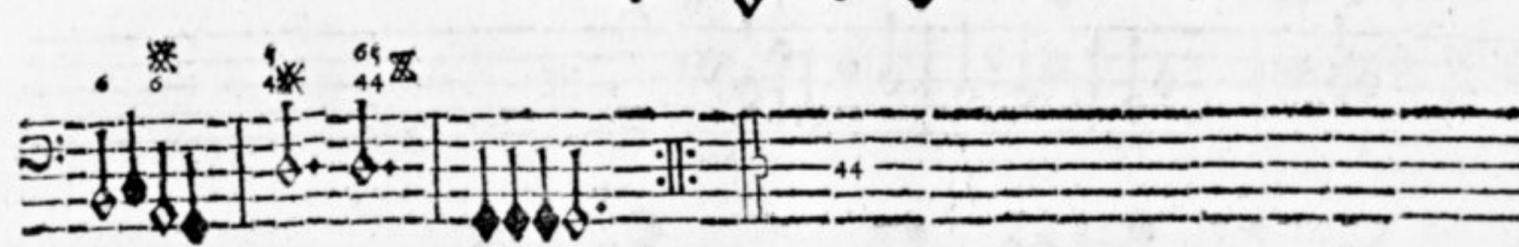
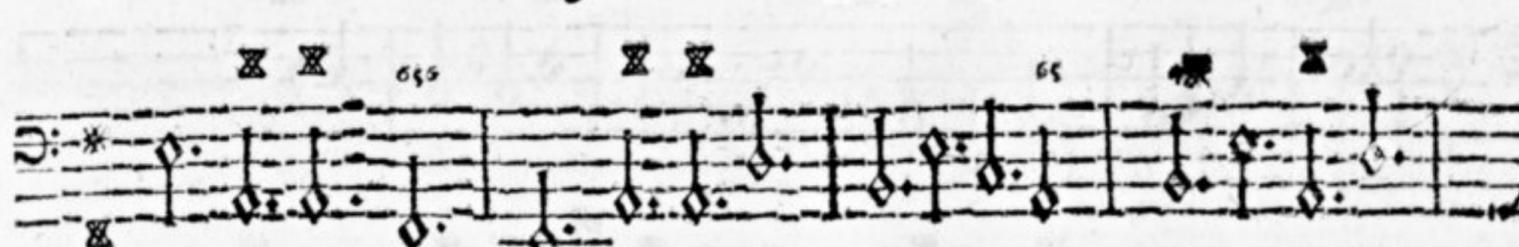
Musical staff 3 for exercise 22, concluding the exercise with a final cadence and repeat sign.



25.



Cique. à 3. 2. Viol. 1. Tromb.



24.

à. s. Continuus.

Musical staff 1: Continuum notation with notes and fingerings. Includes the label "Sonata." below the staff.

Musical staff 2: Continuum notation with notes and fingerings.

Musical staff 3: Continuum notation with notes and fingerings.

Musical staff 4: Continuum notation with notes and fingerings.

Musical staff 5: Continuum notation with notes and fingerings.

Musical staff 6: Continuum notation with notes and fingerings.

Musical staff 7: Continuum notation with notes and fingerings.

Musical staff 8: Continuum notation with notes and fingerings.

Musical staff 9: Continuum notation with notes and fingerings. Includes dynamic markings "Pian." and "Forte." below the staff.

Musical staff 10: Continuum notation with notes and fingerings. Includes the label "Sonatina." below the staff.

Ballet.

Cuorant.

Basso Continuo.



First system of musical notation for Gavott. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 above the notes. There are asterisks above some notes, likely indicating ornaments or specific articulation. The system ends with a double bar line.

Gavott.

Second system of musical notation for Gavott. It continues the melody from the first system. Fingerings and asterisks are present. The system ends with a double bar line.

Third system of musical notation for Gavott. It continues the melody. The word "Pian." is written below the staff towards the end of the system. The system ends with a double bar line.

Fourth system of musical notation for Gavott. It continues the melody. The system ends with a double bar line.

First system of musical notation for Sarabanda. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The melody is slower and features more sustained notes. Fingerings and asterisks are present. The system ends with a double bar line.

Sarabanda.

Second system of musical notation for Sarabanda. It continues the melody. The system ends with a double bar line.

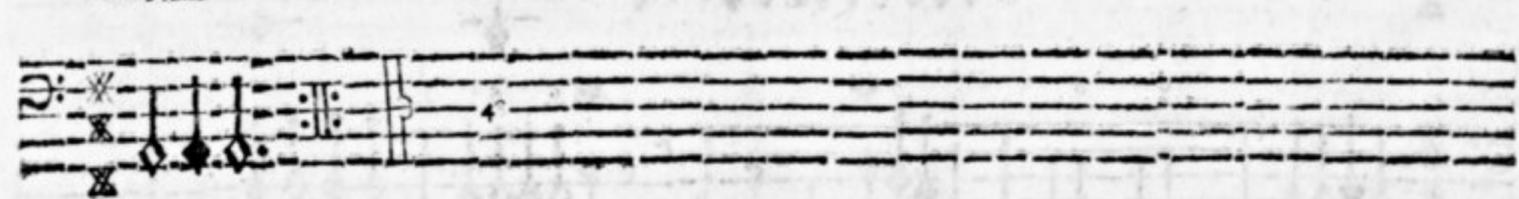
Third system of musical notation for Sarabanda. It continues the melody. The word "Pian." is written below the staff. The system ends with a double bar line.

Fourth system of musical notation for Sarabanda. It continues the melody. The system ends with a double bar line.

First system of musical notation for Cigque. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The melody is lively and features many sixteenth notes. Fingerings and asterisks are present. The system ends with a double bar line.

Cigque.

Second system of musical notation for Cigque. It continues the lively melody. The system ends with a double bar line.



25.

Der Politische Nase-Krämer.



Musical staff with notes and a '7 4' fingering instruction above.

Musical staff with notes and a '7 4' fingering instruction above.

Musical staff with notes, various fingering instructions (6, 4, 6 7 5, 6 6, 7 4), and the text 'Mir Freud.' below.

Musical staff with notes, various fingering instructions (6, 4), and the text 'Ritorn.' and 'repetirt' on the right.

Musical staff with notes, various fingering instructions (6, 4), and the text 'Nun wirst.' below.

Musical staff with notes, various fingering instructions (6 6, 6, 6 4), and the text 'Ritorn.', 'repetirt.', and 'NB.' below.

Musical staff with notes and various fingering instructions (6, 6, 6).

Musical staff with notes and various fingering instructions (6, 6, 6, 6).

Musical staff with notes and various fingering instructions (6, 6, 7, 6, 6).

Musical staff with notes and various fingering instructions (6, 6, 6, 5).

First musical staff with notes, rests, and asterisks. Includes a '6' above the staff.

Second musical staff with notes, rests, and asterisks. Includes a '6' above the staff.

Third musical staff with notes, rests, and asterisks. Includes a '6' above the staff.

Fourth musical staff with notes, rests, and asterisks. Includes a '6' above the staff.

Fifth musical staff with notes, rests, and asterisks. Includes a '6' above the staff.

Sixth musical staff with notes, rests, and asterisks. Includes a '6' above the staff.

Seventh musical staff with notes, rests, and asterisks. Includes a '6' above the staff.

Eighth musical staff with notes, rests, and asterisks. Includes a '6' above the staff.

Ninth musical staff with notes, rests, and asterisks. Includes a '6' above the staff.

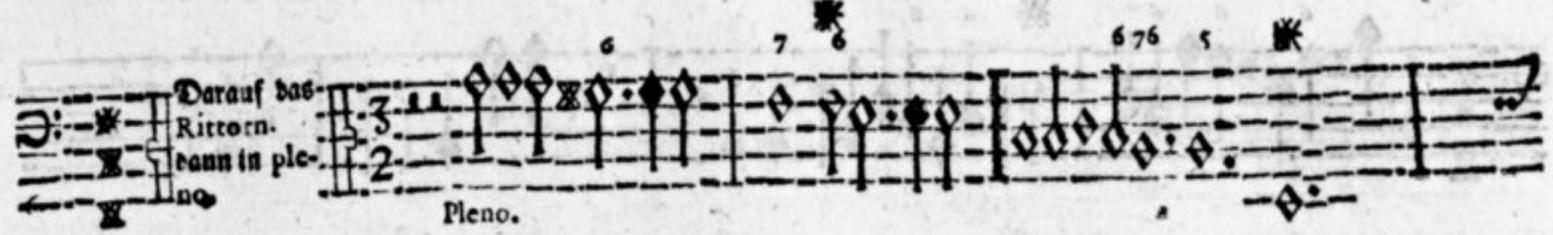
Tenth musical staff with notes, rests, and asterisks. Includes a '6' above the staff.

Eleventh musical staff with notes, rests, and asterisks. Includes a '6' above the staff.

Basso Continuo.

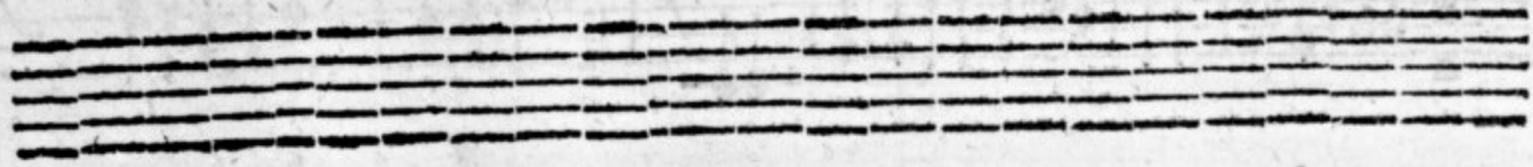
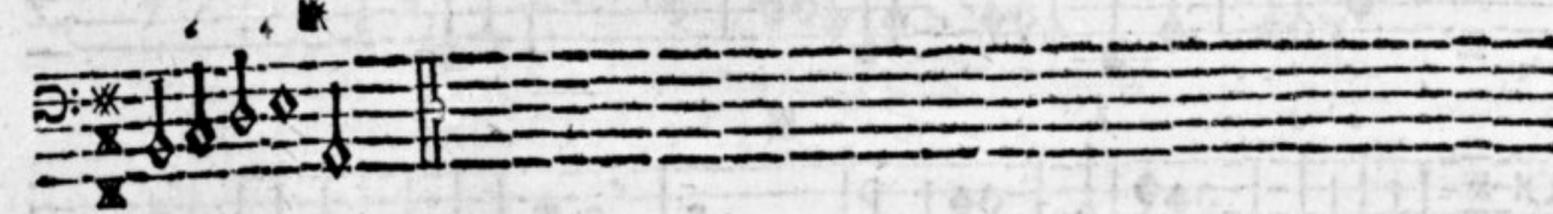


By dem NB. im Trippel repetirt.



Darauf das
Ritorn.
dann in ple-
no

Pleno.



INDEX,

Werer in diesem Tractatein befindli- chen Stuck.

1. Eine lustige *narration* über alle Stände. *à. 3. Voc. A.T.B. 2. Viol. ad placitum.*
2. Dreier Brüder oder prahlender Gesellen im Gang / Gesang und Tranck *vexations-Be-*
schimpfung. *à. 3. Voc. A.T.B.*
3. Unter der Wahrheit vorbringende Lugen. *à. 2. Voc. T. B. 2. Viol. C. A. T. in voce ad*
placitum.
4. Verkehrte Beantwortu. *meyer* Fragenden. *à. 3. Voc. T. T. B. 2. Viol. ad placitum.*
5. Der vertheidigte deutsche *a. /* oder unstudirte. *à. 1. Voc. T. 5. Viol. ad placitum.*
6. Eine Schwäbische Bauren-Hochzeit / so von etlichen Studenten im *Carcere* componirt wor-
den / damit sie sich *recreirt* haben. *à. 3. Voc. A.T.B. 2. Viol. necess. 1. Viola ad placitum.*
7. Von drey ehrlichen Handwercksleuthen / welche sich in *vexation* dffters eines Diebstahls
müssen bezüchtrigen lassen. *à. 3. Voc. A. T. B. 2. Viol. ad placitum.*
8. Ein *Wanen*-oder Frühlings-Liedchen / mit zuletzt unterlauffendem *GutGuts*-Geschrey
oder ruffen. *à. 1. Voc. T. 3. Viol. necess.*
9. Verwerffung deß Spielen und Buhlens. *à. 2. Voc. T. B. 3. Viol.*
10. Eine *Relation* von einem Wollen-Weber / welcher sein Weib mit *Karbatzen* das *Kartata-*
sch hat lernen wollen. *à. 2. Voc. T. T. 3. Viol. ad placitum.*
11. Von vertraulicher Freunde *Zusammentunft.* *Blöttlins* in engerer *Composition.* *à. 1. Voc.*
T. 2. Viol. ad placitum.
12. Der *Scopstirer* oder *Tadler* *Wiederheimgebung.* *Blöttlins* in engerer *Composition.*
à. 1. Voc. T. 2. Viol. ad placitum.

Ferner folgen 12. Instrumental-Stuck / als :

13. 14. Stuck mit 6. Trompeten / oder Zinken Posaunen.
15. 16. Stuck mit 2. Cornett. 3. Tromb.
17. Stuck. mit 4. Tromb.
18. 19. Stuck mit 1. Cornett. 3. Tromb.
20. 21. Stuck mit 2. Viol. 1. Fagotto.
22. 23. Stuck mit 2. Viol. 1. Tromb.
24. Stuck. Eine *Sonata* und *Party.* *à. 5. Viol.*

Appendice.

25. Der lustig *Poltische* *Nasens-Krämer* / in neuer leichten *Composition.* *à. 1. Voc. Tenore. 3.*
Viol. ad placitum.

Notamen.

Weil dieses Werklein bald mit viel Stimmen / und wenigen Instrumenten / bald mit wenig Stim-
men und viel Instrumenten / wie auch mit unterschiedlichen Instrumenten ohne Vocal-Stimmen /
doch aber kein Stuck stärker als *à. 5.* ist. So habe nothwendiger Weis bald eine Vocal-Stimm hier
in einen partem, bald eine Instrumental-Stimm dort in einem partem schreiben müssen / das die
Partes am Pappir fast in eine gleiche kommen / wird also der Instrumentist dem Vocalisten / und wieder
der Vocalist jenem zuweilen seine Stimme reichen müssen / welches im Auffuchen gar leicht geschehen
kan / wie sehr viel Authores sich dergleichen auch bedienen müssen / welches zur Nachricht dienet.

INDEX

Diese unerbhoffte eingeschlichene Errata wird der günstige
Music-Freund/ nebenst noch erwan befindlich unwissendem
gebührend wissen zu corrigiren.

Altes.

- Pag. 3. lin. 7. soll vor der 4. Not ein * stehen.
pag. 17. lin. 4. soll die 17. Not im b. die 18. im c. stehen. lin. 6. soll die 29. Not im c. stehen. lin. 7. die
17. Not im g.
pag. 18. lin. 4. soll vor der 15. Not ein * stehen. lin. 8. soll die 15. Not ein Viertel seyn.
pag. 20. lin. 2. soll die 16. Not im b. stehen. lin. 5. soll die 25. Not ein Viertel seyn. lin. 9. soll die 9. und
10. Not einfach gebunden seyn / und die 11. 12. 13. und 14. Not also stehen



Tenor.

- Pag. 17. lin. 9. soll die 16. Not im c. stehen. lin. 10. soll vor der letzten Not ein * stehen.
pag. 18. lin. 4. soll vor der 3. Not ein * stehen.
pag. 19. lin. 1. soll vor der 13. Not ein * stehen. lin. 2. soll die 15. Not im d. stehen. lin. 9. soll vor
der 15. Not ein * stehen.

Bassus.

- Pag. 7. lin. 9. soll die 1. Not im c. stehen.
pag. 21. lin. 1. muß der erste Tact Noten/ welcher zu viel/ außgerhan werden.



Violino I.

- Pag. 3. lin. 10. soll nach dem ganz Pausirenden Tact noch ein halber stehen. Item vor der 7. Not vor den ganz
Pausirenden Tact ein halber.
pag. 18. lin. 8. soll vor der 5. Not ein * stehen.

Violino II.

- Pag. 2. lin. 1. sollen die ersten 4. Pausen weggerhan werden.
pag. 5. lin. 3. soll die 20. Not gebunden seyn.
pag. 9. lin. 1. soll die 5. Not im f. stehen.
pag. 15. lin. 5. soll hinter der letzten Not ein halber Tact pausire werden.
pag. 17. lin. 6. soll vor der 9. und 11. Not ein * stehen.
pag. 20. lin. 8. soll die 4. und 5. Not im a. stehen.

Continuus.

- Pag. 13. lin. 8. soll die 21. Not schwarz seyn.
pag. 14. lin. 8. soll die 26. Not weiß seyn.