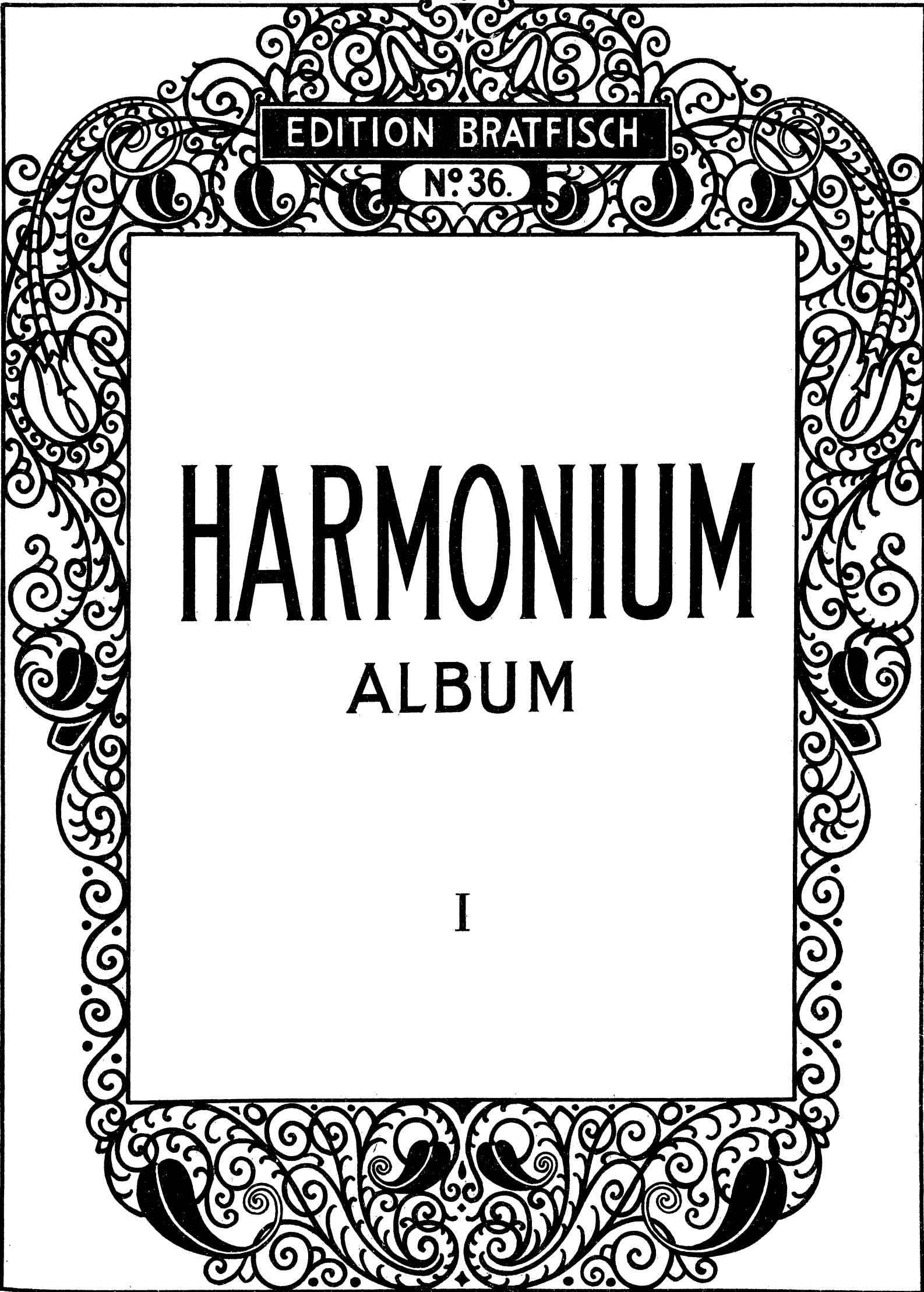




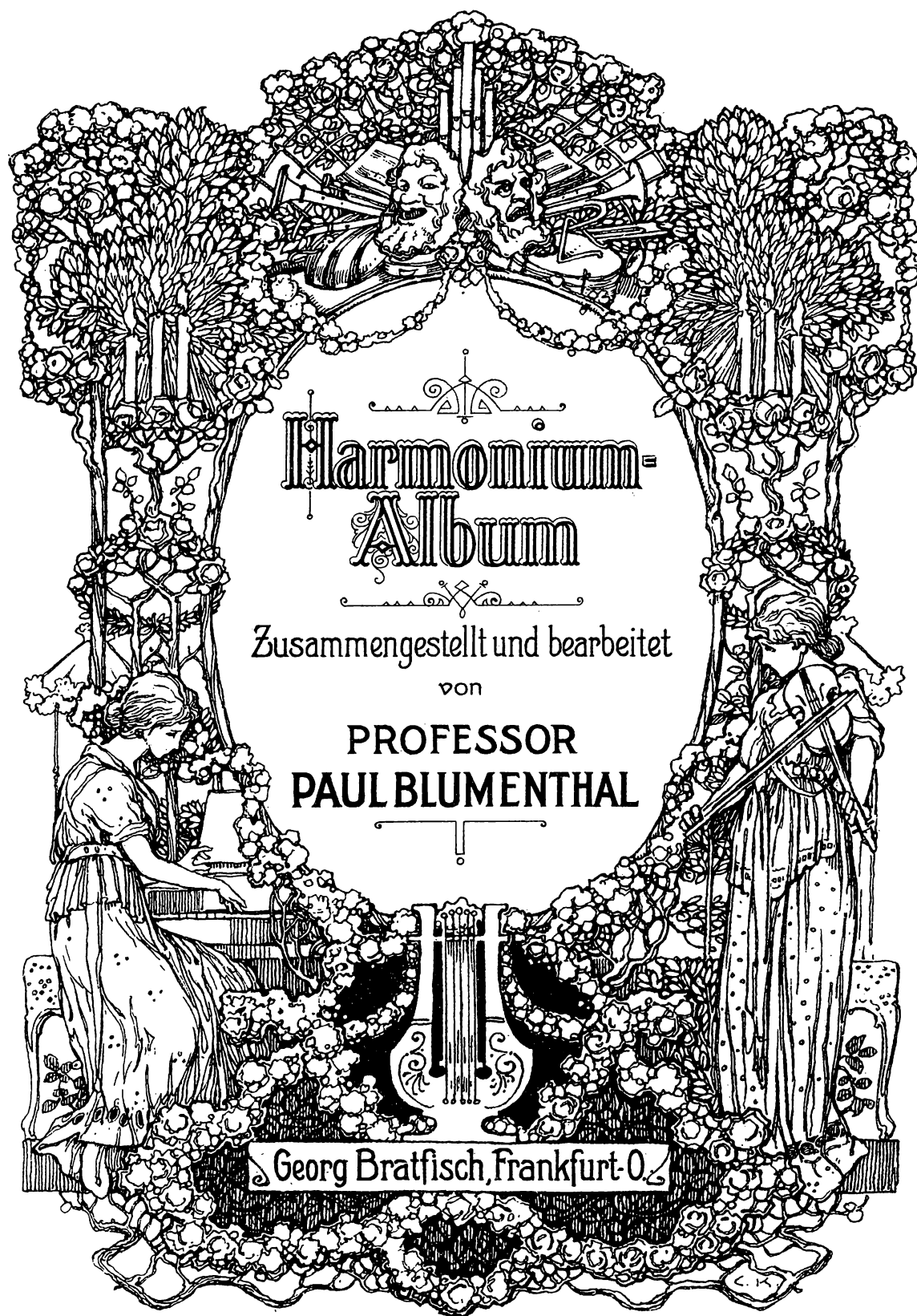
EDITION BRATFISCH

Nº 36.

HARMONIUM

ALBUM

I



Harmonium-Album

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Harmonium-Album von Paul Blumenthal.

BAND I.

1. Präludium.

Joh. Seb. Bach.

Grave.

mf

cresc.

f

rit.

2. Präludium.

Im Original zusammengehörig mit der Fuge unter N^o 11.

Joh. Seb. Bach.

Tempo giusto.

First system of the 2nd Prelude, measures 1-4. The music is in G major, 3/4 time. The right hand features a flowing eighth-note melody, while the left hand provides a steady eighth-note accompaniment. A dynamic marking of *mf* is present in the first measure.

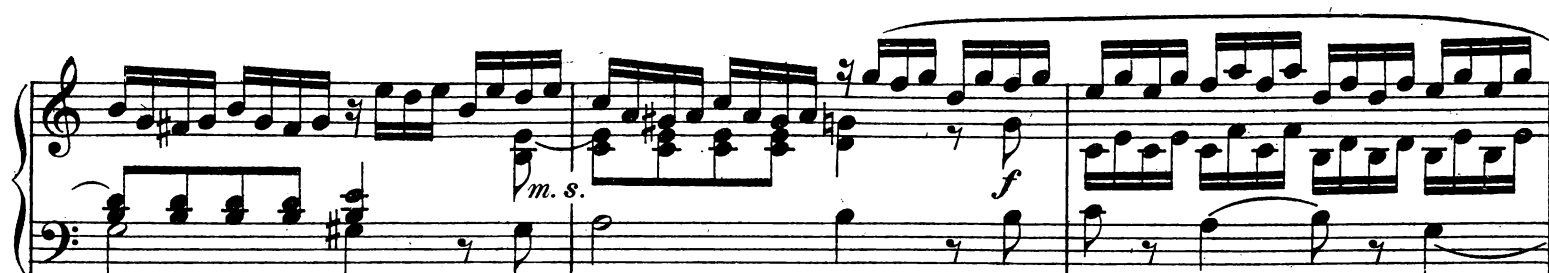
Second system of the 2nd Prelude, measures 5-8. The right hand continues the eighth-note melody, and the left hand accompaniment remains steady. A dynamic marking of *sempre legato* is present in the fifth measure.

Third system of the 2nd Prelude, measures 9-12. The right hand continues the eighth-note melody, and the left hand accompaniment remains steady.

Fourth system of the 2nd Prelude, measures 13-16. The right hand continues the eighth-note melody, and the left hand accompaniment remains steady. Dynamic markings include *cresc.* in the first measure, *m. s.* in the second measure, and *f* in the third measure.

Fifth system of the 2nd Prelude, measures 17-20. The right hand continues the eighth-note melody, and the left hand accompaniment remains steady. A dynamic marking of *mf* is present in the second measure.

Sixth system of the 2nd Prelude, measures 21-24. The right hand continues the eighth-note melody, and the left hand accompaniment remains steady.



3. Choral: „In allen meinen Taten.“

Tonsatz von Joh. Seb. Bach.



4. Präludium quasi Fantasia.

J. G. Albrechtsberger.

Un poco adagio.

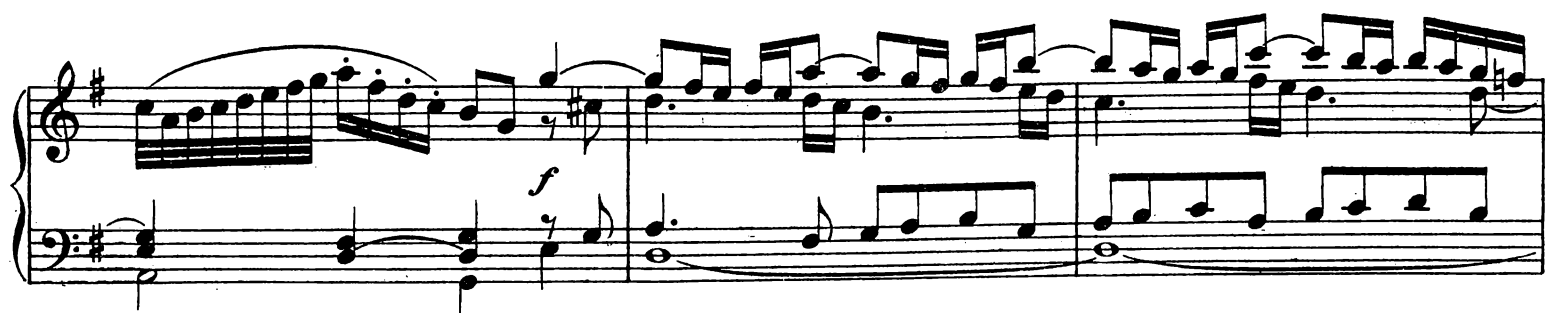
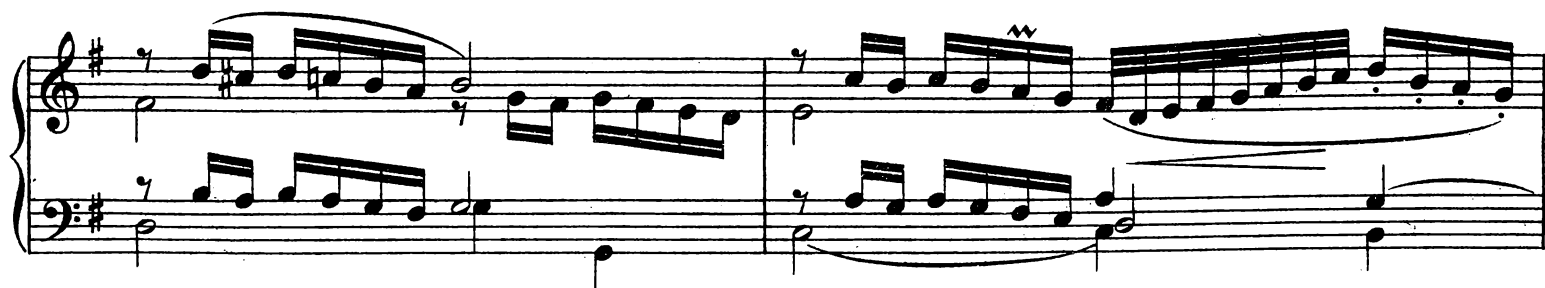
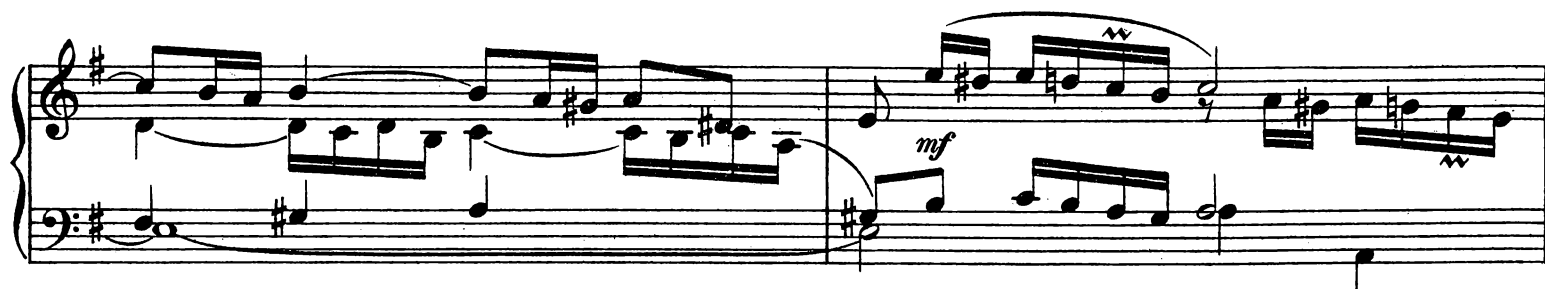
p *cresc.*

f

dimin.

ff

mf *molto cresc.*



5. Präludium.

Rud. Ew. Zingel, Op. 70 N° 3.

Festlich.

ff m.s. *m.s.* *fz* *fz* *m.s.* *mf ben legato* *f come sopra* *m.s.* *m.s.*

First system of musical notation (measures 1-10). The score is in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It features a flowing melody in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand. Dynamics include *f*, *mf*, *m.s.*, *p*, and *ff*.

6. Präludium.

Ad. Hesse.

Andante.

Second system of musical notation (measures 11-20). The score is in B-flat major (two flats) and 3/4 time. It features a gentle melody in the right hand and a simple bass line in the left hand. Dynamics include *dolce*, *mf*, and *dimin.*

7. Arie: „Er weidet seine Herde“ aus dem Messias.

G. Fr. Händel.

Larghetto.

The musical score is written for piano accompaniment in G major (one sharp) and 12/8 time. It consists of six systems of music, each with a treble and bass staff. The tempo is marked 'Larghetto.' at the beginning. The dynamics are indicated by various markings: *mf* (mezzo-forte) appears in the first, third, and fifth systems; *f* (forte) appears in the second system; *dolce* (sweetly) appears in the second system; *p* (piano) appears in the fourth and sixth systems; and *cresc.* (crescendo) appears in the sixth system. The score features a variety of musical notations, including eighth and sixteenth notes, rests, and slurs, creating a flowing and expressive accompaniment.



8. Präludium zum Liede: „Schmückt das Fest mit Maien.“

Moderato non troppo.

P. Blumenthal, Op. 89 No 8.



9. Postludium.

Ad. Hesse.

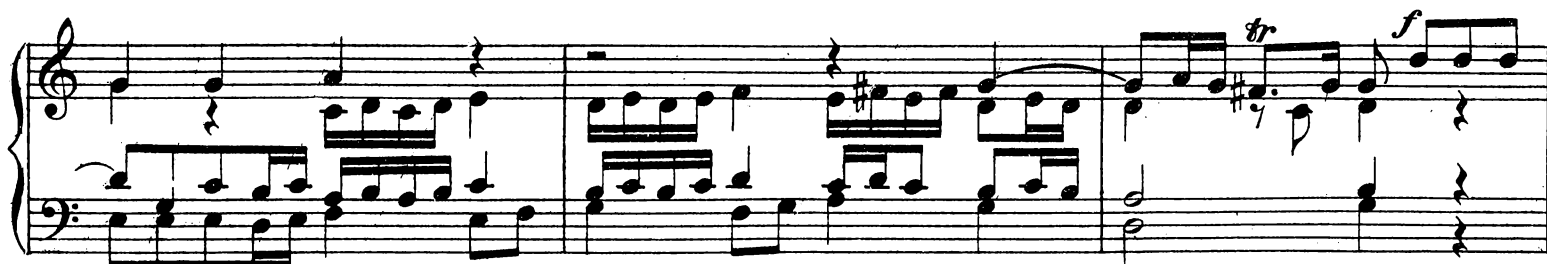
Allegro moderato.

The musical score is written for piano and consists of six systems of music. The key signature is G major (one sharp) for the first five systems, and it changes to F major (one flat) in the sixth system. The time signature is 2/4. The tempo is marked 'Allegro moderato.' The dynamics include *f* (forte), *ff* (fortissimo), and *mp* (mezzo-piano). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, beams, and slurs, indicating a complex and expressive piece.

11. Fuge.

Tranquillamente.

Joh. Seb. Bach.

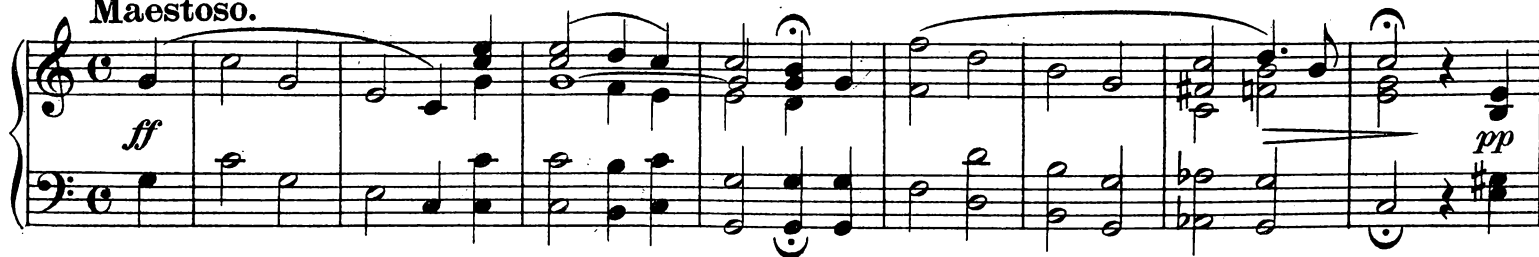




12. „Die Himmel rühmen.“

L. van Beethoven.

Maestoso.



13. Präludium zum Choral: „Wie schön leuchtet.“

P. Blumenthal, Op. 89 N° 9.

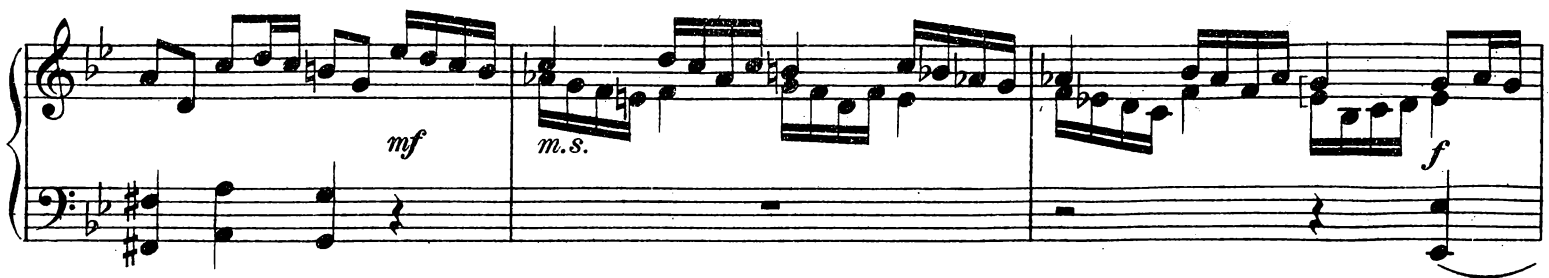
Animato.

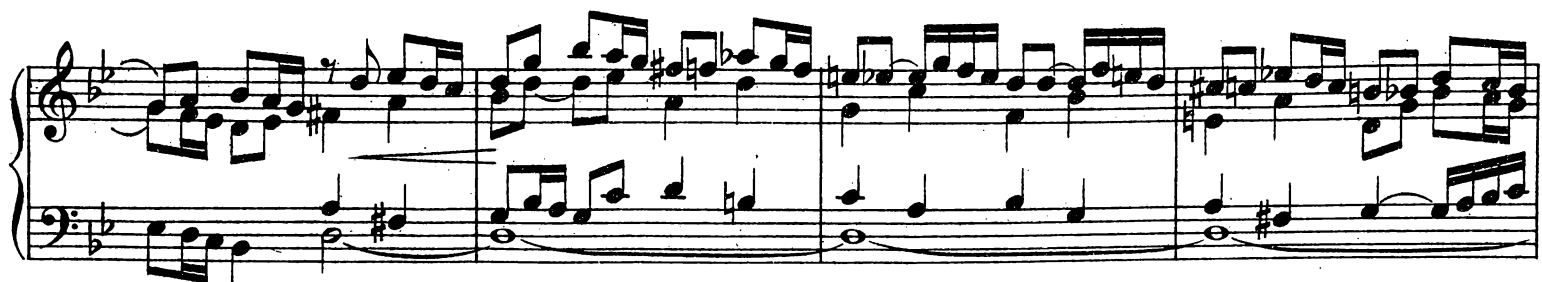
14. Fuge über den Namen Bach.

J. G. Albrechtsberger.

In moto ordinario.

The musical score is written for piano and consists of six systems of grand staff notation. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats) and the time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked 'In moto ordinario.' The dynamics are indicated as follows: *f* (forte) at the beginning of the first system, *mf* (mezzo-forte) in the third and fourth systems, and *f* (forte) in the fifth system. The marking *m. s.* (mezzo sostenuto) appears in the fourth system. The score features complex counterpoint and harmonic development, characteristic of the Classical period.





15. Weihnachtsstück: „Es ist ein Ros' entsprungen.“

P. Blumenthal, Op. 124 N° 2.

Moderato non troppo.

f

riten.

a tempo

mf

p

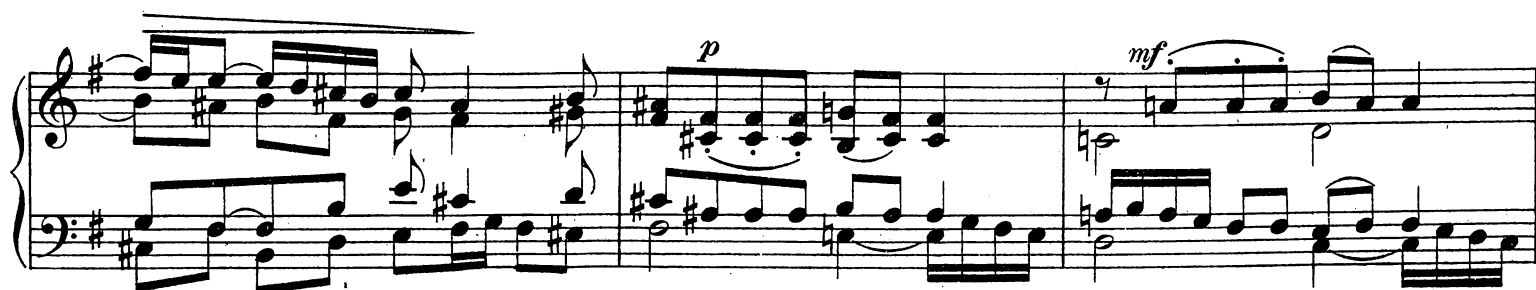
dimin.

pf

più tranquillo

f

legato



16. Choral: „Wenn wir in höchsten Nöten sein.“

Tonsatz von Joh. Seb. Bach.



17. „Vater unser.“

C. Krebs.

Molto moderato.

Piano introduction in G major, 4/4 time. The music is marked *Molto moderato*. It begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic and features a melodic line in the right hand and a supporting bass line in the left hand. The piece concludes with a *rit.* (ritardando) marking.

a tempo

Vocal entry in G major, 4/4 time. The tempo is marked *a tempo*. The melody is accompanied by piano chords. The first line of the text is: "Va - ter un-ser, der Du bist im Him - mel; ge - hei - li - get wer -". The piano accompaniment is marked *ben legato*.

Continuation of the vocal melody. The second line of the text is: "de Dein Na - - me. Zu uns kom - me Dein Reich, Dein". The piano accompaniment includes a *mf* (mezzo-forte) marking and a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking.

Continuation of the vocal melody. The third line of the text is: "Wil - le ge - sche - he wie im Him - mel al - so auch auf Er - den." The piano accompaniment includes a *pf* (pianissimo) marking and a *dolce* (dolce) marking.

Continuation of the vocal melody. The fourth line of the text is: "Gib _____ uns heut un-ser täg - lich Brot und ver - gib uns". The piano accompaniment includes a *sfz* (sforzando) marking and a *p* (piano) marking.

Final line of the vocal melody. The fifth line of the text is: "uns - re Schuld, wie _____ wir ver - ge ben un - sern". The piano accompaniment includes a *ben tenuto* marking and a *f* (forte) marking.

Schul - di - gern. Füh - re uns nicht in Ver - su - chung son -

dern er - lö - se, er - lö - se uns von dem Ü bel.

Denn Dein ist das Reich und die Kraft und die Herr - lich - keit in E -

- wig - keit. A - men, a men, a - - men.

18. Choral: „Wer nur den lieben Gott.“

Tonsatz von Joh. Seb. Bach.

19. Trauermarsch aus Samson.

G. Fr. Händel.

Grave.

p

pp

mf

p

mf

f

mf

f

simile

20. Largo.

G. Fr. Händel.

Molto cantabile.

The musical score is written for piano and organ. It consists of six systems of music. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked 'Molto cantabile.' The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, triplets, and dynamic markings.

Dynamic markings include:

- p* (piano) at the beginning of the first system.
- mf* (mezzo-forte) at the beginning of the second system.
- mf* (mezzo-forte) at the beginning of the fourth system.
- sfz* (sforzando) and *dim.* (diminuendo) in the fourth system.
- cresc.* (crescendo) in the fifth system.
- pf* (pianissimo) at the end of the fifth system.
- ff* (fortissimo) in the sixth system.

Other markings include a triplet of eighth notes in the first system, a triplet of eighth notes in the second system, and a triplet of eighth notes in the sixth system.

21. Andante religioso.

Fel. Mendelssohn-Bartholdy.
(a. d. 4. Orgelsonate.)

Ponderoso.

The musical score is written for piano and organ. It consists of six systems of music. The first system begins with a piano texture marked *mp* and an organ texture marked *cresc.*. The second system features a piano texture marked *p* and an organ texture marked *mf* and *p*. The third system shows a piano texture marked *mf* and *p*, and an organ texture marked *mf*. The fourth system includes a piano texture marked *p* and *mf*, and an organ texture marked *mf m.s.* and *dim.*. The fifth system features a piano texture marked *f* and an organ texture marked *cresc.*. The sixth system shows a piano texture marked *f* and an organ texture marked *p*. The piece is marked 'Ponderoso.' and 'Andante religioso.'

22. Crucifixus aus der Missa Papae Marcelli.

G. P. Palestrina.

Lugubre.



23. Kirchenarie: „O del mio dolce.“

Al. Stradella.

Larghetto.

f *dim.* pp

24. Ave verum corpus.

Adagio.

W. Am. Mozart.

p

cresc. mf

cresc.

poco a poco cresc. p

mf sfz

25. „Du Hirte Israel.“

D. Bortniansky.

Largo.

pp *mp* *cresc.* *f*

dimin. *dolce*

pp *marc.*

26. Pax vobiscum.

Fr. Schubert.

Adagio.

p *mf*

f *p*

pp



27. Motette: „Selig sind die Toten.“

Adagio.

P. Blumenthal, Op. 80 No 6.

