

Meiller-Vorstudien

STUDIES PREPARATORY TO THE SHAKE

und Ausbildung des Finger-Anschlages
and for developing the percussion of the fingers (Touch)

für
VIOLINE
von
O. ŠEVČÍK
For the
VIOLIN
by

*Professor am Conservatorium der Musik in Prag.
Professor of the Violin at the Conservatory of Music, Prague.*

— O P. 7. —

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ESERCIZI SUL TRILLO
nella 1^a posizione.

Halbton: 1 - 2 Finger.

Semitono: 1-2 dito

Edited by H. Brett.

Exercices de trille dans la 1^{re} position.

Demi-ton : 1.-2. doigt.

On travaillera cet exercice des six manières suivantes:

Trill exercises in the first position.

Practise this exercise in the six following ways:

Edited by H. Brett.

1. 2. 3. etc.

4. 5. 6. etc.

tono
 $\frac{1}{2}$ Ton.

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 4

*) Den Finger hoch heben und denselben kräftig und gleichmässig auf die Saite fallen lassen.

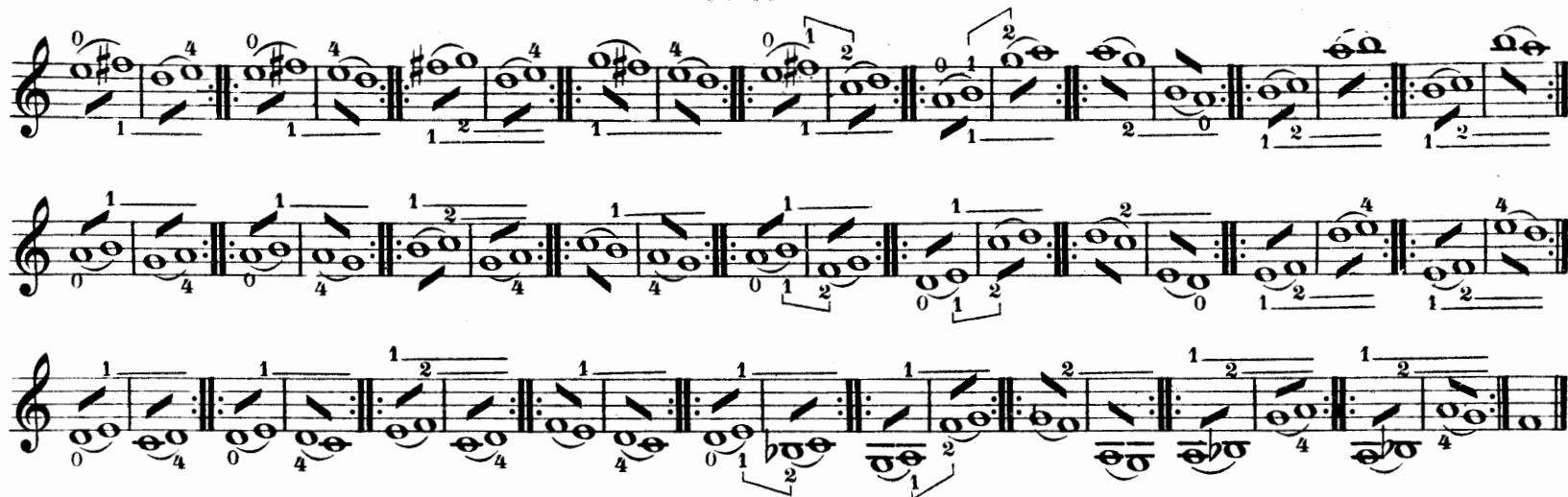
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★★) *Laisser les doigts en place.*

★★) *Laisser les doigts en place.*

★★) The fingers to be kept down on the string.

**) The fingers to be kept down on the string.



Semitono: 2-3 dito.

Halbton: 2.-3. Finger.

2.

Demi-ton: 2.-3. doigt.

Semitone: 2.-3. finger.



*) Lasciare le dita ferme vedi N° 1.

*) Die Finger liegen lassen, s. N° 1.

*) Laisser les doigts en place, voir N° 1.

*) The fingers to be kept down, see N° 1.



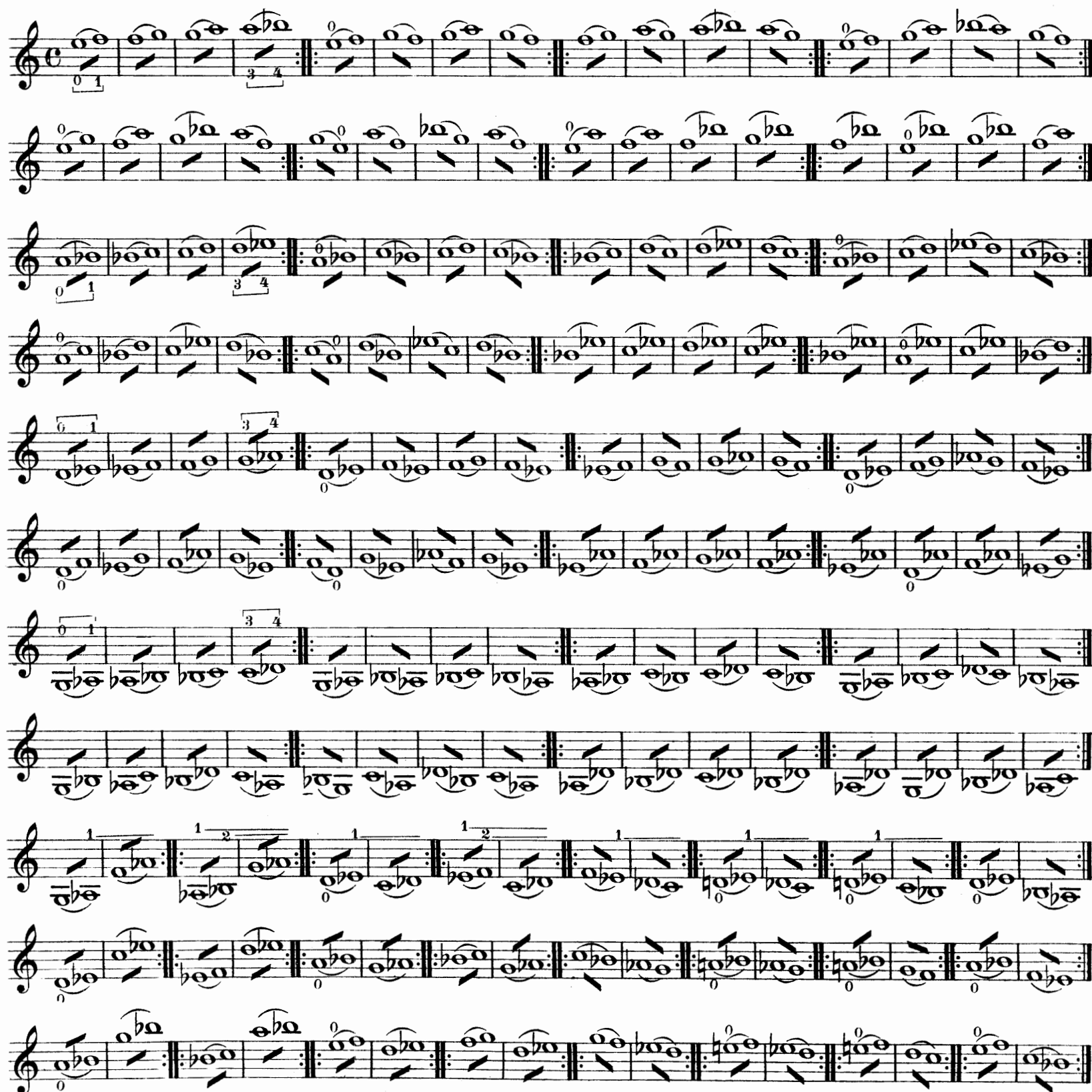
3.

Semitono: 0-1; 3-4 dito.

Halbtöne: 0-1., 3.-4. Finger.

Demi-tons: 0-1., 3.-4. doigt.

Semitones: 0-1., 3.-4. finger..



Accidenti.
Scala cromatica.
Versetzungszeichen
Chromatische Tonfolge.

4.

Signes de déplacement.
Gamme chromatique.

Accidentals.
Chromatic passages.

1.  etc. 2.  etc. 3.  etc. 4.  etc. 5.  etc.

The page contains 15 staves of musical notation, each representing a different chromatic exercise. The exercises are written in treble clef with a common time signature (C). They involve moving up and down chromatic scales using various fingerings (1-4) and starting on different notes (C, D, E, F, G, A, B). The notation includes accidentals (sharps and flats) to indicate the chromatic movement. Some exercises include repeat signs and trill-like patterns.

Scale.
Tonleitern.

5.

Gammes.

Scales.

1. *etc.* 2. *etc.* 3. *etc.* 4. *etc.* 5. *etc.*

C dur. — *Ut majeur.* — do maggiore

G dur. — *Sol majeur.* — sol maggiore

D dur. — *Ré majeur.* — re maggiore

A dur. — *La majeur.* — la maggiore

E dur. — *Mi majeur.* — mi maggiore

E moll. — *Mi mineur.* — mi minore

A moll. — *La mineur.* — la minore

F dur. — *Fa majeur.* — fa maggiore

D moll. — *Ré mineur.* — re minore

B dur. — *Si^b majeur.* — si^b maggiore

G moll. — *Sol mineur.* — sol minore

Es dur. — *Mib majeur.* — mi b maggiore

C moll. — *Ut mineur.* — do minore

As dur. — *La b majeur.* — la b maggiore

F moll. — *Fa mineur.* — fa minore

Des dur. — *Re b majeur.* — re b maggiore

B moll. — *Si b mineur.* — si b minore

Ges dur. — *Sol b majeur.* — sol b maggiore

Es moll. — *Mib mineur.* — mi b minore

H dur. — *Si majeur.* — si maggiore

H moll. — *Si mineur.* — si minore

Fis moll. — *Fa # mineur.* — fa # minore

Cis moll. — *Ut # mineur.* — do # minore

Gis moll. — *Sol # mineur.* — sol # minore

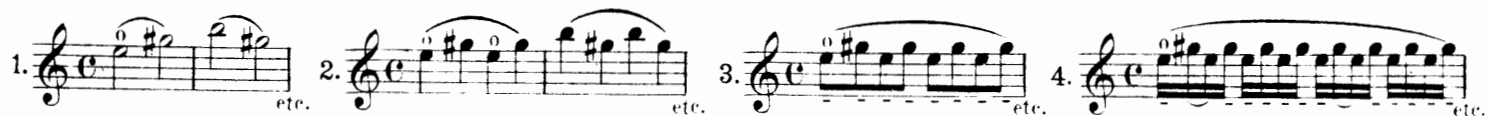
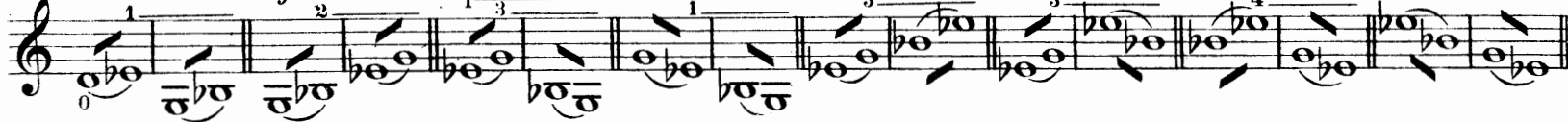
Accordi perfetti maggiori.

Dur-Dreiklänge.

6.

Des accords parfaits majeurs.

Major triads.

E dur. — *Mi majeur.* — mi maggioreA dur. — *La majeur.* — la maggioreD dur. — *Ré majeur.* — re maggioreG dur. — *Sol majeur.* — sol maggioreC dur. — *Ut majeur.* — do maggioreF dur. — *Fa majeur.* — fa maggioreB dur. — *Si^b majeur.* — si^b maggioreEs dur. — *Mi^b majeur.* — mi^b maggioreAs dur. — *La^b majeur.* — la^b maggiore

Des dur. — *Ré^b majeur.* — re ^b maggiore

Ges dur. — *Sol^b majeur.* — sol ^b maggiore

H dur. — *Si majeur.* — si maggiore

Accordi perfetti minori.
 Quinta aumentata e quarta diminuita.
 Moll - Dreiklänge.
 Uebermässige Quinte und verminderte Quarte.

7.
Des accords parfaits mineurs.
 La quinte augmentée et la quarte diminuée.

Minor triads.
 The augmented fifth and the diminished fourth.

1. 2. 3. 4. etc.

H moll. — *Si mineur.* — si minore

E moll. — *Mi mineur.* — mi minore

A moll. — *La mineur.* — la minore

D moll. — *Ré mineur.* — re minore

G moll. — *Sol mineur.* — sol minore

C moll. — *Ut mineur.* — do minore

F moll. — *Fa mineur.* — fa minore

B moll. — *Si^b mineur.* — si^b minore

Es moll. — *Mi^b mineur.* — mi^b minore



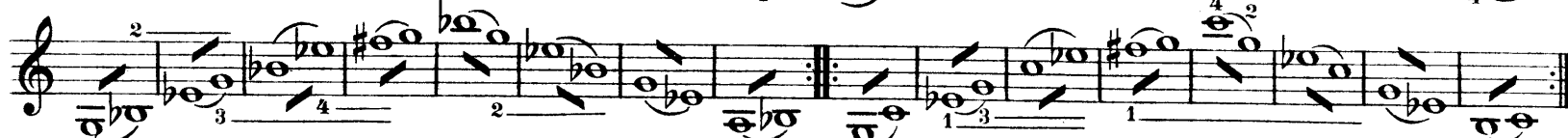
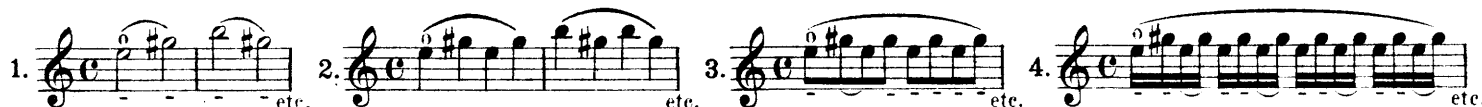
Accordo perfetto in tutti i toni maggiori e minori.

8.

Dreiklang in allen Dur- und Moll-tonarten.

Accord parfait dans tous les tons majeurs et mineurs.

The triad in all major and minor keys.





Scale minori armoniche.

Seconda aumentata.

Harmonische Molltonleitern.

Uebermässige Secunde.

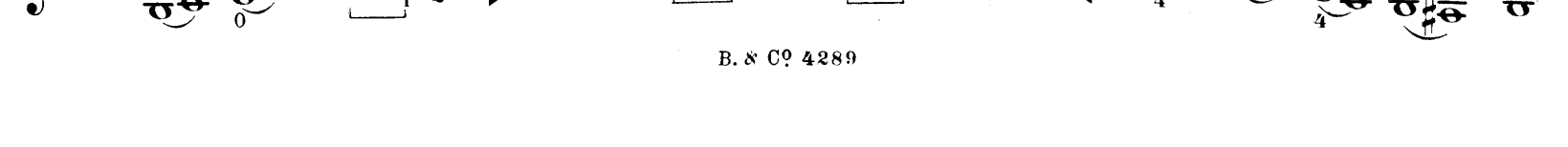
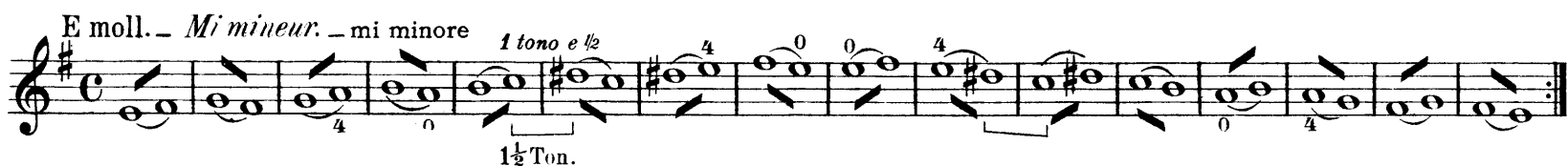
9.

Gammes mineures harmoniques.

La seconde augmentée.

Harmonic minor scales.

The augmented second.



Accordo di settima sul 5° grado.
Quinta diminuita e quarta aumentata.

Septimenaccord der 5. Stufe.

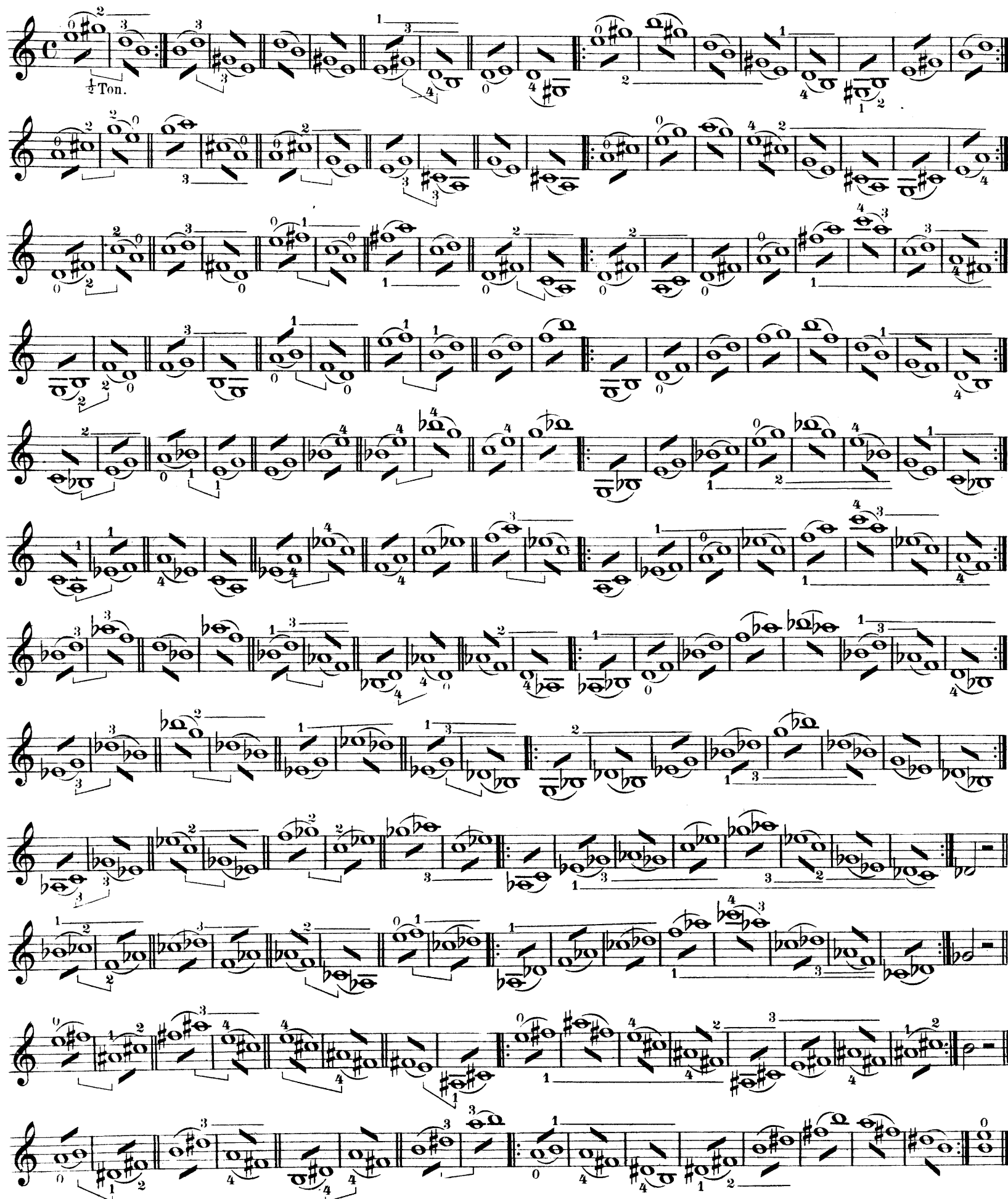
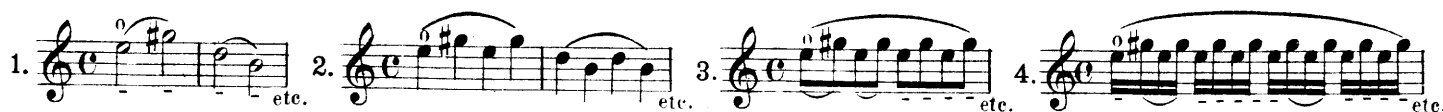
Verminderte Quinte und übermässige
Quarte.

Accord de septième du 5^{me} degré.

La quinte diminuée et la quarte aug-
mentée.

Chord of the seventh of the 5th degree.

The diminished fifth and the augmen-
ted fourth.



11.

Estensione del 4^o dito.

Ausdehnung des 4. Fingers.

Extension du 4^e doigt.

Extension of the fourth finger.

1. etc. 2. etc. 3. etc. 4. etc.

The following exercises are written in treble clef, C major, and 4/4 time. They consist of 12 staves of music, each containing a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4 above the notes. Some exercises include slurs and repeat signs. The exercises progress from simple eighth-note patterns to more complex sixteenth-note runs and slurred passages.

Trillo senza la terminazione.

Triller ohne Nachschlag.

Trille sans terminaison.

Trill without aftertone.

1.  etc.

2.  etc.

3.  etc.

4.  tr etc.

The following exercises are organized into 12 rows, each containing two staves. The first staff of each row shows a trill on a whole note, and the second staff shows a continuous trill. The exercises progress through various keys and intervals, indicated by accidentals and fingerings (0, 1, 2).

Row 1: C major, trill on C4 (fingerings 1, 0).

Row 2: C major, trill on D4 (fingerings 1, 0).

Row 3: C major, trill on E4 (fingerings 1, 0).

Row 4: C major, trill on F4 (fingerings 1, 0).

Row 5: C major, trill on G4 (fingerings 1, 0).

Row 6: C major, trill on A4 (fingerings 1, 0).

Row 7: C major, trill on B4 (fingerings 1, 0).

Row 8: C major, trill on C5 (fingerings 1, 0).

Row 9: C major, trill on D5 (fingerings 1, 0).

Row 10: C major, trill on E5 (fingerings 1, 0).

Row 11: C major, trill on F5 (fingerings 1, 0).

Row 12: C major, trill on G5 (fingerings 1, 0).

13.

1.  etc. 2. 



























Trillo con la terminazione.
Triller mit Nachschlag.

14.

Trille avec terminaison.

Trill with aftertone.

1. 2.

The exercise consists of 12 staves of music, each containing four measures. The first staff shows the initial trill patterns. The subsequent staves show the trill patterns with aftertones, indicated by the 'tr' marking and the 'etc.' notation. The notation includes various trill patterns, such as trills with aftertones, trills with grace notes, and trills with slurs. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C).

The image displays a page of musical notation, likely a page from a music manuscript or a printed score. It features 12 staves of music, each containing a series of measures. The notation is dense and rhythmic, featuring many eighth and sixteenth notes, often grouped with slurs. Trills are indicated by 'tr' above notes. The key signature changes from one flat (B-flat) to one sharp (F-sharp) across the staves. The notation is dense and rhythmic, typical of a technical exercise or a specific musical style.

15.

1.  etc.

2.  etc.

The page contains 12 systems of musical notation, each consisting of two staves. The notation is for a single melodic line, likely for a piano or violin. The key signature is one sharp (F#) for the first six systems and one sharp (F#) for the last six systems. The time signature is 2/4. The notation includes various musical symbols such as slurs, ties, and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 0). The exercise is divided into two parts, 1 and 2, each with six systems of notation.

etc.

17.

etc. etc. etc.

1.  etc.

2.  etc.

3.  etc.

4.  etc.

5.  etc.

6.  etc.

1 

2 

0 

0 

0 

0 

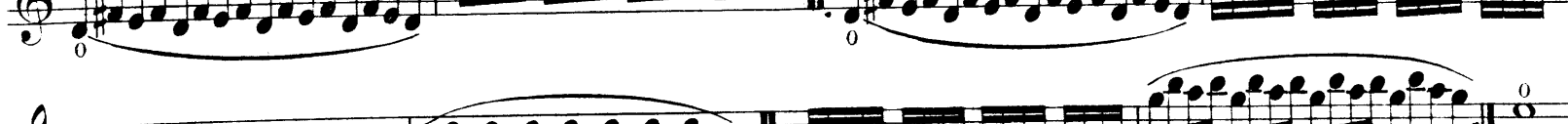
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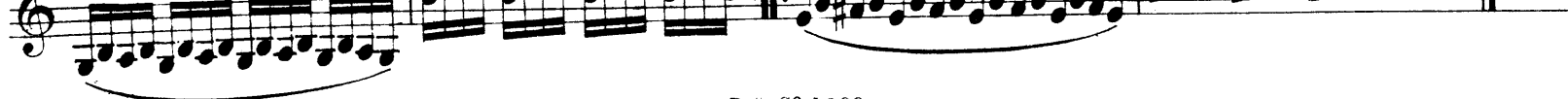
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Esercizio di doppie corde.
Accordi perfetti.
 Uebung in Doppelgriffen.
 Dreiklänge.

Exercice en doubles notes.
Des accords parfaits.

Exercise in double notes.
 Triads.

The musical score consists of three staves, each beginning with a treble clef and a 2/4 time signature. The first staff is labeled '1.' and contains a sequence of double notes (octaves) in the right hand, starting from middle C and moving up and down the scale. The second staff is labeled '2.' and contains a sequence of double notes in the right hand, starting from middle C and moving up and down the scale. The third staff is labeled '3.' and contains a sequence of double notes in the right hand, starting from middle C and moving up and down the scale. Each staff is followed by a series of triads (three notes) in the right hand, starting from middle C and moving up and down the scale. The triads are marked with fingerings (0, 1, 2, 3, 4) and are repeated in a sequence. The score is written in a single system, with the three staves of double notes and triads arranged vertically.

This page contains 12 staves of musical notation, likely for guitar. The notation is complex, featuring many accidentals (sharps, flats, naturals), fingerings (numbers 1-4), and dynamic markings (p, f). The music is written in various keys, including D major, E major, and F# major. The time signature is mostly 4/4, with some changes to 3/4 and 2/4. The notation includes many slurs, ties, and repeat signs. The overall style is that of a classical guitar score.

Accordo di settima sul 5° grado.
Septimenaccord der 5. Stufe.

Accord de septième du 5. degré. | Chord of the seventh of the 5th degree.

The musical score is written for guitar, featuring three initial exercises and ten subsequent lines of arpeggiated chords. The exercises are:

- 1. Treble clef, 4/2 time, starting with a 0 (open string) and a slur over the first four notes.
- 2. Treble clef, 4/2 time, starting with a 0 and a slur over the first four notes.
- 3. Treble clef, 4/2 time, starting with a 0 and a slur over the first four notes.

The following ten lines of music are organized into five pairs, each pair representing a different key signature. Each line contains a series of chords, many of which are arpeggiated. Fingering numbers (0-4) are indicated below the notes. The key signatures are: C major (first pair), G major (second pair), D major (third pair), A major (fourth pair), and E major (fifth pair).

22.

1.  2. 

3.  4. 

The following section consists of 12 staves of music, each featuring a series of trills (tr) and grace notes (accents) over a sequence of notes. The staves are arranged in a single system, with each staff containing a sequence of notes and trills. The notes are primarily half and quarter notes, with trills occurring on various notes throughout the sequence. The staves are numbered 1 through 12, corresponding to the measures of the piece.

This page contains 11 staves of musical notation for guitar. The notation is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music features a variety of guitar-specific techniques, including natural harmonics (indicated by '0' for open strings), fretted notes (indicated by numbers 1, 2, and 3), and complex rhythmic patterns. The notation is dense, with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and frequent use of slurs and ties. The page is numbered 26 in the top left and 23. in the top center.

This page contains 12 staves of musical notation for guitar. The notation is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together in groups. Fret numbers (0, 1, 2, 3) and fingerings (1, 2, 3) are indicated throughout the piece. The notation includes many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together in groups. There are also some chords and rests. The page is numbered 27 in the top right corner.

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* * VON O. ŠEVČIK. * *

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PAR O. ŠEVČIK.

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Exerce op. 1 Méthode du technique de Violon changeant partie I et de même partie III et IV. Comme supplément de tous ces Exercices op. 2 Méthode du technique de l'archet.

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