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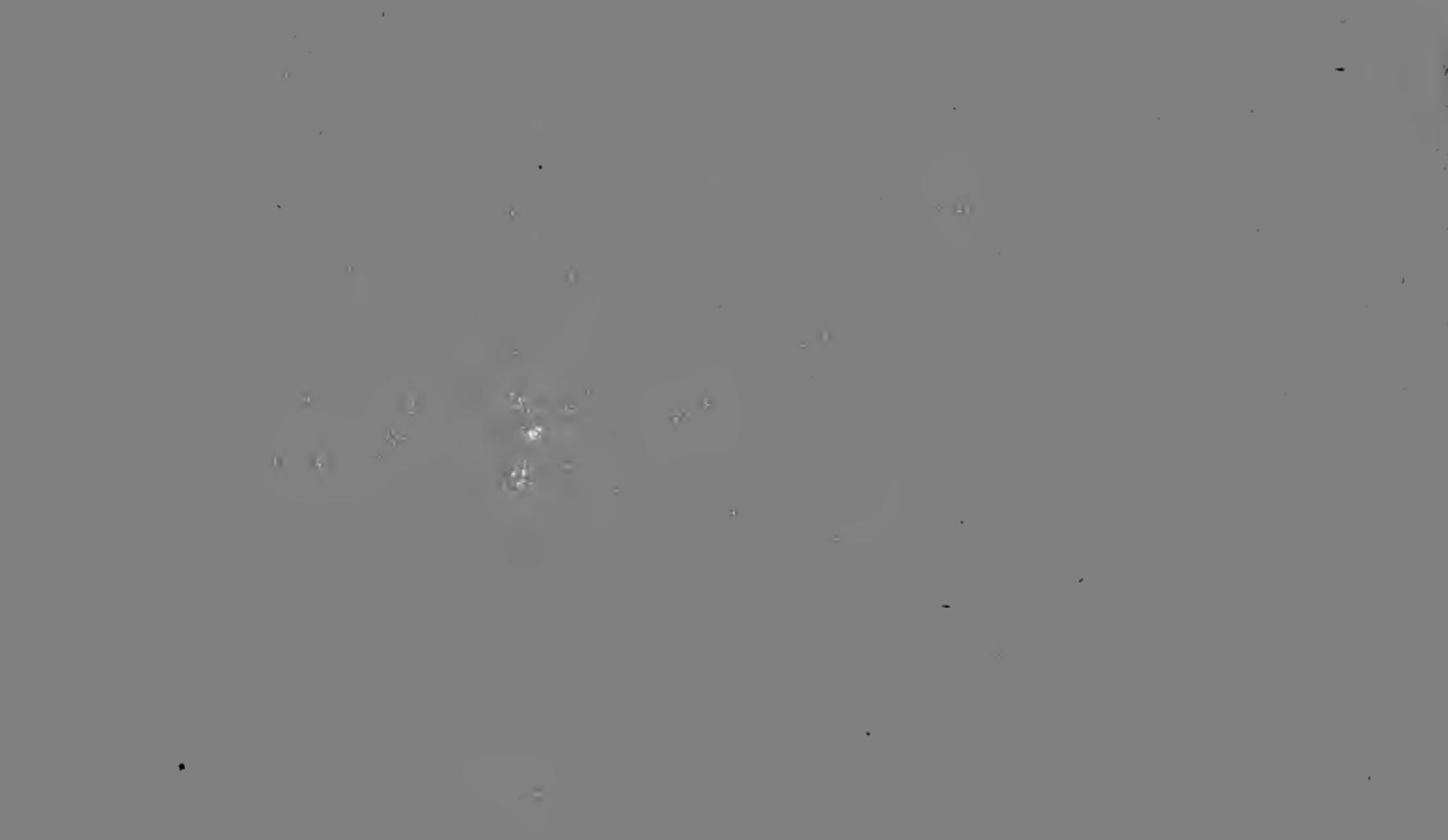
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The whole particularly designed for the use of SINGING SCHOOLS and MUSICAL SOCIETIES in the UNITED STATES.

BY STEPHEN JENKS.

*The singers went before with joy,
On instruments they play'd:*

*The damsels with their timbrels then
In beauty were array'd. Psalm, 68, 25.*

O come, let us sing unto the Lord ; let us make a joyful noise to the Rock of our salvation. Let us come before his presence with thanksgiving, and make a joyful noise unto him with Psalms. Psalm'95. 1, 2.

DEDHAM...MASSACHUSETTS—PRINTED By H. MANN, FOR THE AUTHOR, & Co.—1805.

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P R E F A C E.

THAT a tribute of praise is due to the great Author of nature, every rational being will readily grant. And divine songs seem to have been given us to express those sentiments of devotion and reverence, which become every christian. The royal psalmist, King David, who we imitate (though but faintly, for want of a heart like his, he being a man after God's own heart) was seldom met without a psalm in his mouth, or an instrument in his hand. Hence all must allow music to be the gift of God, as a true representation of the sweet concert and harmony which his infinite wisdom hath made in his first creation, and is given to us as a temporal blessing, for his service and our recreation. Nothing so much elevates the mind and raises the devout affections, calms the swelling passions, calls home the wandering thoughts, and prepares the heart for the worship of God, as singing of psalms : It fills the mind with solemnity and raises us, as it were, above the things of this world. St. Paul says, exhort ye one another in psalms and hymns, and spiritual songs, singing and making melody in your hearts unto the Lord. I will sing with my spirit, and with the understanding also. And St. James says, if any be afflicted, let him pray, if any be merry, let him sing psalms. It is therefore evident that singing is acceptable to God at all times, for the Lord heard Paul and Silas at midnight when they were in prison, and the doors were opened, and their bands were loosed. God also sent his great & heavenly choir of angels, to proclaim the birth of His Son Jesus Christ, with those words,—“Glory be to God on high, peace on earth and good will towards men.” &c —Hence it is an incumbent duty for all mankind to praise the Lord. And when our breath is reascending in songs of praise to him that gave it, let us unite in heart and voice, while here below, and strive to imitate the glorious choir of Saints and Angels, in singing praises and hallelujahs to the great Jehovah ; which will be the glorious employment of all the blessed, throughout the endless ages of eternity. That this may be the happy lot of all, is the sincere wish of

STEPHEN JENKS.

NEW-CANAAN, (Con.) October, 1805.

To the TEACHERS of Music and CHORISTERS in the United States.

Gentlemen,

THIS volume is humbly offered for your perusal and patronage---if found worthy of your protection, the compiler's design will be fully answered. Of the original pieces nothing will be said, they must stand or fall without the aid of panegyric from the author : and with respect to the selections here given, it is conceived that their merits are so extensively known and esteemed, as to render encomium unnecessary. It is sufficient, therefore, to observe, that these Tunes are printed verbatim from the original copies of the American composers ; and that the English tunes are taken from the most approved copies.

CONCISE RULES OF PSALMODY.

v.

THE GAMUT.

G	sol—22
F	faw—21
E	law—20
D	sol—19
C	faw—18
B	Mi—17
A	law—16
G	sol—15
F	faw—14
E	law—13
D	sol—12
C	faw—11
B	Mi—10
A	law—9
G	sol—8
F	faw—7
E	law—6
D	sol—5
C	faw—4
B	Mi—3
A	law—2
G	sol—1

Treble.

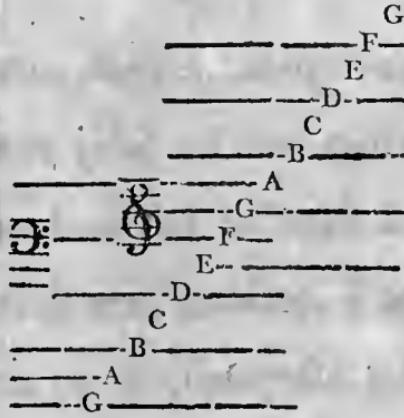
Counter.

Tenor.

Bass.

The following Scale unites the F & G

Cliff, which is used in this Book.



To understand this scale, observe the first letter G, in the Bass, is made the ground work of all music. The general scale of music is three octaves; all above are called notes in alt; and all below, double, and should they be continued to ever so many, yet they are but a repetition of the first seven letters and their sounds.

Note, also, in the Gamut, not only how the parts are connected, but the Cliffs which are a fifth from each other, and show the different parts of Music.

RULES TO FIND THE MI.

The natural place for Mi is in

- But If B, be flat, Mi is in E
- If B, & E, — A
- If B, E, & A, — D
- If B, E, A, & D, — G
- If B, E, A, D, & G — C
- If B, E, A, D, G, & C, — F

If F, be sharp, Mi is in F

If F, & C, — C

If F, C, & G, — G

If F, C, G, & D, — D

If F, C, G, D, & A, — A

If F, C, G, D, A, & E, — E

N. B. The Mi removed by Sharps is half a tone higher than by Flats. Having found the Mi by the foregoing rule; above mi, is twice faw, sol, law, ascending; below mi, is twice law, sol, faw, descending, then comes mi again either way.

OF THE KEYS USED IN MUSIC.

The key note is the predominant tone which governs all the rest, and is the last note in the Bass; if above mi, it is a sharp or cheerful air or Key; if below mi, it is a flat or mournful Air or Key.

A Stave



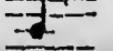
Is the five lines with their spaces whereon Music is written.

A ledger line



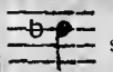
Is added when notes ascend or descend beyond the stave.

A Brace



Shows how many parts are sung together.

A Flat



Is a mark of depression and set before a note, sinks it half a tone.

A Sharp



Is a mark of elevation, and set before a note, raises it half a tone.

CONCISE RULES OF PSALMODY.

<i>A Natural</i>	Is a mark of restoration ; being set before any note made flat or sharp at the beginning of a Tune restores it to its natural sound.	<i>A Direct</i>	Shews the place of the succeeding note.
<i>A Slur</i>	Shews what number of notes are sung to one syllable. And if two or more are tied at the bottom, it is the same.	<i>Notes of syncopation</i>	Are those driven out of their proper order, or through the Bar.
<i>A Point</i>	Makes a note half as long again.	<i>A single Bar.</i>	Divides the time according to the different Moods to which the tune is set.
<i>A Repeat</i>	Shews that part of the tune is to be sung twice.	<i>A double Bar.</i>	Shews the end of a strain.
<i>Figures</i>	Shews that the notes under figure 1 are sung before repeating and under figure 2 after repeating, if tied together, both after repeating.	<i>A Close.</i>	Shews the end of a tune.
<i>Figure 3</i>	Reduces 3 notes of any kind to 2. of the same.		
<i>Choosing Notes.</i>	Gives the performer liberty to sing which he pleases.		
<i>Marks of distinction.</i>	Require the notes over which they are placed, to be sung distinct and emphatical.		
<i>A Hold</i>	Shews the note over which it is placed to be held beyond its proper time.		

NAMES OF THE NOTES, WITH THEIR RESTS.

1 Semibreve	contains 2 Minims,
Notes.	
Rests.	
4 Crotchets,	8 Quavers,
16 Semiquavers,	32 Demisemiquavers.

N. B. The rests are considered the same in time as the Notes, &c.

OF TIME, AND ITS VARIOUS MARKS OR MOODS.

Common Time Moods

contains;

Treble Time Moods

contains;

Commoner Moods

contains;

Adagio—1st.



Largo—2d.



Allegro—3d.



2-4—4th.



3-2—1st



3-4—2d



3-8—3d



6-4—1st



6-8—2d

A Semibreve
seconds of time.for a measure Note ; four beats in a bar ; four
Note. Pendulum $39\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length.A Semibreve
seconds of time.for a measure Note ; four beats in a bar, three
Note.— 22 1-20 Do.A Semibreve
seconds of time.for a measure Note ; two beats in a bar ; two
Note.— $39\frac{1}{6}$ Do.A Minim
second & half of time.for a measure Note ! two beats in a bar ; one
Note.— 12 4-10 Do.A pointed Semibreve
seconds of time.for a measure Note ; three beats in a bar, three
Note,— $39\frac{1}{6}$ Do.A pointed Minim
seconds of time.for a measure Note ; three beats in a bar, two
Note.— 22 1-20 Do.A pointed Crotchet
second & half of time.for a measure Note ; three beats in a bar, one
Note.— $5\frac{1}{2}$ Do.A pointed Semibreve
seconds of time.for a measure Note, two beats in a bar, two
Note.— $39\frac{1}{6}$ Do.A pointed Minim
second & half of time.for a measure Note ; two beats in bar, one
Note.— 22 1-20 Do.

CONCISE RULES OF PSALMODY.

There are several other Moods used in Music ; they not being in common use, I shall only set them down as follows : Viz. 3—16,—
6—16,—9—4,—9—8,—9—16,—12—4,—12—8,—12—16. Observe, that the lower figures 2, 4, 8, &c. in
all the afore mentioned, denote the composition to be the measure of such like Moods, as will make one in common time.

Having now gone through all that is necessary to be committed to memory, the learner is prepared to cultivate his voice, by raising and falling the Eight Notes, which ought to be carefully attended to ; that he may become a proficient in this desirable and useful art.

THE EIGHT NOTES, FOR TUNING THE VOICE.

1st in the Major Key.

TENOR.

12.

12.

12.

12.

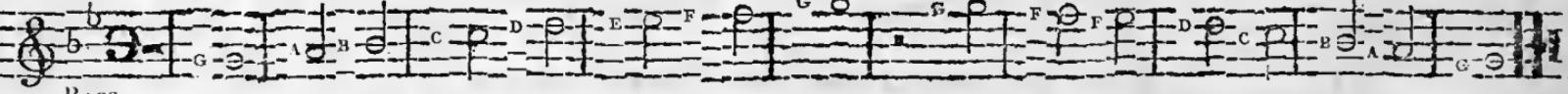


BASS.

2d in the Minor Key.

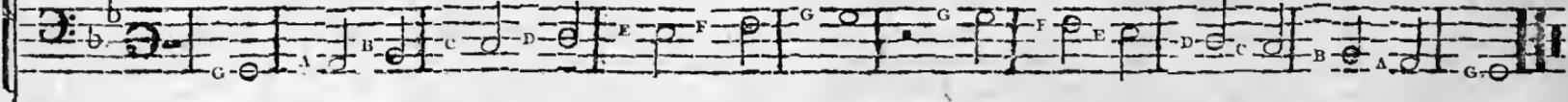
TENOR.

b



BASS.

b



In order to produce melody, let the voice be round, smooth and clear, aiming at ease and freedom, and be careful to pronounce every note distinctly..

For example, let any one pronounce *fa* or *la*, and they will articulate near the end of the tongue, and the sounds will be flat and insipid ; but let them pronounce *few* or *law*, and their articulation will have a longer passage through the sounding organs, coming forth more like the soft melody of the organ, or flute, which makes vocal music the more pleasing..

OF PRONUNCIATION.

A gentleel pronunciation is one of the principal beauties of singing ;—every word should be spoken as clear and distinct as possible ;—it is that which gives vocal music the preference to instrumental, by affording at the same time the sweets of harmony with the sense of what is expressed in those harmonious strains..



OF ACCENT.

The accent is another very important part of music ;—it is a certain stress or emphasis of the voice upon particular notes or parts of the bar. It is inseperably connected with a good pronunciation, and in a great measure distinguishes one mood of time from another. The first part of the bar is the accepted part in all moods of time. In common time, where the bar is divided into four parts, there may be a second accent on the third part.—In compound time, the second accent is on the fourth.—In any of the moods that are subdivided, the accent may with propriety be increased.



OF BEATING TIME.

In beating time, the greatest attention is necessray, that the motion of the hand does not influence the voice by misplacing the accent, which is almost an universal error. For the first and second moods of common time, observe 1st—strike the ends of your fingers ; 2dly, the heal of your hand ; thirdly, raise your hand a little; and fourthly, raise it still higher, which completes the bar. The triple time moods should be beat as the two first moods of common time, omitting the last beat. The third and fourth moods of common time, and the moods of compound time, have two equal motions of the hand.

CORCISE RULES OF PSALMODY.

OF A SWELL.

A swell is an essential beauty in singing; it should be applied by striking the notes soft and gradually; increasing the sound to the centre, then diminishing in the same proportion. All notes should have their swell gently as the air of the tune requires.



OF SOFT SINGING.

Soft music is always accompanied with graceful motions, just expression, proper accent, and captivating harmony. A particular attention ought to be paid, when singing in choirs, that the Bass be sung grave and majestic, the Tenor steady and engaging, the Counter shrill and melodious, and the Treble soft and delicate. The concluding note should be sounded smooth, swelling the last beat like an echo, and all conclude at the same instant; and any number of notes driven through bars should be sounded soft and smooth, when slurred together, without jerking or jumping so as to prevent graceful singing. Vowels not sounded in speaking, must not be in singing, as *e*, in the words *chosen, people, tremble*; at the end of words of more than one syllable *y* is sounded like the short *i*, as *mighty, my, &c.* By some it is improperly sounded, like *me, &c.* But this belongs to grammarians.—Likewise the words *reason, hearken, and token, &c.* which have but one accent, are often sung *rea-son, hear-ken, to-ken*, which is very disagreeable and improper.

To conclude, the most important point in psalmody is a strict decorum, with a heart deeply impressed with the great truths we utter with our voices, aiming at the glory of God, and the edification of one another.

OF SEMITONES.

EXAMPLE.

EVERY *Eighth*, or *Octave*, contains Twelve Semitones, the five whole tones being divided into semitones, and the two natural semitones make the twelve.

In this scale of Semitones, the lower line G is made the foundation from which the others are reckoned, and is therefore called a *Unison*, because one and the same sound is a *Unison*. The right hand column of figures shews the number of semitones between G at the bottom and each of the other letters, both in their natural situation, and when made flat or sharp. Next above G you will find G sharp, or A flat, which is called a flat second, containing but one semitone; the next is A, which is a sharp second, containing two semitones; the next is B flat, or A sharp, which is a flat third, containing three semitones; the next is B, which is a sharp third containing four semitones, the next is C, which is a fourth containing five semitones, &c. &c. The flat second, third, sixth and seventh, are called lesser seconds, thirds, &c. and the sharp second, third, fourth, sixth and seventh, are called greater seconds, thirds, &c. which is the common distinction, and the greater always contains a semitone more than the lesser.

An OCTAVE contains 12 SEMITONES.	
G	8th 12
f * or g b *	7th 11
F ————— b	7th 10
E	6th 9
e b or d *	6th 8
D ————— b	5th 7
c * or d b *	4th 6
C	4th 5
B ————— *	3d 4
b b or a *	3d 3
A	2d 2
g * or a b b	2d 1
G ————— unison. 0	

OF CONCORDS AND DISCORDS.

BOTH PERFECT AND IMPERFECT.

THERE are but four *Concord*s in music, viz. *Unison*, *Third*, *Fifth* and *Six*; (their *Eights* or *Octaves* are also meant.) The *Unison* is called a *perfect chord*, and commonly the *Fifth* is so called; but the *Fifth* may be made *imperfect*, if the composer pleases.—The *Third* and *Six* are called *imperfect*; their *chords* not being so full nor so sweet as the *perfect*: But in four parts, the *Six* is often used instead of the *Fifth*, in certain places, when the *Fifth* is left out; so in effect, there are but three *concord*s, employed together.

N. B. The meaning of the word *Imperfect*, signifies, that it wants a *semitone* of its perfection, to what it does when it is *perfect*; for as the *lesser*, or *imperfect Third* includes but three *half tones*, the *greater*, or *major Third* includes four *half tones*, &c.

The *Discord*s are a *Second*, a *Fourth* and a *Seventh*, and their *Octaves*, tho sometimes the *greater 4th* comes very near to the sound of an *imperfect chord*; it being the same ratio as the *minor Fifth*.

EXAMPLE.

Of the several *Concord*s and *Discord*s, with their *Octaves* under them;

CONCORDS.						DISCORDS.			
Single Chords—1. 3. 5. 6.						2. 4. 7.			
8	10	12	13			9	11	14	
—	—	—	—			—	—	—	
15	17	19	20			16	18	21	&c.
—	—	—	—			—	—	—	
22	24	26	27			23	25	28	

Their Octaves or Eighths. {

N. B. If a voice or instrument, could reach ten thousand *Octaves*, they are all counted as one, in nature.

MUSICAL DICTIONARY.

<i>AFFETUOSO</i> , or <i>Afectuoso</i> , affectionately.	§ in the same notes.	§ <i>Pianissimo</i> , very soft.
<i>Air</i> , leading part.	§ <i>Grave</i> , heavy and slow.	§ <i>Recte</i> , and <i>Rectro</i> , forward and backward.
<i>Allegro</i> , a brisk movement.	§ <i>Gratioso</i> , graceful and agreeable.	§ <i>Recitative</i> , Musical speaking.
<i>Allegretto</i> , not so quick as <i>Allegro</i> .	§ <i>Gravissonus</i> , very grave and slow.	§ <i>Spirituoso</i> , or <i>Spirituso</i> , with spirit.
<i>Andante</i> , not too quick, also in a distinct manner.	§ <i>Languissant</i> , lamenting and grave.	§ <i>Symphony</i> , or <i>Sym.</i> an interlude for instruments.
<i>Choro Grando</i> , Grand Chorus.	§ <i>Lamentatone</i> , in a lamenting manner.	§ <i>Tenderment</i> , in a tender manner.
<i>Crescendo</i> , decreasing the sound.	§ <i>Musico Theorico</i> , a person who studies music and explains dark passages, and teaches publicly.	§ <i>Unison</i> , when two or more parts sound the same note of an octave.
<i>Da Capo</i> , or <i>D C</i> , close with the first strain.	§ <i>Mastoso</i> , or <i>Mæestuso</i> , with majesty.	§ <i>Veloce</i> , very quick.
<i>Diminuendo</i> , decreasing the sound.	§ <i>Mezze</i> or <i>Mcz</i> , a natural degree of voice between the piano and forte.	§ <i>Vigoroso</i> , with energy.
<i>Divoto</i> , in a devout manner.	§ <i>Moderato</i> , slacken the time.	§ <i>Vivace</i> , lively, quick.
<i>Expressivo</i> , Expressively.	§ <i>Presto</i> , quick.	§ <i>Voluntary</i> , an air played in the church without singing.
<i>Forte</i> , loud.	§ <i>Piano</i> , soft.	
<i>Fortissimo</i> , very loud.		
<i>Fuge</i> , the parts falling in after each other.		

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Samuel G. Gay
Martin Bates
Seth Doggett
Boyden Bingham
Leonard Parsons
Alexander Hayden
John Newell
Reuben Newell
John Guild
Ebenezer Brackett
Isace Whiting
Paul Whiting
Jacob Clark
Joseph Ellis
Abel Ellis
John Barry
Stephen Fales
Thomas Vose
Edward Roberts
Miss Rebeccah Russel

Nancy Newell

Polly Bussey

Lydia Clap

Betsey Whiting

Miriam Wight

Nancy Nason

Nabby Smith

Mr. Jeremiah M'Intosh, jun. Dorchester

Noah Shaw, Wrentham

Aaron Ellis, Weymouth

Barzilla Adams, Boston

David Webb do.

Mr. Israel Whitney Needham

Mr. Abner Ellis, Medfield

Mr. Amos Albee

Mr. George Holbrook, Brookfield

6

6

6

NEW-YORK.

Ezra Lockwood, Esq. Poundridge

Mr. Joseph Bouton, jr. do.

12

John Eells, Walton

12

Thaddeus Seymour, Teacher,

Henry Hoyt

Isaac Sherwood, Merchant Oxford 100

Jesse Scofield, Newwinstor

12

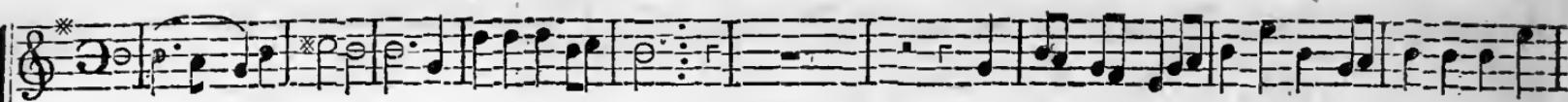
Gould Pennoyer, Salem.

Second, in new style.

EVENING SHADE.

S. M.

S. JENKS.



O may we—



O may we all remem . ber well

O may we all re-



O may we—



member well The night of death draws near.



2 We lay our garments by,
Upon our beds to rest ;
So death will soon disrobe us all
Of what we here posess.

4 And when we early rise, .
And view th' unwearied sun,
May we set out to win the prize,
And after glory run.

3 Lord keep us safe this night, . . . 5 And when our days are past,
Secure from all our fears ; And we from time remove ;
May angels guard us while we sleep, O may we in thy bosom rest,
Till morning light appears. The bosom of thy love.

THE
DELIGHTS of HARMONY; or NORFOLK COMPILER.

SWEET PROSPECT.

H. M.

1805

S. JENKS.

How tedious & tasteless the hours, When Jesus no longer I see; Sweet prospects, sweet birds & sweet flowers Have all lost their sweetness to me.

Why should we mourn departing friends, Or shake at death's alarms, 'Tis but the voice which Jesus sends, To call them to his arms.

MOUNT OLIVET.

P. M.

Hymn 39th. G. W. S. JENKS. 1804

O come let us join, Together combine, To praise our dear saviour, our master divine; Him let us adore, Who cover'd with

MOUNT OLIVET *Continued.*

19

gore, Late hanged on Calvary, Both wounded and poor, Late hanged—

2. He worthy is bless'd,
By Spirits at rest,

Who once in this Desart, his Godhead confess'd,
The heavenly Spheres,
Who saw him in tears,
Yea every Arch Angel, his person reveres.

3. The Prophets who told
His Sufferings of old,
Sing new sweet Thanksgivings, on Psalt'ries of Gold.
The Fathers to whom
He shew'd he would come,
Now in his Pavilion take up their long Home.

4. The Spirits of Men,
Whom for him were slain,
From Abel the Righteous, share now in his Reign.

The Apostles who stood,
Resisting to Blood,

For Jesus's Gospel, rejoice in their God.

5. The Confessors too,
Them prostrating low,

Cast down their bright Mitres, and thankfully bow.
O Church of the Lamb,

Here met do the same,

With Saints and with Angels, bless Jesus's Name.

6. My Soul, bear a Part,
For ransom'd thou art,

By Jesus's Blood-shedding, his Burial and Smart.

To him that was slain,

The scorn'd Nazarene,

Be Glory and Honour, let all say, Amen.

FELICITY.

L. M.

R. WILCOX.

The musical score consists of four staves of music in common time, labeled L. M. (Largo e Molto). The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are as follows:

Then—
My flesh shall slumber in the ground,
Then—
Till the last trumpet's joyful sound ; Then burst the chains with sweet surprise, Then—
Then—
And—
And in my Saviour's image rise.
And in my Saviour's image rise,

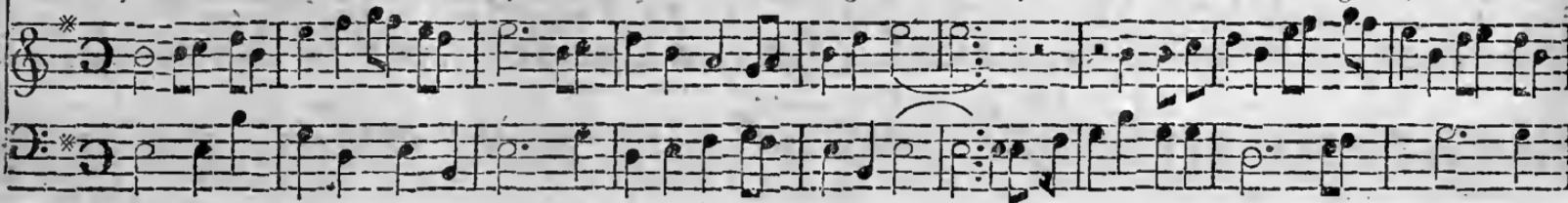
CONTRITION.

L. M.

S. HANFORD.



O ! if my Lord would come and meet, My soul would stretch her wings in haste ; Fly fearless thro' death's iron gates ; Nor feel the



terrors as she pass'd. Nor feel the terrors as she pass'd.



Sweet spirit if thy airy sleep, Nor sees my tears, nor hears my sighs; Oh I will weep, in luxury weep ; Till the last heart's drop fill mine eyes.

2. But if thy sainted soul can feel,
And mingle in our misery,
Then, then my breaking heart I'll seal,
Thou shalt not hear one sigh from me.

3. The beam of morn was on thy stream,
But sullen clouds the day deform ;
Thou wert indeed that morning beam,
And death, alas ! that sullen storm.

4. 'Thou wert not formed for living here,
For thou wert kindred with the sky ;

§ Yet, yet we held thee all so dear,
We thought thou wert not form'd to die.

5. How sweetly could I lay my head
Within the cold grave's silent breast ;
Where sorrow's tears no more are shed,
No more the ills of life molest.

6. For, ah my heart ! how very soon
The glittering dreams of youth are past !
And long before it reach its noon,
The sun of life is overcast.

DANVILLE.

C. M.

1803

S. JENKS.

23

A handwritten musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time (C. M.). The music consists of four staves of music with corresponding lyrics below them. The first two staves begin with a soprano vocal line, followed by an alto line, and then a bass line. The third staff begins with a bass line, followed by an alto line, and then a soprano line. The fourth staff begins with a soprano line, followed by a bass line, and then an alto line. The lyrics are as follows:

Save me, O God, the swelling floods Break in up - - on my soul; I sink and

sink— Like—

sorrows o' - - er my head, like mighty waters roll.

SWEET FAREWELL.

H. M.

S. JENKS. 1800



Lord dismiss us with thy blessing, Send it down from heaven above ; May we all go home a prasing ; And rejoicing in thy love :



Farewel brethren, farewel sisters, 'Till we all shall meet above..

2. Pardon Lord now all our follies,
While together we have been ;
Make us humble, make us holy,
Cleanse us all from every sin,
Farewel brethren, farewel sisters,
'Till we all shall meet again.

3. May thy presence, Lord, go with us,
To each one's respective home ;
And the presence of our Jesus,
Rest upon us ev'ry one ;
Farewel brethren, farewel sisters,
'Till we all shall meet at home.

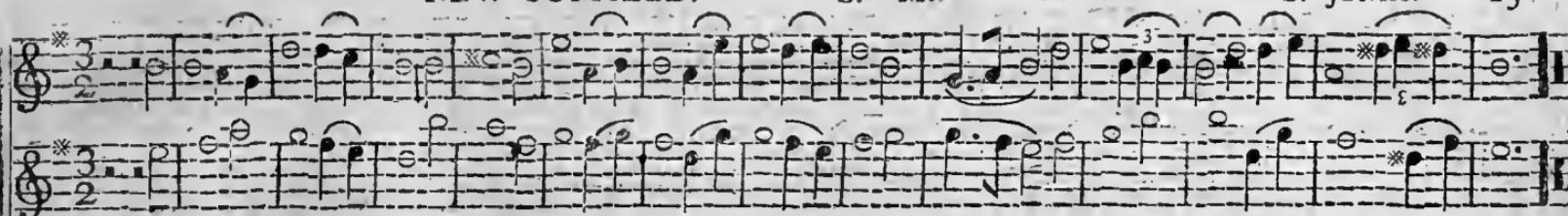
NEW SUFFIELD.

S. M.

1804.

S. JENKS.

25



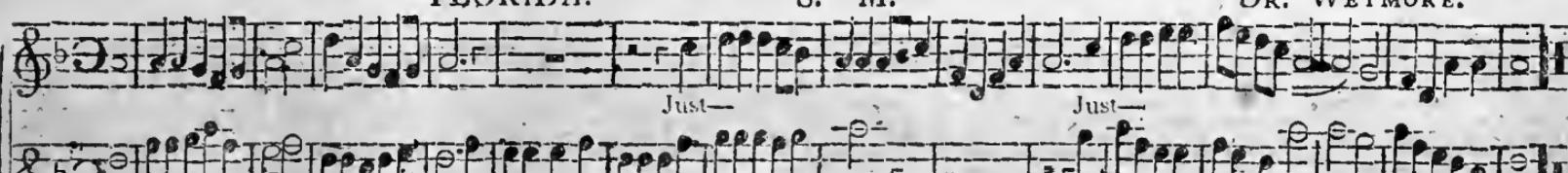
My sorrows like a flood Impatient of restraint, Into thy bosom, O my God; Pour out a long complaint.



FLORIDA.

S. M.

DR. WETMORE.



Our moments fly apace, Nor will our minutes stay, Just like a flood our hasty days Are sweeping us away.



Wake, all ye soaring throng, and sing ; Ye cheerful warblers of the spring, Harmon'ous anthems raise To him, who shap'd your

finer mould, Who tipt your glit'ring wings with gold, To him—

And tun'd your voice to praise.

CASTLE STREET.

L. M.

DR. MADAN.

27

Sweet is the work my God my King, To praise thy name give thanks and sing, To shew thy love by morning light, And talk of

CANON, *Four in One.*

all thy truth at night, And talk of all thy truth at night.

Look out, Lock out,

fire, fire, fire, fire !

Cast on water, Cast on water !



Hast thou not giv'n thy word To save my soul from death? And I can trust my Lord To keep my mortal breath.



Pil-

Hd-



I'll go and come nor fear to die Till from on high thou call me home.

Pil-



BETHLEHEM.

S. M.

S. HANFORD.

29

The shepherds heard a voice, Fear not I bring, this day ; Tidings of universal Joys That never shall decay.

POWNAL.

S. M.

T. SWAN.

Sure there's a righteous God, Nor is religion vain ; Tho' men of vice may boast aloud, And men of grace complain.

GRANVILLE.

L. M.

A. KNAPP.



Who is this fair one in distress, That travels from the wilderness? And press'd with sorrow and with sins, On her beloved Lord she leans:



Come my beloved, haste a - - - - way, Cut short the hours of thy delay, Fly like a youthful

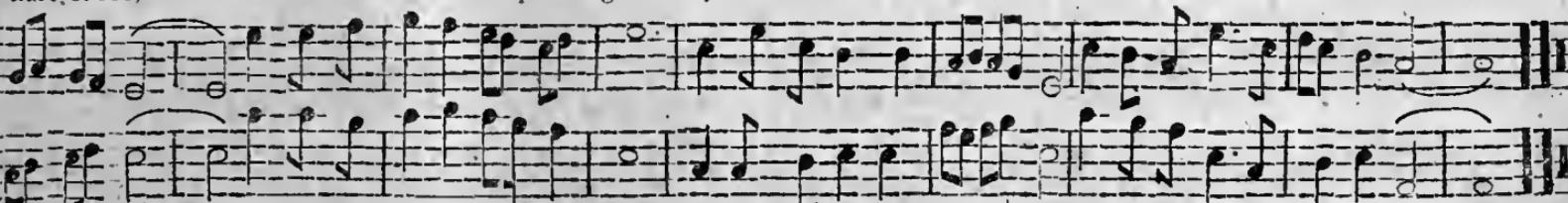


GRANVILLE. *Continued.*

31



hart or roe, Over the hills where spices grow. Fly like—



COLUMBUS.

S. M.

1802

S. JENKS.



Thus will the church below, Resemble that above, Where streams of Pleasure always flow, And every heart is love :



CONTEMPLATION.

L. M.

A. ELLIS.



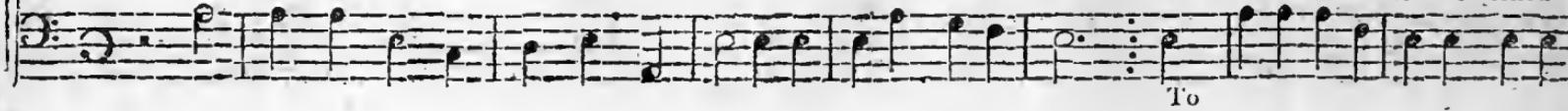
To



Lord what a thoughtless wretch was I, To mourn, and murmur, and repine,



To see the wicked



To



In pride—



To see—



placed on high, In pride and robes of honor shine, In pride—



An ANTHEM for THANKSGIVING.

Music by S. JENKS.

33



Come, let us sing a new made song, a new made song un - - to the Lord, let us make a joyful noise,



a joyful noise un - - to our God, the rock of our salvation.



TREBLE SOLO

Pia:



Come, let us sing a new made song, a new made song ; let us make a joyful noise, a joy - - ful noise unto our God.

ANTHEM *Continued.*

Pia.

Fort.

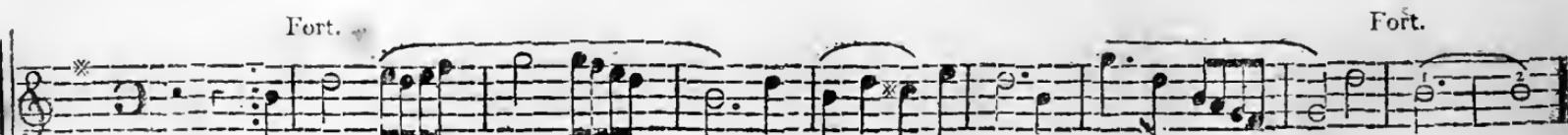


Bring hither the timbrel and the pleasant harp, bring hither the timbrel and the pleasant harp;



Fort.

Fort.



Blow, blow, blow, blow, the trumpet, blow the trum - - - pet, blow;



Blow, blow,



ANTHEM *Continued.*

35

Handwritten musical score for two staves in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

For the Lord hath redeemed Jacob and glorified himself in Israel. Hallelujah, Hallelujah ! Praise the

Handwritten musical score for two staves in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Vivace.

Handwritten musical score for two staves in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Handwritten musical score for two staves in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Lord, Praise the Lord, O my soul, praise the Lord ; let the heavens rejoice and let the earth be glad, and let &c. and praise the Lord:

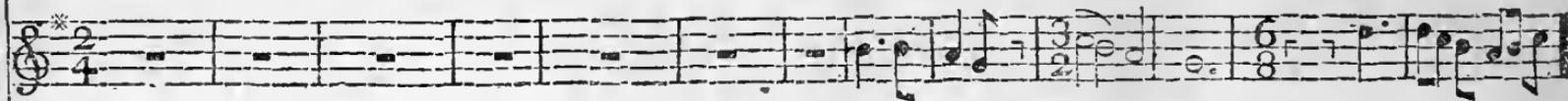
Handwritten musical score for two staves in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

ANTHEM *Continued.*

36



For his salvation is nigh to them that fear his holy name.



Hallelujah ! Praise the Lord While angels praise their



Vivace.



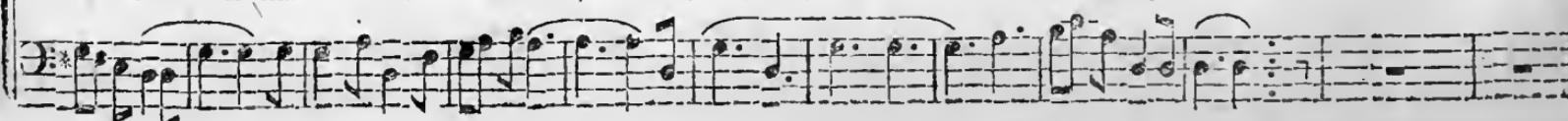
rise, rise,

Piano:

And sweetly echo



God above In mansions of eternal love, Rise, rise, rise, rise, O earth ! and join their lays, echo,



ANTHEM *Continued.*

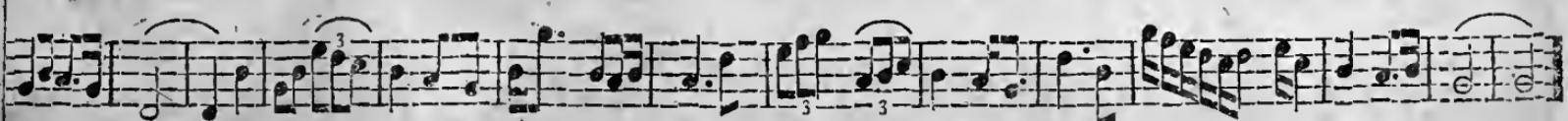
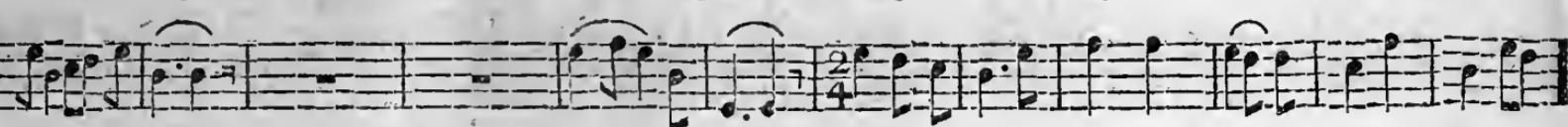
37

Fort. Piano.

Fort. Pia.



echo, back his praise and sweetly echo back his praise; Angels descend on rapt'rous wings, From seats of bliss to



worlds below? Conduct our praise to these bright realms, Where sweetly anthems flow, Where sweetly anthems flow.



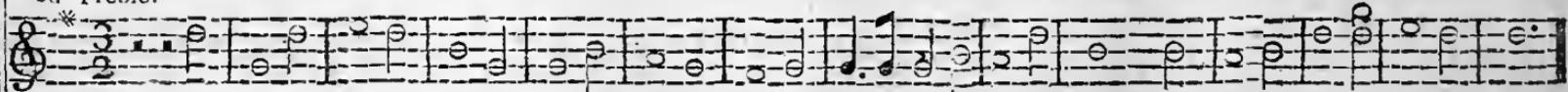
38 ANTHEM *Continued.*

1st Treble. Grave. Fort.

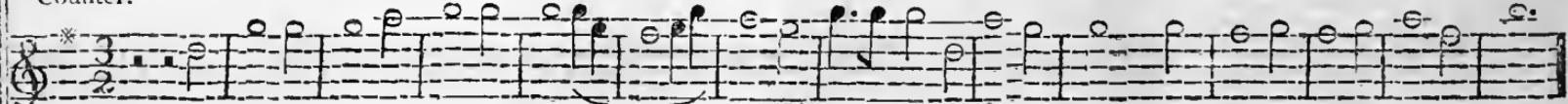
Fortissimo.



2d Treble.

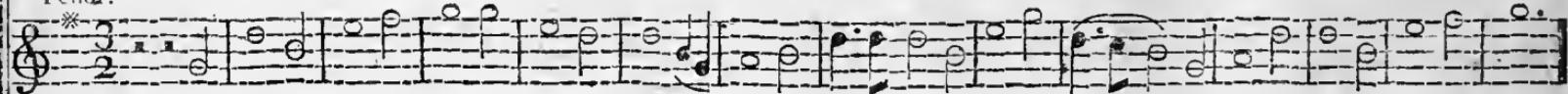


Counter.

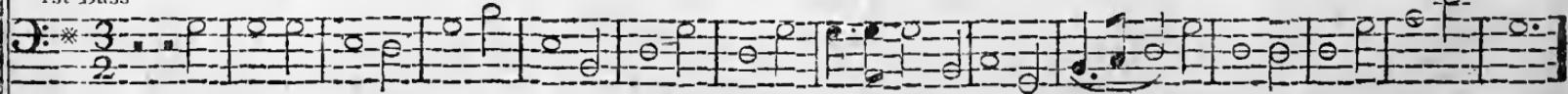


Let all creation join with angel hosts divine, Strike each harmonious loud resounding string, And thou great God above

Tenor.



1st Bass



2d Bass.



ANTHEM *Continued.*

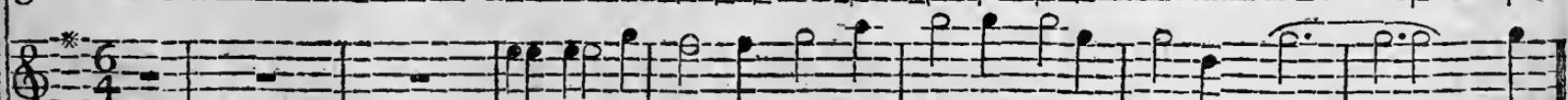
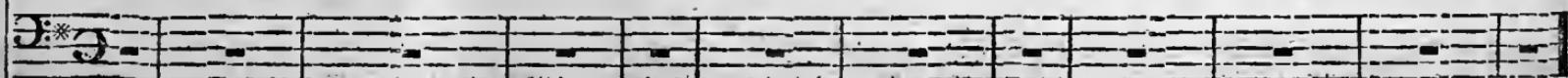
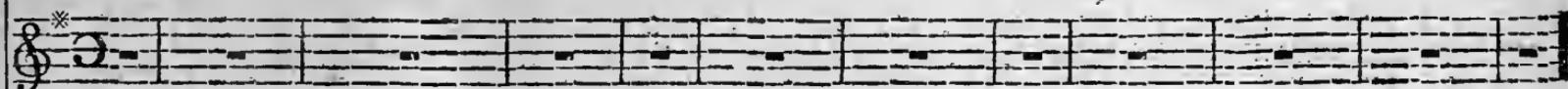
39

Pianissimo.

Fort



Look down with smiling love, Accept the feeble tribute which we bring, Accept the feeble tribute which we bring.



Millions of Angels now with thee, with thee, Eternal anthems si - ng. To



Millions of

40 ANTHEM Concluded.

* 6

To imitate them here, lo ! we our halle - lu - jahs

imitate them here below, lo ! we our hallelujahs bring.

Fort

bring, hal - le - lu - jah ! amen,

Amen, hal elujah ! amen, amen, a - men.

A men, Hallelujah !

WARNING VOICE.

C. M.

A. ELLIS.

41

Hark from the tombs, a mournful sone, My ears attend the cry, Ye living men come view the ground, Where you must shortly lie, Where—

NEW CANAAN.

C. M.

A. ELLIS.

Stoop down my tho'ts which use to rise, Converse a while with death ; Think how a gasping mortal lies, And pants away his breath.

SYLVIA. L. M.

Words and Music, by Dr. WETMORE, on the Death of his Wife.

Let music roll in mournful strains, While death his pris'ner binds in chains; Each harper

drest in gri'f's attire, While sorrow tunes her mournful lyre! Awake, awake each silent string, With

The musical score consists of four staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in common time. The lyrics are integrated into the musical structure, appearing below the staves and aligned with specific measures. The first two staves begin with a whole note rest followed by eighth-note patterns. The third staff begins with a half note followed by eighth-note patterns. The fourth staff begins with a half note followed by eighth-note patterns. The lyrics "Let music roll in mournful strains, While death his pris'ner binds in chains; Each harper" appear between the first and second staves. The lyrics "drest in gri'f's attire, While sorrow tunes her mournful lyre! Awake, awake each silent string, With" appear between the third and fourth staves.

SYLVIA *Continued.*

43

melting notes new sorrows bring, Till on the dirge my spirit flies, To the dark shade where SYLVIA lies !

3. Huge troubles rise on ev'ry side,
Like the fierce ocean's rapid tide ;
The raging billows ceaseless roar,
Proclaim my SYLVIA is no more !

4. Her spirit's wing'd from earth away,
To realms of woe or endless day,
To join the joyful throng above,
In praising Christ's eternal love.

5. O ! cruel tyrant ! monster death !
To stop so soon my SYLVIA's breath ;
To deck in mourning garbs of woe,
The face of nature where I go,

6. What mighty sorrows veil the land,
The lofty hills in mourning stand,
The crystal streams in sorrow glide,
And roll to meet the swelling tide !

7. Ye silent groves and meadows wail,
While anguish moves in ev'ry gale ;
On swifter wings let nature fly,
To bear my troubled soul on high.

8. There let me find my SYLVIA dear,
Where death and sorrow reign no more,
Our souls once more in friendship blend,
Where rolling ages never end.

CONDESCENSION.

L. M.

S. WAY.

Behold his love, he stoops to view, What saints above, and angels do, But condescends yet more to know, The mean affairs of men below.

1834

WEEPING NATURE.

L. M.

Words by STENNET.

S. JENKS.

Nature, she shews her weeping eyes, When e'er a near relation dies ; Her streaming eyes flow down with tears, Her

WEEPING NATURE *Continued.*

45

streaming eyes flow down with tears, A sad a mournful face appears.

2. Nature laments the grievous loss,
Repines and mourns beneath the cross !
Because it cannot be resign'd
To God our heav'nly Father's mind.
3. Around the coffin Nature stands,
With quiv'ring lips and trembl'ing hands ;
With restless eyes surveys the dead,
The great destruction death has made.
4. With murmur'ring eyes she doth survey
Her fellow lump of mortal clay ;
Destroy'd by Death's consuming spear,
The King of Nature's dread and fear.

5. Nature is not subject we find
To the Almighty's sacred mind ;
She cannot say, Oh sov'reign Son
Thy ways are just, thy will be done.

6. We in the spirit are resign'd
To God's all righteous will and mind ;
And thus the true believer says,
" The Lord is just in all his ways."

7. He says " Thy heav'nly will be done,
Thou righteous Lord, eternal Son ;
Thou everlasting God and King,
Thy will be done in every thing."

NEWBURYPORT.

L. M. 1804 S. JENKS

Pia

In ev'ry land begin the song, In ev'ry land the strains belong, In cheerfull sounds all voices raise, In

Fort.

cheerful sounds all voices raise, And fill the world with loudest praise, praise.

INGRATITUDE. S. M.

A. Ellis.

47

NEW-HARTFORD. L. M. Fort. 1805 S. JENKS.

48



From all that dwell below the skies, Let the Creator's praise arise ; Let the Redeemer's name be sung, Through ev'ry land, by ev'ry tongue.

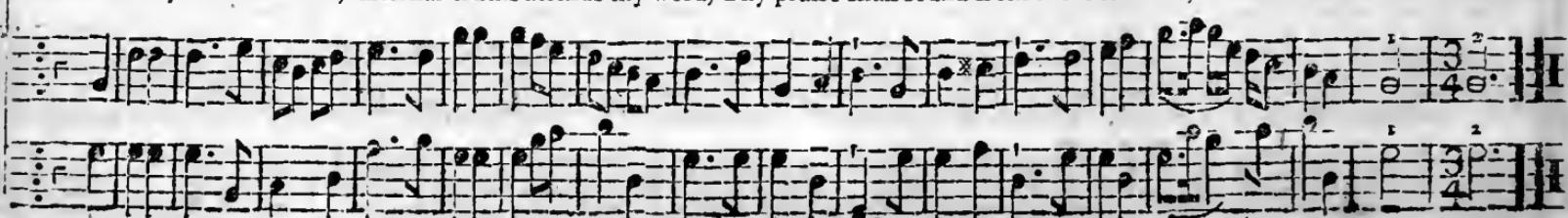


Pia.

Fort.



Eternal are thy mercies Lord, Eternal truths attends thy word, Thy praise shall sound from shore to shore, Till suns shall rise & set no more.





Our sins alas! how strong they be, And like a raging sea ; They break our duty Lord to thee, And hurry us away.



Fort.

Fortissimo.

Pia.



The waves of trouble how they rise, How loud the tempests roar ! But death shall land our weary souls Safe on the heav'nly shore.





Loud hallelujahs to the Lord, From distant worlds where creatures dwell ; Let heav'n begin the solemn word, And



sound it dreadful down to hell. The Lord, how absolute he reigns ! Let ev'ry angel bend the knee : Sing of his love in



EXTOLLATION, *Continued!*

Pia.

For.

heav'ny strains, And speak how fierce his terrors be, And—

IMMORTALITY, S. M. W. Neucomb. 5r

They'll waltz us sooner o'er This life's tem-

IMMORTALITY, *Continued.*

Soon we— Of blest— Of blest—

pest'ous sea,

Soon we shall reach the peaceful shore Of blest eternity, Of blest—

Soon we shall reach— Of—

Scop we—

1805

My days are as the grass, Or like the morning flower ; If one sharp blast sweeps o'er
 the field ; If one sharp blast, sweeps o'er the field, It with - - - - - ers in an hour.

NEW BEDHAM.

S. M.

1804

S. JENKS.

53

Since God is all my trust, A refuge always nigh;

Why—

Why shoud I like a tim'rous

To distant—

To distant—

Why skould I like a tim'rous bird, To distant mountains fly ; To distant—

To dis tant—

bird To distant—

To distant—

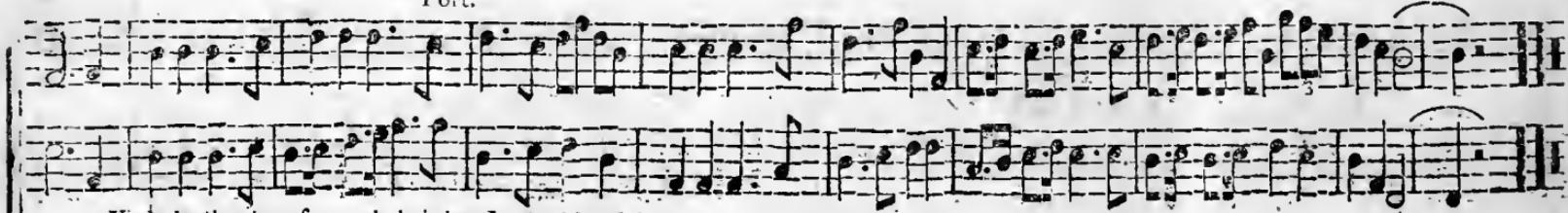
PORTSMOUTH. P. M.



Ye tribes of Adam join, With heav'n and earth and seas, And offer notes divine, And offer notes divine, To your Creator's praise, Te-



lort.



Ye holy throng of angels bright, In worlds of light begin the song, Ye holy throng—



ANIMATION.

L. M.

G. HOLBROOK.

55

Pia.



Sweet is the day of sacred rest, No mortal cares shall seize my breast; O may my heart in tune be found, Like

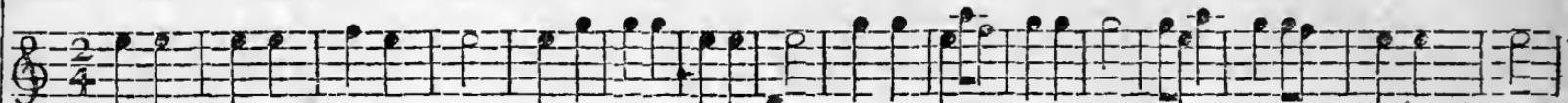


Fort.

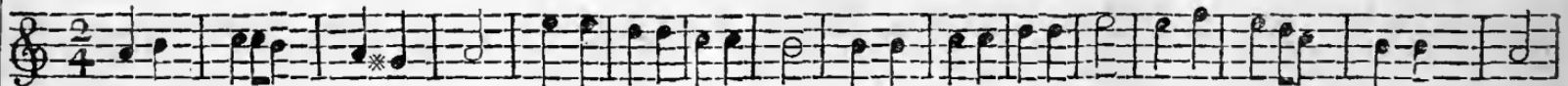


David's harp of solemn sound. O, may my heart in tune be found, Like David's harp of solemn sound.

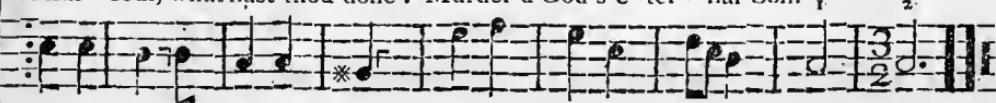




Hearts of stone re-lent re-lent, Break by Jesus cross subdu'd ; See his body mangled rent, Cover'd with a gore of blood ;



Sinful soul, what hast thou done ! Murder'd God's e-ter-nal Son.



Yes our sins have done the deed,
Drove the nails that fixt him here,
Crown'd with thorns his sacred head,
Pierc'd him with a soldier's spear,
Made his soul a sacrifice
For a sinful world he dies.

Shall we let him die in vain,
Still to death pursue our God,
Open tear his wounds again,
Trample on his precious blood ?
No with all our sins we part ;
Saviour take my broken heart.

1895

TOLLAND. P. M.

S. JENKS.

57

My days—

I'll praise my Maker with my breath, And when my voice is lost in death, Praise shall employ my nobler pow'r's ; My days of praise

My days— shall ne'er be past, While

Or—

life and thought and being last,

Or immortality endures,

Or immortality endures.

H.

1805

RELIGION.

C. M.

S. JENKS.



Some walk in honour's gaudy shew, Some dig for golden ore, They toil for heirs they know not who, And straight are seen no more. Now



IN LOW



Now—

I forbid my carnal hope, My fond des.re recall ;

I give my mortal int'rest up, And make my God my all.



Let ev'ry creature join, To praise th' eternal God;
Ye heav'nly hosts the song begin
And sound his name abroad.

Ye—

Thou sun with golden beams,

Ye starry lights, ye twinkling flames Shine to your Maker's praise.

1 2

And moen with paler rays,

Ye starry—

1 2

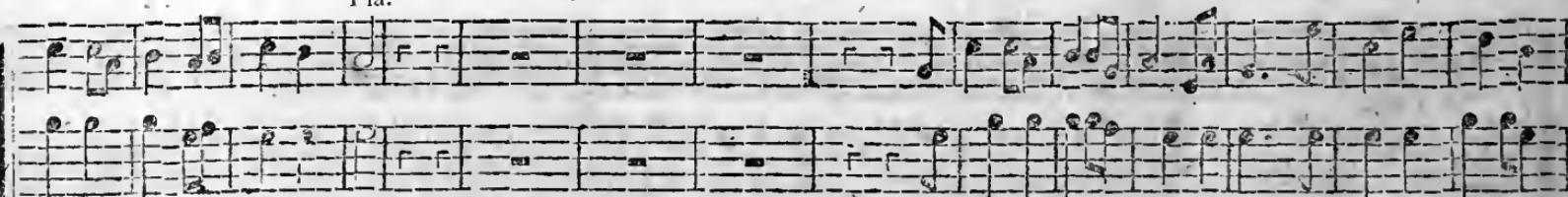


Lord I am vile conceiv'd in sin, And born unholie and unclean;

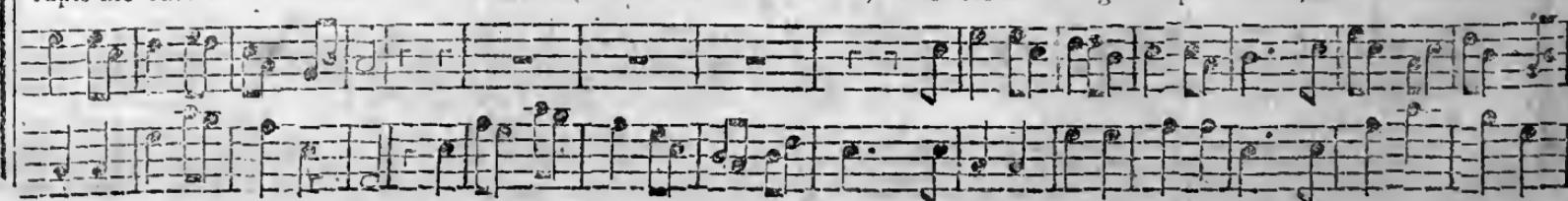
Sprung from the men whose guilty fall, Co-



Pia.



raps the race and taints us all. Soon as we draw our infant breath, The seeds of sin grow up for death, The law demands a



CONFESSiON *Continued.*

Pia.

61

Fort.



perfect heart, But we're desir'd in ev'ry part. Great God, create my heart anew, And form my spirit pure and true; O



make we wisé, betimes to spy, My danger and my reme - - - dv.



The musical score consists of four staves of music. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The third staff begins with a bass clef, and the fourth staff begins with a bass clef. The music features various note heads, stems, and rests, with some notes having vertical dashes through them. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The first two staves contain the beginning of the song, including the line "From the third heav'n where God resides, That holy happy place ;". The third staff contains the line "The New Je - ru - sa -". The fourth staff contains the line "The". The fifth staff begins with "The", followed by "em comes down, A - dorn'd with shining grace, Adorn'd with shining grace, A - - dorn'd with shining grace." The sixth staff concludes with "The".

From the third heav'n where God resides, That holy happy place ; The New Je - ru - sa -

The

em comes down, A - dorn'd with shining grace, Adorn'd with shining grace, A - - dorn'd with shining grace.

The

NEW TRIUMPH.

L. M.

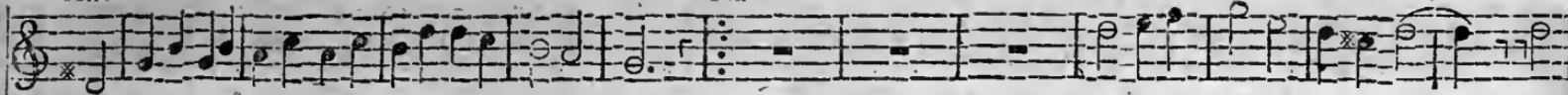
W. JAMES.

63

Air.

Pia

For.



And where's thy vic'try boasting grave?



Say live forever wond'rous king, Born to redeem and strong to save ; Then ask the monster, where's thy sting ? Then



For.



ask the monster, where's thy sting ? And where's thy vic'try boasting grave ? And where's thy vic'try boasting grave ?





Hark from the tombs a doleful sound, My ears attend the cry, Ye living men come view the ground, Where you must shortly lie.



Princes this clay must be your bed, In spite of all your tow'rs, The tall the wise the rev'rend head, Must lie as low as ours.



RAPTURE.

C. M.

A. ELLIS.

65

My rapture—

My rapture—

When God reveal'd his gracious name, And chang'd my mournful state; My rapture seem'd a pleasing dream, The grace appear'd so great.

My rapture—

The grace—

My rapture—

My rapture—

CORONATION.

C. M.

O. HOLDEN.

Pia.

For.

Pia.

For.

All hail the pow'r of Jesus' name, Let angels prostrate fall, Bring forth the royal diadem, And crown him Lord of all. Bring forth—

BLUE HILL.

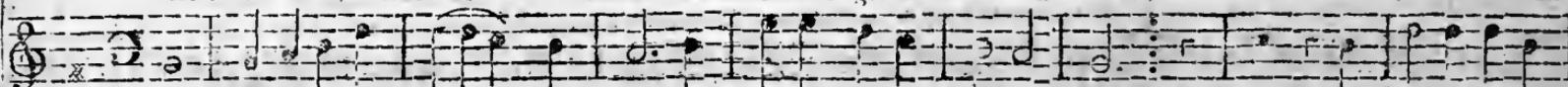
I. M.

Capt. S. BELKNAP.



Eternal Pow'r, whose high abode Becomes the grandeur of a God;

In



Infinite lengths—



Infinite lengths—

1 2



finite lengths—

Where stars revolve their little roands. Where—

1 2



Weers stars—

1 2



NORFOLK.

L. M.

S. CAPIN. 67

Sweet is the work, my God my King, To praise thy name give thanks & sing, To shew thy love by morning light And talk of all thy truths at night.

LAMENTATION.

C. M.

S. RAMOND.

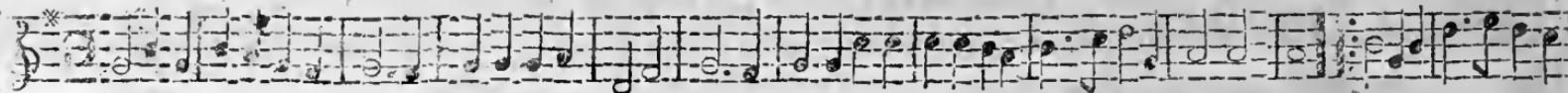
I were you that pull'd the vengeance down, Upon his guiltless head. Break break my heart ! Oh, burst mine eyes, And let my sorrows bleed.

CONFIDENCE.

L. M.

O. HOLDEN.

Pia.



I feel my Saviour's cheering voice ;

And kings to join immortal lays.

Air.



Now can my soul in God rejoice,

My heart awakes to sing his praise

Hold me, O Jesus, in ~~the~~

Pia.

For.

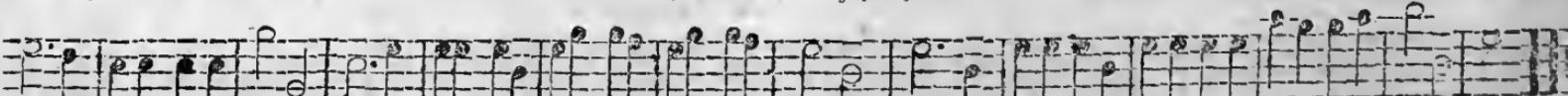


And cheer me with immortal charms,



arms,

Till I awake in realms above, Forever to enjoy thy love. Till I awake—



A Funeral Elegy,

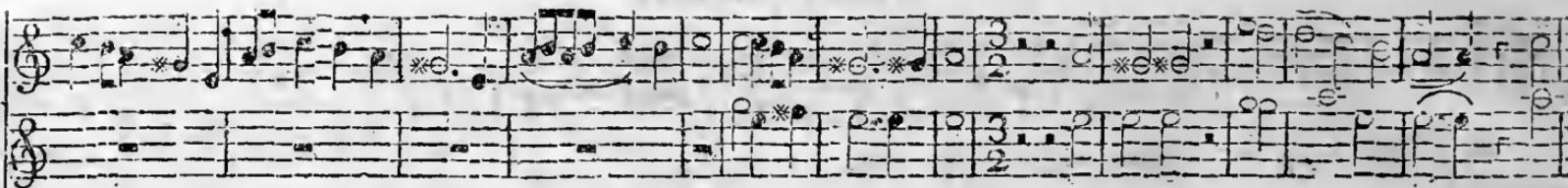
To the MEMORY of MR. WATERS RICHARDS,

only Son of I. RICHARDS, Esq. New-Canaan (Connecticut) —— Words by W. JAMES — Set to Music by S. JENKS.

Hark! hark! hark! hark! what doleful sounds I hear,
Moaning along the distant vale, Which fall on fancy's startled ear, And all the
shivering powers assail.

That calls to bear thee, WATERS, to the tomb! To

It is the summons; the funeral knell.

ELEGY *Continued.*

this pale clay, ah ! must we bid farewell ? On mem'ry's page we'll chronicle thy doom. Oh, WATERS ! how shall grief essay, To



murmur out her pensive ly; In what sad accents mourn the date, That gave thee to re - lent - less fate.



ELEGY *Continued.*

71

Treble Solo.



Hark ! hark ! hark ! the mourners sighs, and cries, And moans, and groans, sa - - - lute
 mine ears, while deep responses round them rise, As thus they vent their woes in tears,



WATERS farewell ! WATERS farewell ! WATERS farewell ! O, the anguish ! Thrilling thro' my bleeding breast, Thrilling—



ELEGY Concluded.



Ah! when shall I cease to languish, And like you enjoy my rest, And like you enjoy my rest! Mourners said the



guardian spirits,) Dry your tears ; your griefs remove ; WATERS lives and free inherits, Lest¹ bliss in realms above.



And here—
There is a house not made with hands, Eternal and on high ; And
And here—
And here my spirit waiting stands, Till God shall
And here—
here my spirit waiting stands, Till God shall bid it fly ; Till God shall bid it fly .
And here—
bid it fly. And here— Till—

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses bass clef, the middle staff alto clef, and the bottom staff tenor clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

The God of glory sends his summons forth, Calls the south nations and awakes the north, From

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses bass clef, the middle staff alto clef, and the bottom staff tenor clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

From east to west the

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses bass clef, the middle staff alto clef, and the bottom staff tenor clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

From east to west his sov'reign orders

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses bass clef, the middle staff alto clef, and the bottom staff tenor clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

From east to west the sov'reign orders spread, Thro' distant worlds and regions of the dead The trumpet sounds hell

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses bass clef, the middle staff alto clef, and the bottom staff tenor clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

east to west the sov'reign orders spread, From east to west the sov'reign orders spread, Thro' distant worlds and regions of the dead The

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses bass clef, the middle staff alto clef, and the bottom staff tenor clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

sov'reign orders spread, From east to west the sov'reign orders spread, Thro' distant worlds and regions of the dead ;

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses bass clef, the middle staff alto clef, and the bottom staff tenor clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

spread, From east to west the sov'reign orders spread, Thro' distant worlds and regions of the dead ;

PENNSYLVANIA *Continued.*

75

trembles heav'n rejoic - es

The trumpet sounds hell trembles, heav'n rejoices, The trumpet sounds hell trembles,

trumpet sounds hell trembles, heav'n re - joices The trumpet sounds hell trem'les;

The trumpet sounds, hell trembles, heav'n re - joic - es, The trumpet sounds, hell trem - bles,

The trumpet sounds, hell trembles, heav'n re - joic - es The trumpet sounds hell trem - bles

heav'n rejoices, Lift up your head ye saints with cheerful voices.

A musical score for two voices. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C') and has a treble clef. The bottom staff is in common time and has a bass clef. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each. The lyrics are: "While Cynthia sheds her borrow'd light, And stars illumine the sky, Alone I'll trace the distant plain, Unseen by mortal eye, Far—". The vocal parts are separated by a vertical bar line.

While Cynthia sheds her borrow'd light, And stars illumine the sky, Alone I'll trace the distant plain, Unseen by mortal eye,

A continuation of the musical score. The top staff starts with a measure of eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The bottom staff starts with a measure of eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The lyrics continue: "Far from t.e noise of jarring".

Far from t.e noise of jarring

A continuation of the musical score. The top staff starts with a measure of eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The bottom staff starts with a measure of eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The lyrics continue: "strife Sweet peace my soul enjoys, Serene and calm the evening scene, My busy thoughts employ." There is a bracket under the word "strife".

strife Sweet peace my soul enjoys, Serene and calm the evening scene, My busy thoughts employ.

A continuation of the musical score. The top staff starts with a measure of eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The bottom staff starts with a measure of eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The lyrics continue: "strife Sweet peace my soul enjoys, Serene and calm the evening scene, My busy thoughts employ." There is a bracket under the word "strife".

1802

TRIUMPH.

P. M.

S. JENKS. 77

Behold the Judge descends, his guards are high, Tempest & fire attend him down the sky ; Heav'n, earth & hell draw near, let all things come,

To hear his justice

But gather first

But gather

and the sinner's doom. But gather first, But gather first my sain's, the Judge commands, Bring them ye angels from their distant lands.

But gather first,

But—

But—

But—

O God to whom re - - venge belongs, Thy vengeance now disclose;

Arise—

Arise thou Judge of all the earth, And

rise—

Arise thou Judge of all the earth, And crush thy haughty foes, And crush thy haughty foes.

crush thy haughty foes.



My soul come meditate the day, And think how near it stands ; When thou must quit this house of clay, And



When—



fly to unknown lands, And fly—

When thou—



The trees full o' sap, With joy rear their head,
Secure in the covert The bird flies for rest She sings on the branches,

The cedars their boughs O'er Lebanon spread.

She broods on the nest.

FRUITION.

P. M. DR. WETMORE.

Through—

Like fruitful show'rs of rain, That water all the plain ; Such streams of pleasure roll Through ev'ry friendly soul,

Descending from the neighboring hills,

Where love like heavenly dew distills.

Ode on Martyrdom.

81

Words from WATTS's Lyric Poems.—Music by O. KING, Esq.

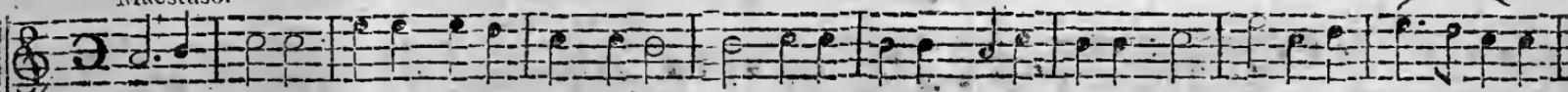
Andante.



Ardalio jeers, and in his comic strains, The mysteries of our bleeding God profanes, While his loud laughter, shake the painted scenes;



Maestoso.

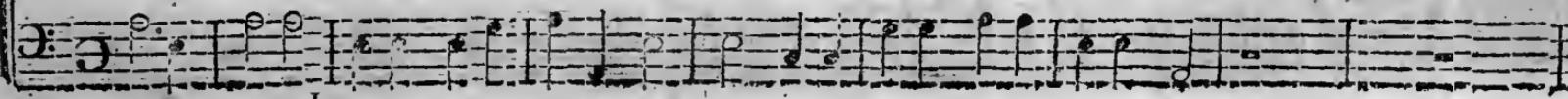


And vengeful thunder



Heav'n heard, and strait around the smoaking throne, The kindling lightning in thick flashes shone,

And vengeful.



L.

ODE ON MARTYRDOM *Continued.*

Fortissime.

murmur'd to be gone, murmur'd, ill: ill: to be gone. Mercy stood near and with a smiling brow, "There's no need of you;

thunder murmur'd to be gone. & murmur'd ill: to be gone.

And vengeful thunder murmur'd to be gone.

Calm'd the loud thunder:

And

Lamentation,

Grace shall descend and the weak man subdue," Grace leaves the skies; and he the stage forsakes; He bows his head down to the

ODE ON MARTYRDOM *Concluded.*

83

martyring ax; And as he bows, this gentle, gentle farewell speaks—“ So goes the comedy of life away; Vain earth a-

Spirituoso.

Strike, courteous tyrant, and conclude the play,

- dieu, heaven will applaud to day;

Strike

courteous tyrant

Strike courteous tyrant, Strike and conclude the play.”

Strike courteous tyrant, and conclude the play. Strike

Ode on the Setting Sun.

Words from a NEW-YORK MAGAZINE.—Music by S. JENKS.

A musical score for "Ode on the Setting Sun." The score consists of four staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in common time. The lyrics are written below the staves, corresponding to the musical phrases. The first two staves begin with a melodic line starting on G. The third staff begins with a melodic line starting on A. The fourth staff begins with a melodic line starting on C. The lyrics are as follows:

Ah, whither rolls thou fair retiring Light? Why fade those rays that shone awhile so bright? Now o'er the
wave thy sinking glories stream, And now alas we lose thy latest beam. Dost thou to Neptune's pearly courts re-

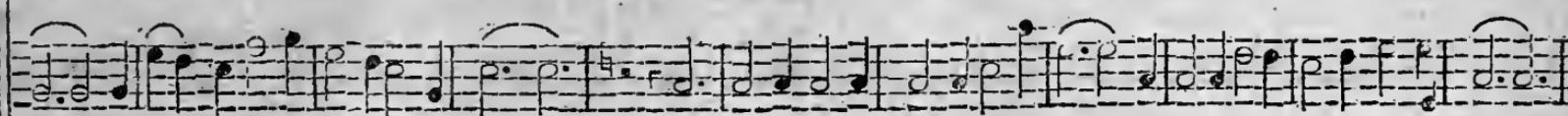
ODE ON THE SETTING SUN *Continued.*

85

Vigoroso.



pair, And view the lovely Nerids sporting there? With thy fair beams illume the coral groves, Where Tritons wander & where Thétis roves,



TREBLE SOLO. Affectuoso.



Or dost thou shed in



ro - - - - ves, Where Tritons wander, and where Thetis roves. < other worlds thy ray, And give to other



< climes a new - born day!

ODE ON THE SETTING SUN *Continued.*

Vivace

Fort.

What joy, what transports wait thy glad return,
 Breaks forth the morn, Break! — Wher.
 When thro' the clouds of the night breaks forth the morn!

TREBLE SOLO. Pia.

Yet those there are who hate thy cheer - - ing beam, In whose dark breasts no rays of pleasure

glean; Who from thy bight ap - - proach, un - - . wel - come run,

Grave.

"And sigh, and sigh, in shades, and sicken at the sun"

Thus once was I with heavy grief ep-

ODE ON THE SETTING SUN *Concluded.*

87

Vivace



rest; The morn no pleasure gave, the night no rest;

Till cheering friendship—



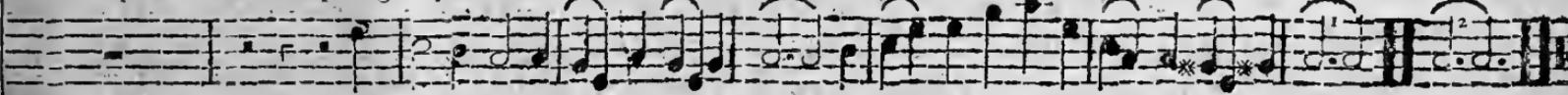
Till cheering Friendship lent her beaming ray, And all was pleasure with the opening Day.



Vigoroso.

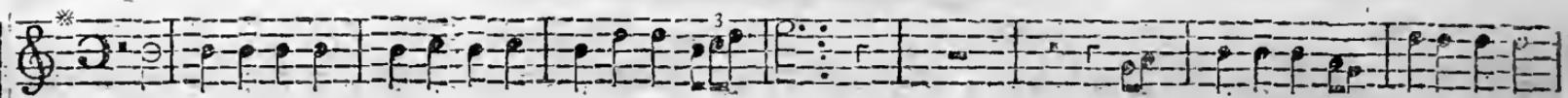


all wäs pleasurewith the op'ning Day.



Till cheering Friendship lent her beaming ray; And all was pleasure with the opening Day.





And then he shews his open veins, And



Father, he cries, forgive their sins, For I myself have died;

And then he shews his open veins, And pleads his



And pleads his wounded,



then he shews his open veins, And pleads, and pleads his wounded side, And, pleads—



wounded side, And then he shews his open veins, And pleads his wounded side, And pleads—



side, And

The Saints Exit.

89

WORDS from POPE.——Music by S. JENKS.

Andante.

Gratiso..

Lamentatione.

Expressivo.



Vital spark, of heav'nly flame, Quit, Oh ! quit this mortal frame ! Trembling, hoping, ling'ring, flying, Oh ! the pain, the bliss of dying !

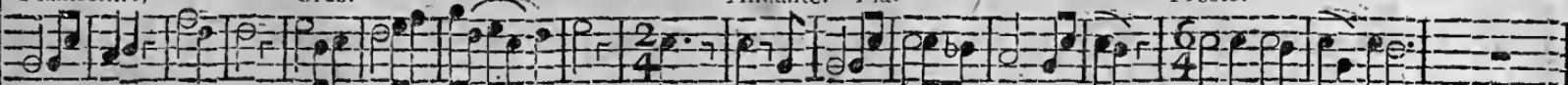


Pianissimo,

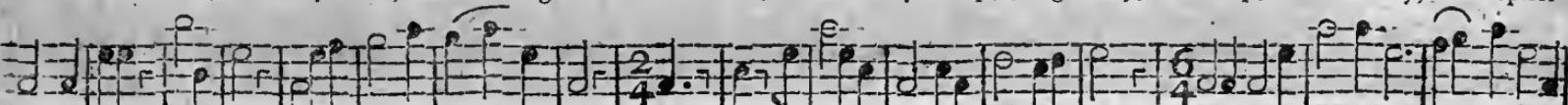
Cres.

Andante. Pia.

Presto.



Cease fond nature, cease thy strife, Let me languish into life Hark, :ll: :ll: they whisper, angels say, Sister spirit come away, Sister spirit



M:

SAINTS EXIT *Continued.*

Vivace.

come away.
come a - wa - y
come away, come away,
come away, come away,

Pia. Grave.

Cres.

come away, what is this absorbs me quite; Steals my senses shuts my sight, Drowns my spirit, draws my breath.

SAINTS EXIT *Continued.*

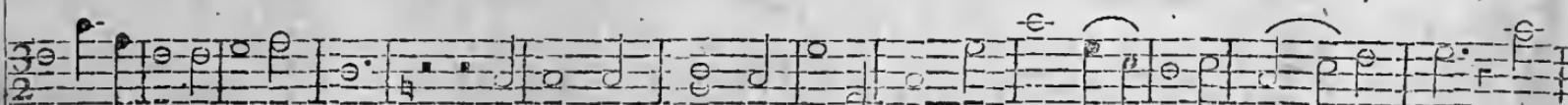
91

Affectuoso.

Maestoso.

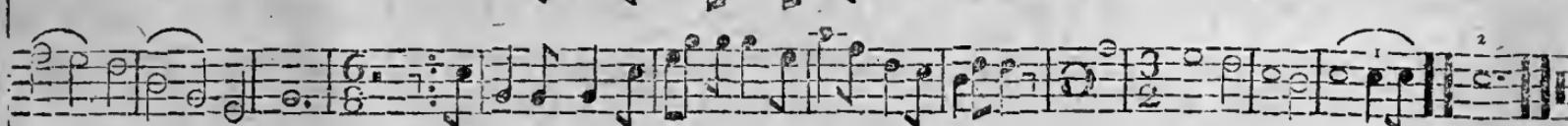


Tell me my soul, can this be death ? The world recedes, It disappears, Heav'n opens on my eyes, my ears, With



Vivace.

Grave.



sounds seraphic ring, Lend, lend your wings, I meunt I fly, O grave, where is thy victory ; O death where is thy sting !



SICILY.

C. M.

S. HOLYOKE.

Behold the bleeding Lamb of God, Our spotless sacrifice ; By hands of bar'brous sinners seiz'd, Nail'd to the cross he dies.

1803

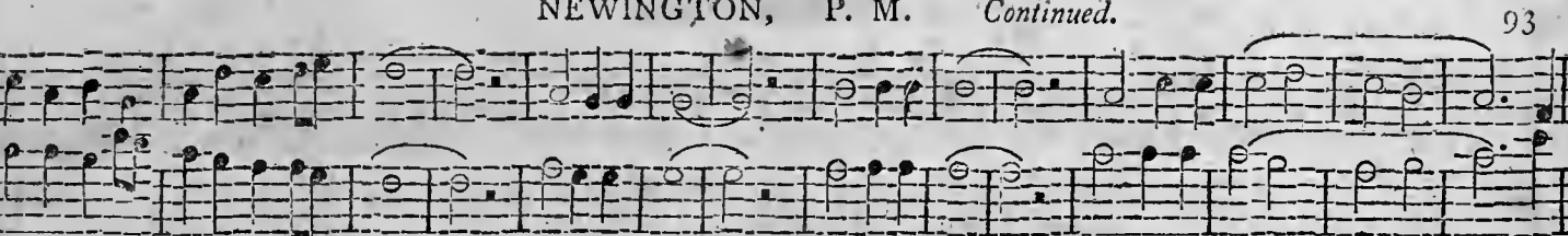
NEWINGTON, P. M.

S. JENKS.

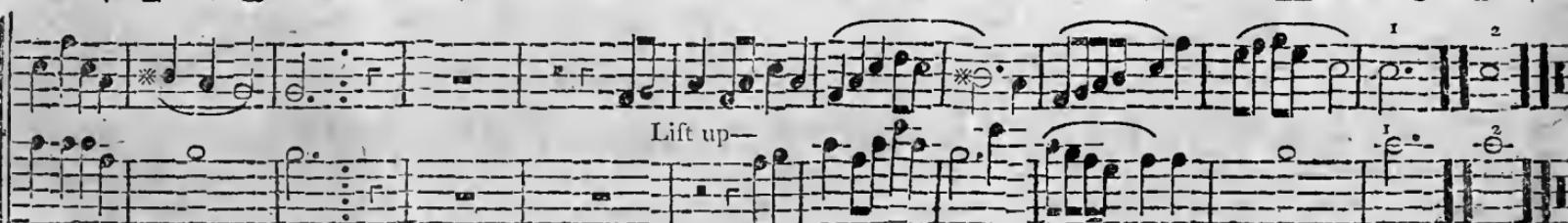
The God of glory sends his summons forth, Calls the south nations & awakes the north : From east to west the sov'reign orders spread, Thro

NEWINGTON, P. M. *Continued.*

93



distant lands, and regions of the dead. The trumpet sounds : The— The— Hell



trembles, heaven rejoices.

Lift up—

Lift up your heads, ye saints, with cheerful

voi - ces.



NEW DURHAM.

C. M.

AUSTIN.

How vain are all things here below, How false and yet how fair;
Each pleasure—

Each pleasure—
Each pleasure—

poison too, And ev'ry sweet a snare, Each pleasure hath its poison too, And ev'ry sweet a snare.

poison too, And ev'ry sweet a snare.

RESOLUTION.

P. M.

A. ELLIS.

95



I'll praise my Maker wi.h my breath, And when my voice is lost in death, Praise shall employ my nobler pow'rs.



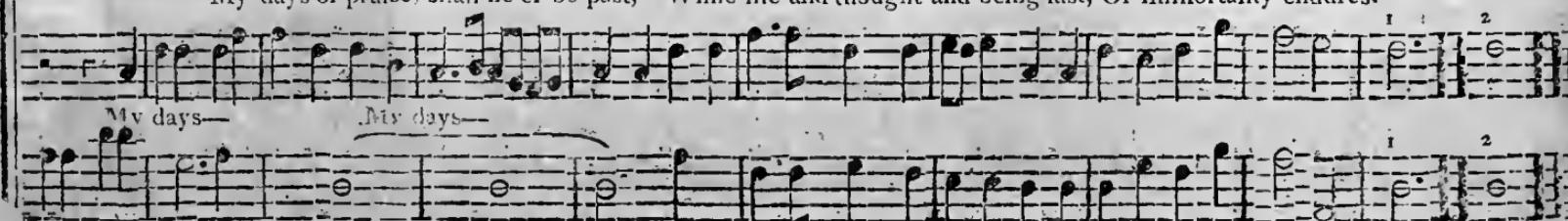
My

Full.



My d y —

My days of praise, shall ne'er be past, While life and thought and being last, Or immortality endures.



My days —

My days —

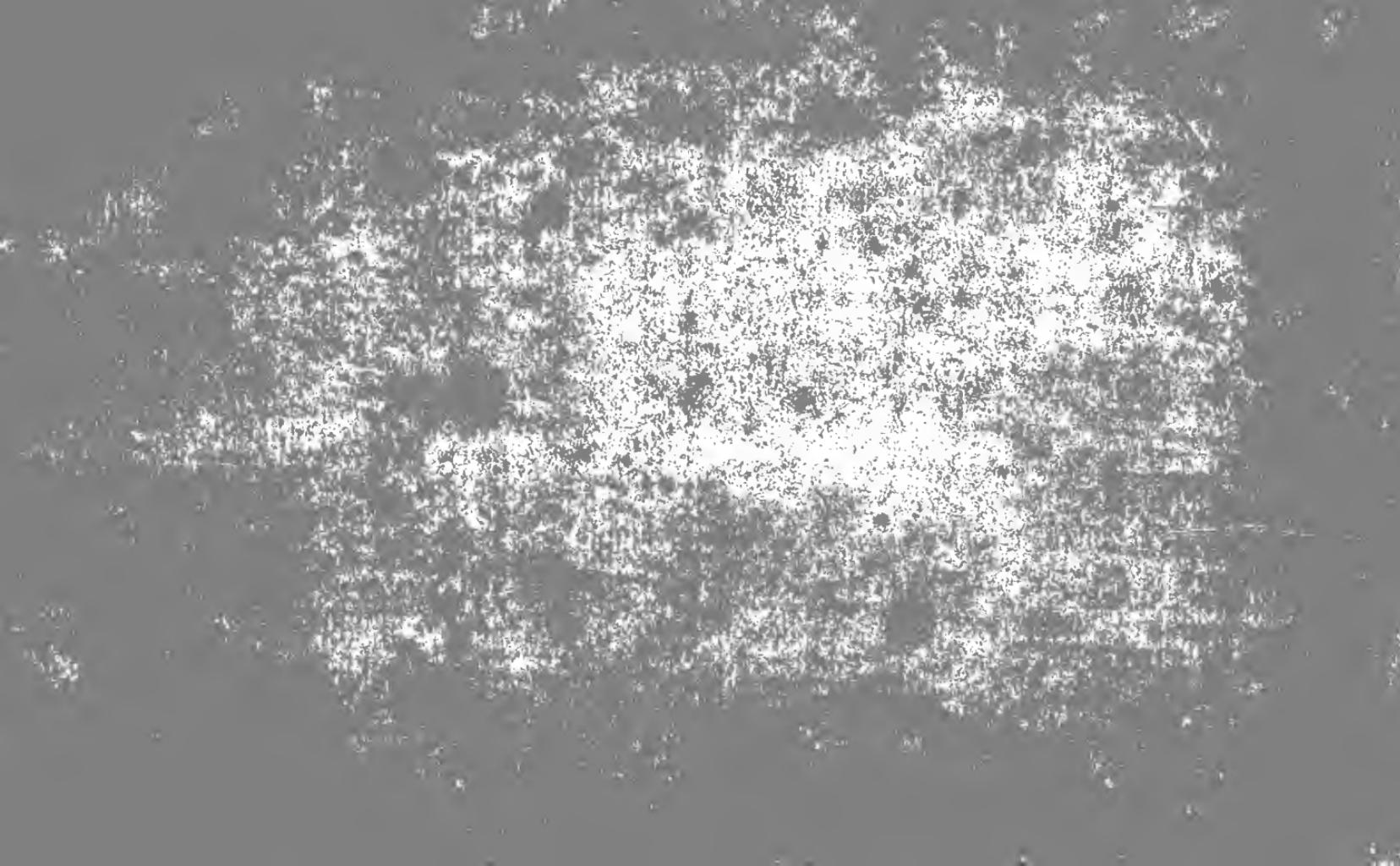
days of praise, shall ne'er be past,

While

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								<i>me.</i>			

The AUTHOR returns his respects to the SUBSCRIBERS for this Book, as their liberality so far exceeds his expectations, he is determined to put the book to Subscribers at 88 Cents a book, although the conditions were one cent a page.





Edwin H. Buckingham

Age 18^{1/2} S.

